

GLOBAL HIGH YIELD BOND FUND

I Inc ISIN GB00BKS1J04

Investment objective

The Fund aims to provide an income with the potential for capital growth over the long term. Performance target: To outperform the ICE BofA Global High Yield Constrained Index Hedged to GBP by 1.75% per annum, before the deduction of charges, over any 5 year period.

For the fund's investment policy, refer to the Additional fund information on page 3.

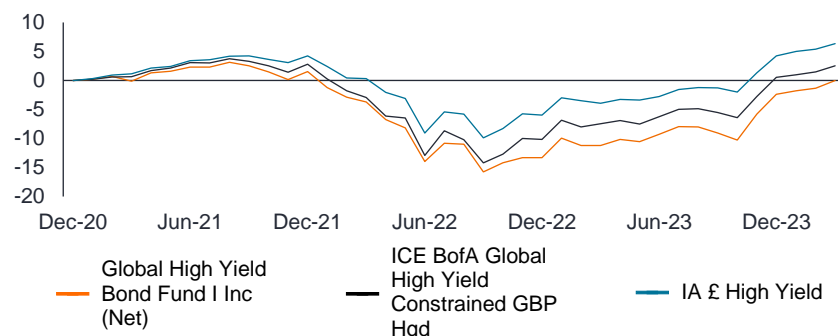
Past performance does not predict future returns.

Performance (%)

Returns	Cumulative				Annualised			
	1 Month	3 Month	YTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	Since inception (01/12/20)
I Inc (Net)	1.35	2.45	2.45	12.60	0.03	—	—	0.38
Index	1.06	1.97	1.97	10.82	0.61	—	—	1.21
Peer Group	0.90	2.00	2.00	10.72	1.69	—	—	2.25

Cumulative growth - GBP

01 Dec 2020 — 31 Mar 2024



12 month rolling

	Mar 2023-Mar 2024	Mar 2022-Mar 2023	Mar 2021-Mar 2022	Mar 2020-Mar 2021	Mar 2019-Mar 2020
I Inc (Net)	12.60	-7.76	-3.63	—	—
Index	10.82	-4.70	-3.56	—	—
Peer Group	10.72	-4.23	-0.83	—	—

Performance is on a net of fees basis, with gross income reinvested. Source: at 31/03/24. © 2024 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. **Past performance does not predict future returns.** Performance/performance target related data will display only where relevant to the share class inception date and annualised target time period. **The value of an investment and the income from it can fall as well as rise and you may not get back the amount originally invested.** Source for target returns (where applicable) - Janus Henderson Investors.

Fund details

Inception date	01 December 2020
Total net assets	14.63m
Asset class	Fixed Income
Domicile	United Kingdom
Structure	OEIC
Base currency	GBP
Index	ICE BofA Global High Yield Constrained Index Hedged to GBP
Peer group	IA GBP High Yield

For benchmark/usage description, refer to Additional fund information on page 3.

Share class information

Inception date	01 December 2020
Distribution type	Income
Distribution frequency	Quarterly
Distribution yield	7.50%
Underlying yield	6.90%
Currency	GBP
Minimum initial investment	3,000,000

The Distribution and Underlying Yields are based on a snapshot of the portfolio on that day. The yield does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on distributions.

Portfolio management

Thomas Ross	Manager since 2020
Brent Olson	Manager since 2021
Tim Winstone, CFA	Manager since 2021
Seth Meyer, CFA	Manager since 2020

Characteristics

Number of holdings: Debt issues	152
Duration (years)	3.27
Weighted average life (years)	4.76
Yield to worst (%)	7.36

Industry allocation (%)

	Fund	Index
Basic Industry	10.57	8.51
Financial Services	10.26	5.49
Foreign Sovereign	8.43	—
Healthcare	8.14	6.93
Energy	7.16	13.16
Retail	7.15	5.39
Leisure	6.01	6.08
Utility	5.57	4.77
Capital Goods	5.54	5.89
Technology & Electronics	5.37	4.51

Credit quality of fixed income holdings (%)

	Fund	Index
BBB	2.86	1.41
BB	47.49	56.07
B	40.83	31.93
CCC & Below	7.97	10.25

Bond credit quality ratings provided by Janus Henderson Investors is based on the average of ratings from Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch where all three agencies have provided a rating. If only two agencies rate a security, the average is on those. If only one agency rates a security, that rating is used. Ratings are measured on a scale that ranges from AAA (highest) to CCC (lowest). Swaps, Options, Cash and Bond Futures are separately grouped.

