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MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

The Authorised Corporate Director ("ACD") and registered office of Premier Miton Investment Funds 3 ("the Company"):

PREMIER PORTFOLIO MANAGERS LIMITED

Eastgate Court, High Street, Guildford, Surrey, GU1 3DE

Premier Portfolio Managers Limited is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") and is a member of The Investment Association ("IA"). Premier Fund Managers Limited and Premier Portfolio Managers Limited are members of the 'Premier Miton Investors' Marketing group and subsidiaries of Premier Miton Group Plc.

DIRECTORS OF THE ACD:

Mike O'Shea Ian West Piers Harrison Rosamond Borer Gregor Craig Jonathan Willcocks* Sarah Walton (Non-Executive Director) Nick Emmins (Non-Executive Director)

* Appointed 1 October 2022

INVESTMENT ADVISER:

Premier Fund Managers Limited is the Investment Adviser to Premier Miton Investment Funds 3.

DEPOSITARY:

Northern Trust Investor Services Ltd 50 Bank Street, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5NT

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

AUDITOR:

KPMG LLP 15 Canada Square, London, E14 5GL

ADMINISTRATOR & REGISTRAR:

Northern Trust Global Services SE, UK Branch 50 Bank Street, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5NT

COMPANY INFORMATION

Premier Miton Investment Funds 3 is an Investment Company with Variable Capital under regulation 12 of the Open-Ended Investment Company Regulations and incorporated in England and Wales under registered number IC000912 and authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority with effect from 14 September 2011. Shareholders are not liable for the debts of the company. At the year end, the Company contained eight sub-funds: Premier Miton European Opportunities Fund, Premier Miton Global Infrastructure Income Fund, Premier Miton UK Multi Cap Income Fund, Premier Miton UK Smaller Companies Fund, Premier Miton UK Value Opportunities Fund, Premier Miton US Opportunities Fund, Premier Miton US Smaller Companies Fund, and Premier Miton European Sustainable Leaders Fund.

The Company is a UCITS scheme which complies with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook and is structured as an umbrella company so that different sub-funds may be established from time to time by the ACD with the approval of the FCA and the agreement of the Depositary.

STATEMENT OF AUTHORISED CORPORATE DIRECTOR'S AND DEPOSITARY'S RESPONSIBILITIES IN RELATION TO THE ACCOUNTS OF THE SCHEME

The Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook published by the FCA, ("the COLL Rules") require the Authorised Corporate Director ("ACD") to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting year, which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and of the net income/expense and the net gains/losses on the property of the Company for the year. In preparing the financial statements, the ACD is responsible for:

- selecting suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- following UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland;
- complying with the disclosure requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014;
- keeping proper accounting records which enable it to demonstrate that the financial statements as prepared comply with the above requirements;
- assessing the Company's and its sub-funds' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern;
- using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or its sub-funds or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so:
- such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The ACD is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

IMPORTANT NOTES

Value Assessment Report

It is our duty as Authorised Fund Manager ("AFM") to act in the best interests of our investors. As part of fulfilling this duty, we need to consider whether the charges taken from our funds are justified in the context of the overall service and value that we provide to our investors. The FCA have introduced new rules requiring the Boards of AFMs to consider robustly and in detail whether they are delivering value for money to their investors and to explain the assessment annually in a Value Statement made available to the public. The Value Assessment Report is available on the Premier Miton website www.premiermiton.com and can be found within the Literature section of the website under Funds, select any of the sub funds of the Premier Miton Investment Funds 3, Regulatory documents. The Value Assessment Report will be published before 30 April each year and will cover the period 1 January to 31 December for the previous year.

Russian Investment Update

Premier Miton's directly invested funds have a policy to exclude Russian Sovereign debt, corporate debt instruments and equities listed on a Russian exchange or issued by a company incorporated in Russia or Belarus. Outside of our directly invested funds, including in our range of multi-manager funds which invest in Collective Investment Schemes, we have a policy to exclude Russian domiciled funds and to ensure that managers of external schemes intend to fully comply with sanctions issued against Russia and other relevant countries.

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

New Share Class

On 14 April 2023, the Premier Miton US Opportunities Fund 'F' Accumulation share class was launched.

On 31 August 2023, Premier Miton UK Value Opportunities Fund 'F' Accumulation share class was launched. The 'F' share class is only available to investors who enter into a written agreement with the Manager authorising them to purchase such shares. As ownership of the shares is restricted, the Manager may in its absolute discretion either reject or accept subscriptions for the 'F' class.

Change of Share Class Descriptions

On 31 August 2023, the terms 'retail' and 'institutional' were removed from the share class descriptions of the following sub-funds and share classes:

- Premier Miton UK Multi Cap Income Fund Classes A & B
- Premier Miton UK Smaller Companies Fund Classes A & B
- Premier Miton UK Value Opportunities Fund Classes A & B
- Premier Miton US Opportunities Fund Classes A & B

This change has no impact on your investment and has been made solely to improve the clarity of the share class type description, as the share classes are no longer restricted to particular investor types.

REPORT OF THE ACD TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The ACD, as sole director, presents its report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the year from 1 June 2022 to 31 May 2023.

The Company is a UCITS scheme which complies with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook. The shareholders are not liable for the debts of the Company.

The Investment Objectives and Policies of each sub-fund of the Company are covered in the section for each sub-fund. The sub-funds of an umbrella company should be invested as if they were a single company. The names and addresses of the ACD, the Depositary, the Registrar and the Auditor are detailed on page 3.

In the future there may be other sub-funds of the Company. As a sub-fund is not a legal entity, if the assets attributable to any sub-fund were insufficient to meet the liabilities attributable to it, the shortfall might have to be met out of the assets attributable to one or more other sub-funds of the Company.

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE TO THE AUDITOR

So far as the ACD is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's Auditor is unaware. Additionally, the ACD has taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as ACD in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditor is aware of that information.

SUB-FUND CROSS HOLDINGS

At the year end, none of the shares in the sub-funds were held by any other sub-funds or the Company.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

In accordance with the Regulations, we hereby certify the report on behalf of the Directors of Premier Portfolio Managers Limited.

Gregor Craig Director (of the ACD)

22 September 2023

Ian West Director (of the ACD)

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

REMUNERATION DISCLOSURES (unaudited)

The provisions of the Undertaking in Collective Investments Schemes Directive ("UCITS V") took effect on 18 March 2016. That legislation requires the Authorised Corporate Director (ACD) to establish and maintain remuneration policies for its staff which are consistent with and promote sound and effective risk management.

The ACD is part of a larger group of companies within which remuneration policies are the responsibility of a Remuneration Committee comprised entirely of non-executive directors. That committee has established a remuneration policy which sets out a framework for determining the level of fixed and variable remuneration of staff, including maintaining an appropriate balance between the two.

Arrangements for variable remuneration within the group are calculated primarily by reference to the performance of each individual and the profitability of the relevant business unit. The policies are designed to reward long-term performance and long-term profitability.

Within the group, all staff are employed by the parent company with none employed directly by the UCITs scheme. The costs of a number of individuals are allocated between the entities within the group based on the expected amount of time devoted to each.

The total remuneration of those individuals who are fully or partly involved in the activities of the UCITs scheme, including those whose time is allocated between group entities, for the financial year ending 30 September 2022, is analysed below:

Fixed Remuneration £4,265,246 Variable Remuneration £1,840,851

Total £6,106,097

13 of the staff members included in the total remuneration figures above are considered to be senior management or others whose actions may have a material impact on the risk profile of the funds. The table below provides an

Aggregate remuneration of:

alternative analysis of the remuneration data.

FTF Number of staff:

Senior management £83,970
Staff whose actions may have a material impact on the funds
Other £1,767,151
£4,254,976
Total £6,106,097

The staff members included in the above analysis support all the UCITs funds managed by the ACD. It is not considered feasible or useful to attempt to apportion these figures to individual funds.

The management has reviewed the general principles of the Remuneration Policy and its application in the last year which has resulted in no material changes to the Policy.

REPORT OF THE DEPOSITARY TO THE SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE YEAR FROM 1 JUNE 2022 TO 31 MAY 2023 FOR PREMIER MITON EUROPEAN OPPORTUNITIES FUND, PREMIER MITON GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME FUND, PREMIER MITON UK MULTI CAP INCOME FUND, PREMIER MITON UK SMALLER COMPANIES FUND, PREMIER MITON UK VALUE OPPORTUNITIES FUND, PREMIER MITON US OPPORTUNITIES FUND, PREMIER MITON US SMALLER COMPANIES FUND, AND PREMIER MITON EUROPEAN SUSTAINABLE LEADERS FUND AS SUB-FUNDS OF PREMIER MITON INVESTMENT FUNDS 3 ('THE COMPANY')

The Depositary must ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook, and, from 22 July 2014 the Investment Funds Sourcebook, the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/1228), as amended, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, (together "the Regulations"), the Company's Instrument of Incorporation and Prospectus (together "the Scheme documents") as detailed below.

The Depositary must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Company and its investors.

The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Company in accordance with the Regulations.

The Depositary must ensure that:

- the Company's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Company is booked into the cash accounts in accordance with the Regulations;
- the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of shares are carried out in accordance with the Regulations;
- the value of shares of the Company are calculated in accordance with the Regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Company's assets is remitted to the Company within the usual time limits;
- the Company's income is applied in accordance with the Regulations; and
- the instructions of the Authorised Fund Manager ("the AFM"), which is the UCITS Management Company, are carried out (unless they conflict with the Regulations).

The Depositary also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Company is managed in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Company.

Having carried out such procedures as we consider necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Depositary of the Company, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that in all material respects the Company, acting through the AFM:

- (i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation
 of the price of the Company's shares and the application of the Company's
 income in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents of
 the Company; and
- (ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Company.

Northern Trust Investor Services Ltd Trustee & Depositary Services 22 September 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PREMIER MITON INVESTMENT FUNDS 3 ('THE COMPANY')

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 May 2023 which comprise the Statements of Total Return, the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders, the Balance Sheets, the Related Notes and Distribution Tables for each of the Company's sub-funds listed on page 3 and the accounting policies set out on pages 8 to 10.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, of the financial position of each of the subfunds as at 31 May 2023 and of the net revenue/loss and the net capital gains/losses on the property of each of the sub-funds for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Instrument of Incorporation, the Statement of Recommended Practice relating to UK Authorised Funds, and the COLL Rules.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard.

We have received all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit and we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The Authorised Corporate Director has prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the company or its sub-funds or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the company's and its sub-funds' financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the Authorised Corporate Director's conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's and its sub-funds' business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's and its subfunds' financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the Authorised Corporate Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the Authorised Corporate Director's assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's and its sub-funds' ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Company or its sub-funds will continue in operation.

Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations - ability to detect

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors as to the Company's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- Assessing the segregation of duties in place between the ACD, the Depositary, the Administrator and the investment manager/adviser;
- Reading ACD board minutes.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit. As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because the revenue is principally non-judgemental and based on publicly available information, with limited opportunity for manipulation. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We evaluated the design and implementation of the controls over journal entries and other adjustments and made inquiries of the Administrator about inappropriate or unusual activity relating to the processing of journal entries and other adjustments. We identified and selected a sample of journal entries made at the end of the reporting period and tested those substantively including all material post-closing entries. Based on the results of our risk assessment procedures and understanding of the process, including the segregation of duties between the ACD and the Administrator, no further high-risk journal entries or other adjustments were identified.

Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the ACD and the Administrator (as required by auditing standards) and discussed with the Directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related authorised fund legislation maintained by the Financial Conduct Authority) and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: money laundering, data protection and bribery and corruption legislation recognising the Company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the Directors and the Administrator and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

Other information

The Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for the other information presented in the Annual Report together with the financial statements. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the other information;
- in our opinion the information given in the Authorised Corporate Director's Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where under the COLL Rules we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- proper accounting records for the Company have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records.

Authorised Corporate Director's responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 3, the Authorised Corporate Director is responsible for: the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company and its sub-funds' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or its sub-funds or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with the rule 4.5.12 of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook ('the COLL Rules') issued by the Financial Conduct Authority under the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulation 2001. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in the auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and Company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Alison Allen for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor Chartered Accountants 15 Canada Square London, E14 5GL

25 September 2023

AGGREGATED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Trusts issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of investments, in compliance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investments Schemes Sourcebook.

They have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 (The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland "FRS 102"), and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) for Financial Statements of Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 ('the 2014 SORP') and amended in June 2017.

These Financial Statements are prepared on a going concern basis. The ACD has made an assessment of the sub-funds' ability to continue as a going concern, and is satisfied they have the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future and is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on this assessment. This assessment covers the period of at least twelve months from the date of issue of these Financial Statements and considers liquidity, declines in global capital markets, known redemption levels, expense projections and key service provider's operational resilience.

There have been no changes in the accounting policies as detailed in the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2023.

Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Fund is Sterling.

Revenue Recognition

Overseas revenue received after the deduction of withholding tax is shown gross of taxation, with the taxation consequences shown within the taxation charge.

Accumulation of revenue relating to accumulation units or shares held in collective investment schemes is recognised as revenue and included in the amount available for distribution. Equalisation received from distributions or accumulations on units or shares in collective investment schemes is treated as capital and deducted from the cost of the investments.

The gains and losses arising on investments in structured plans are allocated between revenue and capital according to the nature of the structured plan. This is depending on the extent to which the return is capital or revenue based.

Holders of zero dividend preference shares are preferentially entitled to a return from the capital reserves of an investment company and accordingly returns on zero dividend preference schemes are included within net capital gains/losses.

Bank interest and other revenue are recognised on an accruals basis.

In the case of debt securities, the total revenue arising includes the amortisation of any premium or discount at the time of purchase spread over the life of the security, using the effective interest rate method.

Management fee rebates are accounted for on an accruals basis and are subsequently attributed to the Fund's revenue or capital consistent with the fee structure of the underlying fund.

Stock Dividends

The ordinary element of stocks received in lieu of cash dividends is recognised as revenue of the sub-fund. Any enhancement above the cash dividend is treated as capital.

Special Dividends

Special dividends are recognised as either revenue or capital depending upon the nature and circumstances of the dividend. In some instances, special dividends might be treated as capital rather than income when taking the fund's objectives into consideration.

Expenses

For accounting purposes, all expenses (other than those relating to the purchase and sale of investments) are charged against revenue for the year on an accruals basis except for Premier Miton Global Infrastructure Income Fund and Premier Miton UK Multi Cap Income Fund which are charged against capital.

Allocation of expenses where there is more than one share class will be based on the ratio of each share class of the sub-fund.

Distributions

Amounts distributable are calculated after excluding expenses borne by capital as agreed by the ACD and Depositary.

The ACD and Depositary have agreed that 100% of the sub-fund's expenses are borne by revenue, with the exception of the Premier Miton Global Infrastructure Income Fund and Premier Miton UK Multi Cap Income Fund, whereby 100% of their expenses are borne by capital.

Interest on debt securities can be made available for distribution on a coupon basis or on effective yield basis. The highest income of the two methods is included for distribution.

Valuations

All investments are valued at their fair value at close of business, except for Premier Miton Global Infrastructure Income Fund, Premier Miton UK Multi Cap Income Fund, Premier Miton UK Smaller Companies Fund and Premier Miton European Sustainable Leaders Fund which are valued at their fair value available at noon, on 31 May 2023 being the last business day of the financial year. The fair value of equity and non-equity shares is bid price, excluding any accrued income.

The fair value of dual priced collective investment schemes managed by the ACD is their cancellation price and the fair value of dual priced collective investment schemes which are managed by other management groups is their bid price. The fair value of all single priced collective investment schemes is their single price.

Structured plans are valued at the latest price from the product provider.

Delisted and unquoted investments are shown at the ACD's best estimate of such investments.

Derivative instruments such as futures and options are valued at the price required to close out the contract.

Foreign Currencies

Assets and liabilities in currencies other than sterling are translated into sterling at the exchange rates prevailing at 12 noon on the last working day of the accounting period. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Where forward positions in currencies are held, these are translated at the appropriate forward rate. Any resulting exchange differences in these forward positions are disclosed in 'Net capital gains/losses' on investments in the Statement of Total Return.

AGGREGATED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

Taxation

Corporation tax has been provided for at a rate of 20%. Deferred tax is provided in respect of timing differences that have originated but not been reversed at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that they are more likely than not to be recoverable.

Withholding tax on overseas dividends is accounted for when the security is quoted ex dividend.

Dilution Adjustment

In certain circumstances the ACD may "swing" the NAV of a sub-fund to attempt to mitigate the potentially dilutive effects of dealing on the NAV on any Dealing Day on which there are net subscriptions or redemptions in the relevant sub-fund. In such cases, investors should be aware that the application of a Dilution Adjustment may not always prevent the dilution of the NAV through transaction and other dealing costs and the adjustments made to the NAV may also benefit certain investors relative to the Shareholders in the sub-fund as a whole. In the event that a Dilution Adjustment is not made, this may have the effect of constraining capital growth.

Efficient Portfolio Management

Where appropriate, certain permitted transactions such as derivatives or forward foreign currency transactions are used for efficient portfolio management.

Where such transactions are used to protect or enhance revenue, and the circumstances support this, the revenue and expenses derived there from are included in 'Revenue' or 'Expenses' in the Statement of Total Return. Where such transactions are used to protect or enhance capital, and the circumstances support this, the gains and losses derived therefrom are included in 'Net capital gains/losses' in the Statement of Total Return. Any positions on such transactions open at the year end are reflected in the subfund's Portfolio of Investments at their fair value.

Futures and options are used to hedge the market risk associated with other holdings or for investment purposes as permitted by the sub-fund's investment objective policy. The investment adviser determines the treatment of the premium received depending on market conditions and expected performance of the underlying securities at the time the options were written.

3. RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORKS

The ACD has a documented risk management framework which details the processes and procedures used to identify, measure, manage and monitor appropriately all risks to which the sub-funds are or may be exposed. The risks covered by the framework include market risk, liquidity risk, credit/counterparty risk, operational risk and any other risks that might be material to the sub-funds. The first three risks are primarily focused on the investment itself while operational risk refers to the risk of loss arising from inadequate or failed processes, people or systems including attempted fraud. The risk framework details:

- the techniques, tools and arrangements including systems and processes used;
- the content and frequency of reports; and
- the allocation of responsibilities between key staff and departments.

The main risk management system used by the ACD is fully integrated with the position keeping system for the sub-funds and is used to measure and monitor market risk, credit / counterparty risk and liquidity risk. A separate system is maintained to track instances of operational risk and to monitor amendments to controls made seeking to ensure that operational risk errors do not re-occur. An additional external risk system is used to provide further risk information on any sub-funds employing derivative securities widely.

The ACD has a formal structure of oversight committees who review the risk profile, including market, credit, operational and liquidity risks, of each Fund and the Fund's compliance with its published objectives on a regular basis. As part of its governance processes, the ACD reviews the performance of the risk management framework and its associated arrangements, processes, systems and techniques on an annual basis, and the compliance of the sub-funds with the risk management framework. The risk management framework is updated by the ACD following any significant change in the business or in risk exposures and at least annually. It is also reviewed by the Depositary.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from fluctuations in the market value of investments held by the sub-funds attributable to changes in market variables, such as equity prices, foreign exchange rates, interest rates or the credit worthiness of an issuer. The Funds Risk Committee monitors the levels of market risk to which the sub-funds are exposed in relation to the sub-fund investment objective and policy. A series of hard (strictly enforced) and soft (warning) limits are employed to ensure the sub-funds stay within their published mandates. The risk systems provide a range of risk analytical tools, including sensitivities to relevant market risks, Value at Risk and stress testing, and incorporate the impact of changes to positions in real time. In addition to risk analytics, the risk system has an integrated risk limit and regulatory compliance function which performs checks on potential trades prior to the sub-fund executing them and on the sub-fund exposures on a daily basis. Market risk can be augmented by the use of leverage.

Leverage

Leverage is measured using gross leverage and global exposure (the commitment approach). The commitment approach is suitable for funds investing in traditional asset classes such as equities, fixed income, money market securities and collective investment schemes. It can also be used for funds using derivatives in a simple manner and investing in instruments with embedded derivatives where no additional leverage is created. The commitment approach measures the incremental exposure of each derivative calculated by converting it into the market value of an equivalent position in the underlying asset of that derivative or forward transaction. The ACD may in some instances, and always following the guidelines set by the regulator, take account of legally enforceable netting and hedging arrangements when calculating global exposure where these arrangements do not disregard any obvious or material risks.

The sub-funds use the commitment method to calculate global exposure.

Value at Risk

The Value at Risk (VaR) approach is a methodology for estimating potential loss due to market risk based on historic market volatilities and correlations.

AGGREGATED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORKS continued

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the possibility that the Fund will not be able to sell its assets without incurring losses within the timeframe required to meet investor redemptions. The asset liquidity profile of each Fund is monitored on a regular basis and compared to both historical investor redemption patterns and potential redemption scenarios, with the aim of ensuring that the Fund will be able to meet any actual redemptions in a timely manner. The liquidity risk management process includes an assessment of the market turnover, percentage of an issue held by the Fund, credit rating of the issuer and/or the buy-sell spread of the market in the securities held where the information is available and is applicable. Liquidity profile stress tests under both normal and exceptional conditions are conducted on a regular basis. If market liquidity is perceived to be decreasing, the ACD might seek to take any of the following actions to improve the liquidity profile of a Fund: maintain higher cash balances; maintain a greater proportion of assets in securities which are traditionally more liquid; diversify the range of issue types and sizes held; hold shorter dated securities; or hold issues with a more diverse shareholder base.

As of the date of this report, none of the sub-funds hold any assets that are subject to special arrangements arising from their illiquid nature.

Credit Risk

Credit risk comprises both credit issuer risk and counterparty risk. Credit issuer risk is the potential for loss arising from the issuer of a security failing to pay interest and principal in a timely manner. Counterparty risk is the potential for loss arising from the failure of a trading counterparty to honour an obligation to the fund. The funds manage credit issuer risk as a component of market risk.

Counterparty Risk

Counterparty risk arises primarily with the financial brokers through whom the sub-fund buys and sells securities. The sub-funds may only transact with brokers from an approved broker list maintained by the ACD. All brokers on the ACD approved list are subject to regular credit and general business checks. The sub-funds may also be exposed to counterparty risks arising from the use of forward currency instruments, usually transacted to decrease exposure to foreign currency. These risks are monitored daily and are subject to limits, in practice they are for small amounts typically less than 0.1% of the fund assets

FUND INFORMATION

The Comparative Tables on pages 11 to 13 give the performance of each active share class in the sub-fund.

The 'Return after charges' disclosed in the Comparative Tables is calculated as the return after operating charges per share divided by the opening net asset value per share. It differs from the sub-fund's performance disclosed in the ACD's report which is calculated based on the latest published price.

Portfolio transaction costs are incurred when investments are bought or sold by a fund in order to achieve the investment objective. These transaction costs affect an investor in different ways depending on whether they are joining, leaving or continuing with their investment in the sub-fund.

Direct transaction costs include broker commission and taxes. Broker commission includes the fee to a broker to execute the trades and research costs.

In addition, there are indirect portfolio transaction costs arising from the 'dealing spread' – the difference between the buying and selling prices of underlying investments in the portfolio. Unlike shares whereby broker commissions and stamp duty are paid by the sub-fund on each transaction, other types of investments (such as collective investment schemes, bonds, money instruments, derivatives) do not have separately identifiable transaction costs; these costs form part of the dealing spread. Dealing spreads vary considerably depending on the transaction value and money market sentiment.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class A Accumulation Shares

	2023	2022	2021
	(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	share)	share)	share)
•			
Opening net asset value per share	153.81	178.53	134.91
Return before			
operating charges*	3.22	(21.87)	46.09
Operating charges	(2.34)	(2.85)	(2.47)
Return after operating			
charges*	0.88	(24.72)	43.62
Closing net asset value			
per share	154.69	153.81	178.53
* after direct transaction			
costs of**:	0.07	0.08	0.11
Performance			
Return after charges	0.57%	(13.85)%	32.33%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	1,943	3,306	6,602
Closing number of shares	1,256,387	2,149,583	3,698,196
Operating charges†	1.57%	1.57%	1.56%
Direct transaction costs	0.05%	0.05%	0.07%
Prices			
Highest share price	167.50	205.20	181.34
Lowest share price	128.00	143.70	132.01

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023

Class B Income Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021^ (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	are		
Opening net asset value per share	103.00	119.23	100.00
Return before operating charges*	1.98	(14.78)	20.21
Operating charges	(0.82)	(0.98)	(0.91)
Return after operating charges*	1.16	(15.76)	19.30
Distributions on income shares	(0.13)	(0.47)	(0.07)
Closing net asset value per share	104.03	103.00	119.23
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.05	0.06	0.08
Performance			
Return after charges	1.13%	(13.22)%	19.30%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000) Closing number of shares Operating charges† Direct transaction costs	28,773 27,658,308 0.82% 0.05%	30,073 29,196,445 0.82% 0.05%	21,749 18,240,799 0.81% 0.07%
Prices			
Highest share price Lowest share price	112.60 85.88	137.60 96.65	121.08 96.66

- ^ From 13 August 2020 to 31 May 2021 as the share class was launched on 13 August 2020.
- Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- [†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Class B Accumulation Shares

	2023	2022	2021
	(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
	share)	share)	share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	ire		
Opening net asset			
value per share	267.55	308.07	231.03
Return before			
operating charges*	5.55	(37.96)	79.27
Operating charges	(2.13)	(2.56)	(2.23)
Return after operating			
charges*	3.42	(40.52)	77.04
Distributions	(0.20)	(1.07)	(0.05)
Distributions on accumulation			
shares	0.20	1.07	0.05
Closing net asset value			
per share	270.97	267.55	308.07
* after direct transaction			
costs of**:	0.13	0.15	0.19
Performance			
Return after charges	1.28%	(13.15)%	33.35%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	861,363	1,373,698	1,721,840
Closing number of shares	•	513,427,087	
Operating charges†	0.82%	0.82%	0.81%
Direct transaction costs	0.05%	0.05%	0.07%
Prices			
Highest share price	292.70	355.50	312.71
Lowest share price	223.10	249.90	226.14

- Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023

Class B EUR Accumulation Shares

	2023 (cents per share)	2022 (cents per share)	2021^ (cents per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	ire		
Opening net asset value per share	110.21	125.45	100.00
Return before operating charges*	0.25	(14.19)	26.41
Operating charges	(0.86)	(1.05)	(0.96)
Return after operating charges*	(0.61)	(15.24)	25.45
Distributions	(0.10)	(0.45)	(0.08)
Distributions on accumulation shares	0.10	0.45	0.08
Closing net asset value per share	109.60	110.21	125.45
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.05	0.06	0.08
Performance			
Return after charges	(0.55)%	(12.15)%	25.45%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (€'000) Closing number of shares Operating charges† Direct transaction costs	2,598 2,370,082 0.82% 0.05%	3,261 2,959,165 0.82% 0.05%	3,519 2,804,725 0.81% 0.07%
Prices			
Highest share price Lowest share price	115.20 89.51	145.90 102.30	1.10 0.87

- ^ From 13 August 2020 to 31 May 2021 as the share class was launched on 13 August 2020.
- ** Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- [†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Class F Accumulation Shares

	2023 (pence per	2022 (pence per	2021 (pence per
	share)	share)	share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	are		
Opening net asset value per share	271.93	312.43	233.73
Return before operating charges*	5.35	(38.70)	80.25
Operating charges	(1.51)	(1.80)	(1.55)
Return after operating charges*	3.84	(40.50)	78.70
Distributions	(1.05)	(1.95)	(0.70)
Distributions on accumulation shares	1.05	1.95	0.70
Closing net asset value per share	275.77	271.93	312.43
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.13	0.15	0.19
Performance			
Return after charges	1.41%	(12.96)%	33.67%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	603,838	690,806	852,247
Closing number of shares	218,965,794	254,034,012	272,781,894
Operating charges†	0.57%	0.57%	0.56%
Direct transaction costs	0.05%	0.05%	0.07%
Prices			
Highest share price	297.80	360.90	317.06
Lowest share price	226.90	254.00	228.81

- ** Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

SYNTHETIC RISK AND REWARD INDICATOR (SRRI)



The sub-fund is ranked as 6 because it has experienced relatively high rises and falls in value over the past five years. Please note that even the lowest ranking does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator demonstrates where the sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the sub-fund.

