



Contents

Fund Information¹	3
Review of Investment Activities¹	4
Risk Profile¹	5
Statement of the Manager's Responsibilities	6
Report of the Trustee	7
Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Schroder Recovery Fund	8
Comparative Table	10
Portfolio Statement¹	14
Financial Statements	15
Notes to the Accounts	16
Distribution Table	23
Remuneration	24
General Information¹	25

¹ Collectively these comprise the Manager's report.

Fund Information

Investment objective and policy

The Schroder Recovery Fund (the 'Fund') aims to provide capital growth in excess of the FTSE All Share (Gross Total Return) Index (after fees have been deducted) over a three to five year period by investing in equity and equity related securities of UK companies that have suffered a severe setback in either share price or profitability.

The Fund is actively managed and invests at least 80% of its assets in equity and equity related securities of UK companies. These are companies that are incorporated, headquartered or have their principal business activities in the UK.

The Fund applies a disciplined value investment approach, seeking to invest in a select portfolio of companies that the Investment Manager believes are significantly undervalued relative to their long-term earnings potential.

The Fund may also invest directly or indirectly in other securities (including in other asset classes), countries, regions, industries or currencies, collective investment schemes (including Schroder funds), warrants and money market instruments, and hold cash.

The Fund may use derivatives with the aim of achieving investment gains, reducing risk or managing the Fund more efficiently (for more information please refer to section 6 of Appendix I of the Prospectus).

Fund characteristics

The Fund's performance should be assessed against its target benchmark being to exceed the FTSE All Share (Gross Total Return) Index, and compared against the MSCI UK Value (Gross Total Return) Index and the Investment Association UK All Companies sector average return. The Investment Manager invests on a discretionary basis and is not limited to investing in accordance with the composition of the benchmark. The target benchmark has been selected because it is representative of the type of investments in which the Fund is likely to invest, and it is, therefore, an appropriate target in relation to the return that the Fund aims to provide. The comparator benchmarks have been selected because the Investment Manager and the Manager believe that each of these benchmarks is a suitable comparison for performance purposes given the Fund's investment objective and policy.

Review of Investment Activities

From 15 July 2021 to 15 July 2022, the price of Z Accumulation units on a dealing price basis rose 3.77%. In comparison, the FTSE¹ All Share Index generated a total return of 1.87%².

The Fund outperformed the broader market owing to strong stock selection and the style tailwind provided from the value rotation over the period.

Operationally, the vast majority of companies in the portfolio have performed extremely well. In many cases sales are back to 2019 levels, but the costs taken out over Covid mean that profit margins are at all-time highs.

Key individual contributors included miners Thungela Resources and South32, transport operators Go-Ahead and Firstgroup (both subject to bid interest) as well as Centrica, the energy services company. Telecoms group Airtel Africa was another top contributor. The stock market now has the permission to believe in many of these companies again and sentiment has improved.

On the negative side, detractors included Ukrainian exposed iron ore pellet manufacturer Ferrexpo, postal services group Royal Mail, broadcaster ITV, infrastructure services, construction and property Kier Group and energy services businesses John Wood Group.

We established a number of new positions in the period. These included home improvement retailer Kingfisher, housebuilder Taylor Wimpey, global energy company Woodside Energy Group as well as electrical retailer Currys.

Whilst the UK market is marginally lower year to date in absolute terms, on a cap weighted basis the median company share price is down 18%. The differential in performance between the largest stocks, and the 250 stocks behind them is the greatest on record, reaching three standard deviations in May, rapidly changing the opportunity set.

Co-Fund Manager:
Kevin Murphy



Specialist Value UK equities fund manager with twenty one years investment experience

Previously a sector analyst for Pan European Construction and Building Materials

Founding member of the Global Value Team in 2013

Investment career commenced at Schroders in 2000

Chartered Financial Analyst

Degree in Economics, Manchester University

Co-Fund Manager:
Nick Kirrage



Co-manager of UK Income, UK Recovery, Global Recovery and Global Income strategies

Founding member of the Global Value Team in 2013

Investment career commenced in 2001 within Schroders' Pan European research team

Previously analyst responsible for a number of sectors including Transport, Metals & Mining and Aerospace and Defence sectors

CFA Charterholder

Degree in Aeronautical Engineering, Bristol University

¹ FTSE International Limited ("FTSE") © FTSE. "FTSE®" is a trade mark of London Stock Exchange plc and The Financial Times Limited and is used by FTSE International Limited under licence. All rights in the FTSE indices and/or FTSE ratings vest in FTSE and/or its licensors. Neither FTSE nor its licensors accept any liability for any errors or omissions in the FTSE indices and/or FTSE ratings or underlying data. No further distribution of FTSE Data is permitted without FTSE's express written consent.

² Source: Refinitiv Eikon Datastream.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance and may not be repeated. The value of investments and the income from them may go down as well as up and investors may not get back the amounts originally invested. Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Risk Profile

Risk and reward indicator



The risk category was calculated using historical performance data and may not be a reliable indicator of the Fund’s future risk profile. The Fund’s risk category is not guaranteed to remain fixed and may change over time. A Fund in the lowest category does not mean a risk-free investment. For specific risks, including the risk and reward profile, please refer to the Key Investor Information Document available on the following website www.schroders.com.

Statement of the Manager's Responsibilities

The Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook requires the Manager to prepare accounts for each annual and half yearly accounting period, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund and of its net revenue and the net capital gains on the property of the Fund for the year. In preparing the accounts the Manager is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- comply with the disclosure requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Management Association (now the Investment Association) in May 2014;
- follow generally accepted accounting principles and applicable accounting standards;
- prepare the accounts on the basis that the Fund will continue in operation unless it is inappropriate to do so;
- keep proper accounting records which enable it to demonstrate that the accounts as prepared comply with the above requirements;
- make judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable.

