Legal & General Mixed Investment 20-60% Fund

Annual Manager's Report for the year ended 31 July 2023



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^{*} These collectively comprise the Authorised Fund Manager's Report.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Fund is to provide a combination of growth and income.

The Fund is actively managed and will have exposure to shares in companies, bonds (both corporate and government), money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, deposits and indirectly to property and alternative asset classes (such as commodities). The shares in companies and bonds may represent all economic sectors and geographical areas.

The Fund will have exposure of between 20% and 60% to shares in companies and at least 30% of the value of the Fund to bonds and money market instruments.

To obtain the exposure to shares in companies, bonds, money market instruments and cash, the Manager may invest directly and/or in collective investment schemes (both active and Index tracker) including those which are operated by the Manager or an Associate. At times, the Fund may be fully invested in collective investments schemes only or direct investments only.

The Fund may only use derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

Manager's Investment Report

During the year under review, the published price of the Fund's I-Class accumulation units increased by 0.76%. The Fund outperformed its Benchmark, as funds within the Investment Association Mixed Investment 20-60% Sector delivered an average return of -0.03% (Source: Lipper Hindsight).

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the year under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy continued to dominate the thoughts of market participants. Meanwhile, fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors.

In the US, the Federal Reserve (Fed) has continued with its monetary tightening. However, having raised interest rates from near zero to between 5.00% and 5.25% in just over a year, the Fed paused its hiking in June. However, it got back to its rate-hiking work in July, lifting rates by a further 0.25% to between 5.25% and 5.50%, their highest level in 22 years. Annualised US inflation has fallen steadily over the past 12 months but ticked marginally upwards towards the end of the reporting year; it sat at 3.20% in July.

The Bank of England (BoE) continued to raise rates during the 12 months, hitting a heady 5.25% very shortly after the end of the reporting year – its 14th consecutive hike and taking rates to their highest level since 2008. Meanwhile, inflation has remained stubbornly high but towards the end of the year there were signs of easing price pressures; UK annualised inflation fell by more than expected to 7.90% in June, down from 8.70% in May.

In September, the first and last mini budget of UK Chancellor Kwasi Kwarteng's tenure prompted Gilt yields to rise and Sterling to fall to its lowest level versus the US Dollar in almost 40 years. Kwarteng's tenure proved to be short-lived, while Prime Minister Liz Truss resigned after just 49 days in office. Rishi Sunak was chosen by Conservative MPs to replace her, making him the UK's third premier in just two months. The prospect of more fiscally responsible governance saw Gilt yields retreat significantly from their

Manager's Investment Report continued

September highs. However, with inflation still stubbornly high and seemingly no end in sight for the BoE's rate-hiking cycle, yields rose to hit those same heady heights late on in the year.

In Europe, the European Central Bank (ECB) continued to raise rates over the year; having made 50 basis-point hikes in December, February and March, it then raised rates by 25 basis points in May, June and July to take rates to 4.25%, matching the ECB's 2001 all-time high. However, slowing inflation in Germany and France, coupled with the region at large, has fed hopes that rate rises will soon be at an end. These hopes were encouraged by comments from ECB President Christine Lagarde, who said that the bank has "an open mind as to what the decisions will be in September and subsequent meetings".

The days of widespread central-bank asset purchasing look numbered, with the Bank of Japan seemingly the last bastion of such a policy, and even it intervened midway through the year to allow the 10-year government bond greater yield move freedom. It then tweaked its yield curve control once again in July. The policy, in place since 2016, limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%; its easing to a 1.00% band is expected to herald the very gradual unwinding of a long year of ultra-loose monetary policy. Japanese inflation rose to 3.30% in June, the first time it has outpaced US inflation since late 2015.

Elsewhere, Silicon Valley Bank was a notable US casualty of the banking woes that reared their heads in late February, although contagion risk seemed to be well contained. Meanwhile, Swiss regulators helped usher through a speedy takeover of the beleaguered Credit Suisse, with its rival UBS stepping in to rescue the challenged business in a cut-price all-share deal.

Meanwhile, the effects of Russia's invasion of Ukraine in February 2022 continued to be seen well into the year, with lingering fears of a global geopolitical crisis while the ramifications for the energy sector, and energy consumers, continued to be felt keenly.

Fund Review

The Fund delivered a positive return over the year, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from equites, specifically North American, European and Japanese equities. This was slightly offset by negative performance from FX exposure, UK and global credit.

In the third quarter of 2022, we increased our allocation to long-dated UK inflation linked Gilts. We saw an extremely large rise in UK nominal and real yields following the mini budget announcement from Kwasi Kwarteng. This was eventually followed by an announcement of a new asset purchasing programme from the BoE. We expected this step given the severe illiquidity exhibited in the UK sovereign bond market at the time and saw this to be an attractive level to buy UK inflation linked Gilts given the support from BoE and the impetus for the new UK government to factor in market reaction into future fiscal policy decisions.

In the fourth quarter of 2022, we reduced exposure to the UK Pound in favour of the US Dollar. We had increased exposure to Sterling following the mini-budget induced sell-off of the currency, and saw the currency appreciate to levels where we were comfortable reducing exposure, while the US Dollar has weakened over the same year.

In February 2023, we reduced our exposure to global investment grade credit and then later increased our duration exposure. Both changes were made largely based on the valuations for these asset classes. However, following the emergence of the banking-related issues, we saw bond yields fall sharply, and credit spreads widen to more

Manager's Investment Report continued

attractive levels, so we reversed the changes from earlier in the quarter. We will look for more attractive levels to increase our duration exposure again, given we believe duration will help insulate portfolios in the event of a developed market recession, which we are forecasting.

In the second quarter of 2023, we added to overall portfolio duration via long maturity US government bonds, which we considered attractively priced relative to shorter maturity treasuries. During the year, we bought UK Gilts versus German Bunds and US Treasuries as Gilt yields rose considerably more than other markets. This reflects our outlook for UK inflation, which we expect to move towards that of other developed economies over the medium term.

Outlook

Our outlook remains largely unchanged; we maintain a negative view on risk assets including both equities and credits. While inflation is now declining in many regions, absolute levels remain elevated relative to central bank targets. Policymakers have repeatedly found it necessary to hike rates further than expected by markets in order to combat persistent inflationary pressures. Although the effects of monetary policy operate with "long and variable lags" we believe that the globally synchronised tightening of credit conditions will lead to recession, which we view as an almost necessary condition to bring inflation at the global level back under control. The broad rally in risk assets over recent quarters has taken asset prices to levels which we do not believe reflect our baseline forecast for an economic downturn.

We believe central banks will succeed in bringing inflation under control, even at the cost of recession. This underpins our positive outlook for government bonds as the slowdown in both growth and inflation will allow central banks to cut rates. Within this view we have upgraded our outlook for UK nominal Gilts which offer a substantial yield spread over Euro area sovereigns and we see the market's UK inflation expectations as materially above our own forecast.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 22 August 2023

Important Note from the Manager

On 5 May 2023, the WHO Director-General concurred with the advice offered by the International Health Regulations (2005) ("IHR") Emergency Committee regarding the Coronavirus 2019 disease (COVID-19) pandemic and determined that COVID-19 is now an established and ongoing health issue which no longer constitutes a public health emergency of international concern ("PHEIC").

The Manager continues to monitor the COVID-19 pandemic on an on-going basis.

In response to events in Eastern Europe, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited August 2023

Authorised Status

Authorised Status

This Fund is an Authorised Unit Trust Scheme as defined in section 243 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and is a UCITS Retail Scheme within the meaning of the FCA Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook.

Directors' Statement

We hereby certify that this Manager's Report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the FCA Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook.

A. J. C. Craven

(Director)

L. W. Toms (Director)

Las Toms

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited 10 November 2023

Statement of Responsibilities

Statement of the Manager's Responsibilities

The Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook published by the FCA, ("the COLL Rules") require the Manager to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund and of the net income and net gains or losses on the property of the Fund for the period.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for:

- selecting suitable accounting policies and then applying them consistently;
- making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- following UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland;
- complying with the disclosure requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 and amended in June 2017;
- keeping proper accounting records which enable it to demonstrate that the financial statements as prepared comply with the above requirements;
- assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern;
- using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so;
- such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and irregularities.