LEVERAGE

The sub-fund may use derivatives for the purposes of efficient portfolio management as part of its investment strategy which generates some leverage within the sub-fund. The sub-fund may use currency forward transactions to reduce the risk of adverse movements in the exchange rate in which it holds investments to its base currency. The sub-fund may experience a small amount of leverage when using the permitted 10% of net asset value short-term borrowing facility used in the course of the routine settlement of positions. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'commitment leverage' methodology has therefore been set at 20%. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'gross leverage' methodology has been set at 100%.

Leverage as at 31 May 2023 (unaudited)

Comm	itment Leverage	Gross Leverage	
Actual	Max. Limit	Actual	Max. Limit
0%	20%	0%	100%

During the financial year, the sub-fund has not employed any financial engineering structures, such as repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending or borrowing, or cash borrowings and re-investment which can be used to create leverage. Nor does the sub-fund post or receive margin or collateral. The sub-fund has not granted any guarantees in relation to leveraging arrangements or any rights to reuse collateral.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICY

The investment objective of the Premier Miton European Opportunities Fund is to provide total returns, comprised of income and capital growth, over the long-term, being five years or more.

Five years is also the minimum recommended period for holding shares in this sub-fund. This does not mean that the sub-fund will achieve the objective over this, or any other, specific time period and there is a risk of loss to the original capital invested.

The sub-fund aims to achieve its objective by investing in an actively managed portfolio with a minimum of 80% of its assets in shares in companies listed in Europe, excluding the UK.

The sub-fund may invest in large, medium and smaller sized companies across all industry sectors. It is expected that there will typically be a bias towards medium sized companies which the sub-fund considers to be of a market capitalisation (size) between £2 billion and £15 billion. The exposure to different sized companies may change over time according to economic and stock market conditions.

Up to 20% of the sub-fund's assets may be in other investments which may include listed company shares in other geographical regions such as the UK and the USA, government and corporate (company) bonds, convertible bonds (bonds that can convert into company shares), collective investment schemes and cash and cash-like investments.

The sub-fund may invest in derivatives and forward transactions (these are contracts whose value is based on the change in price of an underlying investment) for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, including hedging (hedging is designed to offset the risk of another investment falling in price).

INVESTMENT REVIEW

PERFORMANCE

Over the period, the Premier Miton European Opportunities Fund's (Class B Accumulation shares) total return was 0.74%, which was behind the IA Europe ex UK sector return of 7.54% and the FTSE World Europe ex UK Index return of 8.52%.

Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to facilitate comparison between sub-funds with broadly similar characteristics. The sub-fund is classified in the IA Europe ex UK Sector, which we believe is a meaningful comparator to help investors assess the performance of the sub-fund. The FTSE World Europe ex UK Index is also used as a comparator which may assist investors in evaluating the sub-fund's performance against equity returns.

MARKET REVIEW

In the previous 12 months, the equity (company shares) market had a strong year in terms of performance but with some sharp up and down movements along the way. On the negative side, investors are trying to account for the impact of increasing interest rates on consumers and businesses.

On the positive side, the fears of runaway inflation are subsiding as food and energy prices may have peaked. The main unknown currently is how long wage inflation and labour market shortfalls will endure, which in turn is causing businesses to increase their prices for goods and services. The Chinese economy post COVID-19 lockdown re-opening appears weak with problems in housing and is very exposed to weak global manufacturing demand. The US remains the most vigorous large economy and the Ukraine war remains a wild card.

PORTFOLIO ACTIVITY

We run a consistent strategy which relies on a long-term (5 years +) focus on high quality companies with growth opportunities, and we do not normally substantially change our positioning from one period to the next in response to short-term economic trends.

We added 7 companies to the portfolio and sold 11 companies in the period in line with our normal position turnover. We added Amadeus IT (airline IT), AutoStore (Automation technologies of warehouses), Bachem (Outsourced Peptide manufacturer) which was a strong performer over the 12 months, Carl Zeiss Meditec (Optometry equipment), PolyPeptide (Outsourced Peptide manufacturer), Technogym SpA (Gym equipment) and Vestas Wind Systems (Wind turbine manufacturer).

SalMar was sold following the Norwegian government implementing a surprise resource tax on the offshore Salmon industry, it also performed poorly during the period. We also sold CTS Eventim, UMG, Porsche, Nexi, Eurofins Scientific, Koninklijke Philips, Sartorius Stediem Biotech, EcoOnline, SimCorp and Temenos.

OUTLOOK

The outlook for the European economy is relatively poor at the moment. However, this may be factored into current equity valuations and therefore may present a good opportunity to invest in company shares. We must remember that around half of revenue of the European stock market is derived from outside Europe, so European company shares are not just about investing in Europe itself.

Our approach remains unchanged: we continue to focus on the medium to long-term. We look for strong businesses that are expanding globally from a European base, which have potential to grow sales and increase profit margins. We maintain our philosophy which is to focus on long-term fundamentals and look for the few true long-term growth companies. We continue to have a bias away from the very largest companies and around two thirds of the sub-fund is in medium sized companies those with a market valuation between £2bn and £20bn. We look for businesses whose best days are those ahead, not behind them in our view.

Source: Premier Portfolio Managers Limited, June 2023. The information provided and opinions expressed are those of the investment manager and can change. This information should not be interpreted as investment advice.

Performance source: FE Analytics. Based on UK sterling, Class B Accumulation shares, on a total return basis, to May 2023. Performance is shown net of fees with income reinvested. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Reference to any particular investment does not constitute a recommendation to buy or sell the investment.

Please note that other share classes are available which may have higher or lower charges which will impact the returns of the sub-fund. Fund factsheets are published on our website for each available share class.

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The top ten purchases and sales during the year were as follows:

Purchases	Costs £'000	Sales	Proceeds £'000
Bachem	57,345	Porsche Non-Voting	
PolyPeptide	43,038	Preference Shares	46,354
LVMH Moet Hennessy	,	ASML	45,659
Louis Vuitton	36,380	CTS Eventim	41,931
ASML	33,900	Sartorius Stedim Biotech	40,060
Porsche AG Non-Voting		Temenos	39,433
Preference Shares	32,527	EcoOnline	38,205
Vestas Wind Systems	32,033	Porsche AG Non-Voting	, , , , ,
Amadeus IT	30,539	Preference Shares	37,859
BE Semiconductor		LVMH Moet Hennessy	
Industries	26,371	Louis Vuitton	36,469
Carl Zeiss Meditec	24,536	Brunello Cucinelli	35,996
AutoStore	21,605	FinecoBank	35,009
Total purchases during the year were	504,988	Total sales during the year were	1,107,903

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	Belgium 4.43% (3.64%)		
2,194,576	Azelis	42,712	2.85
1,823,799	Ion Beam Applications	23,622	1.58
		66,334	4.43
	Denmark 3.87% (3.62%)		
293,752	Ringkjoebing Landbobank	31,555	2.11
1,147,297	Vestas Wind Systems	26,378	1.76
		57,933	3.87
	France 10.42% (14.29%)		
333,924	Airbus	35,321	2.36
273,111	Esker	33,841	2.26
141,962	Remy Cointreau	17,615	1.17
613,145	Soitec	69,303 156,080	4.63 10.42
		150,060	10.42
222.057	Germany 7.91% (10.58%)	40.004	4.00
220,067	Carl Zeiss Meditec	19,924	1.33
218,091	Hypoport	27,702	1.85
800,397 808,645	Qiagen Scout24	29,172 41,685	1.95 2.78
000,043	3000124	118,483	7.91
	Iceland 1.73% (1.73%)		
10,016,510	Marel	25,947	1.73
		25,947	1.73
	Ireland 1.73% (3.11%)		
483,455	Kingspan	25,915	1.73
		25,915	1.73
	Italy 13.60% (12.07%)		
1,731,890	Amplifon	48,273	3.22
726,139	Brunello Cucinelli	50,474	3.37
283,880	Ferrari	65,325	4.36
3,631,361	FinecoBank	38,897	2.59
118,596	Technogym SpA	203,839	0.06 13.60
	Notherlands 10 40% (0 10%)	•	
7 017 176	Netherlands 10.40% (9.10%) Allfunds	42 120	2.88
7,847,476 88,966	ASML	43,130 51,562	3.44
393,580	BE Semiconductor Industries	34,970	2.33
487,975	Euronext	26,166	1.75
		155,828	10.40
	Norway 10.71% (11.75%)		
7,901,895	Adevinta	44,087	2.94
15,477,232	AutoStore	26,011	1.74
9,450,180	Kahoot!	18,469	1.23
1,265,939	Kongsberg Gruppen	40,440	2.70
1,381,898	Schibsted	20,861 10,575	1.39 0.71
9,119,012	Volue		

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	Spain 1.86% (0.00%)		
483,255	Amadeus IT	27,916	1.86
•		27,916	1.86
	Sweden 10.62% (11.76%)		
930,475	Avanza Bank	15,414	1.03
5,042,053	BioGaia	38,435	2.57
7,395,673	Cint	5,429	0.36
5,914,972	Fortnox	30,606	2.04
3,128,893	Nibe Industrier	23,956	1.60
2,622,973	Sweco	23,826	1.59
1,019,581	Xvivo Perfusion	21,472	1.43
		159,138	10.62
	Switzerland 22.22% (15.62%)		
736,714	Bachem	62,560	4.18
67,100	Belimo	24,687	1.65
19,526	Interroll	51,078	3.41
21,777	LEM	39,557	2.64
1,772,519	PolyPeptide	37,000	2.47
167,487	Sika	36,940	2.47
523,305	VZ	35,141	2.34
217,643	Ypsomed	45,914	3.06
		332,877	22.22
	United Kingdom 0.00% (2.34%)		
	Total Value of Investments	1,490,733	99.50
	Net Other Assets	7,427	0.50
	Total Net Assets	1,498,160	100.00

Figures in brackets represent sector distribution at 31 May 2022.

Securities are admitted to an official stock exchange listing or traded on another regulated market unless otherwise stated.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the year ended 31 May 2023

	Notes	£'000	31/05/23 £'000	£'000	31/05/22 £'000
Income					
Net capital losses Revenue	4 5	18,785	(60)	36,392	(377,870)
Expenses Interest payable and	6	(12,508)		(20,254)	
similar charges	-	(75)	-	(144)	
Net revenue before taxation Taxation	7	6,202 (3,127)		15,994 (5,111)	
Net revenue after taxation			3,075	_	10,883
Total return/(loss) before distributions			3,015	((366,987)
Distributions	8		(3,095)	_	(10,911)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities			(80)	<u> </u>	<u>(377,898)</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 May 2023

		3	31/05/23		31/05/22
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholde	ers	2,	,100,654	2	2,605,463
Amounts receivable on issue of shares		243,078	g	973,486	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(848,420)	(1	,110,881)	
		(605,342)	((137,395)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholde from investment activities	rs		(80)	((377,898)
Retained distributions on accumulation shares	8		2,928		10,484
Closing net assets attributable to shareholde	ers		,498,160	2	2,100,654

BALAN	CE S	SHEE	Т

As at 31 May 2023			
	Notes	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
ASSETS			
Fixed assets:			
Investments		1,490,733	2,092,505
Current assets:			
Debtors	9	8,480	17,756
Cash and bank balances	10	10,029	27,974
Total assets		1,509,242	2,138,235
LIABILITIES			
Creditors:			
Bank overdrafts	11	(2,091)	-
Distribution payable	_	(2-)	()
on income shares	8	(37)	(137)
Other creditors	12	(8,954)	(37,444)
Total liabilities		(11,082)	(37,581)
Net assets attributable to			
shareholders		1,498,160	2,100,654

The notes on pages 18 to 22 are an integral part of these financial statements. On behalf of Premier Portfolio Managers Limited.

Gregor Craig Director (of the ACD) 22 September 2023 Ian West Director (of the ACD)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting, distribution and risk management policies for Notes 1 to 3 are provided in the Aggregated Notes to the Financial Statements section on pages 8 to 10.

4. NET CAPITAL LOSSES

5. REVENUE		
Net capital losses	(60)	(377,870)
CSDR Penalty Reimbursement	4	_
CSDR Penalty	(1)	_
Transaction charges	(18)	(19)
Other currency losses	(961)	(1,003)
Forward currency contracts	(913)	(350)
Non-derivative securities	1,829	(376,498)
	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Bank interest	7	3
Franked UK dividends	614	2,014
Overseas dividends	18,164	34,375
	18,785	36,392

	18,785	36,392
6. EXPENSES		
	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic charge	11,335	18,283
	11,335	18,283
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either of them:		
Depositary's fees	167	280
Safe custody fees	169	424
	336	704
Other expenses:		
Auditor's remuneration	5	1
Derivative charges	1	_
Electronic messaging fees	131	160
KIID fees	_	(1)
Printing fees	(13)	60
Registration fees	308	531
Research fees	405	516
	837	1,267
Total expenses	12,508	20,254

Irrecoverable VAT is included in the above expenses where relevant.

7. TAXATION

(a)	The	tax	charge	comprises:
-----	-----	-----	--------	------------

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Current tax:		
Overseas withholding tax	3,127	5,111
Total current tax (note 7 (b))	3,127	5,111
Deferred tax (note 7 (c))	_	_
Total taxation	3,127	5,111

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year:

The tax charge for the year differs from the special 20% rate of corporation tax applicable to Open-Ended Investment Companies (OEICs). The differences are explained below:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Net revenue before taxation	6,202	15,994
	6,202	15,994
Return on ordinary activities multiplied by the special rate of corporation tax of 20% (2022: 20%)	1,240	3,199
Effects of:		
Excess non trade loan deficit not utilised	13	28
Expenses not utilised in the year	2,502	4,050
Franked UK dividends and distributions not subject to taxation	(123)	(402)
Non-taxable overseas dividends	(3,632)	(6,875)
Overseas withholding tax	3,127	5,111
Total tax charge (note 7 (a))	3,127	5,111
(c) Deferred tax		
Provision at the start of the year	_	_
Deferred tax charge in the year	_	
Provision at the end of the year	_	_

Authorised OEICs are exempt from tax on capital gains made within the sub-fund.

Factors that may affect the future tax charge:

The sub-fund has not recognised a deferred tax asset of £11,839,994 (2022: £9,324,760) arising as a result of having unutilised management expenses. It is unlikely that the sub-fund will obtain relief for these in the future so no deferred tax asset has been recognised.

8. DISTRIBUTIONS

The distributions take into account revenue received on the issue of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares, and comprise:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Interim accumulation	_	810
Final distribution	37	137
Final accumulation	2,928	9,674
	2,965	10,621
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	179	640
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of shares	(49)	(350)
Net distributions for the year	3,095	10,911
Interest payable and similar charges	75	144
	3,170	11,055

The difference between the net revenue after taxation and the amounts

Distributions	3,095	10,911
Revenue carried forward		(1)
Revenue brought forward	1	1
Deficit transferred to capital	17	28
Equalisation uplift on share conversions	2	_
Net revenue after taxation	3,075	10,883
distributed comprises.		

9. DEBTORS

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Accrued revenue	111	2,121
Amounts receivable for issue of shares	2,187	3,263
Currency deals awaiting settlement	_	12
Overseas tax recoverable	2,111	1,666
Sales awaiting settlement	4,071	10,694
	8,480	17,756

10. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Sterling	7,698	8,423
Overseas balances	2,331	19,551
	10,029	27,974
11. BANK OVERDRAFTS		

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Sterling	2,091	_
	2,091	_

12. OTHER CREDITORS

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Accrued expenses	1,234	1,814
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	6,842	33,044
Currency deals awaiting settlement	2	_
Purchases awaiting settlement	876	2,586
	8,954	37,444

13. RELATED PARTIES

The ACD is regarded as a related party to the sub-fund because it provides key management personnel services to the sub-fund. The Ultimate controlling party of the ACD is Premier Miton Group Plc. Subsidiaries of Premier Miton Group Plc along with any Directors and persons closely associated to the Directors of either Premier Miton Group Plc or its subsidiaries are also considered related parties to the sub-fund.

Premier Portfolio Managers Limited acts as the principal on all the transactions of the shares of the sub-fund. The aggregate monies received by the ACD through the issue of shares and paid on cancellation of shares are disclosed in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders on page 17. Fees received by the Manager from the sub-fund including any rebates paid by the Manager to the sub-fund are shown within notes 4, 5 and 6. Any equalisation amounts that relate to creations and cancellation of shares are shown within note 8. Any outstanding fees or amounts outstanding on creations and cancellation of shares in the sub-fund, or any rebates receivable by the sub-fund from the Manager are shown within notes 9 and 12.

At the year end, related parties held 0.00% (2022: 0.00%) of sub-fund's shares in issue.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (2022: £nil).

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In pursuing the sub-fund's investment objective, the main risks arising from the sub-fund's financial instruments are market price, currency, interest rate, liquidity, credit and counterparty risk.

Market Price Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

At 31 May 2023, if the price of the investments held by the sub-fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £74,536,655 (2022: £104,625,262).

Currency Risk

The revenue and capital value of the sub-fund's investments can be significantly affected by foreign currency translation movements as the subfund's assets and revenue may be denominated in currencies other than Sterling, which is the sub-fund's base currency.

There are three main areas of currency risk. These are, movement in exchange rates affecting the value of investments, short-term timing differences such as exposure to exchange rate movements during the period between when an investment purchase or sale is entered into and the date when settlement occurs, and movements in exchange rates affecting revenue received by the sub-fund.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

Currency Risk continued

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2023

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
Danish kroner	57,933	408	58,341	3.89
Euro	780,341	3,289	783,630	52.31
Norwegian krone	160,443	724	161,167	10.76
Swedish krone	159,139	206	159,345	10.64
Swiss franc	332,877	3,120	335,997	22.43
	1,490,733	7,747	1,498,480	100.03
Sterling	_	(320)	(320)	(0.03)
Total	1,490,733	7,427	1,498,160	100.00

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2022

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
Danish kroner	75,915	373	76,288	3.63
Euro	1,194,534	20,844	1,215,378	57.86
Norwegian krone	247,042	_	247,042	11.76
Swedish krone	247,008	_	247,008	11.76
Swiss franc	328,006	_	328,006	15.61
	2,092,505	21,217	2,113,722	100.62
Sterling	_	(13,068)	(13,068)	(0.62)
Total	2,092,505	8,149	2,100,654	100.00

At 31 May 2023, if the value of Sterling increased or decreased by 1% against all currencies, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £14,984,796 (2022: £21,137,228).

Interest Rate Risk

The sub-fund does not have any direct interest rate risk as the majority of financial assets are in equities, which do not pay interest (2022: £nil).

The only interest-bearing financial assets of the sub-fund are bank balances, on which interest is calculated at a variable rate by reference to sterling bank deposit rates or the international equivalent.

Liquidity Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Credit Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Counterparty Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

There is no material difference between the carrying values and the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of the sub-fund disclosed in the balance sheet where applicable.

Valuation technique as at 31 May 2023	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 Total £'000 £'000
Assets			
Equities	1,490,733	_	- 1,490,733
	1,490,733	_	- 1,490,733
Valuation technique as at 31 May 2022	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 Total £'000 £'000
Assets			
Equities	2,092,505	_	- 2,092,505
	2,092,505	_	- 2,092,505

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e., developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e., for which market data is unavailable for the asset or liability).

Derivatives and Forward Transactions

The sub-fund does not, at the date of this report, hold any derivatives or forward transactions that could materially impact the value of the sub-fund.

The Investment Adviser may use derivative instruments to hedge the investment portfolio against risk.

16. SHARE CLASSES

Shares Converted

Closing Shares

The sub-fund currently has five types of shares. The AMC on each share class is as follows:

Class A Accumulation Shares	1.50%
Class B Income & Accumulation Shares	0.75%
Class B EUR Accumulation Shares	0.75%
Class F Accumulation Shares	0.50%

The following table shows the shares in issue during the year:

The following table shows the shares in	issue during the year.	
Class A Shares		Accumulation
Opening Shares		2,149,583
Shares Created		258,028
Shares Liquidated		(1,151,224)
Shares Converted		_
Closing Shares		1,256,387
Class B Shares	Income	Accumulation
Opening Shares	29,196,445	513,427,087
Shares Created	8,268,641	55,973,997
Shares Liquidated	(10,483,090)	(246,056,682)
Shares Converted	676,312	(5,463,937)
Closing Shares	27,658,308	317,880,465
Class B EUR Shares		Accumulation
Opening Shares		2,959,165
Shares Created		270,754
Shares Liquidated		(859,837)
Shares Converted		_
Closing Shares		2,370,082
Class F Shares		Accumulation
Opening Shares		254,034,012
Shares Created		34,993,474
Shares Liquidated		(75,180,244)

The net asset value, the net asset value per share and the number of shares in issue are given in the Fund Information on pages 11 to 13. All share classes have the same rights on winding up. The taxation and income are apportioned equally based on the weighted proportion of each share class.

The distribution per share class is given in the distribution tables on page 23.

17. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS

The following tables show portfolio transactions and their associated transaction costs. For more information about the nature of these costs please refer to the additional portfolio transaction cost information on page 11.

page 11.		
	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Purchases¹ in year before transaction costs	504,546	1,050,684
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	181	382
Taxes:		
Equities total value paid	261	446
Total purchase costs	442	828
Gross purchases total	504,988	1,051,512
Gross purchases total	504,988	1,051,512
Gross purchases total Analysis of total sale costs:	504,988	1,051,512
•	504,988 1,108,318	
Analysis of total sale costs:	•	
Analysis of total sale costs: Gross sales¹ before transaction costs	•	
Analysis of total sale costs: Gross sales¹ before transaction costs Commissions:	1,108,318	1,176,615
Analysis of total sale costs: Gross sales¹ before transaction costs Commissions: Equities total value paid	1,108,318	1,176,615
Analysis of total sale costs: Gross sales¹ before transaction costs Commissions: Equities total value paid Taxes:	1,108,318	1,176,615

¹ Excluding corporate actions

5,118,552

218,965,794

17. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS continued

17. FORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS CONUNCEU		
	31/05/23 %	31/05/22 %
	%	%
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Commissions:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.01	0.01
Equities percentage of purchases	0.04	0.04
Taxes:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.02	0.02
Equities percentage of purchases	0.05	0.04
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Commissions:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.02	0.02
Equities percentage of sales	0.04	0.04
Taxes:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	_	_
Equities percentage of sales	_	_
Analysis of total costs percentage of average NAV:		
Commissions	0.03	0.03
Taxes	0.02	0.02

As at the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.32% (2022: 0.35%) based on close of business prices. This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

18. POST BALANCE SHEET DATE MARKET MOVEMENT

As at 12 September 2023, the net asset value of the sub-fund has decreased by 15.71% compared to that at 31 May 2023. This is due to a net outflow from the sub-fund of 11.60% and a net decrease of 4.11% due to unfavourable market conditions and any distribution of income on the relevant share classes. These accounts were approved on 22 September 2023.

Class Name	NAV per share 31/05/2023	NAV per share 12/09/2023	Movement
Class A Accumulation Shares	155.61	148.47	(4.59)%
Class B Income Shares	104.79	100.06	(4.51)%
Class B Accumulation Shares	272.59	260.61	(4.39)%
Class B EUR Accumulation			
Shares	95.20	90.99	(4.42)%
Class F Accumulation Shares	277.41	265.47	(4.30)%

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

For the period from 1 June 2022 to 30 November 2022

Interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Accumulation Shares

			Amount A	ccumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	
Group 2		_	_	

Class B Income Shares

			Di	stribution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class B Accumulation Shares

			Amount	Accumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	=	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class B EUR Accumulation Shares^

			Amount A	ccumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class F Accumulation Shares

			Amount A	ccumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	
Group 2	_	_	_	_

For the period from 1 December 2022 to 31 May 2023

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Accumulation Shares

				Amount Accumulate	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23*	28/07/22*	
Group 1	_	_	_	_	
Group 2	-	_	_	_	

Class B Income Shares

			Distr	ibution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	0.1349	_	0.1349	0.4699
Group 2	0.1259	0.0090	0.1349	0.4699

Class B Accumulation Shares

				Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22	
Group 1	0.1972	_	0.1972	1.0695	
Group 2	0.1849	0.0123	0.1972	1.0695	

Class B EUR Accumulation Shares^

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	0.0963	_	0.0963	0.4458
Group 2	0.0963	_	0.0963	0.4458

Class F Accumulation Shares

			Amount	Accumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	1.0500	_	1.0500	1.6422
Group 2	0.9473	0.1027	1.0500	1.6422

^{*} Expenses exceeded revenue during the period, as a result no distributions were paid.

[^] Non-base currency share classes are presented in cents.

FUND INFORMATION

The Comparative Tables on pages 24 to 26 give the performance of each active share class in the sub-fund.

The 'Return after charges' disclosed in the Comparative Tables is calculated as the return after operating charges per share divided by the opening net asset value per share. It differs from the sub-fund's performance disclosed in the ACD's report which is calculated based on the latest published price.

Portfolio transaction costs are incurred when investments are bought or sold by a fund in order to achieve the investment objective. These transaction costs affect an investor in different ways depending on whether they are joining, leaving or continuing with their investment in the sub-fund.

Direct transaction costs include broker commission and taxes. Broker commission includes the fee to a broker to execute the trades and research costs.

In addition, there are indirect portfolio transaction costs arising from the 'dealing spread' – the difference between the buying and selling prices of underlying investments in the portfolio. Unlike shares whereby broker commissions and stamp duty are paid by the sub-fund on each transaction, other types of investments (such as collective investment schemes, bonds, money instruments, derivatives) do not have separately identifiable transaction costs; these costs form part of the dealing spread. Dealing spreads vary considerably depending on the transaction value and money market sentiment.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class B Income Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	ire	·	
Opening net asset value per share	120.24	105.96	101.37
Return before operating charges*	(13.57)	19.33	9.68
Operating charges	(1.13)	(1.13)	(1.04)
Return after operating charges*	(14.70)	18.20	8.64
Distributions on income shares	(4.34)	(3.92)	(4.05)
Closing net asset value per share	101.20	120.24	105.96
* after direct transaction costs of **:	0.08	0.12	0.04
Performance			
Return after charges	(12.23)%	17.18%	8.52%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000) Closing number of shares Operating charges† Direct transaction costs	38,585 38,125,907 1.00% 0.07%	47,640 39,621,390 1.00% 0.11%	9,251 8,731,269 1.00% 0.04%
Prices			
Highest share price Lowest share price	126.90 102.50	122.70 106.00	111.06 98.19

- ** Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- [†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023

Class B Accumulation Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	are		
Opening net asset value per share	148.09	126.02	115.92
Return before operating charges*	(16.94)	23.43	11.31
Operating charges	(1.40)	(1.36)	(1.21)
Return after operating charges*	(18.34)	22.07	10.10
Distributions	(5.43)	(4.72)	(4.70)
Distributions on accumulation shares	5.43	4.72	4.70
Closing net asset value per share	129.75	148.09	126.02
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.10	0.15	0.05
Performance			
Return after charges	(12.38)%	17.51%	8.71%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000) Closing number of shares	45,322 34,930,066	47,152 31,839,654	19,469 15,449,058
Operating charges† Direct transaction costs	1.00% 0.07%	1.00% 0.11%	1.00% 0.04%
Prices	0.07/0	0.11/0	0.0470
	456.20	440.40	120.45
Highest share price Lowest share price	156.30 129.40	149.40 126.10	129.15 112.79
Lowest stidle blice	125.40	120.10	112.79

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

Class F Income Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	are		
Opening net asset value per share	121.48	106.80	102.01
Return before operating charges*	(13.71)	19.53	9.81
Operating charges	(0.86)	(0.89)	(0.94)
Return after operating charges*	(14.57)	18.64	8.87
Distributions on income shares	(4.39)	(3.96)	(4.08)
Closing net asset value per share	102.52	121.48	106.80
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.09	0.12	0.04
Performance			
Return after charges	(11.99)%	17.45%	8.70%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	11,039	20,063	15,852
Closing number of shares	10,767,516	16,514,763	14,843,016
Operating charges†	0.75%	0.79%	0.90%
Direct transaction costs	0.07%	0.11%	0.04%
Prices			
Highest share price	128.30	124.00	111.86
Lowest share price	103.80	106.90	98.84

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023

Class F Accumulation Shares

	2023	2022	2021
	(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
	share)	share)	share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	are		
Opening net asset			
value per share	149.52	127.01	116.66
Return before			
operating charges*	(17.18)	23.58	11.44
Operating charges	(1.07)	(1.07)	(1.09)
Return after operating			
charges*	(18.25)	22.51	10.35
Distributions	(5.47)	(4.77)	(4.74)
Distributions on accumulation			
shares	5.47	4.77	4.74
Closing net asset value			
per share	131.27	149.52	127.01
* after direct transaction			
costs of**:	0.11	0.15	0.05
Performance			
Return after charges	(12.21)%	17.72%	8.87%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	7,645	9,106	7,791
Closing number of shares	5,823,712	6,090,282	6,133,998
Operating charges†	0.75%	0.79%	0.90%
Direct transaction costs	0.07%	0.11%	0.04%
Prices			
Highest share price	157.90	150.80	130.08
Lowest share price	130.90	127.10	113.51

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

SYNTHETIC RISK AND REWARD INDICATOR (SRRI)



The sub-fund is ranked as 6 because it has experienced relatively high rises and falls in value over the past five years. Please note that even the lowest ranking does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator demonstrates where the sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the sub-fund.