The Manager is responsible for the management of the Fund in accordance with its Trust Deed, the Prospectus and the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook, and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and non-compliance with law or regulations.

The Manager's report and accounts for the year ended 15 July 2022 were signed on 29 September 2022 on behalf of the Manager by:

P. Chislett
Directors

P. Truscott

Report of the Trustee

Statement of the Trustee's responsibilities in respect of the Scheme and report of the Trustee to the unitholders of the Schroder Recovery Fund ('the Fund') for the year ended 15 July 2022.

The Trustee of the Schroder Recovery Fund must ensure that the Fund is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, (together 'the regulations'), the Trust Deed and Prospectus (together 'the Scheme documents') as detailed below.

The Trustee must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Fund and its investors.

The Trustee is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Fund in accordance with the regulations.

The Trustee must ensure that:

- the Fund's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Fund is booked in cash accounts in accordance with the regulations;
- the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the regulations;
- the value of units of the Fund are calculated in accordance with the regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Fund's assets is remitted to the Fund within the usual time limits;
- the Fund's income is applied in accordance with the regulations; and
- the instructions of the Authorised Fund Manager ('the Manager'), which is the UCITS Management Company, are carried out (unless they conflict with the regulations).

The Trustee also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Fund is managed in accordance with the regulations and the Scheme documents of the Fund in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Fund.

Having carried out such procedures as we considered necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Trustee of the Fund, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that, in all material respects the Fund, acting through the Manager:

- (i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Fund's units and the application of the Fund's income in accordance with the regulations and the Scheme documents of the Fund; and
- (ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Fund in accordance with the regulations and the Scheme documents of the Fund.

J.P. Morgan Europe Limited

Trustee
Bournemouth
28 July 2022

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Schroder Recovery Fund

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Schroder Recovery Fund (the "Fund"):

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 15 July 2022 and of the net revenue and the net capital gains on its scheme property for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law), the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds, the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook and the Trust Deed.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Accounts (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheet as at 15 July 2022; the Statement of Total Return and the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders for the year then ended; the distribution table; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date on which the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Manager with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Manager is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook requires us also to report certain opinions as described below.

Manager's Report

In our opinion, the information given in the Manager's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Manager's Responsibilities, the Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to wind up or terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Schroder Recovery Fund (continued)

Based on our understanding of the Fund and its industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to breaches of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements, in particular those parts of the sourcebook which may directly impact on the determination of amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries to increase revenue or to increase the net asset value of the Fund. Audit procedures performed included:

- Discussions with the Manager, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;
- Reviewing relevant meeting minutes, including those of the Manager's board of directors;
- Identifying and testing journal entries, specifically any journals posted as part of the financial year end close process; and
- Designing audit procedures to incorporate unpredictability around the nature, timing or extent of our testing.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Fund's unitholders as a body in accordance with paragraph 4.5.12 of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Opinion on matter required by the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook

In our opinion, we have obtained all the information and explanations we consider necessary for the purposes of the audit.

Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook exception reporting

Under the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook we are also required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Edinburgh
29 September 2022

Comparative Table

Financial year to 15 July	A Accumulation units			A Income units		
	2022 pence per unit	2021 pence per unit	2020 pence per unit	2022 pence per unit	2021 pence per unit	2020 pence per unit
Change in net asset value						
Opening net asset value	22,512.03	16,109.73	21,608.55	12,018.61	8,690.67	11,945.97
Return before operating charges*	1,251.38	6,725.14	(5,178.47)	668.02	3,623.77	(2,861.43)
Operating charges	(401.13)	(322.84)	(320.35)	(214.07)	(171.58)	(177.83)
Return after operating charges*	850.25	6,402.30	(5,498.82)	453.95	3,452.19	(3,039.26)
Distributions**	(549.34)	(230.69)	(390.75)	(293.17)	(124.25)	(216.04)
Retained distributions**	549.34	230.69	390.75	-	-	-
Closing net asset value	23,362.28	22,512.03	16,109.73	12,179.39	12,018.61	8,690.67
*after direct transaction costs of	(24.44)	(33.26)	(13.47)	(13.05)	(17.68)	(7.47)
Performance						
Return after charges (%)	3.78	39.74	(25.45)	3.78	39.72	(25.44)
Other information						
Closing net asset value (£000's)	27,332	30,767	23,577	1,515	1,710	2,028
Closing number of units	116,990	136,667	146,351	12,438	14,232	23,336
Operating charges (%)	1.64	1.66	1.66	1.64	1.66	1.66
Direct transaction costs (%)***	0.10	0.17	0.07	0.10	0.17	0.07
Prices						
Highest dealing price	26,490.00p	23,585.86p	22,894.67p	14,140.00p	12,722.07p	12,658.03p
Lowest dealing price	21,720.00p	14,967.11p	13,432.76p	11,590.00p	8,073.29p	7,426.70p

Comparative Table

(continued)

Financial year to 15 July	L Accumulation units			L Income units		
	2022 pence per unit	2021 pence per unit	2020 pence per unit	2022 pence per unit	2021 pence per unit	2020 pence per unit
Change in net asset value						
Opening net asset value	75.44	53.54	71.22	61.91	44.73	61.58
Return before operating charges*	4.16	22.45	(17.14)	3.42	18.72	(14.82)
Operating charges	(0.67)	(0.55)	(0.54)	(0.55)	(0.45)	(0.46)
Return after operating charges*	3.49	21.90	(17.68)	2.87	18.27	(15.28)
Distributions**	(2.52)	(1.31)	(1.82)	(2.07)	(1.09)	(1.57)
Retained distributions**	2.52	1.31	1.82	-	-	-
Closing net asset value	78.93	75.44	53.54	62.71	61.91	44.73
*after direct transaction costs of	(0.08)	(0.11)	(0.04)	(0.07)	(0.09)	(0.04)
Performance						
Return after charges (%)	4.63	40.90	(24.82)	4.64	40.85	(24.81)
Other information						
Closing net asset value (£000's)	315,223	292,712	204,056	167,164	161,593	96,064
Closing number of units	399,373,395	388,028,707	381,122,177	266,577,105	261,004,800	214,781,148
Operating charges (%)	0.82	0.84	0.84	0.82	0.84	0.84
Direct transaction costs (%)***	0.10	0.17	0.07	0.10	0.17	0.07
Prices						
Highest dealing price	89.13p	78.96p	75.75p	73.15p	65.95p	65.50p
Lowest dealing price	72.77p	49.82p	44.53p	59.73p	41.61p	38.50p