The Manager is responsible for the management of the Fund in accordance with its Trust Deed, the Prospectus and the COLL Rules.

The Manager is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Fund's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Statement of Responsibilities continued

Statement of the Trustee's Responsibilities

The Depositary in its capacity as Trustee of Legal & General Mixed Investment 20-60% Fund must ensure that the Fund is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook ("COLL"), the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, (together "the Regulations"), the Trust Deed and Prospectus (together "the Scheme documents") as detailed below.

The Depositary must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Fund and its investors.

The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Fund in accordance with the Regulations.

The Depositary must ensure that:

- the Fund's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Fund is booked in cash accounts in accordance with the Regulations;
- the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Regulations;
- the value of units of the Fund are calculated in accordance with the Regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Fund's assets is remitted to the Fund within the usual time limits;
- the Fund's income is applied in accordance with the Regulations; and
- the instructions of the Authorised Fund Manager ("the AFM"), which is the UCITS Management Company, are carried out (unless they conflict with the Regulations).

Report of the Trustee

Report of the Trustee to the Unitholders of the Legal & General Mixed Investment 20-60% Fund ("the Fund") for the year ended 31 July 2023

The Depositary also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Fund is managed in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of the Fund in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Fund.

Having carried out such procedures as we considered necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Depositary of the Fund, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that, in all material respects the Fund, acting through the AFM:

- (i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Fund's units and the application of the Fund's income in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of the Fund; and
- (ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Fund in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of the Fund.

Northern Trust Investor Services Limited UK Trustee and Depositary Services 10 November 2023

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 31 July 2023

All investments are in investment grade securities or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 31 July 2022.

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£	Assets
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 0.71% (5.70%)		
AUD6,920,000	New South Wales Treasury 4.75% 20/02/2035	3,557,470	0.36
AUD6,913,000	Queensland Treasury 4.5% 22/08/2035	3,487,515	0.35
	22,00,2033	7,044,985	0.71
	FUNDS INVESTED IN SHARES		
55,681,809	— 52.79% (49.76%) Legal & General (N) Tracker Trust "I Inc ¹	107,298,846	10.74
499,488		6,436,308	0.64
315,000	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	2,772,315	0.28
20,105,760	Legal & General European Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	72,601,899	7.27
59,937,219	Legal & General Global Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Inc¹	35,842,457	3.59
61,255,974	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	41,819,454	4.18
54,177,825	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	31,119,743	3.11
68,147,312	Legal & General Japan Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	40,854,314	4.09
25,690,888	Legal & General Pacific Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	31,882,392	3.19
95,800,287	Legal & General UK Mid Cap Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	48,398,305	4.84
15,174,058	Legal & General US Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	108,494,515	10.86
		527,520,548	52.79
	FUNDS INVESTED IN INTEREST BEARING SECURITIES — 37.22% (34.50%)		
128,716,216	Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund 'I' Inc ¹	47,702,230	4.77
87,525,426	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	39,377,689	3.94
102,636,926	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	40,828,969	4.09
699,708	Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	4,773,210	0.48
48,082,929	Legal & General Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc¹	22,526,852	2.25

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	FUNDS INVESTED IN INTEREST BEARING SECURITIES — (cont.)		
183,618,866	Legal & General Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	86,576,295	8.66
102,152,255	LGIM Global Corporate Bond Fund 'B' Acc ¹	130,244,126	13.03
		372,029,371	37.22
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — 0.43% (0.23%)		
USD(972,211) BRL4,735,778	Sold US Dollars for Brazilian Real (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	20,292	_
USD(972,747) BRL4,735,778	Sold US Dollars for Brazilian Real (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	19,875	_
USD(970,043) BRL4,735,778	Sold US Dollars for Brazilian Real (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	21,979	_
USD(970,938) BRL4,735,778	Sold US Dollars for Brazilian Real (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	21,282	_
USD(1,162,772) BRL5,656,887	Sold US Dollars for Brazilian Real (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	23,098	_
USD(5,143,312) BRL24,600,000	Sold US Dollars for Brazilian Real (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	(19,077)	_
GBP(5,569,293) EUR6,400,000	Sold Sterling for Euro (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(73,587)	(0.01)
CHF(13,373,746) EUR13,803,077	Sold Swiss Franc for Euro (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(124,360)	(0.01)
CHF(13,373,746) EUR13,981,552	Sold Swiss Franc for Euro (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	(26,366)	_
EUR(17,909,963) GBP15,607,924	Sold Euro for Sterling (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	228,565	0.02
USD (4,285,036) GBP3,448,727	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	115,625	0.01
USD(6,300,000) GBP4,971,471	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	71,036	0.01
USD (58,700,000) GBP46,856,013	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	1,196,400	0.12
USD (58,600,000) GBP46,771,655	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	1,189,826	0.12
USD (4,244,247) GBP3,300,000	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(1,374)	_
USD (3,914,964) GBP3,150,640	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	105,397	0.01
USD(7,600,000) GBP6,092,773	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	181,137	0.02
USD(58,300,000) GBP46,507,153	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	1,158,679	0.12
EUR(16,390,037) GBP14,284,476	Sold Euro for Sterling (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	210,284	0.02
USD(48,293,242) GBP37,517,249	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	(39,231)	_
EUR(8,114,613) GBP6,984,020	Sold Euro for Sterling (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	(9,269)	_

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
14.00	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — (cont.)	_	7,000.0
USD(48,147,194) GBP37,459,101	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	16,199	_
EUR(15,885,387) GBP13,663,712	Sold Euro for Sterling (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	(26,541)	-
USD(31,254,295) GBP24,345,483	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	(87,016)	(0.01)
USD(42,305,269) GBP32,914,640	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	14,861	-
EUR(4,361,510) HUF1,651,800,000	Sold Euro for Hungarian Forint (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(87,201)	(0.01)
EUR(4,194,336) HUF1,651,800,000	Sold Euro for Hungarian Forint (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	(18,554)	_
USD(5,995,473) INR494,009,000	Sold US Dollars for Indian Rupee (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	8,406	_
USD(6,013,917) INR494,009,000	Sold US Dollars for Indian Rupee (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	(18,610)	_
EUR(2,926,413) NOK34,860,000	Sold Euro for Norwegian Dollar (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	169,016	0.02
EUR(2,926,532) NOK34,860,000	Sold Euro	168,913	0.02
EUR(6,230,859) NOK69,720,000	Sold Euro for Norwegian Dollar (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	4,659	_
USD(12,907,541) NZD20,805,292	Sold US Dollars for New Zealand Dollar (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	13,805	_
EUR(12,063,400) SEK136,000,000	Sold Euro for Swedish Krona (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(271,337)	(0.03)
EUR(11,747,026) SEK136,000,000	Sold Euro for Swedish Krona (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	(1,245)	_
AUD(14,006,475) USD9,394,303	Sold Australian Dollar for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(11,316)	_
JPY(653,199,000) USD4,854,162	Sold Japanese Yen for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	205,875	0.02
MXN(17,760,930) USD1,033,615	Sold Mexican Peso for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(22,502)	_
ZAR(140,400,000) USD7,235,978	Sold South African Rand for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(520,710)	(0.05)
MXN(17,654,395) USD1,027,016	Sold Mexican Peso for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(22,676)	-
ZAR(17,996,729) USD929,098	Sold South African Rand for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(65,519)	(0.01)
MXN(17,502,202) USD1,018,144	Sold Mexican Peso for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(22,495)	-
ZAR(18,018,317) USD929,164	Sold South African Rand for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(66,414)	(0.01)
ZAR(17,996,729) USD927,357	Sold South African Rand for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(66,874)	(0.01)