LEVERAGE

The sub-fund may invest in derivatives and forward transactions for investment purposes as well as for the purposes of efficient portfolio management as part of its investment strategy which generates some leverage within the sub-fund. In addition, the sub-fund may experience a small amount of leverage when using the permitted 10% of net asset value short-term borrowing facility used in the course of the routine settlement of positions. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'commitment leverage' methodology has therefore been set at 20%. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'gross leverage' methodology has been set at 20%.

Leverage as at 31 May 2023 (unaudited)

Commitment Leverage		Gross Leverage	
Actual	Max. Limit	Actual	Max. Limit
0%	20%	0%	20%

During the financial year, the sub-fund has not employed any financial engineering structures, such as repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending or borrowing, or cash borrowings and re-investment which can be used to create leverage. Nor does the sub-fund post or receive margin or collateral. The sub-fund has not granted any guarantees in relation to leveraging arrangements or any rights to reuse collateral.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICY

The investment objective of the Premier Miton Global Infrastructure Income Fund is to provide an income together with capital growth over the long-term, being five years or more. Five years is also the minimum recommended period for holding shares in this sub-fund. This does not mean that the sub-fund will achieve the objective over this, or any other, specific time period and there is a risk of loss to the original capital invested.

The income will be paid four times a year by dividend distributions.

The sub-fund aims to achieve its objective by investing in an actively managed portfolio with a minimum of 80% of its assets in shares in companies that operate in the infrastructure industry globally.

The sub-fund considers the infrastructure industry to include companies involved in the movement and storage of goods, people, water and energy. These may include: regulated companies (those that are subject to controls applied by a government body) including utilities, oil pipelines and those involved in the transmission of power; transportation companies such as airports, marine ports, railroads, bridges and toll roads; communication companies including those that are involved in mobile and fixed line telecommunication networks; and/or companies operating social infrastructure assets including schools, car parks and hospitals.

The sub-fund will maintain a spread of investments across different geographical regions and infrastructure sectors.

Up to 20% of the sub-fund's assets may be in other investments which may include, government and corporate (company) bonds, convertible bonds (bonds that can convert into company shares), warrants, collective investment schemes and cash and cash-like investments.

The sub-fund may invest in derivatives and forward transactions (these are contracts whose value is based on the change in price of an underlying investment) for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, including hedging (hedging is designed to offset the risk of another investment falling in price).

INVESTMENT REVIEW

PERFORMANCE

The Premier Miton Global Infrastructure Income Fund (Class B Accumulation shares) returned -12.62% over the twelve months to 31 May 2023 this is compared to a return of -7.27% from the IA Infrastructure sector, the subfund's comparator benchmark.

Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to facilitate comparison between funds with broadly similar characteristics. The sub-fund is classified in the IA Infrastructure sector, which we believe is a meaningful comparator to help investors assess the performance of the sub-fund.

MARKET REVIEW

The decline in infrastructure company prices has largely been a consequence of higher interest rates and of the movement of money (flows) in the wider equity market — it's important to stress that it has not been due to any fundamental weakness in the underlying companies across the different infrastructure sectors. These flows have led to significant underperformance of the utilities and renewables companies in North America, where our subfund is overweight when compared to its peer group. It is very unusual for utilities to underperform the stock market to this extent — the last time it happened was in 1999, driven by the internet bubble.

It is particularly unusual that this period of underperformance of US utility and renewable energy companies has coincided with the introduction of the Inflation Recovery Act subsidies in the USA. These subsidies have been introduced to promote the energy transition, and they present huge opportunities for utility and renewables companies to invest with more attractive returns. All our recent conversations with industry experts and with company managements reinforce our view that this Act is a "game changer" for growth and returns in this sector.

PORTFOLIO ACTIVITY

As at 31 May 2023, the sub-fund held 48 stocks (47 at 31 May 2022). By sector, the sub-fund held 53% of its assets in regulated utilities and renewables (50% at 31 May 2022), 23% in telecommunications stocks (22% at 31 May 2022), 8% in energy infrastructure stocks (16% at 31 May 2022), and 14% in transport infrastructure (11% at 31 May 2022).

Turnover in the twelve months to May 2023 was slightly higher than the prior twelve-month period, with nine new stocks added to the portfolio and nine stocks fully divested. The new additions during the year to May 2023 were Canadian Pacific Kansas City and Canadian National Railway (both railroads), Hydro One, Elia, and CenterPoint Energy (electricity grid stocks), Constellation Energy and Capital Power (electricity generation), DT Midstream (natural gas pipelines), and Crown Castle (telecommunication towers). We sold out of our positions in Orsted, Northland Power, DTE Energy, NiSource, Engie, Enterprise Products, Vodafone, Vantage Towers and Norfolk Southern.

The Canadian-listed railroads Canadian Pacific Kansas City and Canadian National Railway both have extensive rail networks in North America and are well-positioned to benefit from the growing trend of on-shoring manufacturing and heavy industry in the USA. We have always been strong believers in investing in the energy transition and view the electricity grids as a core area for the sub-fund. Hydro One owns the bulk of the transmission and distribution grid in Ontario, Canada, Elia owns transmission grids in Belgium and Germany, and CenterPoint owns the grid assets in and around Houston in Texas. After the takeover of Vantage Towers in early 2023, we wanted to preserve our position in high-speed telecommunications infrastructure, so we added a holding in the US towers stock Crown Castle.

OUTLOOK

It is our belief that, once we see investors start to sell the large-cap technology stocks, share prices in the listed infrastructure sector will rebound (as they did after the last technology sector bubble, back in 1999). This belief is based on the fundamental performance of our companies, despite the negative share price movements we've seen over the last 12 months.

This confidence is also reinforced by the underlying growth in dividends we are receiving from the companies in the sub-fund, which has had a positive overall effect on the income which the sub-fund pays out to investors. Based on the dividends we receive from our portfolio stocks, our own dividend for the year to May 2023 is estimated to increase by 10.7% when compared to the previous year to May 2022. We see this as a strong signal that our companies are doing well and delivering on expectations.

Source: Premier Portfolio Managers Limited, June 2023. The information provided and opinions expressed are those of the investment manager and can change. This information should not be interpreted as investment advice.

Performance source: FE Analytics. Based on UK sterling, Class B Accumulation shares, on a total return basis, to 31 May 2023. Performance is shown net of fees with income reinvested. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Reference to any particular stock/investment does not constitute a recommendation to buy or sell the stock/investment.

Please note that other share classes are available which may have higher or lower charges which will impact the returns of the sub-fund. Fund factsheets are published on our website for each available share class.

The top ten purchases and sales during the year were as follows:

	Costs		Proceeds
Purchases	£'000	Sales	£'000
Enel	3,637	Enterprise Products	
Entergy	3,026	Partners	4,421
E.On	2,766	Vantage Towers	4,242
Clearway Energy	2,677	E.On	3,111
BT	2,599	Williams Cos	2,998
Elia	2,221	Vodafone	2,986
Canadian National	,	Entergy	2,862
Railway	2,153	Enel	2,756
Aena	2,066	Enbridge	2,744
Crown Castle	2,046	NextEra Energy Partners	2,451
Constellation Energy	2,009	Norfolk Southern	2,387
Total purchases during the year were	63,072	Total sales during the year were	64,619

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Fund %
	Australia 1.03% (1.20%)		
200,000	APA	1,052	1.03
	-	1,052	1.03
	Belgium 1.42% (0.00%)		
15,000	Elia	1,457	1.42
		1,457	1.42
	Canada 15.61% (15.49%)		
250,000	AltaGas	3,511	3.42
22,000	Canadian National Railway	2,023	1.97
28,000	Canadian Pacific Kansas City	1,738	1.69
35,000	Capital Power	937	0.91
160,000	Enbridge	4,587	4.47
70,000	Gibson Energy	890	0.87
40,000	Hydro One	907	0.88
80,000	Innergex Renewable Energy	647	0.63
25,000	TC Energy	790	0.77
		16,030	15.61
7 000 000	China 0.61% (0.53%)	C24	0.54
7,000,000	China Tower	621 621	0.61 0.61
		021	0.01
	Denmark 0.00% (0.86%)		
	France 4.40% (4.23%)		
330,000	Getlink	4,508	4.40
		4,508	4.40
	Germany 8.87% (8.61%)		
230,000	Deutsche Telekom	4,133	4.04
300,000	E.On	2,939	2.86
60,000	RWE -	2,025 9,097	1.97
		9,097	8.87
F30.CF0	Hong Kong 2.24% (3.26%)	2 200	2.24
528,650	Power Assets	2,300 2,300	2.24 2.24
		_,,	
45,500	Indonesia 0.99% (1.02%) Telekomunikasi Indonesia Persero	1,013	0.99
43,300	-	1,013	0.99
	Italy 6.94% (4.52%)		
425,000	Enel	2,181	2.13
250,000	Infrastrutture Wireless Italiane	2,556	2.49
520,000	RAI Way	2,380	2.43
320,000	-	7,117	6.94
	Japan 4.95% (4.89%)		
162 000	KDDI	4 O1E	2 01
162,000	SoftBank	4,015 1,072	3.91
125 000	JORDANK	5,087	1.04 4.95
125,000			
125,000	Moleveia 0 669/ (0 459/)	.,	
125,000 862,500	Malaysia 0.66% (0.45%) Digi.com	673	0.66

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Fund %
	Spain 3.09% (0.88%)		
25,000	Aena	3,173	3.09
		3,173	3.09
	United Kingdom 10.43% (12.52%)		
2,000,000	BT	2,948	2.87
240,000	Drax	1,340	1.31
1,800,000	National Express	1,913	1.86
200,000	National Grid	2,203	2.15
165,000	Pennon	1,274	1.24
55,000	SSE	1,031	1.00
		10,709	10.43
	United States 38.22% (40.94%)		
40,000	Alliant Energy	1,651	1.61
30,000	Ameren	1,944	1.89
18,000	American Tower	2,650	2.58
260,000	Atlantica Sustainable Infrastructure	5,125	5.01
80,000	CenterPoint Energy	1,823	1.78
145,000	Clearway Energy	3,433	3.35
23,000	Constellation Energy	1,557	1.52
17,000	Crown Castle	1,543	1.50
30,000	DT Midstream	1,105	1.08
20,000	Duke Energy	1,424	1.39
30,000	NextEra Energy	1,764	1.72
70,000	NextEra Energy Partners	3,368	3.28
25,000	Sempra Energy	2,907	2.83
9,000	Union Pacific	1,415	1.38
35,000	WEC Energy	2,448	2.39
50,000	Williams Cos	1,154	1.12
75,000	Xcel Energy	3,892	3.79
		39,203	38.22
	Total Value of Investments	102,040	99.46
	Net Other Assets	551	0.54
	Total Net Assets	102,591	100.00

Figures in brackets represent sector distribution at 31 May 2022.

Securities are admitted to an official stock exchange listing or traded on another regulated market unless otherwise stated. $\label{eq:control}$

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the year ended 31 May 2023

	Notes	£'000	31/05/23 £'000	£'000	31/05/22 £'000
Income					
Net capital (losses)/gains	4		(19,341)		13,397
Revenue	5	5,061		3,537	
Expenses	6	(1,111)		(850)	
Interest payable and similar charges	_	_		(1)	
Net revenue before taxation		3,950		2,686	
Taxation	7 _	(441)	-	(380)	
Net revenue after taxation		-	3,509	_	2,306
Total (loss)/return before					
distributions			(15,832)		15,703
Distributions	8		(4,583)	_	(3,143)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities		:	(20,415)	=	12,560

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 May 2023

			31/05/23		31/05/22
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders			123,961		52,363
Amounts receivable on issue of shares		45,405		36,207	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares		(48,549)		(13,362)	
Amounts receivable on in-specie transactions			-	34,734	
			(3,144)		57,579
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities			(20,415)		12,560
Retained distributions on accumulation shares	8		2,188		1,459
Unclaimed distributions		_	1		_
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		=	102,591	:	123,961

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As at 31 May 2023			
	Notes	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
ASSETS			
Fixed assets:			
Investments		102,040	123,217
Current assets:			
Debtors	9	1,415	1,435
Cash and bank balances	10	873	2,127
Total assets		104,328	126,779
LIABILITIES			
Creditors:			
Bank overdrafts	11	(554)	(2)
Distribution payable on income shares	8	(794)	(813)
Other creditors	12	(389)	(2,003)
Total liabilities		(1,737)	(2,818)
Net assets attributable to			
shareholders		102,591	123,961

The notes on pages 31 to 34 are an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of Premier Portfolio Managers Limited.

Gregor Craig Director (of the ACD) 22 September 2023 Ian West Director (of the ACD)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting, distribution and risk management policies for Notes 1 to 3 are provided in the Aggregated Notes to the Financial Statements section on pages 8 to 10.

4. NET CAPITAL (LOSSES)/GAINS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Non-derivative securities	(19,329)	13,439
Forward currency contracts	3	_
Other currency losses	(32)	(32)
Transaction charges	(8)	(10)
Capital management fee rebates	25	_
Net capital (losses)/gains	(19,341)	13,397
The same (see see), games	(==)==	
5. REVENUE		
	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Bank interest	45	-
Franked UK dividends	1,091	592
Overseas dividends	3,925	2,945
	5,061	3,537
6. EXPENSES		
	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic charge	824	594
Management fee rebates	_	14
	824	608
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either of them:		
Depositary's fees	14	11
Safe custody fees	13	8
	27	19
Other expenses:		
Auditor's remuneration	5	1
Calestone	31	19
Printing fees	20	10
Registration fees	93	113
Research fees	111	80
	260	223

Irrecoverable VAT is included in the above expenses where relevant.

Total expenses

7. TAXATION

(a) The tax charge comprises:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Current tax:		
Overseas withholding tax	441	380
Total current tax (note 7 (b))	441	380
Deferred tax (note 7 (c))		_
Total taxation	441	380

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year:

The tax charge for the year differs from the special 20% rate of corporation tax applicable to Open-Ended Investment Companies (OEICs). The differences are explained below:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Net revenue before taxation	3,950	2,686
	3,950	2,686
Return on ordinary activities multiplied by the special rate of corporation tax of 20% (2022: 20%)	790	537
Effects of:		
Double taxation relief	(5)	(2)
Expenses not utilised in the year	184	159
Franked UK dividends and distributions not subject to taxation	(218)	(118)
Non-taxable overseas dividends	(756)	(576)
Overseas withholding tax	441	380
Tax effect on capital management fee rebates	5	_
Total tax charge (note 7 (a))	441	380
(c) Deferred tax		
Provision at the start of the year	_	_
Deferred tax charge in the year	_	
Provision at the end of the year	_	

Authorised OEICs are exempt from tax on capital gains made within the sub-fund.

Factors that may affect the future tax charge:

The sub-fund has not recognised a deferred tax asset of £498,154 (2022: £314,528) arising as a result of having unutilised management expenses. It is unlikely that the sub-fund will obtain relief for these in the future so no deferred tax asset has been recognised.

850

1,111

8. DISTRIBUTIONS

The distributions take into account revenue received on the issue of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares, and comprise:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
First interim distribution	635	254
First interim accumulation	541	270
Second interim distribution	504	377
Second interim accumulation	469	221
Third interim distribution	396	394
Third interim accumulation	344	301
Final distribution	794	813
Final accumulation	834	667
	4,517	3,297
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	191	62
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of shares	(125)	(167)
Less: Revenue received on in-specie transactions	_	(49)
Net distributions for the year	4,583	3,143
Interest payable and similar charges	_	1
	4,583	3,144

The difference between the net revenue after taxation and the amounts distributed comprises:

Distributions	4,583	3,143
Tax relief on expenses transferred to capital	(38)	(13)
Expenses offset against capital	1,112	850
Net revenue after taxation	3,509	2,306

9. DEBTORS

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Accrued revenue	600	538
Amounts receivable for issue of shares	606	787
Currency deals awaiting settlement	_	2
Overseas tax recoverable	209	108
	1,415	1,435

10. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Sterling	855	2,107
Overseas balances	18	20
	873	2,127

11. BANK OVERDRAFTS

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Euro	-	2
Sterling	554	_
	554	2

12. OTHER CREDITORS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Accrued expenses	174	190
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	213	1,075
Payable from merger	2	_
Purchases awaiting settlement		738
	389	2,003

13. RELATED PARTIES

The ACD is regarded as a related party to the sub-fund because it provides key management personnel services to the sub-fund. The Ultimate controlling party of the ACD is Premier Miton Group Plc. Subsidiaries of Premier Miton Group Plc along with any Directors and persons closely associated to the Directors of either Premier Miton Group Plc or its subsidiaries are also considered related parties to the sub-fund.

Premier Portfolio Managers Limited acts as the principal on all the transactions of the shares of the sub-fund. The aggregate monies received by the ACD through the issue of shares and paid on cancellation of shares are disclosed in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders on page 30. Fees received by the Manager from the sub-fund including any rebates paid by the Manager to the sub-fund are shown within notes 4, 5 and 6. Any equalisation amounts that relate to creations and cancellation of shares are shown within note 8. Any outstanding fees or amounts outstanding on creations and cancellation of shares in the sub-fund, or any rebates receivable by the sub-fund from the Manager are shown within notes 9 and 12.

At the year end, related parties held 0.05% (2022: 0.04%) of sub-fund's shares in issue.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (2022: £nil).

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In pursuing the sub-fund's investment objective, the main risks arising from the sub-fund's financial instruments are market price, currency, interest rate, liquidity, credit and counterparty risk.

Market Price Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

At 31 May 2023, if the price of the investments held by the sub-fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £5,101,977 (2022: £6,160,843).

Currency Risk

The revenue and capital value of the sub-fund's investments can be significantly affected by foreign currency translation movements as the sub-fund's assets and revenue may be denominated in currencies other than Sterling, which is the sub-fund's base currency.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

Currency Risk continued

There are three main areas of currency risk. These are, movement in exchange rates affecting the value of investments, short-term timing differences such as exposure to exchange rate movements during the period between when an investment purchase or sale is entered into and the date when settlement occurs, and movements in exchange rates affecting revenue received by the sub-fund

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2023

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
Australian dollar	1,052	_	1,052	1.03
Canadian dollar	16,030	81	16,111	15.70
Danish kroner	_	11	11	0.01
Euro	25,352	334	25,686	25.04
Hong Kong dollar	2,922	135	3,057	2.98
Japanese yen	5,087	87	5,174	5.04
Malaysian ringgit	673	_	673	0.66
Polish zloty	_	1	1	_
US dollar	40,215	178	40,393	39.37
	91,331	827	92,158	89.83
Sterling	10,709	(276)	10,433	10.17
Total	102,040	551	102,591	100.00

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2022

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
Australian dollar	1,483	_	1,483	1.20
Canadian dollar	19,203	_	19,203	15.49
Danish kroner	1,065	8	1,073	0.87
Euro	22,618	100	22,718	18.33
Hong Kong dollar	4,692	_	4,692	3.79
Japanese yen	6,060	_	6,060	4.89
Malaysian ringgit	552	_	552	0.45
US dollar	52,034	18	52,052	41.99
	107,707	126	107,833	87.01
Sterling	15,510	618	16,128	12.99
Total	123,217	744	123,961	100.00

At 31 May 2023, if the value of Sterling increased or decreased by 1% against all currencies, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £921,570 (2022: £1,078,324).

Interest Rate Risk

The sub-fund does not have any direct interest rate risk as the majority of financial assets are in equities, which do not pay interest (2022: £nil).

The interest-bearing financial assets of the sub-fund are bank balances, on which interest is calculated at a variable rate by reference to sterling bank deposit rates or the international equivalent.

Liquidity Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Credit Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Counterparty Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

There is no material difference between the carrying values and the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of the sub-fund disclosed in the balance sheet where applicable.

Valuation technique as at 31 May 2023	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	102,040	_	_	102,040
	102,040	_	-	102,040
Valuation technique as at 31 May 2022	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Assets Equities	123,217	_	-	123,217

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e., developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e., for which market data is unavailable for the asset or liability).

Derivatives and Forward Transactions

The sub-fund does not, at the date of this report, hold any derivatives or forward transactions that could materially impact the value of the sub-fund.

The Investment Adviser may use derivative instruments to hedge the investment portfolio against risk.

16. SHARE CLASSES

The sub-fund currently has four types of shares. The AMC on each share class is as follows:

Class B Income & Accumulation Shares	0.75%
Class F Income & Accumulation Shares	0.50%

16. SHARE CLASSES continued

The following table shows the shares in issue during the year:

Class B Shares	Income	Accumulation
Opening Shares	39,621,390	31,839,654
Shares Created	11,582,285	20,923,599
Shares Liquidated	(13,160,698)	(17,775,623)
Shares Converted	82,930	(57,564)
Closing Shares	38,125,907	34,930,066
Class F Shares	Income	Accumulation
Class F Shares Opening Shares	Income 16,514,763	Accumulation 6,090,282
Opening Shares	16,514,763	6,090,282
Opening Shares Shares Created	16,514,763 794,966	6,090,282 1,297,124

The net asset value, the net asset value per share and the number of shares in issue are given in the Fund Information on pages 24 to 26. All share classes have the same rights on winding up. The taxation and income are apportioned equally based on the weighted proportion of each share class.

The distribution per share class is given in the distribution tables on pages $35\ to\ 36.$

17. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS

The following tables show portfolio transactions and their associated transaction costs. For more information about the nature of these costs please refer to the additional portfolio transaction cost information on page 24 to 26.

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Purchases ¹ in year before transaction costs	63,002	46,680
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	13	13
Taxes:		
Equities total value paid	57	77
Total purchase costs	70	90
Gross purchases total	63,072	46,770
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Gross sales¹ before transaction costs	64,636	23,426
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	(15)	(6)
Taxes:		
Equities total value paid	(2)	(1)
Total sales costs	(17)	(7)
Total sales net of transaction costs	64,619	23,419

¹ Excluding corporate actions

	31/05/23 %	31/05/22 %
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Commissions:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.01	0.01
Equities percentage of purchases	0.02	0.02
Taxes:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.05	0.09
Equities percentage of purchases	0.09	0.09
Analysis of total sale costs: Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV	0.01	0.01
Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of sales	0.01	0.01
Taxes:	0.02	0.03
Equities percentage of average NAV	_	_
Equities percentage of sales	_	_
Analysis of total costs percentage of average N	IAV:	
Commissions	0.02	0.02
Taxes	0.05	0.09

As at the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.18% (2022: 0.17%) based on their value at noon on 31 May 2023. This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

18. POST BALANCE SHEET DATE MARKET MOVEMENT

As at 12 September 2023, the net asset value of the sub-fund has decreased by 6.44% compared to that at 31 May 2023. This is due to a net inflow from the sub-fund of 0.42% and a net decrease of 6.86% due to unfavourable market conditions and any distribution of income on the relevant share classes. These accounts were approved on 22 September 2023.

Class Name	NAV per share 31/05/2023	NAV per share 12/09/2023	Movement
Class B Income Shares	102.91	95.87	(6.84)%
Class B Accumulation Shares	129.87	124.41	(4.20)%
Class F Income Shares	104.26	97.21	(6.76)%
Class F Accumulation Shares	131.39	126.00	(4.10)%

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

For the period from 1 June 2022 to 31 August 2022

First interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class B Income Shares

			Distrib	oution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21
Group 1	1.1168	-	1.1168	1.0386
Group 2	0.5512	0.5656	1.1168	1.0386

Class B Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21
Group 1	1.3910	_	1.3910	1.2348
Group 2	0.7316	0.6594	1.3910	1.2348

Class F Income Shares

			Distri	oution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21
Group 1	1.1311	_	1.1311	1.0462
Group 2	0.4880	0.6431	1.1311	1.0462

Class F Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21
Group 1	1.3786	_	1.3786	1.2433
Group 2	0.4410	0.9376	1.3786	1.2433

For the period from 1 September 2022 to 30 November 2022

Second interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class B Income Shares

			Distrik	oution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	0.8750	_	0.8750	0.7141
Group 2	0.5579	0.3171	0.8750	0.7141

Class B Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	1.0877	_	1.0877	0.8562
Group 2	0.5089	0.5788	1.0877	0.8562

Class F Income Shares

			Dis	tribution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	0.8848	_	0.8848	0.7195
Group 2	0.4697	0.4151	0.8848	0.7195

Class F Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	1.0989	_	1.0989	0.8637
Group 2	0.6311	0.4678	1.0989	0.8637

For the period from 1 December 2022 to 28 February 2023

Third interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class B Income Shares

			Distrib	ution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23	28/04/22
Group 1	0.7286	_	0.7286	0.7251
Group 2	0.3020	0.4266	0.7286	0.7251

Class B Accumulation Shares

			Amount Accumulated	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23	28/04/22
Group 1	0.9118	_	0.9118	0.8780
Group 2	0.3463	0.5655	0.9118	0.8780

Class F Income Shares

			Distribution Paid	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23	28/04/22
Group 1	0.7387	_	0.7387	0.7334
Group 2	0.4116	0.3271	0.7387	0.7334

Class F Accumulation Shares

	Net Income	Equalisation	Amount Accumulated	
			28/04/23	28/04/22
Group 1	0.9241	_	0.9241	0.8862
Group 2	0.2692	0.6549	0.9241	0.8862

For the period from 1 March 2023 to 31 May 2023

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

Class B Income Shares

			Distribution Paid	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	1.6185	_	1.6185	1.4446
Group 2	1.1181	0.5004	1.6185	1.4446

Class B Accumulation Shares

			Amount Accumulated	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	2.0438	_	2.0438	1.7552
Group 2	1.3323	0.7115	2.0438	1.7552

PREMIER MITON GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME FUND

Class F Income Shares

Distribution Pa						
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22		
Group 1	1.6394	_	1.6394	1.4594		
Group 2	0.9750	0.6644	1.6394	1.4594		

Class F Accumulation Shares

Amount Accumulated						
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22		
Group 1	2.0664	_	2.0664	1.7749		
Group 2	1.7208	0.3456	2.0664	1.7749		

FUND INFORMATION

The Comparative Tables on pages 37 to 39 give the performance of each active share class in the sub-fund.

The 'Return after charges' disclosed in the Comparative Tables is calculated as the return after operating charges per share divided by the opening net asset value per share. It differs from the sub-fund's performance disclosed in the ACD's report which is calculated based on the latest published price.

Portfolio transaction costs are incurred when investments are bought or sold by a fund in order to achieve the investment objective. These transaction costs affect an investor in different ways depending on whether they are joining, leaving or continuing with their investment in the sub-fund.

Direct transaction costs include broker commission and taxes. Broker commission includes the fee to a broker to execute the trades and research costs.