Comparative Table (continued)

Financial year to 15 July	S Income units			Z Accumulation units		
	2022 pence per unit	2021 pence per unit	2020 pence per unit	2022 pence per unit	2021 pence per unit	2020 pence per unit
Change in net asset value						
Opening net asset value	55.78	40.28	55.49	119.17	84.64	112.68
Return before operating charges*	3.08	16.90	(13.38)	6.58	35.47	(27.13)
Operating charges	(0.33)	(0.27)	(0.27)	(1.15)	(0.94)	(0.91)
Return after operating charges*	2.75	16.63	(13.65)	5.43	34.53	(28.04)
Distributions**	(2.04)	(1.13)	(1.56)	(3.90)	(1.99)	(2.80)
Retained distributions**	–	–	–	3.90	1.99	2.80
Closing net asset value	56.49	55.78	40.28	124.60	119.17	84.64
*after direct transaction costs of	(0.06)	(0.08)	(0.03)	(0.13)	(0.18)	(0.07)
Performance						
Return after charges (%)	4.93	41.29	(24.60)	4.56	40.80	(24.88)
Other information						
Closing net asset value (£000's)	3,311	3,892	2,713	430,861	540,593	378,465
Closing number of units	5,860,829	6,977,188	6,733,988	345,803,287	453,647,813	447,145,193
Operating charges (%)	0.54	0.54	0.54	0.89	0.91	0.91
Direct transaction costs (%)***	0.10	0.17	0.07	0.10	0.17	0.07
Prices						
Highest dealing price	66.01p	59.55p	59.11p	140.80p	124.74p	119.79p
Lowest dealing price	53.82p	37.50p	34.77p	115.00p	78.75p	70.41p

Comparative Table

(continued)

Financial year to 15 July	Z Income units		
	2022 pence per unit	2021 pence per unit	2020 pence per unit
Change in net asset value			
Opening net asset value	93.60	67.62	93.09
Return before operating charges*	5.18	28.31	(22.40)
Operating charges	(0.91)	(0.74)	(0.76)
Return after operating charges*	4.27	27.57	(23.16)
Distributions**	(3.06)	(1.59)	(2.31)
Closing net asset value	94.81	93.60	67.62
*after direct transaction costs of	(0.10)	(0.14)	(0.06)
Performance			
Return after charges (%)	4.56	40.77	(24.88)
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£000's)	59,003	69,379	54,431
Closing number of units	62,234,893	74,123,032	80,491,275
Operating charges (%)	0.89	0.91	0.91
Direct transaction costs (%)***	0.10	0.17	0.07
Prices			
Highest dealing price	110.60p	99.64p	98.98p
Lowest dealing price	90.30p	62.91p	58.18p

** These figures have been rounded to 2 decimal places.

*** Direct transaction costs have been stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments.

The Operating charges are represented by the Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) which is the European standard method of disclosing the charges of a unit class of a Fund based on the financial year's expenses and may vary from year to year. It includes charges such as the Fund's Annual Management Charge, Registrar fees, Safe custody fees, Trustee's fees and Audit fee but ordinarily excludes the costs of buying or selling assets for the Fund (unless these assets are units of another Fund). Where published, the Key Investor Information Document (KIID) contains the current OCF. For a more detailed breakdown please visit www.schroders.com.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance and may not be repeated. The value of investments and the income from them may go down as well as up and investors may not get back the amounts originally invested. Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Portfolio Statement

	Holding at 15.7.22	Market Value £000's	% of net assets
Equities 96.68% (94.01%)			
Basic Materials 6.27% (9.61%)			
Anglo American	457,638	11,670	1.16
Ferrexpo	12,353,066	14,330	1.43
Rio Tinto	347,590	15,916	1.58
Sibanye Stillwater	4,701,706	8,651	0.86
South32	6,251,142	12,402	1.24
		62,969	6.27
Consumer Discretionary 18.29% (11.43%)			
ASOS	1,014,353	9,712	0.97
boohoo Group#	22,884,790	13,255	1.32
Currys	20,757,134	14,489	1.44
Firstgroup	22,454,870	29,146	2.90
Go-Ahead Group	1,846,054	28,208	2.81
Halfords Group	6,721,325	10,586	1.05
ITV	27,627,711	17,792	1.77
Marks & Spencer Group	13,906,908	18,726	1.87
Pearson	3,237,270	24,720	2.46
WPP	2,142,874	17,087	1.70
		183,721	18.29
Consumer Staples 8.65% (11.18%)			
British American Tobacco	583,825	20,267	2.02
Imperial Brands	1,455,007	27,012	2.69
J Sainsbury	9,568,523	20,410	2.03
Tesco	7,410,633	19,186	1.91
		86,875	8.65
Energy 11.98% (15.32%)			
BP	6,451,666	24,071	2.40
Eni	2,261,845	20,954	2.09
Hunting	7,886,234	15,457	1.54
John Wood Group	11,813,630	16,829	1.68
Petrofac	18,381,554	18,933	1.88
Shell	1,208,625	24,044	2.39
		120,288	11.98
Financials 19.29% (21.95%)			
Aviva	3,596,405	14,260	1.42
Barclays	17,901,600	26,906	2.68
HSBC Holdings	5,120,484	26,314	2.62
Lloyds Banking Group	52,693,613	22,079	2.20
M&G	13,169,629	25,858	2.58
NatWest Group	11,173,477	24,191	2.41

