# **ENHANCED INCOME FUND W - ACC SHARES**

### Approach and Style

Michael Clark believes companies that consistently deliver dividend growth will outperform strongly over the long term. Therefore, he looks to invest in companies that have the strength to withstand tough economic times as well as the ability to generate high cash flows that are sufficient to fund both future growth and that can be used to pay out increasing dividends over time. This investment style can be summarised as safety of income at a reasonable price. The fund seeks an enhanced income by writing call options on a portion of its holdings to ensure an optimal balance between income generation and capital growth potential.

### **Objectives & Investment Policy**

- Aims to provide income with the potential for some capital growth
- Invests mainly in the shares of UK companies
- Can use derivatives with the aim of risk or cost reduction or to generate additional capital or income in line with the fund's risk profile
- Derivatives and forward transactions may be used to achieve the investment objective. Derivatives may be used to generate additional income, for example, through the writing of call options.
- The fund has discretion in its choices of investments within its objectives and policies. Income is accumulated in the share price.
- The annual management charge may be taken from your capital and not from the income generated by the fund. This means that any capital growth in the fund may be reduced by the charge. Your capital may reduce over time if the fund's growth does not compensate for it.
- Shares can usually be bought and sold each business day of the fund.
- This fund may not be appropriate for investors who plan to sell their shares in the fund within 5 years. Investment in the fund should be regarded as a long-term

### **Fund Facts**

Launch date: 02 02 09

Portfolio manager: Michael Clark, David Jehan Appointed to fund: 02.02.09, 02.02.09

Years at Fidelity: 15, 10 Fund Size: £550m

Number of positions in fund\*: 81 Fund reference currency: UK Sterling (GBP)

Fund domicile: United Kingdom

Fund legal structure: OEIC

Management company: FIL Investment Services (UK) Limited

Capital quarantee: No

\*A definition of positions can be found on page 3 of this factsheet in the section titled "How data is calculated and presented."

### **Share Class Facts**

Other share classes may be available. Please refer to the prospectus for more details.

Launch date: 18.07.12

NAV price in share class currency: 1.466

ISIN: GB00B7W94N47 SEDOL: B7W94N4 Bloombera: FIENIWA LN Dealing cut-off: 12:00 UK time Distribution type: Accumulating

Historic vield: 6.32%

Charges made to income or capital: Capital

Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) per year: 0.95% (28.02.17)

OCF takes into account annual management charge per year: 0.75%

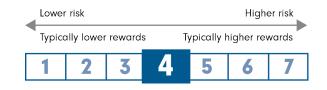
### Independent Assessment

Information in this section is the latest available at date of publication. Further details can be found in the Glossary section of this factsheet. As some ratings agencies may use past performance to produce their assessments, these are not a reliable indicator of future results.

# Morningstar Style Box ® Large

### Share Class Risk and Reward Profile

This risk indicator is taken from the Key Investor Document (KIID) at the relevant monthend. Because it may be updated during a month, please refer to the KIID for the most up-to-date information



- The risk category was calculated using historical performance data.
- The risk category may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the fund, is not guaranteed and may change over time.

  The lowest category does not mean a "risk free" investment.

  The risk and reward profile is classified by the level of historical fluctuation of the
- Net Asset Values of the share class, and within this classification, categories 1-2 indicate a low level of historical fluctuations, 3-5 a medium level and 6-7 a high

### Important Information

Before investing you should read the Key Investor Information Document (KIID). Details of where the KIID is available are on the last page of this factsheet. The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up and an investor may not get back the amount invested. Where an investor's own currency is different to the currency of the fund's investments, the fund's returns can be affected by fluctuations in currency exchange rates. The use of financial derivative instruments may result in increased gains or losses within the fund. The use of derivatives to enhance income may reduce growth potential in certain market conditions.

This information is for Investment Professionals only and should not be relied upon by



These figures relate to the fund's past performance, which is not a reliable indicator of future results. The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up and an investor may not get back the amount invested.