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
value	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — (cont.)	•	A33613
ZAR(21,588,225) USD1,112,168	Sold South African Rand for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(80,418)	(0.01)
MXN(16,741,237) USD971,965	Sold Mexican Peso for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(23,005)	_
TWD(191,000,000) USD6,259,217	Sold Taiwan Dollar for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	141,212	0.01
NZD(21,406,000) USD13,301,335	Sold New Zealand Dollar for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	2,223	_
GBP(10,112,500) USD12,900,000	Sold Sterling for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(78,275)	(0.01)
MXN(16,741,237) USD973,281	Sold Mexican Peso for US Dollars (Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	(21,981)	_
MXN(86,400,000) USD5,102,346	Sold Mexican Peso for US Dollars (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	14,780	_
JPY(653,199,000) USD4,651,390	Sold Japanese Yen for US Dollars (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	4,000	_
AUD(13,851,000) USD9,318,288	Sold Australian Dollar for US Dollars (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	(8,508)	_
TWD(191,000,000) USD6,155,532	Sold Taiwan Dollar for US Dollars (Expires 18/10/2023) ¹	32,772	_
USD(11,045,065) ZAR214,200,000	Sold US Dollars for South African Rand		
	(Expires 02/08/2023) ¹	790,094	0.08
	FUTURES CONTRACTS	4,335,829	0.43
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — -0.23% (0.29%)		
(125)	Euro Bond Future Expiry September 2023	(8,015)	_
751	Long Gilt Future Expiry September 2023	903,404	0.09
162	SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry September 2023	(65,573)	(0.01)
691	Ultra 10 Year US Treasury Note Future Expiry September 2023	(803,570)	(0.08)
84	E-Mini Russell 2000 Index Future Expiry September 2023	414,476	0.04
(194)	E-Mini S&P 500 Index Future Expiry September 2023	(1,764,663)	(0.18)
64	E-Mini Utilities Select Sector Future Expiry September 2023	93,509	0.01
(499)	Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry September 2023	(634,619)	(0.06)
58	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry September 2023	8,892	_
44	Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry September 2023	(13,130)	_
42	Euro STOXX 600 Personal & Household Goods Index Future Expiry September 2023	53,738	_
214	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry September 2023	(11,393)	_
121	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry September 2023	(10,085)	_
458	Euro STOXX Small 200 Index Future Expiry September 2023	181,301	0.02

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — (cont.)		
(142)	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry September 2023	(129,059)	(0.01)
(307)	FTSE 250 Index Future Expiry September 2023	11,728	_
(245)	MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry September 2023	(343,617)	(0.03)
(36)	TOPIX Future Expiry September 2023	(230,277)	(0.02)
		(2,346,953)	(0.23)
Portfolio of investme	ents ²	908,583,780	90.92
Net other assets ³		90,775,672	9.08
Total net assets		£999,359,452	100.00%

¹ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the year: £75,955,177.

Total sales for the year: £160,774,262.

² Including investment liabilities.

³ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £46,743,649 which is shown as a cash equivalent in the balance sheet of the Fund.

Independent Auditor's Report

Independent auditor's report to the Unitholders of Legal & General Mixed Investment 20-60% Fund ('the Fund')

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 31 July 2023 which comprise the Statement of Total Return, the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders, the Balance Sheet, the Related Notes and Distribution Tables for the Fund and the accounting policies set out on pages 20 to 21.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 July 2023 and of the net revenue and the net capital losses on the property of the Fund for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Trust Deed, the Statement of Recommended Practice relating to UK Authorised Funds, and the COLL Rules.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Fund in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard.

We have received all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit and we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The Manager has prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease their operations, and as they have concluded that the Fund's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over their ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the Manager's conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Fund's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Fund's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the Manager's assessment that there is
 not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or
 collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going
 concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Fund will continue in operation.

Independent Auditor's Report continued

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors as to the Fund's high-level policies and procedures to
 prevent and detect fraud, as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual,
 suspected or alleged fraud;
- Assessing the segregation of duties in place between the Manager, the Trustee, the Administrator and the Investment Adviser;
- · Reading board minutes.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because the revenue is principally nonjudgemental and based on publicly available information, with limited opportunity for manipulation. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We evaluated the design and implementation of the controls over journal entries and other adjustments and made inquiries of the Administrator about inappropriate or unusual activity relating to the processing of journal entries and other adjustments. We identified and selected a sample of journal entries made at the end of the reporting period and tested those substantively including all material post-closing entries. Based on the results of our risk assessment procedures and understanding of the process, including the segregation of duties between the Directors and the Administrator, no further high-risk journal entries or other adjustments were identified.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the Manager and the Administrator (as required by auditing standards) and discussed with the Directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Fund is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related authorised fund legislation maintained by the Financial Conduct Authority) and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Independent Auditor's Report continued

Secondly, the Fund is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: money laundering, data protection and bribery and corruption legislation recognising the Fund's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the Directors and the Administrator and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Other information

The Manager (Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited) is responsible for the other information presented in the Annual Manager's Report together with the financial statements. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- · we have not identified material misstatements in the other information; and
- in our opinion the information given in Manager's Report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where under the COLL Rules we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · proper accounting records for the Fund have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records.

Independent Auditor's Report continued

Manager's responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 6, the Manager is responsible for: the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Fund's unitholders, as a body, in accordance with Rule 4.5.12 of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook ('the COLL Rules') issued by the Financial Conduct Authority under section 247 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Fund's unitholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund and the Fund's unitholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Grant Archer for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants 319 St Vincent Street, Glasgow G2 5AS 10 November 2023

Financial Statements

Statement of Total Return for the year ended 31 July 2023

	Notes	£	31/07/23 £	£	31/07/22 £
Income					
Net capital losses	3		(19,663,942)		(97,335,669)
Revenue	4	33,100,954		31,000,934	
Expenses	5	(2,823,611)		(3,289,289)	
Interest payable and similar charges	7	(7,536)		(47,418)	
Net revenue before taxation		30,269,807	_	27,664,227	
Taxation	6	(3,409,527)		(3,008,725)	
Net revenue after taxation for the y	ear		26,860,280	_	24,655,502
Total return before distributions		_	7,196,338	-	(72,680,167)
Distributions	7		(26,893,215)		(24,692,762)
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities		_	£(19,696,877)	-	£(97,372,929)

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the year ended 31 July 2023

	£	31/07/23 £	£	31/07/22 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders		1,116,300,447		1,260,421,939
Amounts received on issue of units	5,954,590		21,796,100	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(129,137,689)	_	(92,773,935)	
		(123,183,099)		(70,977,835)
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities		(19,696,877)		(97,372,929)
Retained distributions on accumulation units		25,938,981		24,229,272
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	-	£999,359,452	: :	£1,116,300,447

Financial Statements continued

Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2023

	Notes	31/07/23 £	31/07/22 £
ASSETS			
Fixed assets:			
Investments		914,412,242	1,011,332,282
Current assets:			
Debtors	8	2,434,558	6,680,174
Cash and bank balances	9	47,094,063	54,439,899
Cash equivalents	9	46,743,649	47,312,307
Total assets		1,010,684,512	1,119,764,662
LIABILITIES			
Investment liabilities		(5,828,462)	(1,303,413)
Creditors:			
Bank overdrafts	9	(1,496,917)	(620,540)
Distributions payable		(18,315)	(19,579)
Other creditors	10	(3,981,366)	(1,520,683)
Total liabilities		(11,325,060)	(3,464,215)
Net assets attributable to Unitholders		£999,359,452	£1,116,300,447

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Fund size, cash flows through the Fund and Fund liquidity in its assessment of the Fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

The principal accounting policies which have been applied consistently are set out below.

(b) Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Fund is Sterling.

(c) Recognition of Revenue

Bond revenue is accounted for on an effective yield basis, calculated with reference to the purchase price. If the Manager believes that future commitments will not be met due to the bond issuer showing signs of financial distress, revenue accruals will be discounted. Any resultant revenue from these issues will then be treated on a receipts basis.

Revenue from distribution and accumulation units in Collective Investment Schemes is recognised when the distribution is quoted ex-dividend.

Equalisation on distributions received from Collective Investment Schemes is treated as capital property of the Fund.

Rebates received from underlying Collective Investment Schemes are treated as revenue or capital depending on the treatment of the Manager's fees in the underlying Fund.

Revenue from offshore funds is recognised when it is reported.

Revenue from derivative instruments is treated in accordance with note 2(i).

All other revenue is recognised on an accruals basis.

(d) Treatment of Expenses

All expenses (other than those relating to the purchase and sale of investments) are charged against revenue on an accruals basis.

Where the Fund is substantially invested in permitted collective investment schemes (including exchange traded funds) the maximum amount of management fees chargeable to those schemes will not exceed 2.50% points per annum.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies continued

(e) Distribution Policy

The policy is to distribute all available revenue, after deduction of those expenses which are chargeable in calculating the distribution. In order to conduct a controlled dividend flow, interim distributions will be at the Manager's discretion, up to a maximum of the distributable revenue for the period. All remaining revenue is distributed in accordance with the COLL.