	Holding at 15.7.22	Market Value £000's	% of net assets
Provident Financial	7,187,287	14,087	1.40
Standard Chartered	4,950,756	27,447	2.73
TP ICAP Group	11,724,731	12,592	1.25
		193,734	19.29
Health Care 5.65% (3.86%)			
Euroapi	7,268	99	0.01
GSK	1,379,395	23,712	2.36
Sanofi	167,174	14,227	1.42
Viatis	2,246,402	18,710	1.86
		56,748	5.65
Industrials 13.56% (10.72%)			
Capita	78,593,589	20,529	2.04
De La Rue	12,425,108	9,108	0.91
Ibstock	4,375,732	7,434	0.74
Kier Group	25,153,306	18,513	1.84
Mitie Group	28,429,785	18,167	1.81
Rolls-Royce Holdings	16,968,683	15,234	1.52
Royal Mail	7,323,902	20,155	2.01
Senior	9,791,614	12,474	1.24
Vesuvius	4,938,114	14,558	1.45
		136,172	13.56
Real Estate 2.98% (1.32%)			
Hammerson	63,717,692	12,782	1.27
Land Securities Group	2,543,380	17,173	1.71
		29,955	2.98
Technology 2.45% (2.09%)			
Intel	763,159	24,607	2.45
		24,607	2.45
Telecommunications 5.24% (3.95%)			
Airtel Africa	16,533,892	25,876	2.57
BT Group	15,266,139	26,807	2.67
		52,683	5.24
Utilities 2.32% (2.58%)			
Centrica	26,800,919	23,344	2.32
		23,344	2.32
Equities total		971,096	96.68
Portfolio of investments		971,096	96.68
Net other assets		33,313	3.32
Net assets attributable to unitholders		1,004,409	100.00

The comparative percentage figures in brackets are as at 15 July 2021.
Unless otherwise stated, all securities are admitted to official stock exchange listings.

Security traded on another regulated market.

Statement of Total Return

For the year ended 15 July 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£000's	£000's
Income			
Net capital gains	2	20,624	271,721
Revenue	3	44,561	28,558
Expenses	4	(9,611)	(8,209)
Net revenue before taxation		34,950	20,349
Taxation	5	(1,705)	(1,919)
Net revenue after taxation		33,245	18,430
Total return before distributions		53,869	290,151
Distributions	6	(33,143)	(18,435)
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment activities		20,726	271,716

Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

For the year ended 15 July 2022

	2022	2021
	£000's	£000's
Opening net assets attributable to unitholders	1,100,646	761,333
Amounts receivable on issue of units	228,222	333,477
Amounts payable on cancellation of units	(369,899)	(281,071)
	(141,677)	52,406
Dilution adjustment	519	759
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders from investment activities	20,726	271,716
Retained distribution on Accumulation units	24,195	14,432
Closing net assets attributable to unitholders	1,004,409	1,100,646

Balance Sheet

As at 15 July 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£000's	£000's
Assets			
Investments		971,096	1,034,677
Current assets			
Debtors	8	28,910	1,838
Cash and bank balances		15,263	74,988
Total assets		1,015,269	1,111,503
Liabilities			
Creditors			
Distributions payable		(7,583)	(4,133)
Other creditors	9	(3,277)	(6,724)
Total liabilities		(10,860)	(10,857)
Net assets attributable to unitholders		1,004,409	1,100,646

Notes to the Accounts

For the year ended 15 July 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of investments, and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Management Association in May 2014 and in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 (The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)).

Revenue

Dividends and real estate income distributions receivable from equity investments and distributions receivable from authorised unit trusts and other collective investment schemes are recognised net of attributable tax credits and are credited to revenue when they are first quoted ex-dividend.

The ordinary element of stocks received in lieu of cash dividends is recognised as revenue of the Fund. Any enhancement above the cash dividend is treated as capital.

Interest receivable from bank balances is accounted for on an accruals basis.

The Annual management charge and Administration charge in respect of the Schroder Funds in which the Fund invests are rebated to the Fund so that no double charging occurs.

All rebates are treated as revenue or capital based on the underlying Fund's treatment.

Special dividends

Special dividends are treated as revenue or capital depending on the facts of each particular case.

Equalisation

Equalisation on distributions received by the Fund is deducted from the cost of investments. As such the equalisation on distributions received by the Fund does not form part of the Fund's distribution.

Expenses

Expenses of the Fund are charged against revenue except for costs associated with the purchase and sale of investments which are allocated to the capital of the Fund. All expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

Taxation

Corporation tax is provided for on the revenue liable to corporation tax less deductible expenses. The tax effect of different items of revenue or expenses is allocated between revenue and capital using the marginal basis.

Deferred taxation is provided for on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, other than those differences regarded as permanent. Any liability to deferred taxation is provided for at the average rate of taxation expected to apply. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted to reflect the time value of money.

Distributions

The revenue available for distribution is the total revenue earned by the Fund, less deductible expenses and taxation charged to revenue.

The ordinary element of scrip dividends is treated as revenue and does not form part of the distribution.

For Accumulation units this revenue is not distributed but automatically reinvested in the Fund and is reflected in the value of these units.

Dilution adjustment

In certain circumstances the Manager may apply a dilution adjustment on subscriptions and redemptions of units. If applied, the dilution adjustment is paid to the Fund. See Prospectus for further details.

Valuation

All investments held by the Fund have been valued at market value at 18:00 on the last working day of the accounting period. Market value is defined by the Statement of Recommended Practice as fair value which generally is the bid value of each security and the offer value for short positions.

Dual priced authorised unit trusts have been valued at cancellation price.

Single priced authorised unit trusts have been valued at the dealing price.