In addition, there are indirect portfolio transaction costs arising from the 'dealing spread' – the difference between the buying and selling prices of underlying investments in the portfolio. Unlike shares whereby broker commissions and stamp duty are paid by the sub-fund on each transaction, other types of investments (such as collective investment schemes, bonds, money instruments, derivatives) do not have separately identifiable transaction costs; these costs form part of the dealing spread. Dealing spreads vary considerably depending on the transaction value and money market sentiment.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class A Retail Income Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	ire		
Opening net asset value per share	195.03	210.52	161.48
Return before operating charges*	(28.44)	(4.34)	59.83
Operating charges	(2.75)	(3.22)	(2.89)
Return after operating charges*	(31.19)	(7.56)	56.94
Distributions on income shares	(7.90)	(7.93)	(7.90)
Closing net asset value per share	155.94	195.03	210.52
* after direct transaction costs of **:	0.06	0.17	0.15
Performance			
Return after charges	(15.99)%	(3.59)%	35.26%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000) Closing number of shares Operating charges† Direct transaction costs	4,937 3,166,010 1.58% 0.03%	6,856 3,515,300 1.56% 0.08%	12,431 5,904,936 1.56% 0.08%
Prices			
Highest share price Lowest share price	196.90 159.70	216.60 185.40	217.06 161.54

- ** Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- [†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	re		
Opening net asset value per share	308.47	320.12	235.55
Return before operating charges*	(45.41)	(6.71)	88.78
Operating charges	(4.43)	(4.94)	(4.21)
Return after operating charges*	(49.84)	(11.65)	84.57
Distributions	(12.71)	(12.23)	(11.72)
Distributions on accumulation shares	12.71	12.23	11.72
Closing net asset value per share	258.63	308.47	320.12
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.09	0.25	0.22
Performance			
Return after charges	(16.16)%	(3.64)%	35.90%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000) Closing number of shares Operating charges† Direct transaction costs	3,574 1,382,073 1.58% 0.03%	5,960 1,931,953 1.56% 0.08%	6,518 2,036,111 1.56% 0.08%
Prices	3.3370	3.3370	3.3370
Highest share price Lowest share price	311.40 257.20	331.00 289.00	325.77 235.89

- ** Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- [†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Class B Institutional Income Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	ire		
Opening net asset value per share	211.41	226.45	172.35
Return before operating charges*	(30.82)	(4.67)	64.15
Operating charges	(1.57)	(1.80)	(1.58)
Return after operating charges*	(32.39)	(6.47)	62.57
Distributions on income shares	(8.60)	(8.57)	(8.47)
Closing net asset value per share	170.42	211.41	226.45
* after direct transaction costs of **:	0.06	0.18	0.16
Performance			
Return after charges	(15.32)%	(2.86)%	36.30%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	378,174	578,518	640,043
Closing number of shares	221,900,741	273,652,661	282,636,534
Operating charges†	0.83%	0.81%	0.81%
Direct transaction costs	0.03%	0.08%	0.08%
Prices			
Highest share price	213.50	233.50	233.39
Lowest share price	174.30	200.60	172.62

- ** Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

	2023	2022	2021
	(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
	share)	share)	share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	are		
Opening net asset			
value per share	333.95	343.33	250.54
Return before			
operating charges*	(49.17)	(6.61)	95.15
Operating charges	(2.53)	(2.77)	(2.36)
Return after operating			
charges*	(51.70)	(9.38)	92.79
Distributions	(13.81)	(13.18)	(12.52)
Distributions on accumulation			
shares	13.81	13.18	12.52
Closing net asset value			
per share	282.25	333.95	343.33
* after direct transaction			
costs of**:	0.10	0.27	0.24
Performance			
Return after charges	(15.48)%	(2.73)%	37.04%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	226,017	384,562	419,711
Closing number of shares	80,075,679	115,156,086	122,248,775
Operating charges†	0.83%	0.81%	0.81%
Direct transaction costs	0.03%	0.08%	0.08%
Prices			
Highest share price	337.20	355.80	349.00
Lowest share price	279.20	312.20	250.98

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

SYNTHETIC RISK AND REWARD INDICATOR (SRRI)



The sub-fund is ranked as 5 because it has experienced medium to high rises and falls in value over the past five years. Please note that even the lowest ranking does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator demonstrates where the sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the sub-fund.

LEVERAGE

The sub-fund may use derivatives for the purposes of efficient portfolio management as part of its investment strategy which generates some leverage within the sub-fund. The sub-fund may use currency forward transactions to reduce the risk of adverse movements in the exchange rate in which it holds investments to its base currency. The sub-fund may experience a small amount of leverage when using the permitted 10% of net asset value short-term borrowing facility used in the course of the routine settlement of positions. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'commitment leverage' methodology has therefore been set at 20%. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'gross leverage' methodology has been set at 100%.

Leverage as at 31 May 2023 (unaudited)

Commi	tment Leverage	Gross Leverage		
Actual	Max. Limit	Actual Max. Limi		
3%	20%	0%	100%	

During the period, the sub-fund has not employed any financial engineering structures, such as repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending or borrowing, or cash borrowings and re-investment which can be used to create leverage. Nor does the sub-fund post or receive margin or collateral. The sub-fund has not granted any guarantees in relation to leveraging arrangements or any rights to reuse collateral.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICY

The investment objective of the Premier Miton UK Multi Cap Income Fund is to provide an income with capital growth over the long-term, being five years or more. Five years is also the minimum recommended period for holding shares in this sub-fund. This does not mean that the sub-fund will achieve the objective over this, or any other, specific time period and there is a risk of loss to the original capital invested.

The income will be paid four times a year by dividend distributions.

The sub-fund aims to achieve its objective by investing in an actively managed portfolio with a minimum of 70% of its assets in shares in companies incorporated or domiciled in the UK.

The sub-fund may invest in large, medium and smaller sized companies. It is expected that there will typically be a bias towards medium and smaller sized companies. The sub-fund may also invest in large companies, which may be constituents of the FTSE 100 Share Index which is made up of the largest 100 companies in the UK.

The sub-fund will not, typically, put particular emphasis on any industrial or economic sector.

Up to 30% of the sub-fund's assets may be in other investments which may include listed company shares in other geographical regions such as Europe and the USA, government and corporate (company) bonds, convertible bonds (bonds that can convert into company shares), collective investment schemes and cash and cash-like investments.

The sub-fund may invest in derivatives and forward transactions (these are contracts whose value is based on the change in price of an underlying investment) for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, including hedging (hedging is designed to offset the risk of another investment falling in price).

INVESTMENT REVIEW

PERFORMANCE

Over the 12 month period under review, the return of the FTSE All-Share Index was +1.24% and the FTSE AIM All-Share Index fell -18.24%. This compares with the total average return for the IA UK Equity Income sector of -1.18% and the total return of the Premier Miton UK Multi Cap Income Fund (Class B Accumulation shares) of -15.90%. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns.

Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to facilitate comparison between funds with broadly similar characteristics. The sub-fund is classified in the IA Equity Income sector, which we believe is a meaningful comparator to help investors assess the performance of the sub-fund. As the sub-fund invests in UK companies, we believe the FTSE All-Share Total Return Index and FTSE AIM All-Share Index are also useful performance comparators.

Investors will have noted that the sub-fund has underperformed the FTSE All-Share Total Return Index and IA UK Equity Income sector in the reporting period. We would, however, highlight that whilst macroeconomic headwinds such as the War in Ukraine, inflation, rising interest rates and Brexit repercussions have impacted investor sentiment towards smaller companies in particular, the companies in the sub-fund's portfolio typically remain in good health. The Managers' feel this is demonstrated by the resilience in dividend payments received by the sub-fund and the use of surplus cashflow by corporates for share buybacks.

Over the period, the best performing shares in the sub-fund came from a range of sectors. The main positive stock contributor was K3 Capital which was subject to a takeover offer. Numerous other holdings such as Shoe Zone, Conduit, Kitwave, Mears and XPS Pensions have reported strong trading. These companies made a positive contribution although still muted given market sentiment. The main negative contributors in the period were iEnergizer and Aferian. Despite strong trading, iEnergizer announced plans to delist from the AIM market as the CEO had become disillusioned with the valuation of the business on the UK market. We have retained a small exposure given the strength of the business and low valuation. We anticipate the business has the potential to make ongoing dividend payments or invest further for growth and a range of strategic options including relisting on another exchange, such as in the US. Savannah Energy and I3 Energy were also weak despite strong trading. Notably, the share prices of larger companies in the oil sector, such as Shell, remained resilient, highlighting the disparity in share price performance between larger and smaller companies over the period despite similar sector fundamentals.

The sub-fund holds a wide range of holdings to mitigate the specific impact of any particular company weakness. The sub-fund has not suffered a disproportionate number of specific company disappointments. Where these have occurred, they have tended to be for temporary reasons related to explainable macroeconomic factors. In our view, their long-term investment case remains intact despite the market taking what we consider to be an overly pessimistic view over recent quarters.

MARKET REVIEW

In the reporting period, the share prices of the vast body of the smaller companies within the FTSE AIM All-Share Index have declined (including those which we believe pay good and growing dividend income), whereas many of the larger companies in the FTSE 100 Index have held up much better. The relative underperformance of the FTSE AIM Index compared to the FTSE 100 Index reflects the ongoing redemptions from UK OEICs depressing the performance of smaller sized equities, whereas the FTSE 100 Index has benefited from international buyers of mega cap equities, especially those in the resources sector.

Despite poor stock market sentiment towards AIM listed companies and the poor returns, corporate profitability to date has typically held up relatively well. This reflects the strong market position and niches of the businesses held in the sub-fund as well as the ability of experienced management teams to execute strategically and operationally. With concerns about the wider macroeconomic environment, listed businesses are in an ideal position to take market share as they are seen as good counterparties by suppliers, customers and banks.

In our view, the main reason for the funds disappointing returns, is related to the share price weakness of many holdings due to near record UK OEIC redemptions over the last two years. This trend appears to be at odds to most continuing to meet trading expectations. In addition, we also believe there has been less share price appreciation of AIM-listed companies that have exceeded forecasts.

PORTFOLIO ACTIVITY

The strategy has a wide investment universe and so has the flexibility to select businesses that are capable of being less dependent on the prevailing economic environment. The investment process also favours strong management teams who have often seen market declines previously and hence have the experience to manage these accordingly.

The sub-fund has around 110 holdings, with the total portfolio income made up of dividend streams from numerous holdings. Specifically, the multicap approach of the sub-fund offers it the potential to deliver a stream of dividend income, that has extra growth potential as well as being more resilient than others (due to it being made up of companies across a wider and more diverse range of market capitalisations and sectors). In short, we would argue that the sub-fund has the potential to generate a superior stream of dividends. That said, remember the level of income paid by the sub-fund is not guaranteed and may fluctuate down as well as up.

Given that we believe the portfolio is well positioned for the ongoing slowdown in global growth, at this stage, there have not been many portfolio changes. Most portfolio companies continue to report trading in line with expectations, if not better. Lastly, the portfolio also continues to hold a FTSE 100 Put option with a term (time to maturity) extending to December 2023. The option is not held because we anticipate a global stock markets setback, but rather as method of enhancing the sub-fund's opportunity to purchase additional holdings if there were an unexpected setback. A Put option is a type of derivative. It can be used to protect the value of an underlying investment or group of investments against a fall in value and can be thought of as an insurance policy. These can make a fund more volatile from time to time.

OUTLOOK

Underlying stock market trends often persist for years and years.

Even so, towards the end of a long period of low inflation, typically megacap strategies with the prospect of enhanced capital appreciation tend to outperform. There are close parallels between today's FANG mega-caps (stocks of four popular American technology companies: Meta Platforms, Amazon, Netflix, and Alphabet) with the Nifty Fifty of the 1970's, which were a group of 50 large-cap stocks on the New York Stock Exchange that were most favoured by institutional investors. The Nifty Fifty also outperformed dramatically in the early 1970's when inflationary pressures became an issue. Later in the decade, when inflation turned out to be persistent, market valuations first fell back to prior norms, and later corporate profit margins reduced. This led to a period of Nifty Fifty underperformance, and the S&P 500 Index to flatline in real terms for eleven years. If the FANG mega-caps were to parallel this outcome, we anticipate a degree of institutional urgency to identify areas of investment that can generate attractive returns in future, especially those that can deliver returns that are genuinely less correlated with the mainstream companies.

With this context in mind and noting that, despite the substantial ongoing near-record UK OEIC selling, the FTSE 100 Index has already outperformed the US exchanges over the last two and half unsettled years. When domestic OEIC selling moderates, we believe the FTSE 100 Index could breakout on the upside. Perhaps even more significantly, when domestic OEIC selling moderates, the potential for AIM market recovery appears to be so much greater than that of the FTSE 100 Index.

With high inflation, the returns of numerous asset classes have become much more correlated to each other meaning their prices behave similarly. Importantly in this context, the returns of cash compounding strategies (those where their earnings, from either capital gains or interest, are reinvested to generate additional earnings over time) are substantially less reliant on stock market appreciation to deliver return.

We continue to believe the sub-fund's strategy has the potential to outperform the mainstream indices in the UK (such as the FTSE All Share Total Return), as the UK stock market itself outperforms, however, this is not something we are able to guarantee. When the asset class in question (UK-listed multi-cap equity income stocks) starts at an ultra-low valuation, along with very modest institutional allocations, these kinds of favourable trends can be persistent over very long time periods.

Source: Premier Portfolio Managers Limited, June 2023. The information provided and opinions expressed are those of the investment manager and can change. This information should not be interpreted as investment advice.

Performance source: FE Analytics. Based on UK sterling, Class B Accumulation shares, on a total return basis, as at 31 May 2023. Performance is shown net of fees with income reinvested. Reference to any particular investment does not constitute a recommendation to buy or sell the investment.

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Please note that other share classes are available which may have higher or lower charges which will impact the returns of the sub-fund. Fund factsheets are published on our website for each available share class.

The top ten purchases and sales during the year were as follows:

Purchases	Costs £'000	Sales	Proceeds £'000
Option FTSE 100 Index Put 5700 15/12/2022 Option FTSE 100 Index Put 5700 15/12/2023 Diversified Energy Lancashire BP Energean Newmont Kistos H&T	11,042 11,042 9,243 4,481 3,893 3,876 3,709 2,994 2,942	K3 Capital NatWest Option FTSE 100 Index Put 5700 15/12/2022 Kitwave BP Shell 888 Group SSE Direct Line National Grid	25,889 11,271 11,042 10,446 10,274 9,939 9,899 9,803 9,542 8,239
Vanquis Banking Total purchases during the year were	2,749 79,665	Total sales during the year were	248,079

Total

%

1.81

2.15

3.96

0.88

0.27

0.33

0.73

1.15

3.36

0.92

0.92

2.03

0.50

2.53

1.23

0.53

0.51

0.11

2.38

0.53

0.73

1.26

0.12

1.80

0.72

0.43

0.82

1.04

2.47

1.14

1.71

0.08

0.76

0.25

1.44

Value of Sub-Fund

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As a	it 31	May	/ 2023
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As at 31 May 20		Market Value	Total Value of Sub-Fund	Haldbar		Market Value
Holding	Investment	£'000	<u>%</u>	Holding	Investment	£'000
	BASIC MATERIALS 12.28% (10.03%)				CONSUMER SERVICES 10.77% (9.16%)	
	Chemicals 1.15% (0.54%)				Food & Drug Retailers 3.96% (2.40%)	
2,700,000	Iofina	932	0.15	4,074,471	•	11,083
1,718,592	Zotefoams	6,101	1.00	5,014,080	Tesco	13,192
		7,033	1.15			24,275
	Forestry & Paper 1.06% (1.46%)				General Retailers 3.36% (2.16%)	
518,261	Mondi	6,499	1.06	8,555,375	AO World	5,399
		6,499	1.06	819,359	Halfords	1,652
	Industrial Metals & Mining 1.02%			1,253,819		2,037
	(0.41%)			2,079,832 17,182,882	Shoe Zone SIG	4,472 7,028
2,959,500	Adriatic Metals	4,841	0.79	17,102,002	310	20,588
2,801,284	Trident Royalties	1,401	0.23			20,300
		6,242	1.02		Media 0.92% (0.69%)	
	Mining 8.42% (7.14%)			1,370,851	Bloomsbury Publishing	5,654
11,755,217	Centamin	11,720	1.91			5,654
1,529,412	Central Asia Metals	2,872	0.47		Travel & Leisure 2.53% (3.91%)	
4,467,311	Ferro-Alloy Resources	438	0.07	10,583,001	Hostelworld	12,435
3,473,265	Kenmare Resources	14,692	2.40	256,214	Jet2	3,085
52,460,463	Pan African Resources	7,040	1.15	233,22 .	-	15,520
143,219	Rio Tinto	6,921	1.13			15,515
2,901,525	Sylvania Platinum	2,350	0.38 0.91		CONSUMER STAPLES 0.00% (0.16%)	
6,503,455	Tharisa	5,593 51,626	8.42		Food Producers 0.00% (0.16%)	
		5-,5-5				
4 220 764	Precious Metals & Mining 0.63% (0.48%)	2.050	0.60		ENERGY 2.38% (0.69%)	
1,228,761	Atalaya Mining	3,858	0.63		Oil, Gas & Coal 2.38% (0.69%)	
		3,858	0.63	8,879,036	Diversified Energy	7,534
	CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY 0.48%			300,134	Energean	3,232
	(0.42%)			1,347,442 314,972	Kistos	3,099 666
	Automobiles & Parts 0.27% (0.42%)			314,972	Serica Energy	14,531
3,334,855	Saietta	1,667	0.27			14,551
		1,667	0.27		FINANCIALS 32.37% (29.68%)	
	Consumer Services 0.21% (0.00%)				Banks 1.26% (2.71%)	
1,209,860	Deliveroo	1,287	0.21	7,259,222	Lloyds Banking	3,276
1,203,000		1,287	0.21	731,033	Secure Trust Bank	4,489
		_,			·	7,765
	CONSUMER GOODS 2.27% (3.94%)				Figure 1 Complete 44 OFO(42 720)	
	Food Producers 0.14% (1.26%)			1 426 600	Financial Services 14.85% (13.72%)	722
26,576,655	Dekel Agri-Vision	850	0.14	1,436,690 6,350,424	AssetCo CMC Markets	733 11,050
	-	850	0.14	4,056,196	FRP Advisory	4,421
	Household Goods & Home Construction			652,500	H&T	2,630
	2.08% (2.53%)			357,537	Intermediate Capital	5,029
15,679,963	Accrol	5,394	0.88	3,194,698	M&G	6,383
4,678,533	McBride	1,371	0.22	6,835,111	Man	15,125
819,010	Vistry	6,007	0.98	10,270,608 485,558	Morses Club ¹ Plus500	6,987
		12,772	2.08	4,737,449	Provident Financial	10,469
	Personal Goods 0.05% (0.15%)			344,874,236	Reabold Resources	483
1,432,557	HeiQ	289	0.05	5,577,422	Record	4,652
2, 132,337	_	289	0.05	6,435,053	STM	1,544
		200		5,744,307	TP ICAP	8,829

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund
		Sub-Fund
	+.000	
Holding Investment		<u>%</u>
Financial Services continued		
7,819,451 XPS Pensions	12,668	2.07
	91,003	14.85
Life Insurance 7.38% (5.43%)		
1,794,203 Aviva	7,209	1.18
4,409,220 Hansard Global	2,227	0.36
15,399,614 Just	13,413	2.19
4,377,262 Legal & General	10,059	1.64
2,197,839 Phoenix	12,321	2.01
	45,229	7.38
Non-life Insurance 5.79% (4.91%)		
382,818 Admiral	8,939	1.46
2,053,832 Conduit	10,084	1.64
3,184,373 Personal	6,687	1.09
3,043,689 Randall & Quilter Investment	1,522	0.25
5,686,579 Sabre Insurance	8,257	1.35
	35,489	5.79
Real Estate Investment & Services 1.80%		
(1.98%)		
485,994 Belvoir Lettings	1,021	0.17
5,504,247 Conygar	5,944	0.97
1,753,808 Palace Capital	4,034	0.66
	10,999	1.80
Real Estate Investment Trusts 1.29%		
(0.93%)	7.024	1 20
9,534,955 NewRiver REIT	7,924	1.29
	7,924	1.29
HEALTH CARE 0.47% (1.27%)		
Health Care Equipment & Services 0.00% (0.21%)		
Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology 0.47% (1.06%)		
1,586,247 Avacta	1,697	0.28
32,355 Bioventix	1,181	0.19
	2,878	0.47
INDUSTRIALS 17.34% (16.79%)		
INDUSTRIALS 17.54% (10.75%)		
Aerospace & Defence 1.25% (0.63%)		
808,859 BAE Systems	7,636	1.25
	7,636	1.25
Chemicals 0.00% (0.30%)		
Construction & Materials 4.62% (3.74%)		
4,969,422 Galliford Try	8,796	1.43
3,861,386 Hercules Site Services	1,371	0.22
1,654,733 Ibstock	2,676	0.44
11,332,429 Lords Trading	7,366	1.20
3,633,162 Norcros	6,067	0.99
5,021,021 Van Elle	2,109	0.34
	28,385	4.62

		Market Value	Total Value of Sub-Fund
Holding	Investment	£'000	<u></u>
	Electronic & Electrical Equipment 0.71% (1.09%)		
4,365,546	Strix	4,352	0.71
		4,352	0.71
	General Industrials 1.85% (1.53%)		
1,080,227	Smith (DS)	3,301	0.54
277,966	Smurfit Kappa	8,011	1.31
		11,312	1.85
	Home Construction 0.95% (0.99%)		
4,745,263	Wickes	5,832	0.95
	_	5,832	0.95
	Industrial Support Services 2.59% (1.43%)		
6,252,299	Mears	14,974	2.45
1,199,540	Trifast	852	0.14
	_	15,826	2.59
	5		
2 054 000	Support Services 5.37% (7.08%)	2.477	0.05
2,864,000	Anexo DWF	2,177	0.36 1.28
12,823,057 1,937,057	Forterra	7,822 3,646	0.60
305,588		519	0.08
	iEnergizer	1,606	0.26
46,231,106	Inspired Energy	5,317	0.87
2,048,814	PayPoint	8,062	1.32
8,677,954	RBG	3,124	0.51
3,567,025	Roebuck Food	535	0.09
		32,808	5.37
	OIL & GAS 7.17% (10.31%)		
	Alternative Energy 0.09% (0.04%)		
8,038,799	Active Energy	563	0.09
	_	563	0.09
	Energy 0 20% (0 70%)		
13 810 000	Energy 0.30% (0.79%)	007	0.12
12,810,966 4,458,967	IOG Southern Energy	807 1,026	0.13 0.17
4,430,307		1,833	0.30
		_,000	0.00
	Oil & Gas Producers 6.78% (9.48%)		
37,875,712	Anglo African Oil & Gas ^{1,2}	-	-
727,736	BP	3,293	0.54
82,474,751	I3 Energy	14,795	2.41
3,304,216 68,811,520	Jadestone Energy Savannah Energy	1,520 15,895	0.25 2.59
10,617,846	Touchstone Exploration	6,052	0.99
20,017,040		41,555	6.78
		+1,555	0.70

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	SOFTWARE & SERVICES 0.00% (0.17%)		
	Information Technology 0.00% (0.17%)		
	TECHNOLOGY 2.28% (2.87%)		
	Software & Computer Services 0.35% (0.72%)		
35,919,445	Blackbird	2,155	0.35
	_	2,155	0.35
	Technology Hardware & Equipment 1.93% (2.15%)		
8,521,138	Amino Technologies	1,449	0.24
1,244,454	CML Microsystems	5,849	0.96
6,909,845	Concurrent Technologies	4,491	0.73
		11,789	1.93
	TELECOMMUNICATIONS 2.83% (2.30%)		
	Mobile Telecommunications 2.83% (2.30%)		
7,524,654	ВТ	11,091	1.81
8,075,690	Vodafone	6,241	1.02
		17,332	2.83
	UTILITIES 3.15% (5.00%)		
	Electricity 1.60% (3.07%)		
1,750,142	Drax	9,773	1.60
		9,773	1.60
	Gas, Water & Multiutilities 1.55% (1.93%)		
860,924	National Grid	9,483	1.55
		9,483	1.55
4 000 000	WARRANTS 0.00% (0.00%) 600 Warrants 14/08/2023 ^{1,2}		
4,000,000			
. ===	OPTIONS 0.25% (0.63%)		
4,780	Option FTSE 100 Index Put 5700 15/12/2023	1,554	0.25
	_	1,554	0.25
	Total Value of Investments	576,166	94.04
	Net Other Assets	36,536	5.96
	Total Net Assets		
	=	612,702	100.00

Figures in brackets represent sector distribution at 31 May 2022.

Securities are admitted to an official stock exchange listing or traded on another regulated market unless otherwise stated.

¹ Securities in liquidation/delisted.

 $^{^2}$ Securities not traded in an official stock exchange have been valued at the ACD's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the year ended 31 May 2023

	Notes	3: £'000	1/05/23 £'000	£'000	31/05/22 £'000
Income					
Net capital losses Revenue	4 5	(1 36,203	167,036)	43,022	(65,069)
Expenses Interest payable and similar charges	6	(6,592) –		(9,023) (1)	
Net revenue before taxation Taxation	7 _	29,611 (271)	_	33,998 (901)	
Net revenue after taxation		_	29,340	-	33,097
Total loss before distributions		(1	137,696)		(31,972)
Distributions Change in net assets attributable to shareholders	8		(35,585)	-	(41,979)
from investment activities		<u>(1</u>	<u>173,281)</u>		(73,951)

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 May 2023

	Note	£'000	31/05/23 £'000	£'000	31/05/22 £'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders	14010	1 000	975,896	2 000	1,078,703
Amounts receivable on issue of shares		147,248		342,504	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares		(350,014)	<u>(</u>	(388,489)	
			(202,766)		(45,985)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities			(173,281)		(73,951)
Retained distributions on accumulation shares Unclaimed distributions	8		12,852 1		17,128 1
Closing net assets		-			
attributable to shareholders		=	612,702	:	975,896

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 May 2023			
ASSETS	Notes	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Fixed assets:			
Investments		576,166	911,715
Current assets:			
Debtors	9	7,182	12,956
Cash and bank balances	10	43,755	64,485
Total assets		627,103	989,156
LIABILITIES			
Creditors:			
Bank overdrafts	11	(232)	(228)
Distribution payable			
on income shares	8	(7,329)	(8,612)
Other creditors	12	(6,840)	(4,420)
Total liabilities		(14,401)	(13,260)
Net assets attributable to shareholders		612.702	975.896

The notes on pages 47 to 51 are an integral part of these financial statements. On behalf of Premier Portfolio Managers Limited.

Gregor Craig Director (of the ACD) 22 September 2023

Ian West Director (of the ACD)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting, distribution and risk management policies for Notes 1 to 3 are provided in the Aggregated Notes to the Financial Statements section on pages 8 to 10.

4. NET CAPITAL LOSSES

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Non-derivative securities	(158,326)	(50,830)
Other currency (losses)/gains	(23)	5
Derivative securities	(8,681)	(14,237)
Transaction charges	(6)	(7)
Net capital losses	(167,036)	(65,069)
5. REVENUE		
	31/05/23	31/05/22

	£'000	£'000
Bank interest	823	46
Franked UK dividends	26,209	29,936
Interest on debt securities	_	51
Overseas dividends	8,260	12,379
Unfranked PID revenue	911	610

	36,203	43,022
6. EXPENSES		
	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic charge	5,981	8,355
	5,981	8,355
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either of them:		
Depositary's fees	85	118
Safe custody fees	16	22
	101	140
Other expenses:		
Auditor's remuneration	5	1
Calestone	75	79
Printing fees	(1)	31
Registration fees	188	231

Irrecoverable VAT is included in the above expenses where relevant.