Fund Management Fees are deducted from revenue for the purpose of calculating the distribution.

Distributions which have remained unclaimed by Unitholders for over six years are credited to the capital property of the Fund.

(f) Basis of Valuation of Investments

All investments are valued at their fair value as at 3pm on 31 July 2023, being the last working day of the accounting year. The fair value for non-derivative securities is bid market price, excluding any accrued interest. The fair value for units in Collective Investment Schemes is the cancellation price or bid price for dual priced funds and single price for single priced funds. The fair value for derivative instruments is the cost of closing out the contract on the last working day of the accounting year.

Where values cannot be readily determined, the securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

(g) Taxation

Provision is made for taxation at current rates on the excess of investment revenue over expenses.

Deferred tax is provided for on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, other than those differences that are regarded as permanent. Any liability to deferred tax is provided for at the average rate of tax expected to apply.

(h) Foreign Exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling on the date of the transaction. Where applicable, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at 3pm on 31 July 2023, being the last working day of the accounting year.

(i) Derivative Instruments

The Fund may make use of financial derivative instruments for Efficient Portfolio Management (EPM) purposes. EPM aims to reduce risk, reduce costs, or generate additional capital or income for the Fund with an acceptably low level of risk. These aims allow for tactical asset allocation, which is a temporary switch in investment exposure through the use of derivatives rather than trading the underlying securities.

Derivative instruments held within the Fund have been accounted for and taxed in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for Authorised Funds (IA SORP 2014). Returns on derivative transactions have been treated as either revenue or capital depending on the motives and circumstances on acquisition.

3. Net capital losses

	31/07/23	31/07/22
	£	£
The net capital losses during the year comprise:		
Non-derivative securities	(17,713,945)	(67,605,123)
Derivative securities	(10,738,879)	(6,767,697)
Forward currency contracts gains/(losses)	7,478,279	(25,492,319)
Currency gains	1,145,930	2,343,172
Management fee rebates	164,673	186,298
Net capital losses	(19,663,942)	(97,335,669)
	1	

4. Revenue

	31/07/23	31/07/22
	£	£
Bond interest	1,232,953	938,410
UK Franked distributions	13,355,645	12,780,638
Interest distributions	16,024,663	14,713,785
Management fee rebates	698,213	823,976
Taxable overseas distributions	903,664	480,325
Non-taxable overseas distributions	31,201	26,268
Futures revenue	148,633	1,225,247
Bank interest	705,982	12,285
	33,100,954	31,000,934

5. Expenses

	31/07/23 £	31/07/22 £
Payable to the Manager, associates of the Manager and agents of either of them:		
Fund Management Fees	2,823,611	3,289,289
Total expenses	2,823,611	3,289,289

Audit fees of £13,609 plus VAT of £2,722 have been borne by the Manager out of its Fund Management Fee. In the prior year, the total audit fee was £12,028 plus VAT of £2,406.

6. Taxation

(a) Analysis of taxation charge in year

	31/07/23	31/07/22
	£	£
Corporation tax	3,409,527	3,008,725
Current tax [note 6(b)]	3,409,527	3,008,725
Deferred tax [note 6(c)]	<u> </u>	
Total taxation	3,409,527	3,008,725

(b) Factors affecting taxation charge for the year

The current tax charge excludes capital gains and losses for the reason that Authorised Unit Trusts are not subject to Corporation Tax on these items. Current tax differs from taxation assessed on net revenue before taxation as follows:

Net revenue before taxation	30,269,807	27,664,227
Net revenue before taxation multiplied by the applicable rate of Corporation tax of 20% (2022: 20%)	6,053,961	5,532,845
Effects of:		
Capitalised revenue subject to taxation	32,935	37,260
Revenue not subject to taxation	(2,677,369)	(2,561,380)
Current tax	3,409,527	3,008,725

(c) Provision for deferred tax

There is no deferred tax provision in the current or preceding year.

7. Distributions

The distributions take account of revenue received on the creation of units and revenue deducted on the cancellation of units and comprise:

	31/07/23	31/07/22
	£	£
Interim distribution	15,152,340	14,225,023
Final distribution	10,835,967	10,051,580
	25,988,307	24,276,603
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of units	933,304	506,062
Less: Revenue received on creation of units	(28,396)	(89,903)
Distributions for the year	26,893,215	24,692,762
Interest payable and similar charges		
Bank overdraft interest	7,536	47,418
	26,900,751	24,740,180

The differences between the net revenue after taxation and the distributions for the year are as follows:

	31/07/23	31/07/22
	£	£
Net revenue after taxation	26,860,280	24,655,502
Tax on capital management fee rebates	32,935	37,260
Distributions for the year	26,893,215	24,692,762

8. Debtors

	31/07/23	31/07/22
	£	£
Accrued revenue	1,968,105	2,370,564
Amounts receivable for creation of units	110,000	1,000
CIS tax recoverable	239,969	238,261
Management fee rebates	64,878	70,349
Receivable for foreign exchange contracts	51,606	_
Sales awaiting settlement	<u> </u>	4,000,000
	2,434,558	6,680,174
	1	

9. Net uninvested cash

31/07/23	31/07/22
£	£
12,367,452	3,037,847
34,726,611	51,402,052
(1,496,917)	(620,540)
46,743,649	47,312,307
92,340,795	101,131,666
	12,367,452 34,726,611 (1,496,917) 46,743,649

10. Other creditors

	31/07/23	31/07/22
	£	£
Accrued expenses	227,839	251,958
Amounts payable for cancellation of units	3,577,000	1,244,000
Corporation tax payable	176,527	24,725
	3,981,366	1,520,683
	I	

11. Contingent liabilities and outstanding commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (31 July 2022: same).

12. Financial Instruments and Associated Risks

The investments of a Fund in financial securities and derivatives are subject to normal market fluctuations and other risks inherent in investing in such instruments. Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited (UTM) is the Authorised Fund Manager and has responsibility for ensuring appropriate risk management processes are implemented for each Unit Trust.

The UTM Board has delegated the risk oversight function to the Fund Manager Oversight Committee (FMOC), a committee of the Legal & General Investment Management (Holdings) Limited (LGIMH) Board that meets monthly. The primary objective of the FMOC is to ensure proper oversight of the investment management activities and associated services performed by LGIM, its delegates and other Fund Managers, under the Investment Management Agreement (IMA), on behalf of UTM in its capacity as Authorised Fund Manager. The committee consists of senior members of LGIMH and members of the UTM Board. Other senior staff members are also in attendance, as required by the agenda.

Each Fund has Investment Guidelines, an Investment Objective and Investment Restrictions, against which the fund manager will operate. These are set out in Schedule 1 of the IMA between LGIM and UTM. The Schedule is maintained by each fund manager, reviewed by the LGIM Operational Risk and Compliance Teams and approved senior members of LGIMH on behalf of the UTM board. The Schedule provides the detail needed to determine the risk profile for each fund. Fund managers are not permitted to invest into any new instruments without first gaining approval from UTM.

The Investment Objective and Policy of this Fund is detailed on page 2.

(a) Market Risk arising from other price risk

Market Risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices. It represents the potential loss the Fund may suffer through holding market positions in the face of market movements.

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting similar instruments traded in the market.

The assets held by the Fund can be seen in the Portfolio Statement starting on page 9. Movements in the prices of these investments result in movements in the performance of the Fund. The Manager adheres to the investment guidelines established in the Trust Deed, the Prospectus, the COLL and the Fund's IOG, and in this way, monitors and controls the exposure to risk from any type of security, sector or issuer.

As at the balance sheet date, if the price of the investments held by the Fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to unitholders would increase or decrease by approximately £45,429,189 (31 July 2022: £50,501,443).

12. Financial Instruments and Associated Risks continued

(b) Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk of movements in the value of financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in interest rates.

The Fund is exposed to interest rate risk through its holdings in debt securities and underlying collective investment schemes that pay interest distributions. The market value of debt securities and any floating rate payments from debt securities held (and interest rate swaps) may fluctuate as a result of changes in interest rates. This risk is managed by the active monitoring and adjustment of the investments held directly by this Fund and within each underlying Fund that invests in debt securities, in line with the stated investment objective and policy of the Fund.