Unquoted, illiquid and suspended investments are valued by the Manager at a best assessment of fair value.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities valued in foreign currencies have been translated into sterling at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Accounts

For the year ended 15 July 2022 (continued)

2 Net capital gains

The net capital gains during the year comprise:

	2022	2021
	£000's	£000's
Non-derivative securities	20,725	271,867
Forward foreign currency contracts	-	56
Foreign currency losses	(101)	(195)
Transaction costs	-	(7)
Net capital gains	20,624	271,721

3 Revenue

	2022	2021
	£000's	£000's
UK dividends	31,445	19,482
Overseas dividends	11,770	8,298
Franked distributions	271	182
Real estate income distributions	964	518
Scrip dividends	103	-
Bank interest	8	1
Annual management charge rebates	-	68
Administration charge rebates	-	9
Total revenue	44,561	28,558

4 Expenses

	2022	2021
	£000's	£000's
Payable to the Manager, associates of the Manager and agents of either of them:		
Annual management charge	-	3,572
Administration charge	-	740
Schroders Annual Charge ^{1,2}	9,611	3,839
	9,611	8,151
Payable to the Trustee, associates of the Trustee and agents of either of them:		
Trustee's fees	-	45
Safe custody fees	-	5
	-	50
Other expenses:		
Audit fee ²	-	7
Interest payable	-	1
	-	8
Total expenses	9,611	8,209

1 Fees such as the Annual Management Charge, Administration fee, Trustee fee and Audit fee were paid separately to 28 February 2021. From 1 March 2021 these fees were replaced with the Schroders Annual Charge.

2 Audit fees including VAT for the financial year ending 2022 were £9,673 (2021 – £9,673).

Notes to the Accounts

For the year ended 15 July 2022 (continued)

5 Taxation

Corporation tax has not been provided for as expenses payable by the Fund exceed the revenue liable to corporation tax.

(a) Analysis of the tax charge for the year

	2022	2021
	£000's	£000's
Overseas withholding tax	1,705	1,919
Total current tax (Note 5(b))	1,705	1,919

(b) Factors affecting the current tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is different from that calculated when the standard rate of corporation tax for authorised unit trusts of 20% (2021 – 20%) is applied to the net revenue before taxation. The differences are explained below.

	2022	2021
	£000's	£000's
Net revenue before taxation	34,950	20,349
Net revenue for the year before taxation multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax	6,990	4,070
Effects of:		
Revenue not subject to corporation tax	(8,718)	(5,593)
Movement in excess management expenses	1,728	1,523
Overseas withholding tax	1,705	1,919
Current tax charge for the year (Note 5(a))	1,705	1,919

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

At the balance sheet date, there is a potential deferred tax asset of £22,963,124 (2021 – £21,235,302) in respect of unutilised management expenses and loan relationship debits. It is unlikely the Fund will generate sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise this amount and therefore no deferred tax asset has been recognised in the year or prior year.

6 Distributions

The distributions take account of revenue received on the issue of units and revenue deducted on the cancellation of units, and comprise:

	2022	2021
	£000's	£000's
Final Dividend distribution	31,778	18,565
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of units	5,002	2,330
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of units	(3,637)	(2,460)
Distributions	33,143	18,435
Net revenue after taxation	33,245	18,430
Scrip dividends not distributed	(103)	–
Equalisation on conversions	1	5
Distributions	33,143	18,435

Details of the distributions per unit are set out in the Distribution Table on page 23.

Notes to the Accounts

For the year ended 15 July 2022 (continued)

7 Fair value hierarchy

Instruments held at the year end are presented in line with amendments to FRS 102 the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland Fair value hierarchy disclosures.

Basis of valuation	2022		2021	
	Assets £000's	Liabilities £000's	Assets £000's	Liabilities £000's
Level 1: Quoted prices	971,096	–	1,011,713	–
Level 2: Observable market data	–	–	22,964	–
Level 3: Unobservable data	–	–	–	–
Total	971,096	–	1,034,677	–

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted price in an active market for an identical instrument.

Level 2: Valuation techniques using observable inputs other than quoted prices within level 1.

Level 3: Valuation techniques using unobservable inputs.

Unobservable data

Unobservable data has been used only where relevant observable market data is not available. Where there was no reputable price source for an investment, the Manager has assessed information available from internal and external sources in order to arrive at an estimated fair value. The fair value is established by using measures of value such as the price of recent transactions, earnings multiple and net assets. The Manager of the Fund also makes judgements and estimates based on their knowledge of recent investment performance, historical experience and other assumptions that are considered reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and the assumptions used are under continuous review by the Manager with particular attention paid to the carrying value of the investments.

8 Debtors

	2022 £000's	2021 £000's
Amounts receivable for issue of units	26,386	252
Sales awaiting settlement	–	61
Accrued revenue	1,698	1,399
Overseas withholding tax recoverable	724	62
Income tax recoverable	102	64
Total debtors	28,910	1,838

9 Other creditors

	2022 £000's	2021 £000's
Amounts payable for cancellation of units	1,150	2,093
Purchases awaiting settlement	983	3,386
Accrued expenses	1,144	1,245
Total other creditors	3,277	6,724

10 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the balance sheet date (2021 – Nil).

11 Related party transactions

The Manager exercises control over the Fund and is therefore a related party by virtue of its controlling influence.

Amounts paid during the year or due to the Manager at the balance sheet date are disclosed under Expenses and Other creditors in the Notes to the Accounts. Annual management charge rebates received or receivable from the Manager of Nil (2021 – £67,681) are disclosed under Net capital gains and Revenue in the Notes to the Accounts.

Administration charge rebates received or receivable from the Manager of Nil (2021 – £8,912) are disclosed under Net capital gains and Revenue in the Notes to the Accounts.

The Manager acts as principal on all transactions of units in the Fund. The aggregate monies paid through the issue and cancellation of units are disclosed in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders and Distributions in the Notes to the Accounts. Amounts due from or to the Manager in respect of unit transactions at the balance sheet date are included under Debtors and Other creditors in the Notes to the Accounts.

