JPMorgan Elect Managed Cash

Overall Morningstar Rating[™] – Morningstar Category[™] GBP Money Market - Short Term

Investment objective

Preservation of capital with a yield based on short term interest rates by investing in a range of liquidity funds and short dated AAA-rated UK government securities/G7 government securities hedged into sterling.

Katy Thorneycroft
Robert Ottley,
Angus Macpherson,
Roger Yates,
Alan Hodson,
James Robinson
31 August
2004
London Stock Exchange
March, June, September
and December
Winterflood Securities
(as at 28/02/15)
GBP 4.4m
001 4.411
98.5p
100.9p
-2.3%
0.1%
-2.3%
-0.4%
0.0
0.2p
0.4%
-
nil

Company fees & expenses

-Annual management	Nil
-Operating & administrative expenses	0.22%
Performance fee	No

Company codes

ISIN	GB0034080092
Sedol	3408009
Bloomberg	JPEC LN
Reuters	JPEx.L

Benchmark

Performance



3 M 1 M 3 Y 5 Y 10 Y % 1 Y Share Price 0.9 2.2 0.0 -0.1 0.2 19.9 Net asset value 0.0 -0.1 1.0 1.8 20.2 0.8

Quarterly Rolling 12M ending December 2014

%	2013/14	2012/13	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
Share Price	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.2
Net asset value	-0.1	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.3

Source: J.P. Morgan/Morningstar.

Performance data has been calculated on NAV to NAV basis, including ongoing charges and any applicable fees, with any income reinvested, in GBP. **Past performance is not a guide to the future.**

Please note Benchmark Indices do not include fees or operating expenses and are not available for actual investment.

Top 10 Holdings	(as at 31/01/15)
Holding	Weight
SWIP Global Sterling Liquidity Fund	16.9%
Deutsche Global Liquidity Managed Sterling Fund	16.8%
JPMorgan Sterling Liquidity Fund	16.8%
Institutional Cash Series Heritage Fund	16.6%
Insight Sterling Liquidity Fund	16.6%
Fidelity Institutional Sterling Cash Fund	16.3%

Statistical analysis review	(as at 31/01/15)	
	3 years	5 years
Correlation	-	-
Annualised volatility	0.70%	0.84%
Tracking error	0.70%	0.84%
Information ratio	0.49	0.43

The value of investments and the income from them may fall as well as rise and investors may not get back the full amount invested. Please read the Explanatory Notes, Fund specific Risks and Important Information at the end of this document.



January 2015

(as at 31/01/15)



Katy Thorneycroft, *executive director*, is a portfolio manager in the Asset Management Solutions - Global Multi-Asset Group ("AMS -GMAG"), focusing on fund of funds and investment trust funds. An employee since 1999, Katy was previously a portfolio manager in the convertible bonds team and a member of AMS - GMAG in New York. Prior to this, Katy was a portfolio manager in the European Equity Group in London focusing on small and mid-cap strategies. Katy obtained a MChem from the University of Oxford and is a CFA charterholder.

Sector breakdown	(as at 31/01/15)
Sector	Company
Financials	100.0%
Total	100.0%

Manager's commentary

(as at 31/01/15)

In January, the Bank of England (BoE) kept interest rates on hold at 0.5% and its asset purchases unchanged at GBP 375 billion, as expected. Minutes from the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) meeting showed that the decision to hold rates steady is now unanimous, with two hawks switching their votes. The first estimate of fourth-quarter UK economic growth was lower than consensus estimates at 0.5%. This disappointing reading was driven by weaker energy production, while the services sector remained unchanged. Inflation figures in the UK continued to follow weaker global trends, with consumer prices increasing by 0.5% in December, which was lower than expected even considering recent declines in oil prices. Core consumer price inflation held up at 1.3% although this is still well below the MPC's 2% target.

There were no changes to holdings over the month. The trust continues to retain its broad diversification across six of the UK's leading AAA rated sterling liquidity funds, each selected to provide a high level of capital security for shareholders.

Market Outlook

The BoE is not expected to announce changes to interest rates or the asset purchase programme at its next meeting. Market participants do not currently expect the next 25 basis point rate rise to be announced until 2016.

Any forecasts, figures, opinions, statements of financial market trends or investment techniques and strategies expressed are unless otherwise stated, J.P. Morgan Asset Management's own at the date of this document. They are considered to be reliable at the time of writing, may not necessarily be allinclusive and are not guaranteed as to accuracy. They may be subject to change without reference or notification to you.

Investment trust history and investment policies

The Company was incorporated on 16th September 1999 and launched as an investment trust on 24th November 1999 with assets of £28million. The Company changed its name to JPMorgan Fleming Managed Growth plc on 5th December 2002. The Company's name was changed to JPMorgan Fleming Elect plc on 14th January 2004 following the capital reorganisation and combination of JPMorgan Fleming Managed Growth plc and JPMorgan Fleming Managed Income plc. The Company adopted its present name on 2nd February 2006.

In order to achieve its stated investment policy and manage risks, the Managed Cash portfolio invests no more than 20% of the value of the portfolio in any one liquidity fund or short dated (i.e. with a maturity of less than 2 years) UK government securities or G7 government securities hedged into sterling. All liquidity funds or government securities shall have an AAA credit rating (as measured by Standard & Poor's) or equivalent rating from a recognised credit rating agency. The Board does not intend to utilise borrowings to increase the funds available for investment. The Board monitors closely the level of indirect gearing through the underlying investments. The underlying portfolio should be invested 95-120%.

Explanatory Notes, Risks and Important Information Notes See Glossary of

^ACapital only NAV with debt at par, diluted for treasury and/or subscription shares if applicable.