Maturity of fixed income holdings (%)

	Fund	Index
0-3 years	6.23	24.90
3-5 years	32.21	33.24
5-7 years	35.51	23.96
7-10 years	16.11	9.02
10-15 years	1.27	1.17
15+ years	7.84	7.44

Top holdings (%)

	Fund
First Quantum Minerals 9.375% 2029	1.78
Cemex 9.125% 2172	1.43
Standard Industries 3.375% 2031	1.41
Bellis Acquisition 3.25% 2026	1.31
Organon 5.125% 2031	1.28
Cargo Aircraft Management 4.75% 2028	1.27
Medline Borrower 5.25% 2029	1.21
Allied Universal Holdco 4.625% 2028	1.20
FTAI Infra Escrow 10.50% 2027	1.20
Costa Rica Government International Bond 7.30% 2054	1.18
Total	13.29

References made to individual securities should not constitute or form part of any offer or solicitation to issue, securities mentioned in the report.

Top countries (%)

	Fund	Index
United States	47.50	55.53
United Kingdom	7.11	4.87
Germany	4.12	2.58
Mexico	3.39	2.70
Canada	3.20	3.08
Netherlands	2.86	1.12
France	2.71	3.86
Turkey	2.27	1.07
Israel	2.17	0.99
Brazil	2.17	2.90

Codes

ISIN	GB00BKSB1J04
Bloomberg	JAHYBIG
SEDOL	BKSB1J0
WKN	A3EE2C

Fees & charges (%)

Annual management charge (AMC)	0.60
Estimated ongoing charge (OCF)	0.77

All ongoing charges stated are as per latest published report and accounts.

Fund charges will impact the value of your investment. In particular, the ongoing charges applicable to each fund will dilute investment performance, particularly over time. For further explanation of charges please visit our Fund Charges page at www.janushenderson.com.

Under some circumstances initial charges may apply. Please refer to the Prospectus for more details.

Additional fund information

Tax assumptions and reliefs depend upon an investor's particular circumstances and may be subject to change. Please note the performance target is to be achieved over a specific annualised time period. Refer to the performance target wording within the objective. Fund size at 12pm on last business day of month. Please note: due to rounding the figures in the holdings breakdowns may not add up to 100%. Performance for the share class is calculated at 12pm and performance of the index is calculated as at close of business. Note that any differences among portfolio securities currencies, share class currencies and costs to be paid or represented in currencies other than your home currency will expose you to currency risk. Costs and returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency and exchange rate fluctuations. The month-end duration of the fund (in years) is shown on page 2. Duration measures the sensitivity of a bond fund to interest rate changes; the larger the figure, the more sensitive is the bond fund to a movement in interest rates. Investment into the fund will acquire units/shares of the fund itself and not the underlying assets owned by the fund. Cash balances and exposures are based on settled and unsettled trades as at the reporting date.

The ICE BofA Global High Yield Constrained Index is a measure of the combined performance of sub investment grade corporate debt securities from developed and emerging stock markets around the world. It forms the basis of the Fund's performance target.

The Investment Association (IA) groups funds with similar geographic and/or investment remit into sectors. The fund's ranking within the sector (as calculated by a number of data providers) can be a useful performance comparison against other funds with similar aims.

Investment policy

The Fund invests at least 80% of its assets in high yield (non-investment grade, equivalent to BB+ rated or lower) corporate bonds, in any country. The Fund may also invest a combined maximum of 20% in other assets including bonds of other types from any issuer, cash and money market instruments. The Investment Manager may use derivatives (complex financial instruments), including total return swaps, with the aim of making investment gains in line with the Fund's objective, to reduce risk or to manage the Fund more efficiently. The Fund is actively managed with reference to the ICE BofA Global High Yield Constrained Index Hedged to GBP, as this forms the basis of the Fund's performance target. The Investment Manager has discretion to choose investments for the Fund with weightings different to the index or not in the index. As an additional means of assessing the performance of the Fund, the IA Sterling High Yield sector average, which is based on a peer group of broadly similar funds, may also provide a useful comparator.

Investment strategy

The Investment Manager seeks to provide a high overall yield and potential for capital growth by investing primarily in sub investment grade rated corporate bonds across global high yield markets. The investment process combines rigorous fundamentally driven security selection from the credit analysts, which is expected to be the largest driver of performance, with asset allocation views at the fund and regional levels.