Units held or managed by the Manager or associates of the Manager as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value at the balance sheet date were 1.53% (2021 – 1.54%).

Notes to the Accounts

For the year ended 15 July 2022 (continued)

Related party holdings are disclosed in the Portfolio Statement. The revenue earned from these investments of £271,041 (2021 – £181,871) is included under Revenue in the Notes to the Accounts.

12 Unit classes

At the reporting date the Fund had seven unit classes. The costs and expenses due to the Manager are referred to as the Schroders Annual Charge. Details of the charges applied to each unit class can be found in the prospectus.

The closing net asset value of each unit class, the closing net asset value per unit and the closing number of units in issue are given in the Comparative Table on pages 10 to 13.

The distributions per unit class are given in the Distribution Table on page 23.

All classes have the same rights on winding up.

13 Derivative and other financial instruments

The main risks arising from the Fund's financial instruments are market price, foreign currency, liquidity and interest rate risks. The Manager's policies for managing these risks are summarised below and have been applied throughout the year and the prior year.

Market price risk

The Fund's investment portfolio is exposed to market price fluctuations which are monitored by the Manager in pursuance of the investment objective and policy. Adherence to investment guidelines and to investment and borrowing powers set out in the Trust Deed, the Prospectus and in the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook mitigates the risk of excessive exposure to any particular type of security or issuer.

Foreign currency risk

Where a portion of the net assets of the Fund are denominated in currencies other than sterling the balance sheet and total return can be affected by currency movements. Therefore the Manager may decide that a proportion of the investments that are not priced in sterling, may be covered by forward currency contracts, so that the Fund's exposure to currency risk is reduced.

Revenue received in other currencies is translated to sterling on or near the date of receipt. The Fund does not hedge or otherwise seek to avoid currency movement risk on accrued revenue.

Currency risk profile

The currency risk profile of the Fund's net assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date was as follows:

	2022	2021
Currency	£000's	£000's
Euro	35,516	44,998
South African rand	8,651	18,054
Sterling	916,517	1,014,479
US dollar	43,725	23,115

Liquidity risk

The primary source of this risk to the Fund is the liability to unitholders for any cancellation of units. This risk is minimised by holding cash, readily realisable securities and access to overdraft facilities up to the amount prescribed by the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook.

Interest rate risk

At the year end date 1.52% (2021 – 6.81%) of the net assets of the Fund were interest bearing and as such the interest rate risk is not considered significant.

Floating rate financial assets and financial liabilities

Sterling denominated bank balances bear interest at rates based on the Sterling Overnight Index Average Rate. Foreign currency bank balances bear interest at rates based on the Sterling Overnight Index Average Rate or its international equivalent.

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

There is no material difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the balance sheet, and their fair value.

Derivatives

During the year the Fund entered into derivative contracts for the efficient management of the Fund.

Global risk exposure

Commitment approach

When using derivatives, the Manager uses a risk management process that enables it to monitor the risk of a Fund's derivative positions. The global risk exposure of a Fund is calculated daily either by means of the commitment approach or the Value-at-Risk (VaR) approach.

Under the commitment approach, the global risk exposure is defined as the underlying market value of derivatives, after netting and hedging as permitted by the regulation, not exceeding the Net Asset Value of a Fund. This is typically used on Funds where derivative usage is low or Funds which limit their derivatives commitment to 100% or less of their Net Asset Value.

The global risk exposure of the Fund is calculated using the commitment approach. During the year ended 15 July 2022 the global risk exposure of the Fund did not exceed 100% of its Net Asset Value. The lowest, highest, average and actual level of leverage for the Fund as at the balance sheet date was as follows:

Notes to the Accounts

For the year ended 15 July 2022 (continued)

Leverage

2022				2021			
Lowest	Highest	Average	Leverage 15 July	Lowest	Highest	Average	Leverage 15 July
0.00%	0.35%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	1.78%	0.06%	0.00%

14 Direct transaction costs

In the case of shares, broker commissions and transfer taxes/stamp duty are paid by the Fund on each transaction. In addition, there is a dealing spread between buying and selling prices of the underlying investments. Unlike shares, other types of investments (such as bonds, money market instruments, derivatives) have no separately identifiable transaction costs; these costs form part of the dealing spread. Dealing spreads vary considerably depending on the transaction value and market sentiment.

2022	Principal £000's	Commissions £000's	Taxes £000's	Total cost £000's	Commissions % of principal	Taxes % of principal
Purchases						
Purchases ¹ :						
Equities	310,637	115	1,244	311,996	0.04	0.40
Corporate actions purchases:						
Equities	4,046	–	–	4,046	–	–
	314,683	115	1,244	316,042		

Sales						
Equities	400,766	(150)	–	400,616	(0.04)	–
Total cost of the Fund's average net asset value (%)		0.03	0.11			

1 Excluding corporate actions.

2021	Principal £000's	Commissions £000's	Taxes £000's	Total cost £000's	Commissions % of principal	Taxes % of principal
Purchases						
Purchases ¹ :						
Equities	437,017	178	1,857	439,052	0.04	0.42
Corporate actions purchases:						
Equities	6,741	–	–	6,741	–	–
	443,758	178	1,857	445,793		

Sales						
Equities	388,852	(180)	(2)	388,670	(0.05)	–
Funds	33,044	–	–	33,044	–	–
	421,896	(180)	(2)	421,714		

Total cost of the Fund's average net asset value (%)

0.04 **0.20**

1 Excluding corporate actions.

Average portfolio dealing spread

As at the balance sheet date the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.09% (2021 – 0.07%).