### Performance Comparator(s)

Peer Group Universe Morningstar IA UK Equity Income

Market index from 18.07.12 FTSE All Share TR

Market index is for comparative purposes only unless specifically referenced in the Objectives & Investment Policy on page 1. The same index is used in the positioning tables on this factsheet.

Where the effective date for the current market index is after the share class launch date, full history is available from Fidelity.

### Cumulative performance in GBP (rebased to 100)

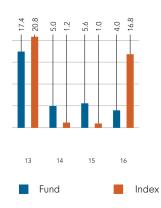


Performance is shown for the last five years (or since launch for funds launched within that period).

### Performance for 12 month periods in GBP (%)



### Performance for calendar years in GBP (%)



### Volatility & Risk (3 years)

Annualised Volatility: fund (%)	8.21	Annualised Alpha	-0.19
Relative Volatility	0.88	Beta	0.73
Sharpe Ratio: fund	0.61	Annualised Tracking Error (%)	5.17
Sharpe Ratio: index	0.80	Information Ratio	-0.46
		$R^2$	0.69

Calculated using month-end data points. Definitions of these terms can be found in the Glossary section of this factsheet.

### Performance to 31.07.17 in GBP (%)

							Since
	1m	3m	YTD	1yr	3yr	5yr	18.07.12*
Fund cumulative growth	-1.5	-0.1	5.5	5.5	17.6	46.0	46.6
Index cumulative growth	1.2	3.0	6.7	14.9	25.7	65.0	63.9
Fund annualised growth	=	-	=	5.5	5.5	7.9	7.9
Index annualised growth	-	-	-	14.9	7.9	10.5	10.3
Ranking within Peer Group Universe							
W Accumulation Shares	83	74	67	77	77	73	
Total number of funds	87	86	85	84	79	74	
Quartile ranking**	4	4	4	4	4	4	

Source of fund performance and volatility and risk measures is Fidelity. Performance is excluding initial charge.

Basis: bid-bid with income reinvested, in GBP, net of fees.

Market indices are sourced from RIMES and other data is sourced from third-party providers such as Morningstar.

<sup>\*</sup>Performance commencement date.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Quartile rank refers to performance over time rated on a scale of 1-4. A ranking of 1 indicates that the item being ranked is in the top 25% of the sample and so on. Rankings are based on a performance record that is included in the Peer Group Universe. In line with Investment Association methodology, this record may include a track record extension from a legacy share class and the record may not be the same class of this factsheet.

# **ENHANCED INCOME FUND W - ACC SHARES**

### Introduction

This factsheet contains information about the composition of the fund at a particular point in time. It aims to help you understand how the fund manager is positioned to achieve the fund's objectives.

The Equity Exposure table below provides an overall view of the fund. This represents - in percentage terms - how much of the fund is invested in the market. The higher the figure, the more the fund will take part in any market rises (or falls).

The definitions section provides a more comprehensive explanation of the individual elements in the table.

The exposure and positioning tables on page 4 break the fund down into a number of different views, each providing a different perspective on the fund's investments

### How data is calculated and presented

Portfolio composition data has been calculated and presented according to several general principles, which are listed below.

- Aggregation: all investments, including derivatives, linked to a particular issuing company have been combined to form a total percentage holding for each company. The aggregate holding is referred to in this factsheet as a position. Positions are shown before and after call overwriting. Where a company is listed in two separate countries, each listing may be classified as a separate issuing company. Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and derivatives on ETFs are treated as individual securities ie not aggregated.
- **Categorisation**: for investments that have underlying securities we use the attributes of the underlying issuing company or common share to determine the appropriate sector, market capitalisation band and geographic area.
- **Derivatives**: all derivatives are presented on an exposure basis and, where necessary, derivatives are delta-adjusted. Delta-adjusting expresses derivatives in terms of the equivalent number of shares that would be needed to generate the same return.
- "Basket" securities: securities that represent a number of company shares like index futures or options are allocated to categories (such as country) whenever possible. Otherwise they are included in the "Other Index / Unclassified" category.