As at the balance sheet date, if interest rates on the Fund increased or decreased by 1 basis point, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to unitholders would increase or decrease by approximately £360,949 (31 July 2022: £251,788). This represents the Manager's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in interest rates, having regard to historical volatility of those rates.

12. Financial Instruments and Associated Risks continued

(c) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign Currency Risk is the risk of movements in the value of financial instruments as a result of fluctuations in exchange rates. This risk may be managed by the use of forward currency contracts or currency futures as necessary.

As this Fund invests in other collective investment schemes that hold investment instruments in overseas financial securities, there is currency risk in respect of the financial instruments held by those schemes.

Forward currency contracts were utilised during the current and the preceding year.

As at the balance sheet date, if the value of Sterling increased or decreased by 1% against all currencies, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to unitholders would increase or decrease by approximately £1,256,498 (31 July 2022: £1,262,433).

The direct foreign currency profile of the Fund's net assets at the balance sheet date was:

31/07/23 Currency	Monetary exposures £'000	eign currency assets Non-monetary exposures £'000	Total £'000
Australian Dollar	(6,817)	6,979	162
Brazilian Real	3,981	_	3,981
Canadian Dollar	40	_	40
Euro	(24,964)	(433)	(25,397)
Hungarian Forint	3,596	_	3,596
Indian Rupee	4,658	_	4,658
Japanese Yen	(3,261)	(230)	(3,491)
Mexican Nuevo Peso	(3,973)	_	(3,973)
Norwegian Krone	5,375	_	5,375
South Korean Won	331	_	331
Swedish Krona	10,123	_	10,123
Swiss Franc	(12,050)	_	(12,050)
Taiwan Dollar	(4,755)	_	(4,755)
US Dollar	(113,056)	8,806	(104,250)

12. Financial Instruments and Associated Risks continued

(c) Foreign Currency Risk continued

	Net foreign currency assets		
31/07/22 Currency	Monetary exposures £'000	Non-monetary exposures £'000	Total £'000
Australian Dollar	523	710	1,233
Canadian Dollar	42	_	42
Euro	(50,831)	32,793	(18,038)
Hungarian Forint	8,455	_	8,455
Indian Rupee	5,895	_	5,895
Japanese Yen	1,651	_	1,651
Mexican Nuevo Peso	1	_	1
New Zealand Dollar	(11,292)	11,336	44
Norwegian Krone	65	_	65
Polish Zloty	(2,680)	_	(2,680)
South African Rand	461	10,073	10,534
South Korean Won	345	_	345
Swedish Krona	(6,075)	_	(6,075)
Swiss Franc	(1,713)	_	(1,713)
US Dollar	(142,894)	16,892	(126,002)

(d) Credit Risk

Credit Risk is the risk of suffering financial loss as a result of a counterparty to a financial transaction being unable to fulfil their financial obligations as they fall due.

Bonds or other debt securities involve credit risk to the issuer which may be evidenced by the issuer's credit rating. Securities which are subordinated and/or have a lower credit rating are generally considered to have a higher credit risk and a greater possibility of default than more highly rated securities.

The Fund's investments in bonds expose it to the default risk of the bond issuer with regards interest payments and principal repayments. Bond holdings with low credit ratings (sub-investment grade) are disclosed in Portfolio Statement on pages 9 to 13.

As this Fund invests in Collective Investment Schemes, there is credit risk in respect of the assets held by these Schemes.

This risk is managed by appraising the credit profile of financial instruments and issuers in line with the Fund's investment objective and policy.

(e) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk relates to the capacity to meet liabilities as they fall due. The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the liability to Unitholders for any cancellation of units.

The Fund can also be exposed to liquidity risk through its commitments under derivative contracts, whereby additional margin payments or collateral payments may need to be posted with the counterparty or clearing house.

This risk is minimised by holding a large proportion of readily realisable assets, cash balances and via access to overdraft facilities.

12. Financial Instruments and Associated Risks continued

(f) Derivative Risk - Sensitivity Analysis

Derivative Risk arises from uncertainty about future market movements. This risk is managed by the policies shown within Market risk.

At the balance sheet date the Fund made use of the following derivatives:

Futures (excluding Currency Futures)

Futures are used to adjust the duration and interest rate risk of the Fund, and to adjust the equities exposure of the Fund, in a cost effective manner. The effect of these instruments was to increase the exposure of the Fund by £65,294,459 (31 July 2022: increase the exposure by £71,139,092), representing 6.53% of the net asset value (31 July 2022: 6.37%).

This results in an effective equity exposure at the year end of 97.45% (31 July 2022: 96.85%) of net assets, which means that the gains or losses of the Fund will be 0.9745 (31 July 2022: 0.9685) times the gains or losses if the Fund was fully invested in equities.

12. Financial Instruments and Associated Risks continued

(g) Fair Value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount for which it could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. There is no material difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the financial statements, and their fair value.

The Statement of Recommended Practice for Financial Statements of UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 and amended in June 2017 requires the classification of the Fund's financial instruments held at the year end into a 3 tiered fair value hierarchy. The 3 tiers of the hierarchy and the classification of the Fund's financial instruments as at the balance sheet date were:

31/07/23 Basis of Valuation	Assets £	Liabilities £
Level 1 - Quoted Prices Level 2 - Observable Market Data Level 3 - Unobservable Data	15,648,881 898,763,361 —	(4,014,001) (1,814,461)
Total	914,412,242	(5,828,462)

31/07/22	Assets	Liabilities
Basis of Valuation	£	£
Level 1 - Quoted Prices	40,041,753	(618,498)
Level 2 - Observable Market Data	971,290,529	(684,915)
Level 3 - Unobservable Data	—	—
Total	1,011,332,282	(1,303,413)

Level 1

The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Valuation techniques using observable inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1.

Level 3

Valuation techniques using unobservable inputs.

12. Financial Instruments and Associated Risks continued

(h) Financial Derivative Instruments and Collateral

During the year, the Fund made use of 'Over the Counter' (OTC) Derivative Instruments. These types of transactions introduce Counterparty Risk, where a counterparty may fail to meet its financial commitments.

In order to reduce this risk, collateral may be held by the Fund. The counterparties to these transactions and any collateral held by the Fund at the balance sheet date is shown below:

Global exposure and collateral

Counterparty	Derivative Groups: Forward Currency Contracts	Gain/(Loss) Position
Barclays	50,717,739	400,712
BNP Paribas	4,900,436	71,036
Citigroup	168,665,875	1,168,584
Goldman Sachs	71,580,448	(191,925)
HSBC	27,181,493	912,697
JPMorgan	111,499,198	2,039,085
Lloyds Bank	17,002,280	(87,544)
Merrill Lynch	7,345,715	205,875
Morgan Stanley	32,365,380	(342,381)
NatWest	35,473,353	242,370
Royal Bank of Canada	5,495,709	(73,587)
Standard Bank	35,316,559	(9,093)
Total	567,544,185	4,335,829

To reduce the Fund's exposure to Counterparty Default Risk, the Fund holds or delivers cash or investment grade government bonds as collateral.

The Fund also holds exchange traded derivatives which have minimal Counterparty Risk exposure.

No collateral was held or delivered at the balance sheet date.

13. Portfolio transaction costs

31/07/23	Value	Commis	sions	Ta	xes	Total
Purchases	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000
Collective Investment Schemes	44,722	_	_	49	0.11	44,771
Debt Securities	31,184	_	_	_	_	31,184
Total	75,906	_	_	49	0.11	75,955
31/07/23	Value	Commis	sions	Ta	xes	Total
Sales	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000
Collective Investment Schemes	75,785	_	_	(35)	0.05	75,750
Debt Securities	85,024	_	_	_	_	85,024
Total	160,809	_	_	(35)	0.05	160,774

Commissions and taxes as % of average net assets

Commissions 0.00% Taxes 0.01%

31/07/22	Value	Commis	sions	To	axes	Total
Purchases	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000
Collective Investment Schemes	28,003	_	_	22	0.08%	28,025
Debt Securities	74,360	_	_	_	_	74,360
Total	102,363	_	_	22	0.08%	102,385
31/07/22	Value	Commis	sions	To	axes	Total
Sales	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000
Collective Investment Schemes	108,717	_	=	_	_	108,717
Debt Securities	29,506	_	_	_	_	29,506
Total	138,223					138,223

Commissions and taxes as % of average net assets

Commissions 0.00% Taxes 0.00%

Transaction costs consist of expenses incurred in the process of the purchase and sales of securities above the cost of the securities.