This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

Notes to the Accounts

For the year ended 15 July 2022 (continued)

15 Units in issue reconciliation

	Number of units in issue 15.7.21	Number of units issued	Number of units cancelled	Number of units converted	Number of units in issue 15.7.22
A Accumulation units	136,667	15,845	(34,588)	(934)	116,990
A Income units	14,232	4,208	(5,689)	(313)	12,438
L Accumulation units	388,028,707	147,416,207	(137,659,241)	1,587,722	399,373,395
L Income units	261,004,800	57,333,347	(52,055,506)	294,464	266,577,105
S Income units	6,977,188	149,000	(2,007,891)	742,532	5,860,829
Z Accumulation units	453,647,813	46,909,841	(153,478,448)	(1,275,919)	345,803,287
Z Income units	74,123,032	6,311,225	(18,170,440)	(28,924)	62,234,893

16 Non-adjusting post balance sheet events

As a result of market movements and foreign exchange rates, since the balance sheet date on 15 July 2022, the price of each unit class has changed as follows:

	Dealing price 26.9.22	Dealing price 15.7.22	% change
A Accumulation units	22,540.00p	23,210.00p	(2.89)
A Income units	11,760.00p	12,390.00p	(5.08)
L Accumulation units	76.29p	78.41p	(2.70)
L Income units	60.64p	64.35p	(5.77)
S Income units	54.65p	58.14p	(6.00)
Z Accumulation units	120.40p	123.80p	(2.75)
Z Income units	91.66p	97.22p	(5.72)

Distribution Table

Final distribution for the year ended 15 July 2022

Group 1 Units purchased prior to 16 July 2021

Group 2 Units purchased on or after 16 July 2021

	Net revenue 2022 per unit	Equalisation 2022 per unit	Distribution payable 15.9.22 per unit	Distribution paid 15.9.21 per unit
A Accumulation units				
Group 1	549.3378p	–	549.3378p	230.6918p
Group 2	293.6304p	255.7074p	549.3378p	230.6918p
A Income units				
Group 1	293.1684p	–	293.1684p	124.2512p
Group 2	154.8484p	138.3200p	293.1684p	124.2512p
L Accumulation units				
Group 1	2.5244p	–	2.5244p	1.3086p
Group 2	1.0592p	1.4652p	2.5244p	1.3086p
L Income units				
Group 1	2.0718p	–	2.0718p	1.0943p
Group 2	0.9286p	1.1432p	2.0718p	1.0943p
S Income units				
Group 1	2.0403p	–	2.0403p	1.1291p
Group 2	0.1108p	1.9295p	2.0403p	1.1291p
Z Accumulation units				
Group 1	3.8953p	–	3.8953p	1.9926p
Group 2	2.1393p	1.7560p	3.8953p	1.9926p
Z Income units				
Group 1	3.0594p	–	3.0594p	1.5920p
Group 2	1.5702p	1.4892p	3.0594p	1.5920p

Equalisation

Equalisation applies to units purchased during the distribution period (Group 2 units). It is the average amount of revenue included in the purchase price of Group 2 units and is refunded to the holders of these units as a return of capital.

Being capital it is not liable to income tax but must be deducted from the cost of units for capital gains tax purposes.

Remuneration

UCITS remuneration disclosures for Schroder Unit Trusts Limited ('SUTL') for the year to 31 December 2021

These disclosures form part of the non-audited section of this annual report and accounts and should be read in conjunction with the Schroders plc Remuneration Report on pages 77 to 99 of the 2021 Annual Report & Accounts (available on the Group's website – <https://www.schroders.com/en/investor-relations/results-and-reports/annual-report-and-accounts-2021/>), which provides more information on the activities of our Remuneration Committee and our remuneration principles and policies.

The UCITS Material Risk Takers ('UCITS MRTs') of SUTL are individuals whose roles within the Schroders Group can materially affect the risk of SUTL or any UCITS fund that it manages. These roles are identified in line with the requirements of the UCITS Directive and guidance issued by the European Securities and Markets Authority.

The Remuneration Committee of Schroders plc has established a remuneration policy to ensure the requirements of the UCITS Directive are met for all UCITS MRTs. The Remuneration Committee and the Board of Schroders plc review remuneration strategy at least annually. The directors of SUTL are responsible for the adoption of the remuneration policy, for reviewing its general principles at least annually, for overseeing its implementation and for ensuring compliance with relevant local legislation and regulation. During 2021 the Remuneration Policy was reviewed to ensure compliance with the UCITS/AIFMD remuneration requirements and no significant changes were made.

The implementation of the remuneration policy is, at least annually, subject to independent internal review for compliance with the policies and procedures for remuneration adopted by the Board of SUTL and the Remuneration Committee. The most recent review found no fundamental issues but resulted in a range of more minor recommendations, principally improvements to process and policy documentation.

The total spend on remuneration is determined by reference to a total compensation ratio, measuring total remuneration expense against net income. This ensures that the interests of employees are aligned with Schroders financial performance. In determining the remuneration spend each year, the underlying strength and sustainability of the business is taken into account, along with reports on risk, legal, compliance and internal audit matters from the heads of those areas.

The remuneration data that follows reflects amounts paid in respect of performance during 2021.

- The total amount of remuneration paid by SUTL to its staff was nil as SUTL has no employees. SUTL has two independent Non Executive Directors who receive fees in respect of their role on the Board of SUTL¹. Employees of other Schroders Group entities who serve as Directors of SUTL receive no additional fees in respect of their role on the Board of SUTL.
- The following disclosures relate to UCITS MRTs of SUTL. Most of those UCITS MRTs were employed by and provided services to other Schroders group companies and clients. In the interests of transparency, the aggregate remuneration figures that follow reflect the full remuneration for each SUTL UCITS MRT. The aggregate total remuneration paid to the 151 UCITS MRTs of SUTL in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2021 is £136.04 million, of which £47.89 million was paid to senior management, and £88.15 million was paid to MRTs deemed to be taking risk on behalf of SUTL or the UCITS funds that it manages and Control Function MRTs.

For additional qualitative information on remuneration policies and practices see www.schroders.com/rem-disclosures.