### Equity Exposure (% TNA)

	Exposure (% TNA)	Number of single stocks overwritten
Equity (before call overwriting)	97.4	
Call overwriting	-0.8	28
Equity (after call overwriting)	96.6	
Other	0.0	
Cash & cash exposure from call overwriting	3.4	
	100.0	

### Definition of terms:

Other: the value of any non-equity investments (excluding cash funds) expressed as a percentage of fund TNA.

Call overwriting: this is a strategy used to commit to sell shares a fund already owns at a set price, in return for a payment. The payment is retained whether the shares are ultimately sold or not and therefore generates additional return for the fund (although it sets a limit on gains). The table shows the number of underlying single stocks overwritten as well as the total of all call overwriting exposure.

Cash & cash exposure from call overwriting: this is 100% minus the fund's Equity exposure and minus Other.

% TNA: Data is presented as a percentage of TNA, which stands for Total Net Assets (the value of all the fund's assets after the deduction of any liabilities).

### Sector/Industry Exposure (% TNA) (ranked before overwriting)

ICB Industry	Fund before overwriting	Index	Fund after overwriting
Financials	25.8	27.0	25.8
Consumer Goods	25.6	15.7	25.2
Health Care	11.8	8.6	11.4
Industrials	11.5	11.2	11.5
Utilities	8.9	3.1	8.8
Consumer Services	7.2	11.1	7.2
Telecommunications	3.5	3.8	3.5
Oil & Gas	2.2	11.5	2.2
Basic Materials	1.0	7.2	1.0
Technology	0.0	0.8	0.0
Total Sector Exposure	97.4	100.0	96.6
•			
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Equity Exposure	97.4	100.0	96.6

### Market Capitalisation Exposure (% TNA)

GBP	Fund before overwriting	Index	Fund after overwriting
FTSE 100	69.0	79.6	68.9
FTSE 250	16.3	16.6	16.3
FTSE Smallcap	2.5	3.7	2.5
Non FTSE	9.6	0.0	8.9
Total Market Cap Exposure	97.4	100.0	96.6
Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Equity Exposure	97.4	100.0	96.6

### Country Exposure (% TNA) (ranked before overwriting)

United Kingdom	Fund before overwriting 90.4	Index 98.9	Fund after overwriting 90.3
USA	3.1	0.1	2.9
Switzerland	2.8	0.0	2.4
France	1.1	0.0	1.0
Ireland	0.0	0.6	0.0
Spain	0.0	0.4	0.0

Total Country Exposure	97.4	100.0	96.6
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Equity Exposure	97.4	100.0	96.6

### Top Positions (% TNA) (ranked before overwriting)

	ICB Industry	Country	Fund before overwriting	Index	Fund after overwriting
HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	Financials	United Kingdom	5.0	6.4	5.0
ASTRAZENECA PLC	Health Care	United Kingdom	4.6	2.4	4.6
GLAXOSMITHKLINE PLC	Health Care	United Kingdom	4.1	3.1	4.1
BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO PLC	Consumer Goods	United Kingdom	4.0	4.5	4.0
BAE SYSTEMS PLC	Industrials	United Kingdom	4.0	0.8	3.9
RECKITT BENCKISER GROUP PLC	Consumer Goods	United Kingdom	3.9	1.9	3.9
UNILEVER PLC	Consumer Goods	United Kingdom	3.6	2.2	3.6
LEGAL AND GENERAL GROUP PLC	Financials	United Kingdom	3.5	0.7	3.5
DIAGEO PLC	Consumer Goods	United Kingdom	3.1	2.5	3.1
AVIVA PLC	Financials	United Kingdom	2.9	0.9	2.9