Research fees

Total expenses

7. TAXATION

(a) The tax charge comprises:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Current tax:		
Overseas withholding tax	271	898
Prior year adjustment		3
Total current tax (note 7 (b))	271	901
Deferred tax (note 7 (c))		_
Total taxation	271	901

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year:

The tax charge for the year differs from the special 20% rate of corporation tax applicable to Open-Ended Investment Companies (OEICs). The differences are explained below:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Net revenue before taxation	29,611	33,998
	29,611	33,998
Return on ordinary activities multiplied by the special rate of corporation tax of 20% (2022: 20%)	5,922	6,800
Effects of:		
Expenses not utilised in the year	972	1,663
Franked UK dividends and distributions not subject to taxation	(5,242)	(5,987)
Non-taxable overseas dividends	(1,652)	(2,476)
Overseas withholding tax	271	898
Prior year adjustment		3
Total tax charge (note 7 (a))	271	901
(c) Deferred tax		
Provision at the start of the year	_	_
Deferred tax charge in the year		
Provision at the end of the year	_	_

Authorised OEICs are exempt from tax on capital gains made within the sub-fund.

Factors that may affect the future tax charge:

The sub-fund has not recognised a deferred tax asset of £10,962,071 (2022: £9,990,591) arising as a result of having unutilised management expenses. It is unlikely that the sub-fund will obtain relief for these in the future so no deferred tax asset has been recognised.

186

528

9,023

243 **510**

6,592

8. DISTRIBUTIONS

The distributions take into account revenue received on the issue of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares, and comprise:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
First interim distribution	7,214	7,638
First interim accumulation	4,322	5,469
Second interim distribution	4,751	5,560
Second interim accumulation	3,004	4,138
Third interim distribution	2,049	2,794
Third interim accumulation	1,217	1,860
Final distribution	7,329	8,612
Final accumulation	4,309	5,661
	34,195	41,732
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	2,229	1,639
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of shares	(839)	(1,392)
Net distributions for the year	35,585	41,979
Interest payable and similar charges		1
	35,585	41,980

The difference between the net revenue after taxation and the amounts distributed comprises:

Distributions	35,585	41,979
Tax relief on expenses transferred to capital	(347)	(141)
Expenses offset against capital	6,592	9,023
Net revenue after taxation	29,340	33,097

9. DEBTORS

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Accrued revenue	3,757	5,440
Amounts receivable for issue of shares	1,196	2,269
Overseas tax recoverable	173	250
Sales awaiting settlement	2,056	4,997
	7,182	12,956

10. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Sterling	43,498	64,233
Overseas balances	257	252
	43,755	64,485

11. BANK OVERDRAFTS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
US dollar	232	228
	232	228
12. OTHER CREDITORS		
	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Accrued expenses	576	874
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	6,169	3,546
Purchases awaiting settlement	95	_
	6,840	4,420

13. RELATED PARTIES

The ACD is regarded as a related party to the sub-fund because it provides key management personnel services to the sub-fund. The Ultimate controlling party of the ACD is Premier Miton Group Plc. Subsidiaries of Premier Miton Group Plc along with any Directors and persons closely associated to the Directors of either Premier Miton Group Plc or its subsidiaries are also considered related parties to the sub-fund.

Premier Portfolio Managers Limited acts as the principal on all the transactions of the shares of the sub-fund. The aggregate monies received by the ACD through the issue of shares and paid on cancellation of shares are disclosed in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders on page 46. Fees received by the Manager from the sub-fund including any rebates paid by the Manager to the sub-fund are shown within notes 4, 5 and 6. Any equalisation amounts that relate to creations and cancellation of shares are shown within note 8. Any outstanding fees or amounts outstanding on creations and cancellation of shares in the sub-fund, or any rebates receivable by the sub-fund from the Manager are shown within notes 9 and 12.

At the year end, related parties held 0.00% (2022: 0.00%) of sub-fund's shares in issue.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (2022: £nil).

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In pursuing the sub-fund's investment objective, the main risks arising from the sub-fund's financial instruments are market price, currency, interest rate, liquidity, credit and counterparty risk.

Market Price Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

At 31 May 2023, if the price of the investments held by the sub-fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £28,808,307 (2022: £45,585,738).

Currency Risk

The revenue and capital value of the sub-fund's investments can be affected by foreign currency translation movements as some of the sub-fund's assets and revenue may be denominated in currencies other than Sterling, which is the sub-fund's base currency.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

Currency Risk continued

There are three main areas of currency risk. These are, movement in exchange rates affecting the value of investments, short-term timing differences such as exposure to exchange rate movements during the period between when an investment purchase or sale is entered into and the date when settlement occurs, and movements in exchange rates affecting revenue received by the sub-fund.

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2023

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
US dollar	_	25	25	0.00
	_	25	25	0.00
Sterling	576,166	36,511	612,677	100.00
Total	576,166	36,536	612,702	100.00

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2022

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
Norwegian krone	-	63	63	0.01
US dollar	_	24	24	0.00
	-	87	87	0.01
Sterling	911,715	64,094	975,809	99.99
Total	911,715	64,181	975,896	100.00

At 31 May 2023, if the value of Sterling increased or decreased by 1% against all currencies, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £254 (2022: £881).

Interest Rate Risk

The sub-fund does not have any direct interest rate risk as the majority of financial assets are in derivatives and equities, which do not pay interest.

The interest-bearing financial assets of the sub-fund are bank balances, on which interest is calculated at a variable rate by reference to sterling bank deposit rates or the international equivalent.

Liquidity Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Credit Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Counterparty Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

There is no material difference between the carrying values and the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of the sub-fund disclosed in the balance sheet where applicable.

Valuation technique as at 31 May 2023	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	574,612	_	_	574,612
Options	1,554	_	_	1,554
	576,166	_	-	576,166
Valuation technique as at 31 May 2022	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	904,526	1,036	_	905,562
Options	6,153	_	_	6,153
	910,679	1,036	_	911,715

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e., developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e., for which market data is unavailable for the asset or liability).

Derivatives and Forward Transactions

The sub-fund does not, at the date of this report, hold any derivatives or forward transactions that could materially impact the value of the sub-fund.

The Investment Adviser may use derivative instruments to hedge the investment portfolio against risk.

16. SHARE CLASSES

The sub-fund currently has four types of share. The AMC on each share class is as follows:

Class A Retail Income & Accumulation Shares	1.50%
Class B Institutional Income & Accumulation Shares	0.75%

The following table shows the shares in issue during the year:

Class A Retail Shares	Income	Accumulation
Opening Shares	3,515,300	1,931,953
Shares Created	238,856	283,225
Shares Liquidated	(525,222)	(824,679)
Shares Converted	(62,924)	(8,426)
Closing Shares	3,166,010	1,382,073
Class B Institutional Shares	Income	Accumulation
Class B Institutional Shares Opening Shares	Income 273,652,661	Accumulation 115,156,086
Opening Shares	273,652,661	115,156,086
Opening Shares Shares Created	273,652,661 46,149,451	115,156,086 19,337,731

The net asset value, the net asset value per share and the number of shares in issue are given in the Fund Information on pages 37 to 39. All share classes have the same rights on winding up. The taxation and income are apportioned equally based on the weighted proportion of each share class.

The distribution per share class is given in the distribution tables on pages $52\ \text{to}\ 53.$

17. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS

The following tables show portfolio transactions and their associated transaction costs. For more information about the nature of these costs please refer to the additional portfolio transaction cost information on page 37.

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Purchases¹ in year before transaction costs	79,507	266,716
Commissions:		
CIS total value paid	_	_
Equities total value paid	25	85
Taxes:		
CIS total value paid	_	_
Equities total value paid	133	682
Total purchase costs	158	767
Gross purchases total	79,665	267,483
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Gross sales¹ before transaction costs	248,182	270,517
Commissions:		
CIS total value paid	_	_
Equities total value paid	(103)	(116)
Taxes:		
CIS total value paid	_	_
Equities total value paid		
Total sales costs	(103)	(116)
Total sales net of transaction costs	248,079	270,401

¹ Excluding corporate actions

17. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS continued

	31/05/23	
	%	%
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Commissions:		
CIS percentage of average NAV	_	_
CIS percentage of purchases	_	-
Equities percentage of average NAV	_	0.01
Equities percentage of purchases	0.03	0.03
Taxes:		
CIS percentage of average NAV	_	_
CIS percentage of purchases	_	_
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.02	0.06
Equities percentage of purchases	0.17	0.26
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Commissions:		
CIS percentage of average NAV	_	_
CIS percentage of purchases	_	_
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.01	0.01
Equities percentage of sales	0.04	0.04
Taxes:		
CIS percentage of average NAV	_	_
CIS percentage of purchases	_	-
Equities percentage of average NAV	_	-
Equities percentage of sales	_	-
Analysis of total costs percentage of average NAV:		
Commissions	0.01	0.02
Taxes	0.02	0.06

As at the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 1.27% (2022: 1.33%) based on their value at noon on 31 May 2023. This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

18. POST BALANCE SHEET DATE MARKET MOVEMENT

As at 12 September 2023, the net asset value of the sub-fund has decreased by 15.51% compared to that at 31 May 2023. This is due to a net outflow from the sub-fund of 11.89% and a net decrease of 3.62% due to unfavourable market conditions and any distribution of income on the relevant share classes. These accounts were approved on 22 September 2023.

Class Name	NAV per share 31/05/2023	NAV per share 12/09/2023	Movement
Class A Retail Income Shares	159.88	153.70	(3.87)%
Class A Retail Accumulation Shares	260.18	258.87	(0.50)%
Class B Institutional Income Shares	174.72	168.37	(3.63)%
Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares	283.94	283.13	(0.29)%

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

For the period from 1 June 2022 to 31 August 2022

First interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Income Shares

			Distrib	ution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21
Group 1	2.4294	_	2.4294	2.3973
Group 2	1.7880	0.6414	2.4294	2.3973

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21
Group 1	3.8428	_	3.8428	3.6459
Group 2	2.2331	1.6097	3.8428	3.6459

Class B Institutional Income Shares

			Distr	ibution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21
Group 1	2.6366	_	2.6366	2.5828
Group 2	1.5532	1.0834	2.6366	2.5828

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21
Group 1	4.1648	_	4.1648	3.9196
Group 2	2.3300	1.8348	4.1648	3.9196

For the period from 1 September 2022 to 30 November 2022

Second interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Income Shares

			Distrik	oution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	1.7204	_	1.7204	1.7613
Group 2	0.7847	0.9357	1.7204	1.7613

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	2.7595	_	2.7595	2.7090
Group 2	1.0947	1.6648	2.7595	2.7090

Class B Institutional Income Shares

			Distri	bution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	1.8704	_	1.8704	1.9001
Group 2	0.7095	1.1609	1.8704	1.9001

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount	Accumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	2.9953	_	2.9953	2.9147
Group 2	1.2103	1.7850	2.9953	2.9147

For the period from 1 December 2022 to 28 February 2023

Third interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Income Shares

			Distrib	ution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23	28/04/22
Group 1	0.7685	_	0.7685	0.9001
Group 2	0.2502	0.5183	0.7685	0.9001

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23	28/04/22
Group 1	1.2450	_	1.2450	1.3967
Group 2	0.1779	1.0671	1.2450	1.3967

Class B Institutional Income Shares

			Distrik	oution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23	28/04/22
Group 1	0.8371	_	0.8371	0.9731
Group 2	0.3587	0.4784	0.8371	0.9731

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23	28/04/22
Group 1	1.3541	_	1.3541	1.5068
Group 2	0.4928	0.8613	1.3541	1.5068

For the period from 1 March 2023 to 31 May 2023

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Income Shares

			Dist	ribution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	2.9862	_	2.9862	2.8722
Group 2	1.2126	1.7736	2.9862	2.8722

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	4.8597	_	4.8597	4.4766
Group 2	0.6247	4.2350	4.8597	4.4766

Class B Institutional Income Shares

Distribution F					
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22	
Group 1	3.2600	_	3.2600	3.1100	
Group 2	1.6071	1.6529	3.2600	3.1100	

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

Amount Accumulated							
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22			
Group 1	5.2977	_	5.2977	4.8412			
Group 2	3.3356	1.9621	5.2977	4.8412			

FUND INFORMATION

The Comparative Tables on pages 54 to 56 give the performance of each active share class in the sub-fund.

The 'Return after charges' disclosed in the Comparative Tables is calculated as the return after operating charges per share divided by the opening net asset value per share. It differs from the sub-fund's performance disclosed in the ACD's report which is calculated based on the latest published price.

Portfolio transaction costs are incurred when investments are bought or sold by a fund in order to achieve the investment objective. These transaction costs affect an investor in different ways depending on whether they are joining, leaving or continuing with their investment in the sub-fund.

Direct transaction costs include broker commission and taxes. Broker commission includes the fee to a broker to execute the trades and research costs.

In addition, there are indirect portfolio transaction costs arising from the 'dealing spread' – the difference between the buying and selling prices of underlying investments in the portfolio. Unlike shares whereby broker commissions and stamp duty are paid by the sub-fund on each transaction, other types of investments (such as collective investment schemes, bonds, money instruments, derivatives) do not have separately identifiable transaction costs; these costs form part of the dealing spread. Dealing spreads vary considerably depending on the transaction value and money market sentiment.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class A Retail Income Shares

	2023	2022	2021
	(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
	share)	share)	share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	ire		
Opening net asset			
value per share	323.46	404.08	209.74
Return before			
operating charges*	(92.53)	(74.39)	200.14
Operating charges	(4.58)	(6.23)	(5.80)
Return after operating			
charges*	(97.11)	(80.62)	194.34
Closing net asset value			
per share	226.35	323.46	404.08
* after direct transaction			
costs of**:	0.09	0.29	1.10
Performance			
Return after charges	(30.02)%	(19.95)%	92.66%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	43	102	462
Closing number of shares	18,978	31,597	114,236
Operating charges†	1.69%	1.63%	1.62%
Direct transaction costs	0.03%	0.08%	0.31%
Prices			
Highest share price	330.40	413.60	421.90
Lowest share price	227.90	323.10	206.12

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	are		
Opening net asset value per share	324.62	404.79	210.12
Return before operating charges*	(92.78)	(73.97)	199.94
Operating charges	(4.56)	(6.20)	(5.27)
Return after operating charges*	(97.34)	(80.17)	194.67
Closing net asset value per share	227.28	324.62	404.79
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.09	0.29	1.00
Performance			
Return after charges	(29.99)%	(19.81)%	92.65%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	1,839	3,317	8,560
Closing number of shares	808,936	1,021,774	2,114,683
Operating charges†	1.69%	1.63%	1.62%
Direct transaction costs	0.03%	0.08%	0.31%
Prices			
Highest share price	331.60	414.40	422.65
Lowest share price	228.80	324.30	206.49

- Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- [†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Class B Institutional Income Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	are		
Opening net asset value per share	337.91	419.01	216.00
Return before operating charges*	(96.61)	(76.99)	205.97
Operating charges	(2.65)	(3.43)	(2.83)
Return after operating charges*	(99.26)	(80.42)	203.14
Distributions on income shares	(0.96)	(0.68)	(0.13)
Closing net asset value per share	237.69	337.91	419.01
* after direct transaction costs of **:	0.10	0.29	1.00
Performance			
Return after charges	(29.37)%	(19.19)%	94.05%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000) Closing number of shares Operating charges†	7,443 3,131,299 0.94%	12,823 3,794,720 0.88%	19,033 4,542,497 0.87%
Direct transaction costs	0.03%	0.08%	0.31%
Prices			
Highest share price Lowest share price	345.20 239.60	429.10 337.60	437.44 212.33

- ** Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- [†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

2023	2022	2021
(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
share)	share)	share)
are		
348.76	431.45	222.14
(99.76)	(79.13)	212.30
(2.74)	(3.56)	(2.99)
(102.50)	(82.69)	209.31
(0.99)	(0.70)	(0.21)
0.99	0.70	0.21
246.26	348.76	431.45
0.10	0.30	1.05
(29.39)%	(19.17)%	94.22%
53,678	93,576	182,331
21,797,168	26,831,149	42,260,056
0.94%	0.88%	0.87%
0.03%	0.08%	0.31%
356.30	441.80	450.28
247.90	348.40	218.37
	(pence per share) are 348.76 (99.76) (2.74) (102.50) (0.99) 0.99 246.26 0.10 (29.39)% 53,678 21,797,168 0.94% 0.03% 356.30	(pence per share) 348.76

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

SYNTHETIC RISK AND REWARD INDICATOR (SRRI)



The sub-fund is ranked as 6 because it has experienced relatively high rises and falls in value over the past five years. Please note that even the lowest ranking does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator demonstrates where the sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the sub-fund.

LEVERAGE

The sub-fund may use derivatives for the purposes of efficient portfolio management as part of its investment strategy which generates some leverage within the sub-fund. The sub-fund may use currency forward transactions to reduce the risk of adverse movements in the exchange rate in which it holds investments to its base currency. The sub-fund may experience a small amount of leverage when using the permitted 10% of net asset value short-term borrowing facility used in the course of the routine settlement of positions. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'commitment leverage' methodology has therefore been set at 20%. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'gross leverage' methodology has been set at 100%.

Leverage as at 31 May 2023 (unaudited)

Comm	itment Leverage	Gross Leverage	
Actual	Max. Limit	Actual Max. Lin	
3%	20%	0%	100%

During the financial year, the sub-fund has not employed any financial engineering structures, such as repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending or borrowing, or cash borrowings and re-investment which can be used to create leverage. Nor does the sub-fund post or receive margin or collateral. The sub-fund has not granted any guarantees in relation to leveraging arrangements or any rights to reuse collateral.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICY

The investment objective of the Premier Miton UK Smaller Companies Fund is to provide capital growth over the long-term, being five years or more.

Five years is also the minimum recommended period for holding shares in this sub-fund. This does not mean that the sub-fund will achieve the objective over this, or any other, specific time period and there is a risk of loss to the original capital invested.

The sub-fund aims to to achieve the objective of the sub-fund by investing in an actively managed portfolio with a minimum of 70% of its assets in shares of smaller companies incorporated or domiciled in the UK.

Smaller companies are typically considered to be those with a market capitalisation (size) of £1.5 billion or less, however, that may change over time according to economic and stock market conditions.

Up to 30% of the sub-fund's assets may be in other investments which may include companies incorporated or domiciled in the UK with a market capitalisation over £1.5bn, listed company shares in other geographical regions such as Europe and the USA, government and corporate (company) bonds, convertible bonds (bonds that can convert into company shares), collective investment schemes and cash and cash-like investments.

The sub-fund may invest in derivatives and forward transactions (these are contracts whose value is based on the change in price of an underlying investment) for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, including hedging (hedging is designed to offset the risk of another investment falling in price).

INVESTMENT REVIEW

PERFORMANCE

Over the 12-month period, the FTSE AIM All-Share Index fell by -18.24% and the FTSE Small Cap Index (excluding Investment Trusts) fell by -9.02%. By comparison, the Premier Miton UK Smaller Companies Fund (Class B Accumulation shares) fell -30.06% over the same period. This compares to the average total return for the IA UK Smaller Companies sector of -12.40% over the period. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns.

Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to facilitate comparison between funds with broadly similar characteristics. The sub-fund is classified in the IA UK Smaller Companies sector, which we believe is a meaningful comparator to help investors assess the performance of the sub-fund. As the sub-fund invests in UK smaller companies, we believe the FTSE Small Cap ex IT Index and FTSE AIM All-Share index are useful performance comparators.

Investors will have noted that the sub-fund has underperformed the peer group in the reporting period. We would, however, highlight that whilst macroeconomic headwinds such as the War in Ukraine, inflation, rising interest rates and BREXIT repercussions have impacted investor sentiment, the stocks in the sub-fund's portfolio typically remain in good health. Negative investor sentiment has been most pronounced towards the smaller and micro-cap companies (companies with a market capitalisation (the total value of all a company's shares) of below £250 million) where the sub-fund focuses

Notable contributors in the 12-month period came from a wide range of sectors and included Yu Group plc, Ondo InsurTech, EnSilica and Accrol. Weak performers included Aferian, Saietta, CT Automotive and HeiQ.

MARKET REVIEW

In the reporting period, the share prices of the vast body of the smaller companies within the FTSE AIM All-Share have declined, whereas many of the larger companies in the FTSE 100 Index have held up much better. The relative underperformance of the AIM Index compared to the FTSE 100 Index reflects the ongoing redemptions from UK OEICs depressing the performance of smaller sized equities, whereas the FTSE 100 Index has benefited from international buyers of mega cap equities, especially those in the resources sector.

Despite poor stock market sentiment towards AIM listed companies and the poor returns, corporate profitability to date has typically held up relatively well. This reflects the strong market position and niches of the businesses held in the sub-fund as well as the ability of experienced management teams to execute strategically and operationally. With concerns about the wider macroeconomic environment (factors that include; inflation, interest rates, unemployment and gross domestic product, amongst many others), listed businesses are in an ideal position to take market share as they are seen as good counterparties by suppliers, customers and banks.

In our view, the main reason for the funds disappointing returns, is related to the share price weakness of many holdings due to near record UK OEIC redemptions over the last two years. This trend appears to be at odds to most companies continuing to meet trading expectations. In addition, we also believe there has been less share price appreciation of AIM-listed companies that have exceeded forecasts.

PORTFOLIO ACTIVITY

Given the focus of the sub-fund, there are wide differences between the sub-fund, its smaller company peers and mainstream indices. As a result, the performance of the sub-fund by comparison is expected to vary markedly from time to time. The principal drivers of the sub-fund's returns are usually related to company specific news, occurring at times often unrelated to the fluctuations of markets.

We believe the portfolio is well positioned for the ongoing slowdown in global growth and, at this stage, there have not been many portfolio changes. Most companies within the portfolio continue to report trading in line with expectations, if not better. Lastly, the portfolio also continues to hold a FTSE 100 put option with a term (time to maturity) extending to December 2023. The option is not held because we anticipate a global stock market setback, but rather as method of enhancing the sub-fund's opportunity to purchase additional holdings if there were an unexpected setback. A Put option is a type of derivative. It can be used to protect the value of an underlying investment or group of investments against a fall in value and can be thought of as an insurance policy. These can make a sub-fund more volatile from time to time.

OUTLOOK

Underlying stock market trends often persist for years and years.

Even so, towards the end of a long period of low inflation, typically mega-cap (the largest companies in the investment universe as measured by market capitalisation) strategies with the prospect of enhanced capital appreciation tend to outperform. There are close parallels between today's FANG megacaps (stocks of four popular American technology companies: Meta, Amazon, Netflix, and Alphabet) with the Nifty Fifty of the 1970's, which were a group of 50 large-cap stocks on the New York Stock Exchange that were most favoured by institutional investors. The Nifty Fifty also outperformed dramatically in the early 1970's when inflationary pressures became an issue. Later in the decade, when inflation turned out to be persistent, market valuations first fell back to prior norms, and later corporate profit margins reduced. This led to a period of Nifty Fifty underperformance, and the S&P 500 Index to flatline in real terms for eleven years. If the FANG mega-caps were to parallel this outcome, we anticipate a degree of institutional urgency to identify areas of investment that can generate attractive returns in future, especially those that can deliver returns that are genuinely less correlated with the mainstream stocks.

With this context in mind and noting that, despite the substantial ongoing near-record UK OEIC selling, the FTSE 100 Index has already outperformed the US exchanges over the last two and half unsettled years. When domestic OEIC selling moderates, we believe the FTSE 100 Index could breakout on the upside. Perhaps even more significantly, when domestic OEIC selling moderates, the potential for AIM market recovery appears to be greater than that of the FTSE 100 Index.

With high inflation, the returns of numerous asset classes have become much more correlated to each other meaning their prices behave similarly. Importantly in this context, the returns of cash compounding strategies (those where their earnings, from either capital gains or interest, are reinvested to generate additional earnings over time) are substantially less reliant on stock market appreciation to deliver return.

We continue to believe the sub-fund's strategy has the potential to outperform the mainstream indices in the UK (such as the FTSE All-Share), as the UK stock market itself outperforms, however, this is not something we are able to guarantee. When the asset class in question (UK-listed small and micro-cap companies) start at an ultra-low valuation, along with very modest institutional allocations, these kinds of favourable trends can be persistent over very long time periods.

Source: Premier Portfolio Managers Limited, June 2023. The information provided and opinions expressed are those of the investment manager and can change. This information should not be interpreted as investment advice.

Performance source: FE Analytics. Based on UK sterling, class B accumulation shares, on a total return basis, as at 31 May 2023. Performance is shown net of fees with income reinvested. Reference to any particular investment does not constitute a recommendation to buy or sell the investment.

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Please note that other share classes are available which may have higher or lower charges which will impact the /returns of the sub-fund. Fund factsheets are published on our website for each available share class.