¹ The fees are not disclosed due to confidentiality and data protection considerations. The amount is not material to SUTL.

General Information

Manager

Schroder Unit Trusts Limited
1 London Wall Place
London EC2Y 5AU
Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Investment Adviser

Schroder Investment Management Limited
1 London Wall Place
London EC2Y 5AU
Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Trustee

J.P. Morgan Europe Limited
Chaseside
Bournemouth BH7 7DA
Authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated
by the Financial Conduct Authority and Prudential Regulation Authority

Registrar

Schroder Unit Trusts Limited
1 London Wall Place
London EC2Y 5AU
Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority
The Manager is responsible for maintaining the register for each Fund. It has delegated certain registrar functions to HSBC Bank Plc, 8 Canada Square, London, E14 8HQ.

Administration Details

Schroders Investor Services
PO BOX 1402
Sunderland
SR43 4AF

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Atria One
144 Morrison Street
Edinburgh EH3 8EX

Authorisation

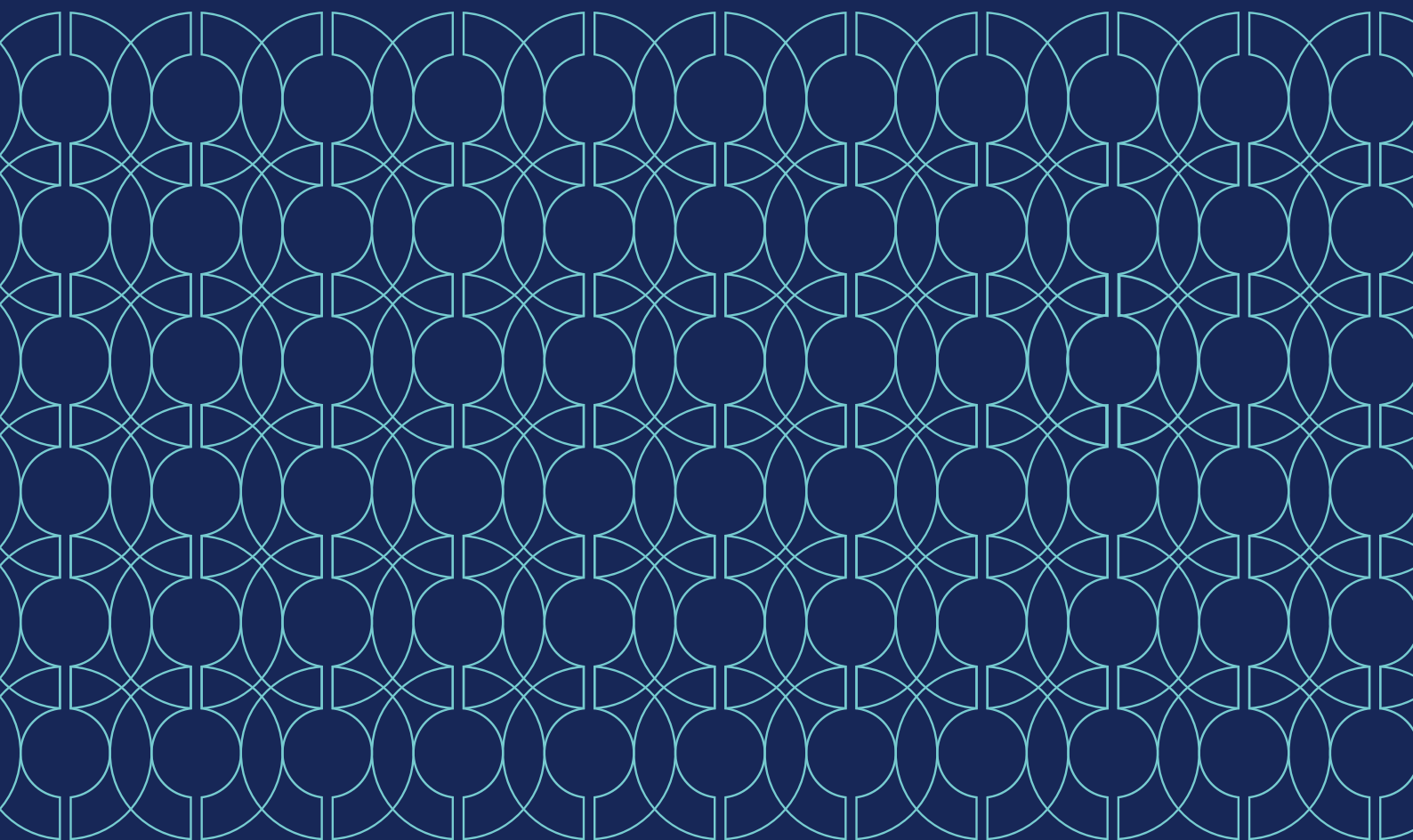
The Fund is an authorised unit trust and is constituted pursuant to the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook and is structured as a Trust. The Fund is a UCITS scheme for the purpose of the categorisation of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook.

Value Assessment

A statement on the Assessment of Value is published on the Global Fund Centre in the Fund Literature section at www.Schroders.com within 4 months of the annual 'reference date' 31 December.

Other information

The Prospectus, the Key Investor Information Document and details of investment charges and costs are available on request or can be downloaded from our website www.schroders.com.



EST. 1804

For further literature please contact Schroder Investor Services on 0800 182 2399 or schrodersinvestor@HSBC.com for Retail Clients, or 0345 030 7277 or schrodersinstitutional@HSBC.com for Institutional Clients, or visit our website at www.schroders.com.

Issued in September 2022 by Schroder Unit Trusts Limited, 1 London Wall Place, London EC2Y 5AU. Registered Number 4191730 England. Schroder Unit Trusts Limited is an authorised corporate director, authorised unit trust manager and an ISA plan manager, and is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. For your security, communications may be taped and monitored.