### Top Overweight Positions (% TNA) (ranked before overwriting)

	Relative before overwriting	Fund before overwriting	Index	Fund after overwriting
BAE SYSTEMS PLC	3.1	4.0	0.8	3.9
LEGAL AND GENERAL GROUP	2.9	3.5	0.7	3.5
ASTRAZENECA PLC	2.2	4.6	2.4	4.6
AVIVA PLC	2.0	2.9	0.9	2.9
RECKITT BENCKISER GROUP	1.9	3.9	1.9	3.9
PHILIP MORRIS INTL INC	1.7	1.7	0.0	1.5
IMPERIAL BRANDS PLC	1.6	2.9	1.3	2.9
PROVIDENT FINANCIAL PLC	1.6	1.7	0.1	1.7
CRANSWICK PLC	1.5	1.6	0.1	1.6
PENNON GROUP PLC	1.5	1.6	0.1	1.6

### Top Underweight Positions (% TNA) (ranked before overwriting)

	Relative before overwriting	Fund before overwriting	Index	Fund after overwriting
ROYAL DUTCH SHELL PLC	-5.2	2.2	7.4	2.2
BP PLC	-3.6	0.0	3.6	0.0
VODAFONE GROUP PLC	-2.5	0.0	2.5	0.0
PRUDENTIAL PLC	-2.0	0.0	2.0	0.0
RIO TINTO PLC	-1.8	0.0	1.8	0.0
GLENCORE PLC	-1.6	0.0	1.6	0.0
SHIRE PLC	-1.6	0.0	1.6	0.0
BARCLAYS PLC (UNGTD)	-1.5	0.0	1.5	0.0
HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	-1.4	5.0	6.4	5.0
BHP BILLITON PLC	-1.2	0.0	1.2	0.0

### Positions Concentration (% TNA)

	Selected before overwriting	Index	Selected after overwriting
Top 10	38.9	36.7	38.8
Top 20	59.6	52.0	59.3
Top 50	88.6	68.6	87.9

### Definition of terms:

Top Positions: those companies in which the largest percentages of the fund's total net assets are effectively invested. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear.

Top Overweight & Underweight Positions: those positions which have the largest active weight relative to the index. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear.

Positions Concentration: illustrates the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the fund and the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the index. It does not attempt to

show the coincidence of security ownership between fund and index.
The sector/industry classification used (ie GICS, ICB, TOPIX or IPD) varies by fund. Full descriptions of GICS, ICB, TOPIX and IPD can be found in the glossary.

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### **Attribution**

Performance attribution is produced in the currency shown below. For funds with multiple share classes, the attribution return reflects the aggregate performance across all the share classes. It may therefore deviate from the published return for a particular share class. When using the analysis for hedged share classes, please consider that the attribution is shown before the impact of hedging.

The contributions shown in the tables are before the impact of charges. If charges are applied, their effect is captured in the "Other" category in the tables and will also be reflected in the fund return.

All investments, including derivatives, linked to a particular issuing company have been combined to form a total percentage for each issuing company.

The sector/industry and country contribution tables (where relevant) display a maximum of eleven individual sectors/industries or countries. For funds investing in more than eleven sectors/industries or countries, only top five and bottom five are listed, with the contribution from other sectors/industries or countries shown in the "Other Sectors" or "Other Countries" category.

Currency of attribution UK Sterling (GBP)

One month return (%)

Position Contribution (%) 1 month

TOP 10 POSITIONS RANKED BY ABSOLUTE PERFORMANCE CONTRIBUTION	Average Fund Weight	Performance Contribution	BOTTOM 10 POSITIONS RANKED BY ABSOLUTE PERFORMANCE CONTRIBUTION	Average Fund Weight	Performance Contribution
BT GROUP PLC	2.4	0.18	ASTRAZENECA PLC	4.5	-0.60
DIAGEO PLC	2.0	0.15	BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO PLC	3.6	-0.42
HSBC HOLDINGS PLC	2.1	0.13	IMPERIAL BRANDS PLC	3.0	-0.32
UNILEVER PLC	2.4	0.10	PROVIDENT FINANCIAL PLC	1.9	-0.30
ROYAL DUTCH SHELL PLC	2.0	0.09	GLAXOSMITHKLINE PLC	3.5	-0.29
BERKELEY GROUP HLDGS PLC	1.0	0.08	BAE SYSTEMS PLC	3.3	-0.20
LEGAL AND GENERAL GROUP PLC	2.2	0.08	RECKITT BENCKISER GROUP PLC	2.9	-0.11
CRANSWICK PLC	1.5	0.06	CAPITA PLC	1.2	-0.07
FORTERRA PLC	0.5	0.05	ROYAL MAIL PLC	1.2	-0.05
BEAZLEY PLC/UK	0.9	0.04	NATIONAL GRID PLC	2.1	-0.05

Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Index / Unclassified" category which will appear in the table(s) below when relevant.

### Sector/Industry Contribution (%)

1 month

### Country Contribution (%)

1 month

### RANKED BY ABSOLUTE PERFORMANCE CONTRIBUTION

### RANKED BY ABSOLUTE PERFORMANCE CONTRIBUTION

icb Industry	Average Fund Weight	Performance Contribution		Average Fund Weight	Performance Contribution
Telecommunications	3.3	0.21	United States	2.9	0.02
Oil & Gas	2.0	0.09	Switzerland	2.2	0.00
Financials	20.6	0.08	France	1.0	-0.01
Technology	0.0	0.00	United Kingdom	78.6	-1.40
Basic Materials	1.0	-0.02			
Utilities	8.5	-0.07			
Consumer Services	7.1	-0.08			
Industrials	10.6	-0.27			
Consumer Goods	21.0	-0.46			
Health Care	10.7	-0.87			
			Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.00
Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.00	Total Primary Assets	84.7	-1.39
Total Primary Assets	84.7	-1.39	Other*	15.3	-0.11
Other*	15.3	-0.11	TOTAL	100.0	-1.50
TOTAL	100.0	-1.50			

<sup>\*</sup>Other includes portfolio components not already listed such as cash, expenses and other miscellaneous items.

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### Glossary / additional notes

### **Volatility & Risk**

Annualised volatility: a measure of how variable returns for a fund or comparative market index have been around their historical average (also known as "standard deviation"). Two funds may produce the same return over a period. The fund whose monthly returns have varied less will have a lower annualised volatility and will be considered to have achieved its returns with less risk. The calculation is the standard deviation of 36 monthly returns presented as an annualised number. Volatility for funds and indices are calculated

Relative volatility: a ratio calculated by comparing the annualised volatility of a fund to the annualised volatility of a comparative market index. A value greater than 1 indicates the fund has been more volatile than the index. A value less than 1 shows the fund has been less volatile than the index. A relative volatility of 1.2 means the fund has been 20% more volatile than the index, while a measure of 0.8 would mean the fund has been 20% less volatile than the index.

Sharpe ratio: a measure of a fund's risk-adjusted performance, taking into account the return on a risk-free investment. The ratio allows an investor to assess whether the fund is generating adequate returns for the level of risk it is taking. The higher the ratio, the better the risk-adjusted performance has been. If the ratio is negative, the fund has returned less than the risk-free rate. The ratio is calculated by subtracting the risk-free return (such as cash) in the relevant currency from the fund's return, then dividing the result by the fund's volatility. It is calculated using annualised numbers.

Annualised alpha: the difference between a fund's expected return (based on its beta) and the fund's actual return. A fund with a positive alpha has delivered more return than would be expected given its beta.

**Beta:** a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by a market index). The beta of the market is 1.00 by definition. A beta of 1.10 shows that the fund could be expected to perform 10% better than the index in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors remain constant. Conversely, a beta of 0.85 indicates that the fund could be expected to perform 15% worse than the market return during up markets and 15% better during down markets

Annualised tracking error: a measure showing how closely a fund follows the index to which it is being compared. It is the standard deviation of the fund's excess returns. The higher the fund's tracking error, the higher the variability of fund returns around the market index

Information ratio: a measure of a fund's effectiveness in generating excess return for the level of risk taken. An information ratio of 0.5 shows the fund has delivered an annualised excess return equivalent to half the value of the tracking error. The ratio is calculated by taking the fund's annualised excess return and dividing it by the fund's tracking

R2: a measure representing the degree to which a fund's return can be explained by the returns of a comparative market index. A value of 1 signifies the fund and index are perfectly correlated. A measure of 0.5 means only 50% of the fund's performance can be explained by the index. If the R2 is 0.5 or lower, the fund's beta (and therefore its alpha too) is not a reliable measure (due to a low correlation between fund and index).