The average portfolio dealing spread, including the effect of foreign exchange, as at the balance sheet date was 0.01% (31 July 2022: 0.03%).

14. Unit classes

A list of unit classes in issue and the Fund Management Fee on each unit class can be found on page 47. The net asset value per unit of each unit class and the number of units in each class are given in the comparative tables on pages 39 to 45. The distributions per unit class are given in the distribution tables on pages 36 and 37. All classes have the same rights on winding up.

F-Class	Accumulation
Opening Units	1,929
Units issued	_
Units cancelled	<u> </u>
Units converted	_
Closing Units	1,929

I-Class	Distribution	Accumulation
Opening Units	4,014,152	51,251,003
Units issued	241,080	2,557,633
Units cancelled	(1,148,844)	(8,428,377)
Units converted	_	_
Closing Units	3,106,388	45,380,259

C-Class	Accumulation
Opening Units	1,343,182,715
Units issued	328,845
Units cancelled	(165,300,042)
Units converted	=
Closing Units	1,178,211,518

D-Class	Distribution	Accumulation
Opening Units	4,904	411,077
Units issued	1,825	4,619
Units cancelled	=	(30,370)
Units converted	_	_
Closing Units	6,729	385,326

L-Class	Accumulation
Opening Units	272,601,807
Units issued	7,200,616
Units cancelled	(20,076,017)
Units converted	_
Closing Units	259,726,406

Notes to the Financial Statements continued

15. Ultimate controlling party and related party transactions

The Manager is regarded as a related party to the Fund because it provides key management personnel services to the Fund. The ultimate controlling party of the Manager is Legal & General Group Plc. Subsidiaries of Legal & General Group Plc are also considered related parties to the Fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited acts as the principal on all the transactions of the units in the Fund. The aggregated monies received through creations or paid on cancellations are disclosed in the statement of change in net assets attributable to unitholders.

Equalisation amounts relating to creations and cancellations of units are shown within note 7. Fees received by the Authorised Fund Manager from the Fund plus any rebates paid by the Authorised Fund Manager to the Fund are shown within notes 3, 4 and 5 as applicable. Any outstanding fees, amounts outstanding on creations or cancellations of units in the Fund, or rebates receivable by the Fund from the Manager are shown within notes 8 and 10 as applicable.

As at the balance sheet date, the Manager and its associates held 0.00% (0.00% as at 31 July 2022) of the Fund's units in issue.

16. Post balance sheet market movements

As at the close of business on the balance sheet date, the Net Asset Value per I-Class accumulation unit was 69.05p. The Net Asset Value per I-Class accumulation unit for the Fund as at 3pm on 7 November 2023 was 67.45p. This represents a decrease of 2.32% from the year end value.

Distribution Tables

Distribution Tables for the year ended 31 July 2023

Group 1: units purchased prior to a distribution period.

Group 2: units purchased during a distribution period.

Equalisation is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of all Group 2 units and is refunded to the holders of these units as a return of capital. As capital it is not liable to Income Tax but must be deducted from the cost of units for Capital Gains Tax purposes.

			Pei	riod
Interim dividend distribution in pence per	unit		01/08/22	to 31/01/23
F-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Accumulation Units	Revenue	Equalisation	31/03/23	31/03/22
Group 1	0.8363	_	0.8363	0.7191
Group 2	_	0.8363	0.8363	0.7191
I-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Distribution Units	Revenue	Equalisation	31/03/23	31/03/22
Group 1	0.7949	_	0.7949	0.6874
Group 2	0.2914	0.5035	0.7949	0.6874
I-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Accumulation Units	Revenue	Equalisation	31/03/23	31/03/22
Group 1	0.9296	_	0.9296	0.7883
Group 2	0.4393	0.4903	0.9296	0.7883
C-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Accumulation Units	Revenue	Equalisation	31/03/23	31/03/22
Group 1	0.9808	_	0.9808	0.8396
Group 2	0.3777	0.6031	0.9808	0.8396
D-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Distribution Units	Revenue	Equalisation	31/03/23	31/03/22
Group 1	0.6414	_	0.6414	0.5623
Group 2	0.0289	0.6125	0.6414	0.5623
D-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Accumulation Units	Revenue	Equalisation	31/03/23	31/03/22
Group 1	0.7236	_	0.7236	0.6246
Group 2	0.1517	0.5719	0.7236	0.6246
L-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Accumulation Units	Revenue	Equalisation	31/03/23	31/03/22
Group 1	0.8499	_	0.8499	0.7155
Group 2	0.2069	0.6430	0.8499	0.7155

Distribution Tables continued

			Pei	riod
Final dividend distribution in pence per unit			01/02/23	to 31/07/23
F-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Accumulation Units	Revenue	Equalisation	30/09/23	30/09/22
Group 1	0.6216	_	0.6216	0.4951
Group 2		0.6216	0.6216	0.4951
I-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Distribution Units	Revenue	Equalisation	30/09/23	30/09/22
Group 1	0.5886	_	0.5886	0.4873
Group 2	0.3749	0.2137	0.5886	0.4873
I-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Accumulation Units	Revenue	Equalisation	30/09/23	30/09/22
Group 1	0.6977	_	0.6977	0.5651
Group 2	0.3619	0.3358	0.6977	0.5651
C-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Accumulation Units	Revenue	Equalisation	30/09/23	30/09/22
Group 1	0.7470	_	0.7470	0.6125
Group 2	0.4270	0.3200	0.7470	0.6125
D-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Distribution Units	Revenue	Equalisation	30/09/23	30/09/22
Group 1	0.4449	_	0.4449	0.3409
Group 2	0.0355	0.4094	0.4449	0.3409
D-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Accumulation Units	Revenue	Equalisation	30/09/23	30/09/22
Group 1	0.5023	_	0.5023	0.3803
Group 2	0.1945	0.3078	0.5023	0.3803
L-Class			Distribution	Distribution
Accumulation Units	Revenue	Equalisation	30/09/23	30/09/22
Group 1	0.6534	_	0.6534	0.5552
Group 2	0.4675	0.1859	0.6534	0.5552

Fund Information

The Comparative Tables on pages 39 to 45 give the performance of each active unit class in the Fund.

The 'Return after charges' disclosed in the Comparative Tables is calculated as the return after operating charges per unit divided by the opening net asset value per unit. It differs from the Fund's performance disclosed in the Manager's report, which is calculated based on the latest published price.

Portfolio transaction costs are incurred when investments are bought or sold by a fund in order to achieve the investment objective. These transaction costs affect an investor in different ways depending on whether they are joining, leaving or continuing with their investment in the Fund.

Direct transaction costs include broker commission and taxes. Broker commission includes the fee paid to a broker to execute the trades and research costs.

In addition, there are indirect portfolio transaction costs arising from the 'dealing spread' – the difference between the buying and selling prices of underlying investments in the portfolio. Unlike shares whereby broker commissions and stamp duty are paid by a fund on each transaction, other types of investments (such as bonds, money instruments, derivatives, collective investment schemes) do not have separately identifiable transaction costs; these costs form part of the dealing spread. Dealing spreads vary considerably depending on the transaction value and money market sentiment.

Comparative Tables

F-Class Accumulation Units

Change in Net Asset Value per Unit

Accounting Year ending	31/07/23 (pence per unit)	31/07/22 (pence per unit)	31/07/21 (pence per unit)
Opening net asset value per unit	64.66	68.86	60.80
Return before operating charges*	0.76	(3.82)	8.42
Operating charges (calculated on average price)	(0.35)	(0.38)	(0.36)
Return after operating charges*	0.41	(4.20)	8.06
Distributions	(1.46)	(1.21)	(1.13)
Retained distributions on accumulation units	1.46	1.21	1.13
Closing net asset value per unit	65.07	64.66	68.86
* after direct transaction costs of:	0.01	_	_

Performance

Return after charges	0.63% (6.	.10)% 13.26%
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Other Information

Closing net asset value (£)	1,255	1,247	139,892
Closing number of units	1,929	1,929	203,150
Operating charges [†]	0.55%^	0.55%	0.55%
Direct transaction costs	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%

Prices¹

Highest unit price	66.16p	70.50p	69.09p
Lowest unit price	58.82p	61.34p	60.54p

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the Fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the Fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures. Included within the OCF are synthetic costs which include the OCF of the underlying funds weighted on the basis of their investment proportion.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

[^] This Fund's ongoing charges include any charges made by any open ended funds it may invest in. In addition to the ongoing charges, the Fund incurs costs relating to investments in closed ended funds (such as investment trusts). These costs vary and are approximately 0.00%.

