Overall Morningstar Rating™ –
Morningstar Category™ GBP Money Market - Short Term

March 2015

Mar 2015

Investment objective

Preservation of capital with a yield based on short term interest rates by investing in a range of liquidity funds and short dated AAA-rated UK government securities/G7 government securities hedged into sterling.

Company facts	
Portfolio manager(s)	Katy Thorneycroft
	Angus Macpherson,
	Roger Yates,
Board of director(s)	Alan Hodson,
	James Robinson,
	Carla Stent
Financial year end date	31 August
Company launch date	2004
Listing	London Stock Exchange
Dividonde paid	March, June, September
Dividends paid	and December
Company Broker(s)	Winterflood Securities

Company statistics	(as at 30/04/15)
Total assets (as at 31/03/15)	GBP 4.2m
Share price	99.8p
Net asset value (NAV) A	100.9p
Discount(-)/Premium	
Current	-1.1%
12 month high	0.0%
12 month low	-2.3%
12 month average	-0.6%
Total dividend for last financial year (per share)	0.2p
Dividend yield ^B	0.4%
Actual gearing (as at 30/04/15) ^c	_
Potential gearing range	nil

Company fees & expenses

-Annual management	Nil
-Operating & administrative expenses	0.25%
Performance fee	No

Company codes

company codes	
ISIN	GB0034080092
Sedol	3408009
Bloomberg	JPEC LN
Reuters	JPEx.L

Benchmark

Performance ■ JPM Elect Managed Cash	(as at 31/03/19 ■ Net asset value	5)
% based to 100		
102.4		
102		
101.6 —		
101.2		
100.8		

Cumulative performance

100.4

Mar 2010

%	1 M	3 M	1 Y	3 Y	5 Y	10 Y
Share Price	1.3	-0.7	-0.4	0.0	1.6	17.7
Net asset value	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.9	1.9	18.8

Mar 2013

Mar 2012

Quarterly Rolling 12M ending March 2015

%	2014/15	2013/14	2012/13	2011/12	2010/11
Share Price	-0.4	0.0	0.4	0.7	0.9
Net asset value	0.8	-0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5

Source: J.P. Morgan/Morningstar.

Performance data has been calculated on NAV to NAV basis, including ongoing charges and any applicable fees, with any income reinvested, in GBP. **Past performance is not a guide to the future.**

Please note Benchmark Indices do not include fees or operating expenses and are not available for actual investment.

Top 10 Holdings	(as at 31/03/15)
Holding	Weight
Deutsche Global Liquidity Managed Sterling Fund	17.1%
SWIP Global Sterling Liquidity Fund	17.0%
Institutional Cash Series Heritage Fund	17.0%
Insight Sterling Liquidity Fund	16.9%
Fidelity Institutional Sterling Cash Fund	16.5%
JPMorgan Sterling Liquidity Fund	15.5%

Statistical analysis review	(as at 31/03/15)		
	3 years	5 years	
Correlation	-	-	
Annualised volatility	0.68%	0.58%	
Tracking error	0.68%	0.58%	
Information ratio	0.42	0.64	

The value of investments and the income from them may fall as well as rise and investors may not get back the full amount invested. Please reache Explanatory Notes, Fund specific Risks and Important Information at the end of this document.





Katy Thorneycroft, executive director, is a portfolio manager in the Asset Management Solutions - Global Multi-Asset Group ("AMS - GMAG"), focusing on fund of funds and investment trust funds. An employee since 1999, Katy was previously a portfolio manager in the convertible bonds team and a member of AMS - GMAG in New York. Prior to this, Katy was a portfolio manager in the European Equity Group in London focusing on small and midcap strategies. Katy obtained a MChem from the University of Oxford and is a CFA charterholder.

Sector breakdown	(as at 31/03/15)
Sector	Company
Financials	100.0%
Total	100.0%

Manager's commentary

(as at 31/03/15)

In March, the Bank of England (BoE) kept interest rates on hold at 0.5% and its asset purchases unchanged at GBP 375 billion, as expected. The UK economy is experiencing its longest stretch of growth since 2008, with fourth-quarter GDP expanding by 0.6%, marking the eighth consecutive quarterly gain. UK purchasing managers' index readings were encouraging for March and continue to indicate a broad strengthening in the economy, albeit at a slower pace than the second half of last year. The unemployment rate remained stable at 5.7% in the three months to January, following a 0.1% decline in the previous month. Inflation data for February fell to a record low as consumer prices printed at 0.0%, a fall of 0.03%, and below both BoE and market expectations. Sterling has continued to appreciate, particularly against the euro, and the lower associated import costs may continue to hold back signs of inflation.

The trust retains its broad diversification across six of the UK's leading AAA-rated sterling liquidity funds, each selected to provide a high level of capital security for shareholders.

Market Outlook

The BoE is expected to keep base interest rates at the record low of 0.5% as it monitors the implications of the unprecedented fall in the inflation rate to 0%. The market's expectation for UK rate hikes has been pushed out, with the first full 25-basis-point rise expected in the second quarter of 2016.

Any reference to companies/securities mentioned in this document is for information use only and should not be interpreted as investment advice or recommendation on those companies/securities. Any forecasts, figures, opinions, statements of financial market trends or investment techniques and strategies expressed are unless otherwise stated, J.P. Morgan Asset Management's own at the date of this document.