Fund specific risks

When the Fund, or a share/unit class, seeks to mitigate exchange rate movements of a currency relative to the base currency (hedge), the hedging strategy itself may positively or negatively impact the value of the Fund due to differences in short-term interest rates between the currencies. The Fund could lose money if a counterparty with which the Fund trades becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations, or as a result of failure or delay in operational processes or the failure of a third party provider. CoCos can fall sharply in value if the financial strength of an issuer weakens and a predetermined trigger event causes the bonds to be converted into shares/units of the issuer or to be partly or wholly written off. An issuer of a bond (or money market instrument) may become unable or unwilling to pay interest or repay capital to the Fund. If this happens or the market perceives this may happen, the value of the bond will fall. When interest rates rise (or fall), the prices of different securities will be affected differently. In particular, bond values generally fall when interest rates rise (or are expected to rise). This risk is typically greater the longer the maturity of a bond investment. The Fund invests in high yield (non-investment grade) bonds and while these generally offer higher rates of interest than investment grade bonds, they are more speculative and more sensitive to adverse changes in market conditions. Some bonds (callable bonds) allow their issuers the right to repay capital early or to extend the maturity. Issuers may exercise these rights when favourable to them and as a result the value of the Fund may be impacted. Emerging markets expose the Fund to higher volatility and greater risk of loss than developed markets; they are susceptible to adverse political and economic events, and may be less well regulated with less robust custody and settlement procedures. The Fund may use derivatives to help achieve its investment objective. This can result in leverage (higher levels of debt), which can magnify an investment outcome. Gains or losses to the Fund may therefore be greater than the cost of the derivative. Derivatives also introduce other risks, in particular, that a derivative counterparty may not meet its contractual obligations. Securities within the Fund could become hard to value or to sell at a desired time and price, especially in extreme market conditions when asset prices may be falling, increasing the risk of investment losses. Some or all of the ongoing charges may be taken from capital, which may erode capital or reduce potential for capital growth. The Fund may incur a higher level of transaction costs as a result of investing in less actively traded or less developed markets compared to a fund that invests in more active/developed markets.

Source for fund ratings/awards

Overall Morningstar Rating™ is shown for Janus Henderson share classes achieving a rating of 4 or 5.

Glossary

Discount

When the market price of a security is thought to be less than its underlying value, it is said to be 'trading at a discount'. Within investment trusts, this is the amount by which the price per share of an investment trust is lower than the value of its underlying net asset value. The opposite of trading at a premium.

Distribution Yield

The Distribution Yield reflects the amounts that may be expected to be distributed over the next 12 months as a percentage of the mid-market share price of the fund at the date shown.

Duration

How far a fixed income security or portfolio is sensitive to a change in interest rates, measured in terms of the weighted average of all the security/portfolio's remaining cash flows (both coupons and principal). It is expressed as a number of years. The larger the figure, the more sensitive it is to a movement in interest rates. 'Going short duration' refers to reducing the average duration of a portfolio. Alternatively, 'going long duration' refers to extending a portfolio's average duration.

Future

A contract between two parties to buy or sell a tradable asset, such as shares, bonds, commodities or currencies, at a specified future date at a price agreed today. A future is a form of derivative.

High yield bond

A bond which has a lower credit rating below an investment grade bond. It is sometimes known as a sub-investment grade bond. These bonds usually carry a higher risk of the issuer defaulting on their payments, so they are typically issued with a higher coupon to compensate for the additional risk.

Option

A derivative instrument where one party pays/receives the total return of the underlying asset or market index, in exchange for payments typically linked to LIBOR.

Swaps

A derivative contract between two parties where pre-determined cash flows of two financial instruments are exchanged. Swaps can help to hedge risk and minimise uncertainty; for example currency swaps can be used to minimise foreign currency exposure.

Tracking error

This measures how far a portfolio's actual performance differs from its benchmark index. The lower the number, the more closely it resembles the index.

Underlying Yield

The Underlying Yield reflects the annualised income net of expenses of the fund (calculated in accordance with relevant accounting standards) as a percentage of the mid-market share price of the fund at the date shown.

Weighted Average Life (WAL)

The average time taken (in years) for the principal to be repaid for securitised assets, or the probable time to maturity for non-securitised assets. Securitised assets, also known as 'asset backed' securities, represent a pool of other interest bearing assets such as loans and mortgages. The value is based on the cash flows of the underlying assets.

Yield to worst

If a bond has special features, such as a call (ie, the issuer can call the bond back at a date specified in advance), the yield to worst is the lowest yield the bond can achieve provided the issuer does not default.

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