¹ Highest and lowest unit prices are based on published prices.

Comparative Tables continued

I-Class Distribution Units

Change in Net Asset Value per Unit

Accounting Year ending	31/07/23 (pence per unit)	31/07/22 (pence per unit)	31/07/21 (pence per unit)
Opening net asset value per unit	58.61	63.58	57.10
Return before operating charges*	0.70	(3.52)	7.86
Operating charges (calculated on average price)	(0.26)	(0.28)	(0.28)
Return after operating charges*	0.44	(3.80)	7.58
Distributions on income units	(1.38)	(1.17)	(1.10)
Closing net asset value per unit	57.67	58.61	63.58
* after direct transaction costs of:	_	_	_

Performance

Return after charges	0.75%	(5.98)%	13.27%

Other Information

Closing net asset value (£)	1,791,415	2,352,746	1,749,545
Closing number of units	3,106,388	4,014,152	2,751,511
Operating charges [†]	0.46%^	0.46%	0.46%
Direct transaction costs	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%

Prices¹

Highest unit price	59.74p	65.12p	64.30p
Lowest unit price	53.34p	56.06p	56.87p

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the Fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the Fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures. Included within the OCF are synthetic costs which include the OCF of the underlying funds weighted on the basis of their investment proportion.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

[^] This Fund's ongoing charges include any charges made by any open ended funds it may invest in. In addition to the ongoing charges, the Fund incurs costs relating to investments in closed ended funds (such as investment trusts). These costs vary and are approximately 0.00%.

¹ Highest and lowest unit prices are based on published prices.

Comparative Tables continued

I-Class Accumulation Units

Change in Net Asset Value per Unit

Accounting Year ending	31/07/23 (pence per unit)	31/07/22 (pence per unit)	31/07/21 (pence per unit)
Opening net asset value per unit	68.53	72.93	64.35
Return before operating charges*	0.83	(4.07)	8.90
Operating charges (calculated on average price)	(0.31)	(0.33)	(0.32)
Return after operating charges*	0.52	(4.40)	8.58
Distributions	(1.63)	(1.35)	(1.25)
Retained distributions on accumulation units	1.63	1.35	1.25
Closing net asset value per unit	69.05	68.53	72.93
* after direct transaction costs of:	0.01	_	

Performance

Return after charges	0.76%	(6.03)%	13.33%
Refull difer charges	0.76%	(6.03)%	13.33%

Other Information

Closing net asset value (£)	31,336,611	35,124,286	25,605,133
Closing number of units	45,380,259	51,251,003	35,109,190
Operating charges [†]	0.46%^	0.46%	0.46%
Direct transaction costs	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%

Prices¹

Highest unit price	70.17p	74.68p	73.16p
Lowest unit price	62.37p	65.01p	64.08p

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Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

[^] This Fund's ongoing charges include any charges made by any open ended funds it may invest in. In addition to the ongoing charges, the Fund incurs costs relating to investments in closed ended funds (such as investment trusts). These costs vary and are approximately none.

¹ Highest and lowest unit prices are based on published prices.

Comparative Tables continued

C-Class Accumulation Units

Change in Net Asset Value per Unit

Accounting Year ending	31/07/23 (pence per unit)	31/07/22 (pence per unit)	31/07/21 (pence per unit)
Opening net asset value per unit	69.28	73.64	64.90
Return before operating charges*	0.82	(4.14)	8.96
Operating charges (calculated on average price)	(0.21)	(0.22)	(0.22)
Return after operating charges*	0.61	(4.36)	8.74
Distributions	(1.73)	(1.45)	(1.34)
Retained distributions on accumulation units	1.73	1.45	1.34
Closing net asset value per unit	69.89	69.28	73.64
* after direct transaction costs of:	0.01	_	

Performance

Return after charges	0.88%	(5.92)%	13.47%

Other Information

Closing net asset value (£)	823,463,923	930,578,510	1,057,115,647
Closing number of units	1,178,211,518	1,343,182,715	1,435,578,744
Operating charges [†]	0.31%^	0.31%	0.31%
Direct transaction costs	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%

Prices¹

Highest unit price	70.98p	75.44p	73.87p
Lowest unit price	63.07p	65.71p	64.64p

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the Fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the Fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures. Included within the OCF are synthetic costs which include the OCF of the underlying funds weighted on the basis of their investment proportion.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

[^] This Fund's ongoing charges include any charges made by any open ended funds it may invest in. In addition to the ongoing charges, the Fund incurs costs relating to investments in closed ended funds (such as investment trusts). These costs vary and are approximately 0.00%.

¹ Highest and lowest unit prices are based on published prices.

Comparative Tables continued

D-Class Distribution Units

Change in Net Asset Value per Unit

Accounting Year ending	31/07/23 (pence per unit)	31/07/22 (pence per unit)	31/07/21 (pence per unit)
Opening net asset value per unit	58.65	63.60	57.12
Return before operating charges*	0.76	(3.44)	7.92
Operating charges (calculated on average price)	(0.54)	(0.61)	(0.58)
Return after operating charges*	0.22	(4.05)	7.34
Distributions on income units	(1.09)	(0.90)	(0.86)
Closing net asset value per unit	57.78	58.65	63.60
* after direct transaction costs of:	_	_	

Performance

Return after charges	0.38%	(6.37)%	12.85%
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Other Information

Closing net asset value (£)	3,888	2,876	673,223
Closing number of units	6,729	4,904	1,058,499
Operating charges [†]	0.95%^	0.95%	0.95%
Direct transaction costs	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%

Prices1

Highest unit price	59.77p	65.02p	64.20p
Lowest unit price	53.33p	55.98p	56.83p

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the Fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the Fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures. Included within the OCF are synthetic costs which include the OCF of the underlying funds weighted on the basis of their investment proportion.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

[^] This Fund's ongoing charges include any charges made by any open ended funds it may invest in. In addition to the ongoing charges, the Fund incurs costs relating to investments in closed ended funds (such as investment trusts). These costs vary and are approximately 0.00%.

¹ Highest and lowest unit prices are based on published prices.

Comparative Tables continued

D-Class Accumulation Units

Change in Net Asset Value per Unit

Accounting Year ending	31/07/23 (pence per unit)	31/07/22 (pence per unit)	31/07/21 (pence per unit)
Opening net asset value per unit	66.10	70.62	62.56
Return before operating charges*	0.86	(3.85)	8.70
Operating charges (calculated on average price)	(0.62)	(0.67)	(0.64)
Return after operating charges*	0.24	(4.52)	8.06
Distributions	(1.23)	(1.00)	(0.95)
Retained distributions on accumulation units	1.23	1.00	0.95
Closing net asset value per unit	66.34	66.10	70.62
* after direct transaction costs of:	0.01	_	_

Performance

Return after charges	0.36%	(6.40)%	12.88%
ū .		` '	

Other Information

Closing net asset value (£)	255,634	271,734	11,751,975
Closing number of units	385,326	411,077	16,641,660
Operating charges [†]	0.95%^	0.95%	0.95%
Direct transaction costs	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%

Prices¹

Highest unit price	67.54p	72.22p	70.86p
Lowest unit price	60.11p	62.73p	62.23p

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the Fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the Fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures. Included within the OCF are synthetic costs which include the OCF of the underlying funds weighted on the basis of their investment proportion.

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[^] This Fund's ongoing charges include any charges made by any open ended funds it may invest in. In addition to the ongoing charges, the Fund incurs costs relating to investments in closed ended funds (such as investment trusts). These costs vary and are approximately 0.00%.

¹ Highest and lowest unit prices are based on published prices.