The top ten purchases and sales during the year were as follows:

Purchases	Costs £'000	Sales	Proceeds £'000
Option FTSE 100 Index		Jubilee Metals	3,274
Put 5700 15/12/2022	1,215	Option FTSE 100 Index	
Option FTSE 100 Index		Put 5700 15/12/2022	1,215
Put 5700 15/12/2023	1,215	Savannah Petroleum	1,182
Shield Therapeutics	945	CentralNic	1,180
H&T	903	Option FTSE 100 Index	1,200
Unbound	766	Put 6200 16/12/2022	1,057
Smarttech247	735	Coats	1,005
MusicMagpie	733	888	958
Pantheon Resources	630	Avacta	914
Ironveld	500	Kenmare Resources	897
Saietta	485	Ensilica	772
Total purchases during		Total sales during	
the year were	14,444	the year were	28,515

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %	Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	AFRICA 1.92% (1.01%)				JERSEY 0.83% (0.38%)		
20,630,244	AfriTin Mining	1,217	1.92	1,208,635	CleanTech Lithium	520	0.83
		1,217	1.92			520	0.83
	AUSTRALIA 0.59% (0.39%)				NORTH AMERICA 1.31% (0.79%)		
97,953,800	MGC Pharmaceuticals	372	0.59	4,884,393	Thor Explorations	825	1.31
		372	0.59			825	1.31
	BERMUDA 0.27% (0.21%)				POLAND 0.18% (0.32%)		
339,055	Randall & Quilter Investment	170	0.27	2,808,876	Serinus Energy	112	0.18
		170	0.27			112	0.18
	BOSNIA-HERZEGOVINA 0.95% (0.45%)				SOUTH AFRICA 1.05% (1.29%)		
365,545	Adriatic Metals	598	0.95	7,254,156	Rural Broadband Solutions	112	0.18
		598	0.95	635,325	Tharisa –	547	0.87
						659	1.05
1,035,284	CANADA 1.85% (1.56%) Ondine Biomedical	155	0.25		TANZANIA 1 440/ (0 660/)		
1,470,588	Orosur Mining	60	0.23	8.064.472	TANZANIA 1.44% (0.66%) Shanta Gold	907	1.44
1,158,635	Touchstone Exploration	661	1.04	,,,,,	_	907	1.44
71,816,045	Zenith Energy	287	0.46				
		1,163	1.85		UNITED ARAB EMIRATES 0.00% (0.93%)		
					UNITED STATES 0.16% (0.28%)		
200,269	CONTINENTAL EUROPE 1.00% (1.14%) Atalaya Mining	629	1.00	434,761		100	0.16
200,203	-	629	1.00		_	100	0.16
	CYPRUS 0.61% (0.67%)				UNITED KINGDOM 76.41% (75.12%)		
57,769,555	KEFI Gold and Copper	384 384	0.61 0.61		BASIC MATERIALS 6.41% (8.96%)		
		304	0.01		Chemicals 1.23% (1.92%)		
				3,357,882	Graft Polymer UK	134	0.21
2 460 252	GUERNSEY 0.14% (0.45%)	0.0	0.14	7,052,021	Plant Health Care	639	1.02
2,469,353	Mercantile Ports and Logistics	86 86	0.14			773	1.23
					Mining 5.18% (7.04%)		
	1051 4410 0 000/ /4 000/			9,367,531	Bluejay Mining	215	0.34
162,867	IRELAND 3.02% (1.83%) Kenmare Resources	689	1.09	3,186,330	Galantas Gold	542	0.86
2,478,454	Smarttech247	843	1.33	166,666,667	Ironveld	583	0.93
	VR Education	377	0.60	2,356,016	Pan African Resources	316	0.50
	-	1,909	3.02	1,225,768 18,206,036	Phoenix Copper Savannah Resources	306 783	0.49 1.23
				1,925,000	Serabi Gold	520	0.83
	ISLE OF MAN 0.00% (0.62%)			,,	-	3,265	5.18
	ISRAEL 1.07% (1.47%)				CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY 3.75%		
9,559,979	Ethernity Networks	258	0.41		(3.95%)		
881,439	MTI Wireless Edge	414	0.66		Automobiles & Parts 2.03% (3.03%)		
		672	1.07	1,643,473	CT Automotive	575	0.91
				1,404,655	Saietta	703	1.12
						1,278	2.03

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

As at 31 May 20	023		
Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	Media 1.13% (0.92%)		
4,059,766	National World	710	1.13
	_	710	1.13
	Retailers 0.59% (0.00%)		
1,716,539	MusicMagpie	292	0.46
2,710,301	Unbound	81	0.13
		373	0.59
	CONSUMER GOODS 7.44% (5.90%)		
	Automobiles & Parts 0.41% (0.37%)		
2,564,612	Autins	256	0.41
	_	256	0.41
	Beverages 0.61% (1.15%)		
1,239,061	Virgin Wines UK	384	0.61
	_	384	0.61
	Household Goods & Home Construction 4.91% (2.73%)		
4,710,539	Accrol	1,621	2.57
939,376	•	940	1.49
432,440	UP Global Sourcing	538	0.85 4.91
		3,099	4.91
	Leisure Goods 1.04% (0.30%)		
476,273	Photo-Me	654	1.04
		654	1.04
	Personal Goods 0.47% (1.35%)		
1,456,908	HeiQ	294	0.47
		294	0.47
	CONSUMER SERVICES 4.95% (6.18%)		
	General Retailers 0.22% (1.09%)		
219,887	AO World	139	0.22
		139	0.22
	Media 2.18% (1.80%)		
418,491	Reach	301	0.48
1,019,079	Zinc Media	1,070 1,371	2.18
		1,3/1	2.10
	Travel & Leisure 2.55% (3.29%)		
695,215 1,187,382	Gaming Realms Hostelworld	213 1,395	0.34 2.21
1,785,769	Patisserie ¹	1,393	
	_	1,608	2.55
	ENERGY 2.97% (1.83%)		
	Alternative Energy 0.40% (0.28%)		
252,643	Atome Energy	255	0.40
		255	0.40
	Oil, Gas & Coal 2.57% (1.55%)		
1,330,758	IOG	84	0.13
215,646	Kistos	496	0.79

		Market Value	Total Value of Sub-Fund
Holding	Investment	£'000	<u>%</u>
	Oil, Gas & Coal continued		
213,483	Molecular Energies	256	0.41
3,704,096	Pantheon Resources	612	0.97
4,355,050	Velocys	102	0.16
241,947	Velocys Rights	_	_
2,666,401	Velocys UK	67	0.11
		1,617	2.57
	FINANCIALS 12.56% (10.42%)		
	Banks 0.46% (0.00%)		
32,321	Arbuthnot Banking	291	0.46
		291	0.46
	Financial Services 7.81% (7.59%)		
1,410,769	Cenkos Securities	451	0.72
598,758	CMC Markets	1,042	1.65
200,000	H&T	806	1.28
2,600,000	Marwyn Management ¹	_	_
1,444,344	Morses Club ¹		
22,400,000	NFT Investments	336	0.53
255,511,814	Reabold Resources	358	0.57
70,080,400	Riverfort Global Opportunities	456	0.72
2,191,122	Trufin	1,468	2.34
225,000	Ventus¹	4,917	7.81
	Life Incurrence 4 CC0/ (4 400/)	4,317	7.01
1 201 000	Life Insurance 1.66% (1.40%)	1.046	1.66
1,201,090	Just	1,046 1,046	1.66 1.66
		2,0 .0	
	Non-life Insurance 1.22% (0.30%)		
4,166,666	Ondo InsurTech	771	1.22
		771	1.22
	Real Estate Investment & Services 1.41% (1.13%)		
825,397	, ,	891	1.41
	Conygar Mar City ¹	091	1.41
2,150,000	Mar City ¹	891	1.41
	HEALTH CARE 4.86% (4.15%)		
	Health Care Equipment & Services		
568,638	2.36% (2.43%) Feedback	626	0.99
482,684	Inspiration Healthcare	212	0.34
3,400,182	Totally	646	1.03
3,400,102		1,484	2.36
	Medical Equipment & Services 0.14% (0.00%)		
375,000	Creo Medical plc	91	0.14
	_	91	0.14
	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology 2.36% (1.72%)		
374,346	Avacta	401	0.64
374,340			

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at	31	May	/ 20	123
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Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology		
15 740 267	continued	001	1.50
15,749,367	Shield Therapeutics	991 1,490	2.36
	INDUSTRIALS 13.41% (12.51%)	1,430	2.30
	Construction & Materials 7.68% (6.39%)		
197,191	Eneraqua Technologies	306	0.49
8,214,650	Fox Marble	90	0.14
781,649	Galliford Try	1,384	2.20
355,555	Hercules Site Services	126	0.20
630,087	Norcros	1,052	1.67
2,290,000	Renold	632	1.00
2,296,383	Tirupati Graphite	827	1.31
1,006,718	Van Elle	423	0.67
		4,840	7.68
	Electronic & Electrical Equipment 1.15% (1.41%)		
940,214	EnSilica	629	1.00
21,000,000	Trackwise Designs	95	0.15
	_	724	1.15
	Industrial Engineering 0.00% (1.06%)		
	Industrial Support Services 1.12% (0.00%)		
436,698	Journeo	707	1.12
	-	707	1.12
	Industrial Transportation 0.71% (1.31%)		
185,149	Wincanton	446	0.71
		446	0.71
	Support Sorvices 2 75% (2 24%)		
1 204 200	Support Services 2.75% (2.34%)	771	1 22
1,264,268 808,136	DWF	771	1.23 0.74
36,533,266	Frontier REACT	469 493	0.74
30,333,200	—		
		1,733	2.75
	OIL & GAS 4.32% (7.23%)		
	Alternative Energy 0.00% (0.00%)		
2,387,925	Hydrodec ¹	_	_
		-	_
	Francis 0 2007 (4 0007)		
	Energy 0.29% (1.00%)		
2,745,345	Helium One Global	184	0.29
		184	0.29
	Oil & Gas Producers 2.56% (4.47%)		
4,006,816	Savannah Energy	926	1.48
9,061,355	United Oil & Gas	122	0.19
15,617,983	Zephyr Energy	562	0.89
3,523,555		1,610	2.56
		1,010	2.30
	Oil Equipment & Services 1.47% (1.76%)		
5,762,687	Enteq Upstream	548	0.87

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
Holding	livestillelit	£ 000	
	Oil Equipment & Services continued		
2,909,382	Getech	378	0.60
		926	1.47
	TECHNOLOGY 7.15% (10.76%)		
	Software & Computer Services 5.69% (8.98%)		
1,098,756	Accsys Technologies	769	1.22
4,601,931	•	37	0.06
275,121	Beeks Financial Cloud	319	0.51
5,189,698	Blackbird	311	0.49
	CentralNic	80	0.13
	Corero Network	364 278	0.58 0.44
618,000 277,941,873	Croma Security Solutions Microsaic Systems	278 56	0.44
	Panoply	135	0.03
3,433,822	Pennant International	1,237	1.96
-,,-	_	3,586	5.69
	Technology Hardware & Equipment 1.46% (1.78%)	•	
1,204,820	Amino Technologies	205	0.33
500,000	Concurrent Technologies	325	0.51
4,190,155	Kromek	214	0.34
968,915	Nanoco	174	0.28
		918	1.46
	TELECOMMUNICATIONS 2.96% (1.91%)		
	Telecommunications Equipment 2.96% (1.91%)		
12,050,020	Cyanconnode	1,868	2.96
		1,868	2.96
	UTILITIES 5.63% (1.32%)		
	Electricity 0.59% (0.22%)		
200,000	Good Energy	372	0.59
	_	372	0.59
	Gas, Water & Multiutilities 5.04%		
	(1.10%)		
556,766	Yu	3,174	5.04
		3,174	5.04
	OPTIONS 0.27% (0.85%)		
526	Option FTSE 100 Index Put 5700		
	15/12/2023	171	0.27
		171	0.27
	WARRANTS 0.01% (1.33%)		
4,140,776	Ethernity Networks Warrants 17/01/2025 ²	_	_
41,666,667	Ironveld PLC Warrants 31/12/2049 ²	_	_
12,500,000	Ironveld Warrants 31/12/2049 ²	6	0.01
50,829,220	KEFI Gold and Copper Warrants		
	18/05/2024	_	_
28,409,091	MGC Pharmaceuticals Warrants 31/12/2049		
2,920,823	RBBS PZ Warrants 24/04/2024 ²	_	_
_,0,0_0			

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

Total Value of Sub-Fund %	Market Value £'000	Investment	Holding
		WARRANTS continued	
_	_	Spinnaker Acq Warrants 31/12/2040	2,083,333
		Trackwise Design Warrants	12,500,000
_	_	09/01/2026 ²	,_,
_	_	Zenith Energy Warrants 02/03/2026 ²	13,888,888
_	_	Zephyr Energy Warrants 11/02/2025	1,250,000
0.01	6		
93.08	58,645	Total Value of Investments	
6.92	4,358	Net Other Assets	
100.00	63,003	Total Net Assets	

Figures in brackets represent sector distribution at 31 May 2022.

Securities are admitted to an official stock exchange listing or traded on another regulated market unless otherwise stated.

¹ Securities in liquidation/delisted.

² Securities not traded in an official stock exchange have been valued at the ACD's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the year ended 31 May 2023

	Notes	£'000	31/05/23 £'000	£'000	31/05/22 £'000
Income					
Net capital losses	4		(28,916)		(28,451)
Revenue	5	989		1,511	
Expenses	6	(727)		(1,281)	
Interest payable and similar charges	_		_		
Net revenue before taxation		262		230	
Taxation	7 _	(7)	_	(17)	
Net revenue after taxation		-	255		213
Total loss before distributions			(28,661)		(28,238)
Distributions	8	_	(265)		(243)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities			(28,926)		(28,481)
nom myestment activities			(20,320)	:	(20,401)

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 May 2023

			31/05/23		31/05/22
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders			109,818		210,386
Amounts receivable on issue of shares		15,793		42,290	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares		(33,903)		(114,583)	
			(18,110)		(72,293)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities			(28,926)		(28,481)
Retained distributions on accumulation shares	8	_	221	_	206
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		=	63,003	: =	109,818

A I		

As at 31 May 2023			
	Notes	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
ASSETS			
Fixed assets:			
Investments		58,645	100,760
Current assets:			
Debtors	9	455	1,012
Cash and bank balances	10	4,312	9,257
Total assets		63,412	111,029
LIABILITIES			
Creditors:			
Bank overdrafts	11	_	(19)
Distribution payable on income shares	8	(9)	(3)
Other creditors		. ,	, ,
Other creditors	12	(400)	(1,189)
Total liabilities		(409)	(1,211)
Net assets attributable to			
shareholders		63,003	109,818

The notes on pages 64 to 68 are an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of Premier Portfolio Managers Limited.

Gregor Craig Director (of the ACD) 22 September 2023 Ian West Director (of the ACD)

31/05/23 31/05/22

19

2

57

28

95

727

(16)

24

6

95

20

1

147

1,281

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting, distribution and risk management policies for Notes 1 to 3 are provided in the Aggregated Notes to the Financial Statements section on pages 8 to 10.

4. NET CAPITAL LOSSES

Calestone

Printing fees

Registration fees

Research fees

Subsidy fees

Total expenses

	- , , -	- , ,
	£'000	£'000
Non-derivative securities	(27,986)	(26,136)
Other currency losses	(4)	(3)
Derivative securities	(921)	(2,304)
Transaction charges	(5)	(8)
Net capital losses	(28,916)	(28,451)
5. REVENUE		
	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Bank interest	78	9
Franked UK dividends	715	1,029
Overseas dividends	196	473
	989	1,511
6. EXPENSES		
	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic charge	608	1,098
Management fee rebates	_	4
	608	1,102
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either of them:		
Depositary's fees	9	17
Safe custody fees	15	15
	24	32
Other expenses:		
Auditor's remuneration	5	1

Irrecoverable VAT is included in the above expenses where relevant.

7. TAXATION

(a) The tax charge comprises:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Current tax:		
Overseas withholding tax	7	17
Total current tax (note 7 (b))	7	17
Deferred tax (note 7 (c))		_
Total taxation	7	17

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year:

The tax charge for the year differs from the special 20% rate of corporation tax applicable to Open-Ended Investment Companies (OEICs). The differences are explained below:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Net revenue before taxation	262	230
	262	230
Return on ordinary activities multiplied by the special rate of corporation tax of		
20% (2022: 20%)	52	46
Effects of:		
Expenses not utilised in the year	130	254
Franked UK dividends and distributions not subject to taxation	(143)	(205)
Non-taxable overseas dividends	(39)	(95)
Overseas withholding tax	7	17
Total tax charge (note 7 (a))	7	17
(c) Deferred tax		
Provision at the start of the year	_	_
Deferred tax charge in the year	_	_
Provision at the end of the year	_	_

Authorised OEICs are exempt from tax on capital gains made within the sub-fund.

Factors that may affect the future tax charge:

The sub-fund has not recognised a deferred tax asset of £2,258,969 (2022: £2,129,198) arising as a result of having unutilised management expenses. It is unlikely that the sub-fund will obtain relief for these in the future so no deferred tax asset has been recognised.

8. DISTRIBUTIONS

The distributions take into account revenue received on the issue of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares, and comprise:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
First interim distribution	11	10
First interim accumulation	72	87
Second interim distribution	12	11
Second interim accumulation	82	93
Third interim distribution	_	_
Third interim accumulation	_	_
Final distribution	9	3
Final accumulation	67	26
	253	230
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	20	21
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of shares	(8)	(8)
Net distributions for the year	265	243

The difference between the net revenue after taxation and the amounts distributed comprises:

Distributions	265	243
Deficit transferred to capital	10	30
Net revenue after taxation	255	213

9. DEBTORS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Accrued revenue	56	148
Amounts receivable for issue of shares	221	348
Overseas tax recoverable	13	20
Prepaid expenses	16	_
Sales awaiting settlement	149	496
	455	1,012

10. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Sterling	4,312	9,257
	4,312	9,257
11. BANK OVERDRAFTS		
	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Sterling		19
	_	19

12. OTHER CREDITORS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Accrued expenses	94	153
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	239	1,036
Purchases awaiting settlement	67	_
	400	1,189

13. RELATED PARTIES

The ACD is regarded as a related party to the sub-fund because it provides key management personnel services to the sub-fund. The Ultimate controlling party of the ACD is Premier Miton Group Plc. Subsidiaries of Premier Miton Group Plc along with any Directors and persons closely associated to the Directors of either Premier Miton Group Plc or its subsidiaries are also considered related parties to the sub-fund.

Premier Portfolio Managers Limited acts as the principal on all the transactions of the shares of the sub-fund. The aggregate monies received by the ACD through the issue of shares and paid on cancellation of shares are disclosed in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders on page 63. Fees received by the Manager from the sub-fund including any rebates paid by the Manager to the sub-fund are shown within notes 4, 5 and 6. Any equalisation amounts that relate to creations and cancellation of shares are shown within note 8. Any outstanding fees or amounts outstanding on creations and cancellation of shares in the sub-fund, or any rebates receivable by the sub-fund from the Manager are shown within notes 9 and 12.

At the year end, related parties held 0.02% (2022: 0.00%) of sub-fund's shares in issue.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (2022: £nil).

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In pursuing the sub-fund's investment objective, the main risks arising from the sub-fund's financial instruments are market price, currency, interest rate, liquidity, credit and counterparty risk.

Market Price Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

At 31 May 2023, if the price of the investments held by the sub-fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £2,932,258 (2022: £5,037,996).

Currency Risk

The revenue and capital value of the sub-fund's investments can be affected by foreign currency translation movements as some of the sub-fund's assets and revenue may be denominated in currencies other than Sterling, which is the sub-fund's base currency.

There are three main areas of currency risk. These are, movement in exchange rates affecting the value of investments, short-term timing differences such as exposure to exchange rate movements during the period between when an investment purchase or sale is entered into and the date when settlement occurs, and movements in exchange rates affecting revenue received by the sub-fund.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

Currency Risk continued

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2023

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
Canadian dollar	825	_	825	1.31
	825	_	825	1.31
Sterling	57,820	4,358	62,178	98.69
Total	58,645	4,358	63,003	100.00

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2022

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
Canadian dollar	872	_	872	0.79
	872	_	872	0.79
Sterling	99,888	9,058	108,946	99.21
Total	100,760	9,058	109,818	100.00

At 31 May 2023, if the value of Sterling increased or decreased by 1% against all currencies, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £8,248 (2022: £8,723).

Interest Rate Risk

The sub-fund does not have any direct interest rate risk as the majority of financial assets are in derivatives and equities, which do not pay interest.

The interest-bearing financial assets of the sub-fund are bank balances, on which interest is calculated at a variable rate by reference to sterling bank deposit rates or the international equivalent.

Liquidity Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Credit Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Counterparty Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

There is no material difference between the carrying values and the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of the sub-fund disclosed in the balance sheet where applicable.

Valuation technique as at 31 May 2023	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	58,468	_	_	58,468
Options	171	_	_	171
Warrants	_	_	6	6
	58,639	_	6	58,645
Valuation technique as at 31 May 2022	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Collective Investment Schemes	_	181	_	181
Equities	97,594	591	_	98,185
Options	934	_	_	934
Warrants	_	_	1,460	1,460
	98,528	772	1,460	100,760

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e., developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e., for which market data is unavailable for the asset or liability).

Derivatives and Forward Transactions

Derivatives used during the year are comprised of warrants and options.

Open positions at the balance sheet date are disclosed as either 'Investment Assets' or 'Investment Liabilities' in the Balance Sheet. Unrealised gain/ (losses) on derivatives are taken to capital. The value of these investments may fluctuate significantly.

The Investment Adviser may use derivative instruments to hedge the investment portfolio against risk.

16. SHARE CLASSES

The sub-fund currently has four types of share. The AMC on each share class is as follows:

Class A Retail Income & Accumulation Shares	1.50%
Class B Institutional Income & Accumulation Shares	0.75%

The following table shows the shares in issue during the year:

Class A Retail Shares	Income	Accumulation
Opening Shares	31,597	1,021,774
Shares Created	88	48,100
Shares Liquidated	(12,707)	(259,650)
Shares Converted	-	(1,288)
Closing Shares	18,978	808,936
Class B Institutional Shares	Income	Accumulation
Class B Institutional Shares Opening Shares	Income 3,794,720	Accumulation 26,831,149
Opening Shares	3,794,720	26,831,149
Opening Shares Shares Created	3,794,720 573,829	26,831,149 4,862,180

The net asset value, the net asset value per share and the number of shares in issue are given in the Fund Information on pages 54 to 56. All share classes have the same rights on winding up. The taxation and income are apportioned equally based on the weighted proportion of each share class.

The distribution per share class is given in the distribution tables on pages $69\ to\ 70.$

17. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS

The following tables show portfolio transactions and their associated transaction costs. For more information about the nature of these costs please refer to the additional portfolio transaction cost information on page 54 .

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Purchases¹ in year before transaction costs	14,439	35,635
Commissions:		
Derivatives total value paid	_	_
Equities total value paid	3	5
Taxes:		
Derivatives total value paid	_	_
Equities total value paid	2	29
Total purchase costs	5	34
Gross purchases total	14,444	35,669
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Gross sales¹ before transaction costs	28,536	101,608
Commissions:		
Derivatives total value paid	_	_
Equities total value paid	(21)	(71)
Taxes:		
Derivatives total value paid	_	_
Equities total value paid		(1)
Total sales costs	(21)	(72)
Total sales net of transaction costs	28,515	101,536
	·	

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1}$ Excluding corporate actions

17. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS continued

	31/05/23 %	31/05/22 %
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Commissions:		
Derivatives percentage of average NAV	_	_
Derivatives percentage of purchases	_	-
Equities percentage of average NAV	_	_
Equities percentage of purchases	0.02	0.01
Taxes:		
Derivatives percentage of average NAV	_	_
Derivatives percentage of purchases	_	_
Equities percentage of average NAV	_	0.02
Equities percentage of purchases	0.01	0.08
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Commissions:		
Derivatives percentage of average NAV	_	_
Derivatives percentage of sales	_	_
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.03	0.05
Equities percentage of sales	0.07	0.07
Taxes:		
Derivatives percentage of average NAV	_	_
Derivatives percentage of sales	_	_
Equities percentage of average NAV	_	_
Equities percentage of sales	_	-
Analysis of total costs percentage of average NAV:		
Commissions	0.03	0.05
Taxes	-	0.02

As at the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 4.37% (2022: 4.07%) based on their value at noon on 31 May 2023. This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

18. POST BALANCE SHEET DATE MARKET MOVEMENT

There has been no significant movement in the net assets of the sub-fund since year end that require disclosure in the financial statements.

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

For the period from 1 June 2022 to 31 August 2022

First interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Income Shares

			Dis	stribution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22*	28/10/21*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	<u> </u>

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount A	Accumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22*	28/10/21*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class B Institutional Income Shares

			Distr	ribution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21
Group 1	0.2961	_	0.2961	0.2687
Group 2	0.1239	0.1722	0.2961	0.2687

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount	Accumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21
Group 1	0.3037	_	0.3037	0.2741
Group 2	0.1338	0.1699	0.3037	0.2741

For the period from 1 September 2022 to 30 November 2022

Second interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Income Shares

			Dist	ribution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount A	Accumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class B Institutional Income Shares

			Distrib	oution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	0.3703	_	0.3703	0.3221
Group 2	0.0653	0.3050	0.3703	0.3221

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount	Accumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	0.3820	_	0.3820	0.3298
Group 2	0.0614	0.3206	0.3820	0.3298

For the period from 1 December 2022 to 28 February 2023

Third interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Income Shares

			Distri	bution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23*	28/04/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

		Amount		ccumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23*	28/04/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	-
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class B Institutional Income Shares

			Distri	bution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23*	28/04/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount A	ccumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23*	28/04/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

For the period from 1 March 2023 to 31 May 2023

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Income Shares

			Distribution Page 1	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23*	28/07/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount Accumulated	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23*	28/07/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class B Institutional Income Shares

			Distribution Paid	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	0.2969	_	0.2969	0.0922
Group 2	0.1752	0.1217	0.2969	0.0922

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount Accumulated		
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22	
Group 1	0.3064	_	0.3064	0.0962	
Group 2	0.1645	0.1419	0.3064	0.0962	

^{*} Expenses exceeded revenue during the period, as a result no distributions were paid.

PREMIER MITON UK VALUE OPPORTUNITIES FUND

FUND INFORMATION

The Comparative Tables on pages 71 to 73 give the performance of each active share class in the sub-fund.

The 'Return after charges' disclosed in the Comparative Tables is calculated as the return after operating charges per share divided by the opening net asset value per share. It differs from the sub-fund's performance disclosed in the ACD's report which is calculated based on the latest published price.

Portfolio transaction costs are incurred when investments are bought or sold by a fund in order to achieve the investment objective. These transaction costs affect an investor in different ways depending on whether they are joining, leaving or continuing with their investment in the sub-fund.

Direct transaction costs include broker commission and taxes. Broker commission includes the fee to a broker to execute the trades and research

In addition, there are indirect portfolio transaction costs arising from the 'dealing spread' – the difference between the buying and selling prices of underlying investments in the portfolio. Unlike shares whereby broker commissions and stamp duty are paid by the sub-fund on each transaction, other types of investments (such as collective investment schemes, bonds, money instruments, derivatives) do not have separately identifiable transaction costs; these costs form part of the dealing spread. Dealing spreads vary considerably depending on the transaction value and money market sentiment.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class A Retail Income Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	ire		
Opening net asset value per share	201.55	246.55	154.04
Return before operating charges*	(5.15)	(39.23)	95.75
Operating charges	(3.04)	(3.73)	(3.24)
Return after operating charges*	(8.19)	(42.96)	92.51
Distributions on income shares	(3.97)	(2.04)	_
Closing net asset value per share	189.39	201.55	246.55
* after direct transaction costs of **:	0.70	1.25	1.37
Performance			
Return after charges	(4.06)%	(17.42)%	60.06%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000) Closing number of shares Operating charges† Direct transaction costs	73 38,728 1.58% 0.36%	93 46,027 1.57% 0.53%	159 64,609 1.60% 0.67%
Prices			
Highest share price Lowest share price	212.50 165.90	265.10 191.20	249.40 148.68

- ** Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- [†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 $\,$

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	re		
Opening net asset value per share	216.03	261.74	163.53
Return before operating charges*	(5.54)	(41.75)	101.52
Operating charges	(3.27)	(3.96)	(3.31)
Return after operating charges*	(8.81)	(45.71)	98.21
Distributions	(4.28)	(2.16)	_
Distributions on accumulation shares	4.28	2.16	-
Closing net asset value per share	207.22	216.03	261.74
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.75	1.33	1.40
Performance			
Return after charges	(4.08)%	(17.46)%	60.06%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000) Closing number of shares Operating charges† Direct transaction costs	1,679 810,281 1.58% 0.36%	2,229 1,031,592 1.57% 0.53%	3,537 1,351,221 1.60% 0.67%
Prices			
Highest share price Lowest share price	229.70 177.70	281.50 203.70	264.80 157.84

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

Class B Institutional Income Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha		Silarej	<u>Silate)</u>
Opening net asset value per share	202.34	247.68	154.36
Return before operating charges*	(5.12)	(39.56)	96.17
Operating charges	(1.62)	(1.95)	(1.65)
Return after operating charges*	(6.74)	(41.51)	94.52
Distributions on income shares	(5.46)	(3.83)	(1.20)
Closing net asset value per share	190.14	202.34	247.68
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.71	1.25	1.31
Performance			
Return after charges	(3.33)%	(16.76)%	61.23%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000) Closing number of shares Operating charges† Direct transaction costs	39,019 20,521,286 0.83% 0.36%	32,384 16,005,082 0.82% 0.53%	48,426 19,552,195 0.85% 0.67%
Prices			
Highest share price Lowest share price	213.70 167.00	266.90 192.40	251.70 149.19

^{***} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

	2023	2022	2021
	(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
	share)	share)	share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	re		
Opening net asset			
value per share	231.86	278.36	172.58
Return before			
operating charges*	(5.48)	(44.30)	107.64
Operating charges	(1.85)	(2.20)	(1.86)
Return after operating			
charges*	(7.33)	(46.50)	105.78
Distributions	(6.30)	(4.32)	(1.35)
Distributions on accumulation			
shares	6.30	4.32	1.35
Closing net asset value			
per share	224.53	231.86	278.36
* after direct transaction			
costs of**:	0.81	1.42	1.48
Performance			
Return after charges	(3.16)%	(16.70)%	61.29%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	334,513	510,898	643,029
Closing number of shares	148,985,192	220,346,963	231,008,344
Operating charges†	0.83%	0.82%	0.85%
Direct transaction costs	0.36%	0.53%	0.67%
Prices			
Highest share price	248.20	300.20	281.50
Lowest share price	191.40	218.20	166.79

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

SYNTHETIC RISK AND REWARD INDICATOR (SRRI)



The sub-fund is ranked as 6 because it has experienced relatively high rises and falls in value over the past five years. Please note that even the lowest ranking does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator demonstrates where the sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the sub-fund.

LEVERAGE

The sub-fund may use derivatives for the purposes of efficient portfolio management as part of its investment strategy which generates some leverage within the sub-fund. The sub-fund may use currency forward transactions to reduce the risk of adverse movements in the exchange rate in which it holds investments to its base currency. The sub-fund may experience a small amount of leverage when using the permitted 10% of net asset value short-term borrowing facility used in the course of the routine settlement of positions. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'commitment leverage' methodology has therefore been set at 20%. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'gross leverage' methodology has been set at 20%.

Leverage as at 31 May 2023 (unaudited)

Commitment Leverage		Gross Leverage	
Actual	Max. Limit	Actual	Max. Limit
0%	20%	0%	20%

During the financial year, the sub-fund has not employed any financial engineering structures, such as repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending or borrowing, or cash borrowings and re-investment which can be used to create leverage. Nor does the sub-fund post or receive margin or collateral. The sub-fund has not granted any guarantees in relation to leveraging arrangements or any rights to reuse collateral.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICY

The investment objective of the Premier Miton UK Value Opportunities Fund is to provide capital growth over the long-term, being five years or more.