^BDividend yields are based on mid market prices and the estimated dividend(s) payable in respect of the current financial year. This will include declared and prospective dividends. Source Morningstar

^CActual gearing: Represents the excess amount above shareholders' funds of total assets less cash/cash equivalents, expressed as a percentage of shareholders funds. If the amount calculated is negative, this represents a net cash position. See Glossary of terms for explanations.

Based on its return characteristics and the costs incurred in transacting in its shares, an investment in Managed Cash should only be considered by existing holders of Managed Growth and/or Managed Income who wish to switch into Managed Cash on the designated quarterly conversion dates. Accordingly Elect Managed Cash shares are not available for purchase through the J.P. Morgan Investment Account, J.P. Morgan ISA or J.P. Morgan SIPP or on J.P. Morgan WealthManager+.

Risk Information

The value of investments and the income from them may fall as well as rise and investors may not get back the full amount invested.

Investors in this Trust should understand that capital growth is not a priority and values may fluctuate and the level of income may vary from time to time and is not guaranteed. In contrast if you invest your money in a bank/building society interest rates will fluctuate but your original capital investment will remain constant. The Trust may be exposed to finance sector companies, as a service provider or as counterparty for financial contracts. Liquidity in the financial markets has been severely restricted, causing a number of firms to withdrawn from the market, or in some extreme cases, becoming insolvent. This may have an adverse effect on the activities of the Trust.

Important Information

This is a promotional document and as such the views and any reference to specific companies/stocks contained herein are not to be taken as an advice or recommendation to buy or sell any investment or interest thereto. Reliance upon information in this material is at the sole discretion of the reader. Any reference to companies/securities mentioned in this document is for information use only and should not be interpreted as investment advice or recommendation on those companies/securities.

J.P. Morgan Asset Management is the brand name for the asset management business of JPMorgan Chase & Co and its affiliates worldwide. You should note that if you contact J.P. Morgan Asset Management by telephone those lines may be recorded and monitored for legal, security and training purposes. You should also take note that information and data from communications with you will be collected, stored and processed by J.P. Morgan Asset Management in accordance with the EMEA Privacy Policy which can be accessed through the following website http://www.jpmorgan.com/pages/privacy.

Investment is subject to documentation which may include the Key Features and Terms and Conditions, Prospectus, Investment Trust Profiles, Annual Report and Accounts and Investor Disclosure Documents copies of which can be obtained free of charge from J.P. Morgan Asset Management Marketing Limited. Issued by J.P. Morgan Asset Management Marketing Limited which is authorised and regulated in the UK by the Financial Conduct Authority. Registered in England No. 288553. Registered address: 25 Bank St, Canary Wharf, London E14 5JP.

Non-mainstream pooled Investment products Information (or status)

Shares and debentures (if any) in an Investment Trust are not subject to Financial Conduct Authority's (FCA) restrictions for marketing Non-mainstream Pooled Investment products, therefore Investment Trust products can be marketed to retail investors directly or via Independent Financial Advisers.

© 2014 Morningstar. All Rights Reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Glossary of terms

Annual volatility: Volatility is one measure used to assess the risk of a portfolio as it helps to describe the likely range of returns achieved by the fund. In statistical terms it is the standard deviation of the return distribution. Greater volatility of monthly Net Asset Value returns means that there is a wider range of likely returns in the future, or greater uncertainty regarding the fund return. Most investors would equate this greater uncertainty with greater risk. Gearing will have an impact on the volatility of an investment trust.

Benchmark comparison: Comparison of the Company's performance is made with the benchmark. The benchmark is a recognised index of stocks which should not be taken as wholly representative of the Company's investment universe. The Company's investment strategy does not follow or track this index and therefore there may be a degree of divergence between its performance and that of the Company.

Cash: Net current assets and includes investment in liquidity funds & treasury stocks (if held) and drawn revolving credit facilities (if any) with an original maturity of less than 1 year.

Correlation: Correlation describes the way in which Net Asset Value has moved relative to the benchmark. Correlation coefficients range between +1.0 for assets which consistently move in the same direction, and -1.0 for assets which consistently move in the opposite direction. Assets with a correlation of zero are unrelated. Portfolios combining assets with low correlations provide diversification or risk reduction benefits, potentially without decreasing total portfolio return. **Actual gearing:** Total portfolio less liquidity stocks, divided by net assets plus income cash and any effects of performance fees and revenue reserve accruals where applicable.

Gearing range: Indication of the maximum and minimum percentage by which the Company may be geared.

Information ratio: This is the difference between the annualised average fund return and the annualised average benchmark return (calculated geometrically) divided by the annualised tracking error. The higher the ratio, the better, as it shows that the risk taken by the fund manager relative to the benchmark has been rewarded. Gearing will have an impact on the information ratio.

Sector/Geographical breakdowns: These are expressed as a percentage of total portfolio and cash. Investments in liquidity funds will be shown as cash. **Top 10 holdings:** These are expressed as a percentage of total portfolio and cash. Investments in liquidity funds / treasury stocks will not be shown in the top 10 holdings.

Ongoing charges: The ongoing charges represent the Company's management fee and all other operating expenses, excluding finance costs and any performance fee payable, expressed as a percentage of the average daily net assets during the year.

Tracking error: Tracking error measures the standard deviation of relative returns, i.e. the Net Asset Value return less the benchmark return. Tracking error is often used as a measure of risk taken against the fund's benchmark with a larger tracking error indicating that greater risks were taken relative to the benchmark in achieving the return of the fund. Gearing will increase a tracking error.