The ongoing charges figure represents the charges taken from the fund over a year. It is calculated at the fund's financial year end and may vary from year to year. For classes of funds with fixed ongoing charges, this may not vary from year to year. For new classes of funds or classes undergoing corporate actions (eg amendment to annual management charge), the ongoing charges figure is estimated until the criteria are met for an actual ongoing charges figure to be published.

The types of charges included in the ongoing charges figure are management fees, administration fees, custodian and depositary fees and transaction charges, shareholder reporting costs, regulatory registration fees, Directors fees (where applicable) and bank charges.

It excludes: performance fees (where applicable); portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the fund when buying or selling units in another

collective investment undertaking

For more information about charges (including details of the fund's financial year end), please consult the charges section in the most recent Prospectus.

The historic yield for a fund is based on its dividends declared over the preceding 12 months. It is calculated by summing the dividend rates declared in that period, divided by the price as at the date of publication. Declared dividends may not be confirmed and may be subject to change. Where 12 months of declared dividend data does not exist a historic yield will not be published.

### Sector/industry classification

GICS: Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) was developed by Standard & Poor's and MSCI Barra. GICS consists of 11 sectors, 24 industry groups, 68 industries and 157 sub-industries. More information is available at http://www.standardandpoors.com/indices/gics/en/us

ICB: The Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB) is an industry classification developed by Dow Jones and FTSE. It is used to segregate markets into sectors within the macroeconomy. The ICB uses a system of 10 industries, partitioned into 19 supersectors, which are further divided into 41 sectors, which then contain 114 subsectors. More information is available at http://www.icbenchmark.com/

TOPIX: Tokyo stock Price Index, commonly known as TOPIX, is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) in Japan, tracking all domestic companies of the exchange's First Section. It is calculated and published by the TSE.

IPD means the Investment Property Databank who are a provider of performance analysis and benchmarking services for investors in real estate. IPD UK Pooled Property Funds Index - All Balanced Funds is a component of the IPD Pooled Funds Indices which is published quarterly by IPD.

### Independent Assessment

Scope Fund Rating: The rating measures how well a fund has balanced risk and reward relative to its peers. The rating is based solely on performance for funds with a five year track record. Funds with a shorter history also undergo qualitative assessment. For example, this may include looking at management style. The rating scale is A = very good, B = good, C = average, D = below average and E = poor.

Morningstar Star Rating for Funds: The rating measures how well a fund has balanced risk and reward relative to its peers. Star ratings are strictly based on past performance and Morningstar suggests investors use them to identify funds that are worthy for further research. The top 10% of funds in a category will receive a 5-star rating and the next 22.5% receive a 4-star rating. Only ratings of 4 or 5 stars are displayed on the factsheet.

Morningstar Style Box: The Morningstar Style Box is a nine-square grid that provides a graphical representation of the investment style of funds. It is based on fund holdings and classifies funds according to market capitalisation (the vertical axis) and growth and value factors (the horizontal axis). The value and growth factors are based on measures such as earnings, cashflow and dividend yield and use both historical and forward-looking data.

### Important Information

Fidelity International refers to the group of companies which form the global investment management organisation that provides information on products and services in designated jurisdictions outside of North America.

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Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results. The value of investments can go down as well as up and you may get back less than you invested.

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This document describes a sub-fund and share class of Fidelity Investment Funds (the 'investment company'). The Prospectus and Reports and Accounts are prepared for the entire investment company.

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Before investing you should read the Key Investor Information Document (KIID), which is available in your local language through the website www.fidelityinternational.com or from your distributor.

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