Five years is also the minimum recommended period for holding shares in this sub-fund. This does not mean that the sub-fund will achieve the objective over this, or any other, specific time period and there is a risk of loss to the original capital invested.

The sub-fund aims to achieve its objective by investing in an actively managed portfolio with a minimum of 70% of its assets in shares in UK companies.

The sub-fund considers UK companies to be those that are incorporated or domiciled in the UK or have a significant part of their operations in the UK.

The sub-fund may invest in large, medium and smaller sized companies that are listed on a stock exchange.

Up to 30% of the sub-fund's assets may be in other investments which may include listed company shares in other geographical regions such as Europe and the USA, collective investment schemes and cash and cash-like investments.

The sub-fund may invest in derivatives and forward transactions (these are contracts whose value is based on the change in price of an underlying investment) for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, including hedging (hedging is designed to offset the risk of another investment falling in price).

INVESTMENT REVIEW

PERFORMANCE

The Premier Miton UK Value Opportunities Fund (Class B Accumulation shares) returned -2.73% during the period under review. The IA UK All Companies sector returned -1.13% and the FTSE All-Share Index returned 0.44%.

Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to facilitate comparison between funds with broadly similar characteristics. The sub-fund is classified in the IA UK All Companies Sector which we believe is a meaningful comparator to help investors assess the performance of the sub-fund. The FTSE All-Share Index is also used as a comparator which may assist investors in evaluating the sub-fund's performance against equity returns.

MARKET REVIEW

Stock markets were initially weak during the period under review as inflation surpassed expectations, driving up interest rates in the process. This was compounded in the UK by the short-lived Truss Government's attempt to introduce unfunded tax cuts. This led to a surge in UK borrowing costs, forcing a hasty policy U-turn under a new leadership that moved to emphasis fiscal discipline.

Markets were stronger during the final quarter of 2022 and the early part of 2023. The key reason was an apparent change in inflation — although still high, it appeared to be slowing. Despite hawkish rhetoric from central bankers, financial markets interpreted this change in the data as a sign that the relentless upward pressure on interest rates may have peaked, with clear positive implications for most risk assets including equities.

However this proved somewhat premature, with events in the US regional banking sector highlighting weaknesses amongst certain financial institutions' balance sheets. Core inflation also proved to be more sticky than expected, causing interest rate expectations to rise again.

PORTFOLIO ACTIVITY

There was a change of lead manager on the sub-fund during the period under review. The overall positioning of the portfolio, with a high weighting towards mid and small cap stocks, and with a moderately pro cyclical bias, remains as it is (a cyclical stock is a company whose business follows the economic cycle of expansion and recession). The main changes that have been made are stock and industry specific.

A number of new holdings have been added across the consumer discretionary sector. The focus is on high quality business models with a proven track record of long-term value creation, safe balance sheets and depressed valuations. There are also excellent opportunities in the travel and leisure space. As the industry continues to recover, the strong are set to get stronger at the expense of weaker competitors who have been unable or unwilling to invest during the pandemic.

Amongst the sub-fund's industrial holdings, there has been a shift in focus towards sub sectors where the industry cycle is either already depressed (e.g. aerospace and automotive) or where structural factors are likely to sustain demand even during a recessionary environment (e.g. infrastructure). Reductions and sales were made to holdings with fullish valuations and where earnings forecasts appear vulnerable in the face of a generally slowing global economy.

Exposure to the energy and basic resources sectors was increased via additions to existing holdings as well as several new holdings. Sustained underinvestment across these industries over many years makes the long-term investment prospect for existing, cash generative assets highly attractive. The energy transition provides a strong tailwind for certain commodities, whilst the age-old link between high oil and gas prices and increasing industry capital expenditure is now much weaker as the industry grapples with the demands of the energy transition.

OUTLOOK

There is understandable concern amongst investors regarding the near-term economic outlook, with the full impact of tighter monetary policy yet to be fully felt. However, it is important to keep in mind that equity investing is a long-term endeavour. It requires looking across the economic cycle in the context of the valuation opportunity that is available today.

Recessionary environments are not necessarily bad for all equities. For example, high quality businesses with strong balance sheets may be able to capitalise as weaker competitors fall by the wayside. A weaker economy also implies lower levels of demand and therefore lower inflation. This in turn increases the likelihood that central banks shift towards a more supportive monetary policy stance, potentially leading to a change of market leadership towards more interest rate sensitive stocks.

It is clear from the depressed valuations of many cyclically exposed equities that a weaker economic environment is already anticipated to some extent. This is especially so amongst UK equities, where depressed sentiment and ongoing outflows from the asset class have driven valuations down to very low levels. If history is any guide, this set up offers the prospect of outsized long-term returns for those who are prepared to be patient and take a long-term view.

Source: Premier Portfolio Managers Limited, June 2023. The information provided and opinions expressed are those of the investment manager and can change. This information should not be interpreted as investment advice.

Performance source: FE Analytics. Based on UK sterling, Class B Accumulation shares, on a total return basis, to 31 May 2023. Performance is shown net of fees with income reinvested. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Reference to any particular investment does not constitute a recommendation to buy or sell the investment.

Please note that other share classes are available which may have higher or lower charges which will impact the returns of the sub-fund. Fund factsheets are published on our website for each available share class.

The top ten purchases and sales during the year were as follows:

Purchases	Costs £'000	Sales	Proceeds £'000
St James's Place Shell BP Man PZ Cussons Inchcape Grafton Group Energean Breedon Serica Energy	12,542 10,912 10,569 10,452 9,338 9,310 9,065 9,040 8,897 8,572	Euromoney Institutional Investor Melrose Industries RPS Mitie Next Fifteen Communications Land Securities Melrose Industries PLC GlaxoSmithKline Balfour Beatty	15,898 12,703 11,984 11,178 11,135 10,951 10,379 10,265 9,544
		Reckitt Benckiser	9,342
Total purchases during the year were	308,551	Total sales during the year were	422,053

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

BASIC MATERIALS 8.42% (7.69%) Chemicals 0.97% (1.52%) Elementis Industrial Materials 1.44% (0.00%) Capital Mining 5.19% (6.17%) Atalaya Mining	3,645 3,645 5,420 5,420	0.97 1.44
Industrial Materials 1.44% (0.00%) Capital Mining 5.19% (6.17%)	3,645 5,420	0.97 0.97 1.44
Industrial Materials 1.44% (0.00%) Capital Mining 5.19% (6.17%)	3,645 5,420	0.97 1.44
Capital	5,420	1.44
Capital		
Mining 5.19% (6.17%)		
	5,420	1.44
Atalaya Mining		
Clausana	6,579	1.75
Glencore Sylvania Platinum	8,634 4,253	2.31 1.13
_	19,466	5.19
Precious Metals & Mining 0 82% (0 00%)		
Pan African Resources	3,069	0.82
	3,069	0.82
CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY 17.17% (2.87%)		
Automobiles & Parts 3.42% (0.00%)		
Dowlais	4,052	1.08
Inchcape	8,763	2.34
	12,815	3.42
Household Goods & Home Construction 2.53% (0.00%)		
Howden Joinery Group	9,509	2.53
_	9,509	2.53
Media 1.12% (0.88%)		
M&C Saatchi	4,213	1.12
_	4,213	1.12
Retailers 4.10% (0.00%)		
DFS Furniture	3,282	0.87
Moonpig	4,856	1.29
Next		1.94 4.10
	13,430	4.10
Travel & Leisure 6.00% (1.99%)		
		2.79 2.32
Wizz Air	3,330	0.89
_	22,474	6.00
CONSUMER GOODS 3.63% (4.92%)		
Household Goods & Home Construction 3.63% (4.92%)		
Bellway	6,887	1.83
Redrow	6,754	1.80 3.63
	Precious Metals & Mining 0.82% (0.00%) Pan African Resources CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY 17.17% (2.87%) Automobiles & Parts 3.42% (0.00%) Dowlais Inchcape Household Goods & Home Construction 2.53% (0.00%) Howden Joinery Group Media 1.12% (0.88%) M&C Saatchi Retailers 4.10% (0.00%) DFS Furniture Moonpig Next Travel & Leisure 6.00% (1.99%) Jet2 SSP Group Wizz Air CONSUMER GOODS 3.63% (4.92%) Household Goods & Home Construction 3.63% (4.92%) Bellway	Sylvania Platinum

		Market Value	Total Value of Sub-Fund
Holding	Investment	£'000	<u>%</u>
	CONSUMER SERVICES 2.38% (11.92%)		
	General Retailers 0.00% (0.81%)		
2,540,000	Studio Retail ¹	_	
		-	-
	Media 2.38% (8.18%)		
1,840,000	Wilmington	5,041	1.34
455,000	WPP	3,885	1.04
,,,,,,,,	-	8,926	2.38
		.,.	
	Travel & Leisure 0.00% (2.93%)		
4,000,000	Patisserie ¹	_	
		-	-
	CONSUMER STAPLES 4.04% (0.00%)		
	Personal Care, Drug & Grocery Stores 2.23% (0.00%)		
4,550,000	PZ Cussons	8,363	2.23
,,	<u>-</u>	8,363	2.23
		5,555	
	Tobacco 1.81% (0.00%)		
400,000	Imperial Brands	6,780	1.81
		6,780	1.81
	ENERGY 8.96% (0.00%)		
	Oil, Gas & Coal 8.96% (0.00%)		
2,075,000	BP	9,406	2.51
654,815	Energean	7,268	1.94
3,100,000 460,000	Serica Energy Shell	6,733 10,215	1.79 2.72
400,000	-	33,622	8.96
		33,022	8.50
	FINANCIALS 24.32% (23.71%)		
	Banks 3.88% (5.16%)		
165,064	Arbuthnot Banking	1,494	0.40
705,000	Close Brothers	6,394	1.70
2,580,000	NatWest	6,698	1.78
		14,586	3.88
	Financial Services 5.85% (5.66%)		
1,200,000	IG	8,064	2.15
1,500,000	OneSavings Bank	7,407	1.97
3,000,000	Vanquis Banking Group	6,495	1.73
		21,966	5.85
	Investment Banking & Brokerage Services 4.79% (1.36%)		
1,750,000	Ashmore Group	3,931	1.05
580,000	Intermediate Capital	8,074	2.16
2,700,000	Man	5,929	1.58
		17,934	4.79
	Life Insurance 2.56% (4.83%)		
860,000	St James's Place	9,588	2.56
555,000		9,588	2.56
		3,300	2.30

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

1,150,000 4,650,000 1 8,050,000 1,750,000 650,000 9,500,000 1 421,081 290,000 1	Real Estate Investment & Services 1.89% (4.38%)		%
4,650,000	(4.30/0)		
4,650,000	CLS	1,573	0.42
8,050,000 1,750,000 650,000 9,500,000 1 421,081 290,000 1 2,650,000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Harworth	5,510	1.47
8,050,000 1,750,000 650,000 9,500,000 1,750,00		7,083	1.89
1,750,000 650,000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Real Estate Investment Trusts 5.35% (2.32%)		
1,750,000 650,000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Empiric Student Property	7,277	1.94
9,500,000 :	Helical	4,253	1.13
421,081 290,000 2,650,000	Shaftesbury Capital	779	0.21
421,081 290,000 2,650,000	Sirius Real Estate	7,776	2.07
421,081 290,000 2,650,000		20,085	5.35
421,081 290,000 2,650,000	HEALTH CARE 3.13% (7.28%)		
421,081 290,000 2,650,000	Health Care Providers 0.00% (0.81%)		
421,081 290,000 2,650,000	Medical Equipment & Services 0.00% (1.38%)		
290,000 	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology 3.13% (5.09%)		
290,000	Hikma Pharmaceuticals	7,543	2.01
2,650,000	Indivior	4,220	1.12
2,650,000	_	11,763	3.13
2,650,000	INDUSTRIALS 23.67% (31.10%)		
	Aerospace & Defence 1.18% (0.00%)		
	Senior	4,431	1.18
		4,431	1.18
	Construction & Materials 12.11% (7.86%)		
2,700,000	Breedon	9,355	2.50
1,900,000	Eurocell	2,128	0.57
4,000,000	Galliford Try	7,168	1.91
875,000	Keller Group	5,941	1.58
3,212,500	Norcros	5,461	1.46
	SigmaRoc	6,490	1.73
	Stelrad	2,180	0.58
2,501,146	Tyman	6,691	1.78
		45,414	12.11
	Electronic & Electrical Equipment 0.00% (3.96%)		
(General Industrials 1.37% (4.46%)		
180,000	Smurfit Kappa	5,134	1.37
		5,134	1.37
1	Industrial Engineering 1.57% (2.20%)		
8,500,000	Coats	5,899	1.57
		5,899	1.57
	Industrial Support Services 3.30% (3.24%)		
	Essentra	4,565	1.22
957,672	Grafton Group	7,811 12,376	2.08

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	Industrial Transportation 0.00% (0.42%)		
	Support Services 4.14% (8.96%)		
4,500,000	Mitie	3,996	1.06
1,125,000	Redde Northgate	4,196	1.12
1,030,000	Renew	7,365	1.96
	_	15,557	4.14
	OIL & GAS 1.64% (3.02%)		
	Energy 0.77% (1.10%)		
750,000	Hargreaves Services	2,880	0.77
,	_	2,880	0.77
	Oil Equipment & Services 0.87% (1.92%)		
1,500,000	Hunting	3,285	0.87
2,500,000	_	3,285	0.87
	TECHNOLOGY 0.75% (2.12%)		
	Software & Computer Services 0.75% (2.12%)		
3,100,000	NCC	2,818	0.75
	-	2,818	0.75
	UTILITIES 0.00% (2.27%)		
	Electricity 0.00% (1.27%)		
	Waste & Disposal Services 0.00% (1.00%)		
	Total Value of Investments	368,178	98.11
	Net Other Assets	7,107	1.89
	Total Net Assets	375,285	100.00
	=		

Figures in brackets represent sector distribution at 31 May 2022.

Securities are admitted to an official stock exchange listing or traded on another regulated market unless otherwise stated.

¹ Securities in liquidation/delisted.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the year ended 31 May 2023

	Notes	£'000	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000 £'000
Income				
Net capital losses Revenue	4 5	15,211	(45,724)	(123,383) 16,375
Expenses Interest payable and similar charges	6	(3,468)	_	(5,573) <u>–</u>
Net revenue before taxation Taxation	7 _	11,743 (30)	_	10,802
Net revenue after taxation		-	11,713	10,802
Total loss before distributions			(34,011)	(112,581)
Distributions Change in net assets attributable to shareholders	8	-	(11,712)	(10,802)
from investment activities			(45,723)	<u>(123,383)</u>

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 May 2023

		Slaga	31/05/23	close	31/05/22
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders	Note	£'000	£'000 545,604	£'000	£'000 695,151
Amounts receivable on issue of shares		104,515		248,637	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares		(238,410)	-	(284,597)	
			(133,895)		(35,960)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities			(45,723)		(123,383)
Retained distributions on accumulation shares Unclaimed distributions	8		9,298		9,796 –
Closing net assets		-		-	
attributable to shareholders		=	375,285		545,604

As at 31 May 2023			
	Notes	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
ASSETS			
Fixed assets:			
Investments		368,178	528,688
Current assets:			
Debtors	9	4,593	4,878
Cash and bank balances	10	6,153	14,735
Total assets		378,924	548,301
LIABILITIES			

BALANCE SHEET

The notes on pages 79 to 82 are an integral part of these financial statements. On behalf of Premier Portfolio Managers Limited.

11

(629)

(3,010)

(3,639)

375,285

(335)

(2,362)

(2,697)

545,604

Gregor Craig Director (of the ACD) 22 September 2023

Creditors:

Distribution payable on income shares

Net assets attributable to

Other creditors

Total liabilities

shareholders

Ian West Director (of the ACD)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting, distribution and risk management policies for Notes 1 to 3 are provided in the Aggregated Notes to the Financial Statements section on pages 8 to 10.

4. NET CAPITAL LOSSES

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Non-derivative securities	(45,711)	(123,365)
Other currency gains	_	3
Transaction charges	(13)	(21)
Net capital losses	(45,724)	(123,383)

5. REVENUE

31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
304	13
227	_
11,495	13,806
2,643	1,868
542	688
15,211	16,375
	£'000 304 227 11,495 2,643 542

6. EXPENSES		
	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic charge	3,151	5,077
	3,151	5,077
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either of them:		
Depositary's fees	48	77
Safe custody fees	19	39
	67	116
Other expenses:		
Auditor's remuneration	5	1
Electronic messaging fees	34	43
Printing fees	_	14
Registration fees	79	140
Research fees	132	182
	250	380
Total expenses	3,468	5,573

Irrecoverable VAT is included in the above expenses where relevant.

7. TAXATION

(a) The tax charge comprises:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Current tax:		
Overseas withholding tax	30	_
Total current tax (note 7 (b)) Deferred tax (note 7 (c))	30	<u>-</u> -
Total taxation	30	_

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year:

The tax charge for the year differs from the special 20% rate of corporation tax applicable to Open-Ended Investment Companies (OEICs). The differences are explained below:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Net revenue before taxation	11,743	10,802
	11,743	10,802
Return on ordinary activities multiplied by the special rate of corporation tax of 20% (2022: 20%)	2,349	2,160
Effects of:		
Expenses not utilised in the year	506	974
Franked UK dividends and distributions not subject to taxation	(2,344)	(2,760)
Non-taxable overseas dividends	(529)	(374)
Overseas withholding tax	30	_
Taxation due to timing differences	18	
Total tax charge (note 7 (a))	30	_
(c) Deferred tax		
Provision at the start of the year	_	_
Deferred tax charge in the year	_	
Provision at the end of the year	_	_

Authorised OEICs are exempt from tax on capital gains made within the sub-fund.

Factors that may affect the future tax charge:

The sub-fund has not recognised a deferred tax asset of £6,137,655 (2022: £5,631,508) arising as a result of having unutilised management expenses. It is unlikely that the sub-fund will obtain relief for these in the future so no deferred tax asset has been recognised.

8. DISTRIBUTIONS

The distributions take into account revenue received on the issue of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares, and comprise:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Interim distribution	269	294
Interim accumulation	3,983	4,567
Final distribution	629	335
Final accumulation	5,315	5,229
	10,196	10,425
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	1,919	1,112
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of shares	(403)	(735)
Net distributions for the year	11,712	10,802

The difference between the net revenue after taxation and the amounts distributed comprises:

Net revenue after taxation	11,712	10,802
Distributions	11,712	10,802

9. DEBTORS

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Accrued revenue	1,399	1,639
Amounts receivable for issue of shares	490	801
Overseas tax recoverable	17	17
Sales awaiting settlement	2,687	2,421
	4,593	4,878

10. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Sterling	6,153	14,735
	6,153	14,735

11. OTHER CREDITORS

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Accrued expenses	367	505
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	710	1,769
Purchases awaiting settlement	1,933	88
	3,010	2,362

12. RELATED PARTIES

The ACD is regarded as a related party to the sub-fund because it provides key management personnel services to the sub-fund. The Ultimate controlling party of the ACD is Premier Miton Group Plc. Subsidiaries of Premier Miton Group Plc along with any Directors and persons closely associated to the Directors of either Premier Miton Group Plc or its subsidiaries are also considered related parties to the sub-fund.

Premier Portfolio Managers Limited acts as the principal on all the transactions of the shares of the sub-fund. The aggregate monies received by the ACD through the issue of shares and paid on cancellation of shares are disclosed in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders on page 78. Fees received by the Manager from the sub-fund including any rebates paid by the Manager to the sub-fund are shown within notes 4, 5 and 6. Any equalisation amounts that relate to creations and cancellation of shares are shown within note 8. Any outstanding fees or amounts outstanding on creations and cancellation of shares in the sub-fund, or any rebates receivable by the sub-fund from the Manager are shown within notes 9 and 11.

At the year end, related parties held 0.01% (2022: 0.00%) of sub-fund's shares in issue.

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (2022: £nil).

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In pursuing the sub-fund's investment objective, the main risks arising from the sub-fund's financial instruments are market price, currency, interest rate, liquidity, credit and counterparty risk.

Market Price Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

At 31 May 2023, if the price of the investments held by the sub-fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £18,408,884 (2022: £26,434,377).

Currency Risk

The sub-fund held no foreign currency exposure at the balance sheet date (2022:same).

Interest Rate Risk

The only interest-bearing financial assets of the sub-fund are bank balances, on which interest is calculated at a variable rate by reference to sterling bank deposit rates or the international equivalent.

Liquidity Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Credit Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Counterparty Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

There is no material difference between the carrying values and the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of the sub-fund disclosed in the balance sheet where applicable.

Valuation technique as at 31 May 2023	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	368,178	_	_	368,178
	368,178	_	_	368,178
Valuation technique as at 31 May 2022	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	528,688	_	_	528,688
	528,688	_	_	528,688

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e., developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e., for which market data is unavailable for the asset or liability).

Derivatives and Forward Transactions

The sub-fund does not, at the date of this report, hold any derivatives or forward transactions that could materially impact the value of the sub-fund.

The Investment Adviser may use derivative instruments to hedge the investment portfolio against risk.

15. SHARE CLASSES

The sub-fund currently has four types of share. The AMC on each share class is as follows:

Class A Retail Income & Accumulation Shares	1.50%
Class B Institutional Income & Accumulation Shares	0.75%

The following table shows the shares in issue during the year:

Class A Retail Shares	Income	Accumulation
Opening Shares	46,027	1,031,592
Shares Created	470	46,531
Shares Liquidated	(7,769)	(267,842)
Shares Converted	-	-
Closing Shares	38,728	810,281
Class B Institutional Shares	Income	Accumulation
Class B Institutional Shares Opening Shares	Income 16,005,082	Accumulation 220,346,963
Opening Shares	16,005,082 10,716,696	220,346,963
Opening Shares Shares Created	16,005,082 10,716,696	220,346,963 36,457,371

The net asset value, the net asset value per share and the number of shares in issue are given in the Fund Information on pages 71 to 73. All share classes have the same rights on winding up. The taxation and income are apportioned equally based on the weighted proportion of each share class.

The distribution per share class is given in the distribution tables on page 83.

16. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS

The following tables show portfolio transactions and their associated transaction costs. For more information about the nature of these costs please refer to the additional portfolio transaction cost information on page 71.

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Purchases ¹ in year before transaction costs	307,210	645,737
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	124	243
Taxes:		
Equities total value paid	1,217	3,033
Total purchase costs	1,341	3,276
Gross purchases total	308,551	649,013
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Gross sales¹ before transaction costs	422,224	660,472
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	(170)	(268)
Taxes:		
Equities total value paid	(1)	(1)
Total sales costs	(171)	(269)
Total sales net of transaction costs	422,053	660,203

¹ Excluding corporate actions

	31/05/23 %	31/05/22 %
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Commissions:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.03	0.04
Equities percentage of purchases	0.04	0.04
Taxes:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.29	0.45
Equities percentage of purchases	0.40	0.47
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Commissions:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.04	0.04
Equities percentage of sales	0.04	0.04
Taxes:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	-	_
Equities percentage of sales	_	-
Analysis of total costs percentage of average NAV:		
Commissions	0.07	0.08
Taxes	0.29	0.45

As at the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.70% (2022: 0.61%) based on close of business prices. This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

17. POST BALANCE SHEET DATE MARKET MOVEMENT

As at 12 September 2023, the net asset value of the sub-fund has decreased by 11.88% compared to that at 31 May 2023. This is due to a net outflow from the sub-fund of 10.11% and a net decrease of 1.77% due to unfavourable market conditions and any distribution of income on the relevant share classes. These accounts were approved on 22 September 2023.

Class Name	NAV per share 31/05/2023	NAV per share 12/09/2023	Movement
Class A Retail Income Shares	193.30	189.42	(2.01)%
Class A Retail Accumulation Shares	208.98	207.99	(0.47)%
Class B Institutional Income Shares	194.84	191.32	(1.81)%
Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares	226.43	226.01	(0.19)%

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

For the period from 1 June 2022 to 30 November 2022

Interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Income Shares

			Distrib	oution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	1.6815	_	1.6815	0.7900
Group 2	1.1764	0.5051	1.6815	0.7900

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	1.8009	=	1.8009	0.8357
Group 2	0.5263	1.2746	1.8009	0.8357

Class B Institutional Income Shares

			Dist	ribution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	2.3941	_	2.3941	1.7390
Group 2	1.3954	0.9987	2.3941	1.7390

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22
Group 1	2.7441	_	2.7441	1.9576
Group 2	1.6591	1.0850	2.7441	1.9576

For the period from 1 December 2022 to 31 May 2023

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Income Shares

				Distrib	ution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22	
Group 1	2.2934	_	2.2934	1.2494	
Group 2	1.8252	0.4682	2.2934	1.2494	

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	2.4786	_	2.4786	1.3261
Group 2	2.0690	0.4096	2.4786	1.3261

Class B Institutional Income Shares

		Distr	ibution Paid	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	3.0609	_	3.0609	2.0872
Group 2	2.6211	0.4398	3.0609	2.0872

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22
Group 1	3.5537	_	3.5537	2.3669
Group 2	2.5832	0.9705	3.5537	2.3669
'				

FUND INFORMATION

The Comparative Tables on pages 84 and 85 give the performance of each active share class in the sub-fund.

The 'Return after charges' disclosed in the Comparative Tables is calculated as the return after operating charges per share divided by the opening net asset value per share. It differs from the sub-fund's performance disclosed in the ACD's report which is calculated based on the latest published price.

Portfolio transaction costs are incurred when investments are bought or sold by a fund in order to achieve the investment objective. These transaction costs affect an investor in different ways depending on whether they are joining, leaving or continuing with their investment in the sub-fund.

Direct transaction costs include broker commission and taxes. Broker commission includes the fee to a broker to execute the trades and research costs.

In addition, there are indirect portfolio transaction costs arising from the 'dealing spread' – the difference between the buying and selling prices of underlying investments in the portfolio. Unlike shares whereby broker commissions and stamp duty are paid by the sub-fund on each transaction, other types of investments (such as collective investment schemes, bonds, money instruments, derivatives) do not have separately identifiable transaction costs; these costs form part of the dealing spread. Dealing spreads vary considerably depending on the transaction value and money market sentiment.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

	2023	2022	2021
	(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	share)	share)	share)
	ie		
Opening net asset value per share	341.91	328.60	254.55
Return before			
operating charges*	(13.61)	18.70	78.65
Operating charges	(5.43)	(5.39)	(4.60)
Return after operating			
charges*	(19.04)	13.31	74.05
Closing net asset value			
per share	322.87	341.91	328.60
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.02	0.03	0.04
Performance			
Return after charges	(5.57)%	4.05%	29.09%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	3,061	3,202	3,390
Closing number of shares	947,941	936,475	1,031,605
Operating charges†	1.58%	1.58%	1.60%
Direct transaction costs	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Prices			
Highest share price	377.30	363.20	336.86
Lowest share price	304.80	322.20	244.68

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

	2023	2022	2021
	(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
	share)	share)	share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	are		
Opening net asset			
value per share	366.54	349.48	268.68
Return before			
operating charges*	(14.50)	20.09	83.41
Operating charges	(3.07)	(3.03)	(2.61)
Return after operating			
charges*	(17.57)	17.06	80.80
Distributions	(0.69)	(0.04)	_
Distributions on accumulation			
shares	0.69	0.04	
Closing net asset value			
per share	348.97	366.54	349.48
* after direct transaction			
costs of**:	0.03	0.03	0.04
Performance			
Return after charges	(4.79)%	4.88%	30.07%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	1,387,632	1,273,927	1,151,832
Closing number of shares	397,642,176	347,555,833	329,582,997
Operating charges†	0.83%	0.83%	0.85%
Direct transaction costs	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Prices			
Highest share price	406.70	388.10	358.07
Lowest share price	326.90	343.00	258.34

- ** Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- [†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Class F Accumulation Shares

	2023^
	(pence per
	share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Share	
Opening net asset	
value per share	350.20
Return before	
operating charges*	(0.81)
Operating charges	(0.31)
Return after operating	
charges*	(1.12)
Distributions	(0.37)
Distributions on accumulation shares	0.37
Closing net asset value	
per share	349.08
* after direct transaction	
costs of**:	0.02
Performance	
Return after charges	(0.32)%
Other Information	
Closing net asset value (£'000)	5
Closing number of shares	1,428
Operating charges†	0.68%
Direct transaction costs	0.01%
Prices	
Highest share price	361.30
Lowest share price	337.40

- ^ From 14 April 2023 to 31 May 2023 as the share class was launched on 14
- ** Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.
- Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

SYNTHETIC RISK AND REWARD INDICATOR (SRRI)



The sub-fund is ranked as 6 because it has experienced relatively high rises and falls in value over the past five years. Please note that even the lowest ranking does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator demonstrates where the sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the sub-fund.