Comparative Tables continued

L-Class Accumulation Units

Change in Net Asset Value per Unit

Accounting Year ending	31/07/23 (pence per unit)	31/07/22 (pence per unit)	31/07/21 (pence per unit)
Opening net asset value per unit	54.28	57.58	50.64
Return before operating charges*	0.62	(3.27)	6.97
Operating charges (calculated on average price)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.03)
Return after operating charges*	0.59	(3.30)	6.94
Distributions	(1.50)	(1.27)	(1.16)
Retained distributions on accumulation units	1.50	1.27	1.16
Closing net asset value per unit	54.87	54.28	57.58
* after direct transaction costs of:	_	_	_

Performance

Return after charges	1.09%	(5.73)%	13.70%
noron and onalges	1.0770	(0., 0),0	1017070

Other Information

Closing net asset value (£)	142,506,726	147,969,048	163,386,524
Closing number of units	259,726,406	272,601,807	283,772,020
Operating charges [†]	0.06%^	0.06%	0.06%
Direct transaction costs	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%

Prices¹

Highest unit price	55.67p	59.03p	57.75p
Lowest unit price	49.43p	51.47p	50.47p

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the Fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the Fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures. Included within the OCF are synthetic costs which include the OCF of the underlying funds weighted on the basis of their investment proportion.

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The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

[^] This Fund's ongoing charges include any charges made by any open ended funds it may invest in. In addition to the ongoing charges, the Fund incurs costs relating to investments in closed ended funds (such as investment trusts). These costs vary and are approximately 0.00%.

¹ Highest and lowest unit prices are based on published prices.

Risk and Reward Profile (unaudited)



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Fund is in category four because the mix of different asset types in which
 the Fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Fund share price
 moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher
 risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in
 company shares.
- · Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

General Information (unaudited)

Constitution

Launch date: 30 June 2014
Period end dates for distributions: 31 January, 31 July

Distribution dates: 31 March, 30 September

Minimum initial lump sum

investment: I-Class £1,000,000

C-Class* £100,000,000 D-Class £100 L-Class** £100,000

Valuation point: 3pm

Fund Management Fees: F-Class*** Annual 0.54%

I-Class Annual 0.45% C-Class* Annual 0.30% D-Class Annual 0.94% L-Class** Annual 0.05%

Initial charges: Nil for all existing unit classes

- * Class C units are available to certain eligible investors who meet the criteria for investment in such units as outlined in the share class policy of the Manager, which is available to investors in the C-Class upon request. Where investors in the C-Class no longer continue to meet the criteria for investment in such units, further investment in such units may not be permitted.
- ** Class L units are only available to other Legal & General funds and/or companies which have entered into an agreement with the Manager or an affiliate of the Manager.
- *** Class F units are closed to new subscriptions.

Pricing and Dealing

The prices are published on the internet at

www.legalandgeneral.com/investments/funds/prices-and-reports/daily-fund-prices immediately after they become available.

Dealing in units takes place on a forward pricing basis, from 9:00am to 5:00pm, Monday to Friday.

Buying and Selling Units

Units may be bought on any business day from the Manager or through a financial adviser by completing an application form or on the internet at www.legalandgeneral.com. Units may normally be sold back to the Manager on any business day at the bid price calculated at the following valuation point.

ISA Status

This Fund may be held within this tax advantaged savings arrangement. The favourable tax treatment of ISAs may not be maintained. For full written information, please contact your usual financial adviser or ring 0370 050 0955.

Call charges will vary. We may record and monitor calls.

Prospectus and Manager's Reports

Copies of the Prospectus and the most recent annual or interim reports are available free of charge by telephoning 0370 050 0955 or by writing to the Manager.

Do you have difficulty in reading information in print because of a disability? If so, we can help. We are able to produce information for our clients in large print and braille. If you would like to discuss your particular requirements, please contact us on 0370 050 0955.

Call charges will vary. We may record and monitor calls.

Remuneration Disclosure

In accordance with the Undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITs) Directive, often referred to as the UCITs V Directive, the Legal & General Mixed Investment 20-60% Fund, as a UCITs Scheme, is required to disclose the aggregate remuneration paid by the UCITs Manager and by the UCITs Scheme to Identified Staff, together with the number of beneficiaries, and, where relevant, performance fees paid by the UCITs Scheme. The aggregate amount of remuneration must be broken down by category of employees or other staff members and be split into fixed and variable remuneration.

The following provides information on the remuneration of persons whose professional activities have a material impact on the management company and the funds we manage as at 31 December 2022:

Controlled Functions

Headcount	Fixed Remuneration (£'000)	Variable Remuneration (£'000)	Remuneration related to this Fund (Pro-rated) (£'000)
37	9,236	11,203	313

Material Risk Takers

Headcount	Fixed Remuneration (£'000)	Variable Remuneration (£'000)	Remuneration related to this Fund (Pro-rated) (£'000)
29	3,895	4,409	117

Controlled Functions

During 2022, Legal & General Unit Trust Managers Limited (UTM) engaged the services of four employees of Legal & General Investment Management (Holdings) Limited (LGIMH). In addition, there were three non-executive Directors. UTM also engaged the services of a further 30 LGIMH employees to act in a variety of Controlled Functions, including Chief Compliance Officer, Money Laundering Reporting Officer, Client Asset Oversight, Systems and Controls Functions, Significant Management Functions and Customer Functions. These employees were also engaged by other companies in the L&G Group. The aggregate remuneration received by these individuals, for all their services across the L&G Group, is disclosed in the table above. We have prorated the remuneration figures by the Net Asset Value of the UCITS Funds as a percentage of the total assets under management of UTM.

Material Risk Takers

As at 31 December 2022, UTM engaged the services of Legal & General Investment Management's Asset Allocation Fund Management team, which consists of 29 investment professionals located in our London Office. The team includes a variety of Fund Managers, Analysts and Support Staff, with the Fund Managers empowered to take discretionary investment management decisions on behalf of the Fund. The team is also engaged in managing other Legal & General UTM Funds/Schemes and is also engaged by other companies in the L&G Group. The aggregate remuneration received by the members of the team, for all their services across the L&G Group, is disclosed in the table above. We have prorated the remuneration figures by the Net Asset Value of the UCITS Funds as a percentage of the total assets under management of the Legal & General Investment Management's Asset Allocation Fund Management team.

Assessment of Value

We have now published Assessment of Value reports for our funds on legalandgeneral.com and lgim.com.

Taskforce on Climate related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) Report

In accordance with the Taskforce on Climate related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) requirements, UTM has prepared its public TCFD report which is available for investors to read and review at the following website link:

 $https://www.lgim.com/landg-assets/lgim/_document-library/capabilities/utm-tcfd-legal-entity-report-2022.pdf.\\$

Notifiable Change

Prospectus Updates

Following a review, the Risk Factors section of the Prospectus (including the Table of Fund specific risks) was updated on 20 December 2022.

With effect from 16 March 2023, the Prospectus was updated for the following:

To introduce wording to allow for the compulsory conversion or cancellation of units and to clarify the circumstances in which redemptions, conversions or cancellations may be carried out.

To introduce revised wording confirming the Fund may not be offered or sold to in the United States of America or held by U.S. Persons and that the compulsory redemption provisions as set out in the Prospectus will apply accordingly to any such U.S. Person.

To introduce wording to reflect the treatment of unclaimed distributions and client money.

With effect from 23 May 2023, the Prospectus was further updated to confirm that units may be redeemed in certain circumstances.

Authorised Fund Manager

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited Registered in England and Wales No. 01009418

Registered office:

One Coleman Street,

London EC2R 5AA

Telephone: 0370 050 3350

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Directors of the Manager

M. M. Ammon

A. D. Clare* (resigned on 15 November 2022)

E. Cowhey*

A. J. C. Craven

D. J. Hosie*

R. R. Mason

L. W. Toms

Secretary

J. McCarthy

One Coleman Street,

London EC2R 5AA

Registrar

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited

Brunel House,

2 Fitzalan Road,

Cardiff CF24 0EB

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Dealing: 0370 050 0956 Enquiries: 0370 050 0955 Registration: 0370 050 0955

Call charges will vary. We may record and monitor calls.

Trustee

Northern Trust Investor Services Limited

Trustee and Depositary Services

50 Bank Street,

Canary Wharf,

London E14 5NT

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Independent Auditor

KPMG LLP

319 St Vincent Street,

Glasgow G2 5AS

Investment Adviser

Legal & General Investment Management Limited

One Coleman Street,

London EC2R 5AA

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

^{*}Non-executive Director

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

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