Investment trust history and investment policies

The Company was incorporated on 16th September 1999 and launched as an investment trust on 24th November 1999 with assets of £28million. The Company changed its name to JPMorgan Fleming Managed Growth plc on 5th December 2002. The Company's name was changed to JPMorgan Fleming Elect plc on 14th January 2004 following the capital reorganisation and combination of JPMorgan Fleming Managed Growth plc and JPMorgan Fleming Managed Income plc. The Company adopted its present name on 2nd February 2006.

In order to achieve its stated investment policy and manage risks, the Managed Cash portfolio invests no more than 20% of the value of the portfolio in any one liquidity fund or short dated (i.e. with a maturity of less than 2 years) UK government securities or G7 government securities hedged into sterling. All liquidity funds or government securities shall have an AAA credit rating (as measured by Standard & Poor's) or equivalent rating from a recognised credit rating agency. The Board does not intend to utilise borrowings to increase the funds available for investment. The Board monitors closely the level of indirect gearing through the underlying investments. The underlying portfolio should be invested 95-120%.

Explanatory Notes, Risks and Important Information

ANAV based on capital only values, excluding any accrued income, with debt valued at par, diluted for treasury and/or subscription shares if applicable.

^BSource: Morningstar as at 30/09/14. Prospective dividend yield is indicative and based on mid market prices, and include the declared and net prospective dividends for the current financial year.

^CActual gearing: Represents the excess amount above shareholders' funds of total assets less cash/cash equivalents, expressed as a percentage of shareholders funds. If the amount calculated is negative, this represents a net cash position.

See Glossary of terms for explanations.

Based on its return characteristics and the costs incurred in transacting in its shares, an investment in Managed Cash should only be considered by existing holders of Managed Growth and/or Managed Income who wish to switch into Managed Cash on the designated quarterly conversion dates. Accordingly Elect Managed Cash shares are not available for purchase through the J.P. Morgan Investment Account, J.P. Morgan ISA or J.P. Morgan SIPP or on J.P. Morgan WealthManager+.

Risk Information

The value of investments and the income from them may fall as well as rise and investors may not get back the full amount invested.

Investors in this Trust should understand that capital growth is not a priority and values may fluctuate and the level of income may vary from time to time and is not guaranteed. In contrast if you invest your money in a bank/building society interest rates will fluctuate but your original capital investment will remain constant. The Trust may be exposed to finance sector companies, as a service provider or as counterparty for financial contracts. Liquidity in the financial markets has been severely restricted, causing a number of firms to withdrawn from the market, or in some extreme cases, becoming insolvent. This may have an adverse effect on the activities of the Trust.

Important Information

This factsheet is to provide you summary information about the Company and should not be taken as an advice or recommendation to buy or sell its shares. If you are not sure of suitability of our products for your investment needs, please contact a financial adviser. Please ensure reading important product documentation including Key Features and Terms and Conditions, Investment Trust Profiles and Annual Reports and Accounts.

Glossary of terms

Annual volatility: Volatility is one measure used to assess the risk of a portfolio as it helps to describe the likely range of returns achieved by the fund. In statistical terms it is the standard deviation of the return distribution. Greater volatility of monthly Net Asset Value returns means that there is a wider range of likely returns in the future, or greater uncertainty regarding the fund return. Most investors would equate this greater uncertainty with greater risk. Gearing will have an impact on the volatility of an investment trust.

Benchmark comparison: Comparison of the Company's performance is made with the benchmark. The benchmark is a recognised index of stocks which should not be taken as wholly representative of the Company's investment universe. The Company's investment strategy does not follow or track this index and therefore there may be a degree of divergence between its performance and that of the Company.

Cash: Net current assets and includes investment in liquidity funds & treasury stocks (if held) and drawn revolving credit facilities (if any) with an original maturity of less than 1 year.

Correlation: Correlation describes the way in which Net Asset Value has moved relative to the benchmark. Correlation coefficients range between +1.0 for assets which consistently move in the same direction, and -1.0 for assets which consistently move in the opposite direction. Assets with a correlation of zero are unrelated. Portfolios combining assets with low correlations provide diversification or risk reduction benefits, potentially without decreasing total portfolio return.

Actual gearing: Total portfolio less liquidity stocks, divided by net assets plus income cash and any effects of performance fees and revenue reserve accruals where applicable.

Gearing range: Indication of the maximum and minimum percentage by which the Company may be geared.

Information ratio: This is the difference between the annualised average fund return and the annualised average benchmark return (calculated geometrically) divided by the annualised tracking error. The higher the ratio, the better, as it shows that the risk taken by the fund manager relative to the benchmark has been rewarded. Gearing will have an impact on the information ratio.

Sector/Geographical breakdowns: These are expressed as a percentage of total portfolio and cash. Investments in liquidity funds will be shown as cash. Top 10 holdings: These are expressed as a percentage of total portfolio and cash. Investments in liquidity funds / treasury stocks will not be shown in the top 10 holdings.

Ongoing charges: The ongoing charges represent the Company's management fee and all other operating expenses, excluding finance costs and any performance fee payable, expressed as a percentage of the average daily net assets during the year.

Tracking error: Tracking error measures the standard deviation of relative returns, i.e. the Net Asset Value return less the benchmark return. Tracking error is often used as a measure of risk taken against the fund's benchmark with a larger tracking error indicating that greater risks were taken relative to the benchmark in achieving the return of the fund. Gearing will increase a tracking error.