LEVERAGE

The sub-fund may use derivatives for the purposes of efficient portfolio management as part of its investment strategy which generates some leverage within the sub-fund. The sub-fund may use currency forward transactions to reduce the risk of adverse movements in the exchange rate in which it holds investments to its base currency. The sub-fund may experience a small amount of leverage when using the permitted 10% of net asset value short-term borrowing facility used in the course of the routine settlement of positions. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'commitment leverage' methodology has therefore been set at 20%. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'gross leverage' methodology has been set at 20%.

Leverage as at 31 May 2023 (unaudited)

Comm	itment Leverage	Gross Leverage		
Actual	Max. Limit	Actual Max. Limit		
0%	20%	0%	20%	

During the financial year, the sub-fund has not employed any financial engineering structures, such as repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending or borrowing, or cash borrowings and re-investment which can be used to create leverage. Nor does the sub-fund post or receive margin or collateral. The sub-fund has not granted any guarantees in relation to leveraging arrangements or any rights to reuse collateral.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICY

The investment objective of the Premier Miton US Opportunities Fund is to provide capital growth over the long-term, being five years or more.

Five years is also the minimum recommended period for holding shares in this sub-fund. This does not mean that the sub-fund will achieve the objective over this, or any other, specific time period and there is a risk of loss to the original capital invested.

The sub-fund aims to achieve its objective by investing in an actively managed portfolio with a minimum of 70% of its assets in shares in North American companies across all industry sectors.

The sub-fund considers North American companies to be those whose shares are listed, quoted or traded on a recognised stock exchange in the United States of America or Canada.

The balance of the sub-fund's assets may be in other investments which may include, government and corporate (company) bonds, convertible bonds (bonds that can convert into company shares), collective investment schemes and cash and cash-like investments.

The sub-fund may invest in derivatives and forward transactions (these are contracts whose value is based on the change in price of an underlying investment) for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, including hedging (hedging is designed to offset the risk of another investment falling in price).

INVESTMENT REVIEW

PERFORMANCE

The Premier Miton US Opportunities Fund (Class B Accumulation shares) fell 4.40% over the period. This was behind the IA North America sector, which advanced 2.86%. Company share price declines in the sub-fund's bank investments including Western Alliance and M&T Bank were a key factor. In addition, the sub-fund did not hold several strongly performing large technology companies.

Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to facilitate comparison between funds with broadly similar characteristics. The sub-fund is classified in the IA North America sector, which we believe is a meaningful comparator to help investors assess the performance of the sub-fund.

MARKET REVIEW

The US market, represented by the S&P 500 Index, advanced during the period under review driven by gains in large technology companies. However, two major bank failures, SVB Financial Group and Signature Bank (the second and third largest in U.S. history) caused a major sell-off in the Financials sector. SVB Financial Group ran into trouble because of losses in its investment portfolio. The news caused depositors at some other regional banks to withdraw their money – particularly those with sums exceeding the amount guaranteed by the government. New York-based Signature Bank was particularly vulnerable and it too collapsed.

PORTFOLIO ACTIVITY

We invested in Broadridge Financial Solutions, Arthur J. Gallagher & Co, IDEX Corp and Steris Plc.

Broadridge Financial Solutions provides technology-based outsourcing services to financial services industries. The company also offers back-office support and software to broker-dealers and wealth managers. Both markets are steadily expanding. Broadridge looks to invest in new growth opportunities related to its core business.

Arthur J. Gallagher & Co is the largest insurance broker to small and medium sized businesses with a track record of steadily compounding returns over time. Insurance premium growth looks healthy, backed by strong demand and claims inflation.

IDEX Corp is a supplier of engineered pumps and fluid management systems. The company has a broad customer base for its very specialised equipment. The management team can use the internally generated cash flow to make acquisitions of similar businesses.

Steris Plc provides sterilisation equipment and services to the life sciences, dental, and healthcare fields. The company's suite of offerings is used for infection prevention and it sells to sterile processing departments such as operating rooms and endoscopy suites. This has resulted in repeat business as medical instruments are sanitised or overhauled before being used again.

We sold investments in Keurig Dr Pepper, Clarivate, Six Flags Entertainment and Universal Health Services.

Consumer staples companies such as Keurig performed well earlier during the period and we sold holdings in this company share.

Clarivate's business is based on intellectual property databases. Its main division is a citation index for academic and scientific research. We were disappointed by some senior management moves coupled with a shortfall in sales growth relative to our expectations.

Theme Park operator Six Flags' plans to boost sales by raising ticket prices failed and results have been poor.

Universal Health Services runs hospitals. Staff labour shortages have been driving up costs putting margins under pressure.

OUTLOOK

The sub-fund continues to have significant investments in domestically focussed small and medium sized companies. This has been negative for the sub-fund's performance as in recent months US markets have been driven by a small number of large cap technology stocks.

However, the feedback we received from companies during a US research trip in June was that business conditions appear to be improving and the prospects of better company earnings results could be positive for a more broad-based stock market advance.

In addition, the severe global supply chain disruptions experienced over the last two years is driving a move to "re-shoring" – a move by US manufacturers to re-establish domestic production capabilities. We think some of the prime beneficiaries could be some of the smaller US companies that help build the new factories, pave the new roads to connect them to highways and provide the components, machinery, electricity and plumbing.

Source: Premier Portfolio Managers Limited, June 2023. The information provided and opinions expressed are those of the investment manager and can change. This information should not be interpreted as investment advice.

Performance source: FE Analytics. Based on UK sterling, class B accumulation shares, on a total return basis, to 31 May 2023. Performance is shown net of fees with income reinvested. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Reference to any particular stock/investment does not constitute a recommendation to buy or sell the stock/investment.

Please note that other share classes are available which may have higher or lower charges which will impact the returns of the sub-fund. Fund factsheets are published on our website for each available share class.

The top ten purchases and sales during the year were as follows:

Purchases	Costs £'000	Sales	Proceeds £'000
IDEX Corp	40,303	Universal Health Services 'B'	27.000
Arthur J. Gallagher & Co	39,303	_	37,899
Steris Plc	37,297	Keurig Dr Pepper	28,918
Charles River Laboratories	33,004	Six Flags Entertainment	25,186
Broadridge Financial	,	Pulte Homes	23,540
Solutions	20,910	HCA Healthcare	19,177
POOL Corp	18,232	Clarivate	18,011
IQVIA	16,834	Waste Connections	14,777
Fidelity National		Arthur J. Gallagher & Co	8,644
Information Services	14,165	Steris Plc	8,285
Live Nation Entertainment	13,677	Watsco	6,823
Union Pacific	13,356	114.550	0,020
Total purchases during		Total sales during	
the year were	402,114	the year were	201,884

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	UNITED STATES 100.19% (100.21%)		
	BASIC MATERIALS 6.00% (5.66%)		
727,088	H.B. Fuller	37,001	2.66
294,000	Vulcan Materials	46,476	3.34
		83,477	6.00
	CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY 2.91% (2.67%)		
298,000	Marriott International	40,419	2.91
	-	40,419	2.91
		•	
135,000	CONSUMER GOODS 4.60% (6.46%) POOL Corp	24 525	2.49
550,000	Pulte Homes	34,535 29,386	2.49
330,000	- uite nomes	63,921	4.60
		03,321	4.00
	CONSUMER SERVICES 8.36% (12.46%)		
650,000	Live Nation Entertainment	42,031	3.02
240,000	Lowe's	39,040	2.81
683,000	Service Corp International	35,133	2.53
		116,204	8.36
	ELECTRICITY 2.30% (2.67%)		
661,400	NextEra Energy Partners	32,032	2.30
	-	32,032	2.30
200.000	FINANCIALS 19.58% (20.45%)	22 412	2.33
200,000 170,000	Arthur J. Gallagher & Co Broadridge Financial Solutions	32,413 20,172	1.45
661,000	Charles Schwab	28,164	2.03
440,000	Intercontinental Exchange	37,712	2.71
333,200	M&T Bank	32,124	2.31
650,000	Prosperity Bancshares	30,055	2.16
526,000	Raymond James Financial	38,441	2.76
750,356	Western Alliance	20,573	1.48
636,176	Wintrust Financial	32,690	2.35
		272,344	19.58
	HEALTH CARE 12.17% (10.50%)		
220,000	Charles River Laboratories	34,409	2.47
140,000	HCA Healthcare	29,915	2.15
250,000	IQVIA	39,823	2.87
200,000	Steris Plc	32,336	2.33
83,000	UnitedHealth	32,711	2.35
		169,194	12.17
	INDUSTRIALS 26.51% (21.23%)		
947,162	Beacon Roofing Supply	48,944	3.52
2,566,500	Graphic Packaging	49,612	3.56
220,000	IDEX Corp	35,425	2.55
286,873	JB Hunt Transport Services	38,734	2.79
370,000	SiteOne Landscape Supply	41,276	2.97
250,000	Union Pacific	38,940	2.80
250,952	Waste Connections	27,746	2.00
170,000	Watsco	44,586	3.20
391,017	WESCO International	43,434	3.12
		368,697	26.51

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	OIL & GAS 2.20% (2.86%)		
885,000	Schlumberger	30,657	2.20
	· ·	30,657	2.20
	REAL ESTATE 2.35% (2.52%)		
540,000	CBRE 'A'	32,735	2.35
		32,735	2.35
	TECHNOLOGY 13.21% (12.73%)		
439,766	Descartes Systems	27,441	1.97
650,002	Fidelity National Information Services	28,683	2.06
420,163	Global Payments	33,184	2.39
391,000	TransUnion	22,766	1.64
210,000	Visa 'A'	37,560	2.70
254,000	WEX	34,062	2.45
		183,696	13.21
	Total Value of Investments	1,393,376	100.19
	Net Other Liabilities	(2,678)	(0.19)
	Total Net Assets	1,390,698	100.00

Figures in brackets represent sector distribution at 31 May 2022.

Securities are admitted to an official stock exchange listing or traded on another regulated market unless otherwise stated. $\label{eq:control}$

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the year ended 31 May 2023

	Notes	£'000	31/05/23 £'000	£'000	31/05/22 £'000
Income					
Net capital (losses)/gains	4		(87,899)		62,408
Revenue	5	17,185		11,757	
Expenses Interest payable and	6	(11,821)		(10,641)	
similar charges	-	(15)	-	(1)	
Net revenue before taxation		5,349		1,115	
Taxation	7	(2,402)	-	(1,534)	
Net revenue/(expense) after t	taxation	-	2,947	-	(419)
Total (loss)/return before					
distributions			(84,952)		61,989
Distributions	8		(2,965)		(162)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities		:	(87,917)	=	61,827

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 May 2023

		3	1/05/23	:	31/05/22
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders		1,:	277,129	1	,155,222
Amounts receivable on issue of shares		801,927	4	27,031	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(603,503)	(36	67,105)	
		:	198,424		59,926
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities		(87,917)		61,827
Retained distributions on accumulation shares	8		3,062	_	154
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		1,	390,698	<u>1</u>	,277,129

	BALANCE	BALANCE SHEET						
As at 31 May 2023								
ASSETS	Notes	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000					
Fixed assets:								
Investments		1,393,376	1,279,769					
Current assets:								
Debtors	9	13,857	3,653					
Cash and bank balances	10	1,584	25,281					
Total assets		1,408,817	1,308,703					
LIABILITIES								
Creditors:								
Bank overdrafts	11	(5,159)	(21,238)					
Other creditors	12	(12,960)	(10,336)					
Total liabilities		(18,119)	(31,574)					

The notes on pages 90 to 93 are an integral part of these financial statements.

1,390,698

1,277,129

On behalf of Premier Portfolio Managers Limited.

Gregor Craig Director (of the ACD) 22 September 2023

Net assets attributable to

shareholders

Ian West Director (of the ACD)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting, distribution and risk management policies for Notes 1 to 3 are provided in the Aggregated Notes to the Financial Statements section on pages 8 to 10.

4. NET CAPITAL (LOSSES)/GAINS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Non-derivative securities	(84,946)	57,464
Forward currency contracts	1,141	313
Other currency (losses)/gains	(4,088)	4,636
Transaction charges	(6)	(5)
Net capital (losses)/gains	(87,899)	62,408
5. REVENUE		
	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Bank interest	477	1
Overseas dividends	16,708	11,756
	17,185	11,757
6. EXPENSES		
	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic charge	10,716	9,616
	10,716	9,616
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either of them:		
Depositary's fees	149	136
Safe custody fees	35	40
	184	176
Other expenses:		
Auditor's remuneration	6	1
Derivative charges	1	_
Electronic messaging fees	62	46
Printing fees	(5)	27
Registration fees	162	155
Research fees	695	620
	921	849
Total expenses	11,821	10,641

Irrecoverable VAT is included in the above expenses where relevant.

7. TAXATION

(a)	Т	he	tax	cl	nar	ge	COI	mp	rises:
-----	---	----	-----	----	-----	----	-----	----	--------

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Current tax:		
Overseas withholding tax	2,402	1,534
Total current tax (note 7 (b))	2,402	1,534
Deferred tax (note 7 (c))		_
Total taxation	2,402	1,534

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year:

The tax charge for the year differs from the special 20% rate of corporation tax applicable to Open-Ended Investment Companies (OEICs). The differences are explained below:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Net revenue before taxation	5,349	1,115
	5,349	1,115
Return on ordinary activities multiplied by the special rate of corporation tax of		
20% (2022: 20%)	1,070	223
Effects of:		
Expenses not utilised in the year	2,272	2,128
Non-taxable overseas dividends	(3,342)	(2,351)
Overseas withholding tax	2,402	1,534
Total tax charge (note 7 (a))	2,402	1,534
(c) Deferred tax		
Provision at the start of the year	_	_
Deferred tax charge in the year	_	_
Provision at the end of the year	_	_

Authorised OEICs are exempt from tax on capital gains made within the sub-fund.

Factors that may affect the future tax charge:

The sub-fund has not recognised a deferred tax asset of £9,102,719 (2022: £6,830,810) unutilised management expenses. It is unlikely that the sub-fund will obtain relief for these in the future so no deferred tax asset has been recognised.

8. DISTRIBUTIONS

The distributions take into account revenue received on the issue of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares, and comprise:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
First interim accumulation	581	_
Second interim accumulation	512	_
Third interim accumulation	994	154
Final accumulation	975	_
	3,062	154
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	324	62
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of shares	(421)	(54)
Net distributions for the year	2,965	162
Interest payable and similar charges	15	1
	2,980	163

The difference between the net revenue after taxation and the amounts distributed comprises:

Distributions	2,965	162
Deficit transferred to capital	18	581
Net revenue/(expense) after taxation	2,947	(419)

9. DEBTORS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Accrued revenue	510	396
Amounts receivable for issue of shares	6,509	3,255
Currency deals awaiting settlement	13	_
Overseas tax recoverable	2	2
Sales awaiting settlement	6,823	_
	13,857	3,653

10. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Sterling	1,584	1,316
Overseas balances		23,965
	1,584	25,281

11. BANK OVERDRAFTS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Sterling	411	_
Overseas balances	4,748	21,238
	5,159	21,238

12. OTHER CREDITORS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Accrued expenses	1,195	1,090
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	11,765	9,245
Currency deals awaiting settlement	_	1
	12,960	10,336

13. RELATED PARTIES

The ACD is regarded as a related party to the sub-fund because it provides key management personnel services to the sub-fund. The Ultimate controlling party of the ACD is Premier Miton Group Plc. Subsidiaries of Premier Miton Group Plc along with any Directors and persons closely associated to the Directors of either Premier Miton Group Plc or its subsidiaries are also considered related parties to the sub-fund.

Premier Portfolio Managers Limited acts as the principal on all the transactions of the shares of the sub-fund. The aggregate monies received by the ACD through the issue of shares and paid on cancellation of shares are disclosed in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders on page 89. Fees received by the Manager from the sub-fund including any rebates paid by the Manager to the sub-fund are shown within notes 4, 5 and 6. Any equalisation amounts that relate to creations and cancellation of shares are shown within note 8. Any outstanding fees or amounts outstanding on creations and cancellation of shares in the sub-fund, or any rebates receivable by the sub-fund from the Manager are shown within notes 9 and 12.

At the year end, related parties held 0.00% (2022: 0.00%) of sub-fund's shares in issue.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (2022: £nil).

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In pursuing the sub-fund's investment objective, the main risks arising from the sub-fund's financial instruments are market price, currency, interest rate, liquidity, credit and counterparty risk.

Market Price Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

At 31 May 2023, if the price of the investments held by the sub-fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £69,668,803 (2022: £63,988,446).

Currency Risk

The revenue and capital value of the sub-fund's investments can be significantly affected by foreign currency translation movements as the sub-fund's assets and revenue are denominated in a currency other than Sterling, which is the sub-fund's base currency.

There are three main areas of currency risk. These are, movement in exchange rates affecting the value of investments, short-term timing differences such as exposure to exchange rate movements during the period between when an investment purchase or sale is entered into and the date when settlement occurs, and movements in exchange rates affecting revenue received by the sub-fund.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

Currency Risk continued

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2023

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
US dollar	1,393,376	2,601 1	,395,977	100.38
	1,393,376	2,601 1	,395,977	100.38
Sterling	_	(5,279)	(5,279)	(0.38)
Total	1,393,376	(2,678) 1	,390,698	100.00

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2022

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
US dollar	1,279,769	2,729	1,282,498	100.42
	1,279,769	2,729	1,282,498	100.42
Sterling	-	(5,369)	(5,369)	(0.42)
Total	1,279,769	(2,640)	1,277,129	100.00

At 31 May 2023, if the value of Sterling increased or decreased by 1% against all currencies, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £13,959,775 (2022: £12,824,986).

Interest Rate Risk

The sub-fund does not have any direct interest rate risk as the majority of financial assets are equities which do not pay interest (2022: £nil).

The only interest-bearing financial assets of the sub-fund are bank balances, on which interest is calculated at a variable rate by reference to sterling bank deposit rates or the international equivalent.

Liquidity Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Credit Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Counterparty Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

There is no material difference between the carrying values and the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of the sub-fund disclosed in the balance sheet where applicable.

Valuation technique as at 31 May 2023	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	1,393,376	_	_	1,393,376
	1,393,376	_	-	1,393,376
Valuation technique as at 31 May 2022	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	1,279,769	_	_	1,279,769
	1,279,769	_	_	1,279,769

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e., developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e., for which market data is unavailable for the asset or liability).

Derivatives and Forward Transactions

The sub-fund does not hold any derivatives or forward transactions that could materially impact the value of the sub-fund.

The Investment Adviser does not currently use derivative instruments to hedge the investment portfolio against risk.

16. SHARE CLASSES

The sub-fund currently has three types of share. The AMC on each share class is as follows:

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares	1.50%
Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares	0.75%
Class F Accumulation Shares	0.60%

The following table shows the shares in issue during the year:

Class A Retail Shares	Accumulation
Opening Shares	936,475
Shares Created	112,435
Shares Liquidated	(95,895)
Shares Converted	(5,074)
Closing Shares	947,941
Class B Institutional Shares	Accumulation
Class B Institutional Shares Opening Shares	Accumulation 347,555,833
Opening Shares	347,555,833
Opening Shares Shares Created	347,555,833 214,618,613

1,428

16. SHARE CLASSES continued

Closing Shares

Class F Shares	Accumulation
Opening Shares	_
Shares Created	1,428
Shares Liquidated	_
Shares Converted	-

The net asset value, the net asset value per share and the number of shares in issue are given in the Fund Information on pages 84 to 85. All share classes have the same rights on winding up. The taxation and income are apportioned equally based on the weighted proportion of each share class.

The distribution per share class is given in the distribution tables on page 94.

17. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS

The following tables show portfolio transactions and their associated transaction costs. For more information about the nature of these costs please refer to the additional portfolio transaction cost information on page 84

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Purchases ¹ in year before transaction costs	402,051	356,423
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	63	71
Taxes:		
Equities total value paid		
Total purchase costs	63	71
Gross purchases total	402,114	356,494
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Gross sales¹ before transaction costs	201,922	232,753
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	(35)	(44)
Taxes:		
Equities total value paid	(3)	(1)
Total sales costs	(38)	(45)
Total sales net of transaction costs	201,884	232,708

¹ Excluding corporate actions

		31/05/22
	%	%
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Commissions:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.01	0.01
Equities percentage of purchases	0.02	0.02
Taxes:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	_	_
Equities percentage of purchases	_	_
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Commissions:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	-	_
Equities percentage of sales	0.02	0.02
Taxes:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	-	_
Equities percentage of sales	_	_
Analysis of total costs percentage of average NAV:		
Commissions	0.01	0.01
Taxes	_	_

As at the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.03% (2022: 0.04%) based on close of business prices. This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

18. POST BALANCE SHEET DATE MARKET MOVEMENT

As at 12 September 2023, the net asset value of the sub-fund has decreased by 6.07% compared to that at 31 May 2023. This is due to a net outflow from the sub-fund of 14.21% and a net increase of 8.14% due to favourable market conditions and any distribution of income on the relevant share classes. These accounts were approved on 22 September 2023.

Class Name	NAV per share 31/05/2023	12/09/2023	Movement
Class A Retail Accumulation Shares	327.92	355.84	8.51%
Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares	354.44	385.40	8.73%
Class F Accumulation Shares	354.51	385.45	8.73%

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

For the period from 1 June 2022 to 31 August 2022

First interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22*	28/10/21*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount	Accumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/10/22	28/10/21 [*]
Group 1	0.1539	_	0.1539	_
Group 2	_	0.1539	0.1539	_

For the period from 1 September 2022 to 30 November 2022

Second interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23 [*]	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount A	Accumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23	28/01/22*
Group 1	0.1294	_	0.1294	_
Group 2	_	0.1294	0.1294	

For the period from 1 December 2022 to 28 February 2023

Third interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ad	ccumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23*	28/04/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount A	ccumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/04/23	28/04/22
Group 1	0.2458	_	0.2458	0.0433
Group 2	0.0866	0.1592	0.2458	0.0433

For the period from 1 March 2023 to 31 May 2023

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

Class A Retail Accumulation Shares

	Net Income			Amount A	ccumulated
		Equalisation	28/07/23*	28/07/22*	
Group 1	_	_	_	_	
Group 2	_	_	_	_	

Class B Institutional Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22*
Group 1	0.2451	_	0.2451	_
Group 2	0.0339	0.2112	0.2451	_

Class F Accumulation Shares

			Amount Ac	cumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23	28/07/22^
Group 1	0.3726	_	0.3726	_
Group 2	0.2144	0.1582	0.3726	_

^{*} Expenses exceeded revenue during the period, as a result no distributions were paid.

[^]There are no comparative figures shown as the share class launched on 14 April 2023.

FUND INFORMATION

The Comparative Tables on pages 95 and 96 give the performance of each active share class in the sub-fund.

The 'Return after charges' disclosed in the Comparative Tables is calculated as the return after operating charges per share divided by the opening net asset value per share. It differs from the sub-fund's performance disclosed in the ACD's report which is calculated based on the latest published price.

Portfolio transaction costs are incurred when investments are bought or sold by a fund in order to achieve the investment objective. These transaction costs affect an investor in different ways depending on whether they are joining, leaving or continuing with their investment in the sub-fund.

Direct transaction costs include broker commission and taxes. Broker commission includes the fee to a broker to execute the trades and research costs.

In addition, there are indirect portfolio transaction costs arising from the 'dealing spread' – the difference between the buying and selling prices of underlying investments in the portfolio. Unlike shares whereby broker commissions and stamp duty are paid by the sub-fund on each transaction, other types of investments (such as collective investment schemes, bonds, money instruments, derivatives) do not have separately identifiable transaction costs; these costs form part of the dealing spread. Dealing spreads vary considerably depending on the transaction value and money market sentiment.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class B Accumulation Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	are		
Opening net asset value per share	154.42	207.08	150.00
Return before operating charges*	(11.95)	(50.92)	58.92
Operating charges	(1.46)	(1.74)	(1.84)
Return after operating charges*	(13.41)	(52.66)	57.08
Distributions	_	_	_
Distributions on accumulation shares	_	_	_
Closing net asset value per share	141.01	154.42	207.08
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.09	0.05	0.10
Performance			
Return after charges	(8.68)%	(25.43)%	38.05%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	17,509	27,096	51,883
Closing number of shares	12,416,782	17,547,251	25,055,029
Operating charges†	0.93%	0.88%	0.86%
Performance fees	- 0.000/	- 0.000/	- 0.05%
Direct transaction costs	0.06%	0.03%	0.05%
Prices			
Highest share price	173.40	227.80	255.48
Lowest share price	138.50	145.80	142.53

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023

Class F Accumulation Shares

	2023 (pence per share)	2022 (pence per share)	2021 (pence per share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	ire		
Opening net asset value per share	155.55	208.36	150.78
Return before operating charges*	(12.19)	(51.56)	58.78
Operating charges	(1.08)	(1.25)	(1.20)
Return after operating charges*	(13.27)	(52.81)	57.58
Distributions	-	_	_
Distributions on accumulation shares	_	_	_
Closing net asset value per share	142.28	155.55	208.36
* after direct transaction costs of**:	0.10	0.05	0.09
Performance			
Return after charges	(8.53)%	(25.35)%	38.19%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	45,720	167,337	282,616
Closing number of shares	32,133,112	107,577,751	135,636,017
Operating charges†	0.68%	0.63%	0.61%
Performance fees	_	_	_
Direct transaction costs	0.06%	0.03%	0.05%
Prices			
Highest share price	174.70	229.40	257.01
Lowest share price	139.70	146.90	143.29

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

SYNTHETIC RISK AND REWARD INDICATOR (SRRI)



The sub-fund is ranked as 7 because it and portfolios holdings similar assets have experienced high rises and falls in value over the past five years. Please note that even the lowest ranking does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator demonstrates where the sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the sub-fund.

LEVERAGE

The sub-fund may use derivatives for the purposes of efficient portfolio management as part of its investment strategy which generates some leverage within the sub-fund. The sub-fund may use currency forward transactions to reduce the risk of adverse movements in the exchange rate in which it holds investments to its base currency. The sub-fund may experience a small amount of leverage when using the permitted 10% of net asset value short-term borrowing facility used in the course of the routine settlement of positions. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'commitment leverage' methodology has therefore been set at 20%. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'gross leverage' methodology has been set at 20%.

Leverage as at 31 May 2023 (unaudited)

Commi	Commitment Leverage		oss Leverage
Actual	Max. Limit	Actual Max. Limit	
0%	20%	0%	20%

During the financial year, the sub-fund has not employed any financial engineering structures, such as repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending or borrowing, or cash borrowings and re-investment which can be used to create leverage. Nor does the sub-fund post or receive margin or collateral. The sub-fund has not granted any guarantees in relation to leveraging arrangements or any rights to reuse collateral.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICY

The investment objective of the Premier Miton US Smaller Companies Fund is to provide capital growth over the long-term, being five years or more. Five years is also the minimum recommended period for holding shares in this sub-fund. This does not mean that the sub-fund will achieve the objective over this, or any other, specific time period and there is a risk of loss to the original capital invested.

The sub-fund aims to achieve its objective by investing in an actively managed portfolio with a minimum of 80% of its assets in shares of US smaller companies at the time of purchase.

The sub-fund considers US companies to be those whose shares are listed, quoted or traded on a stock exchange in the United States of America. Smaller companies are considered to be companies with a market capitalisation (size) between US\$100 million and US\$6 billion at the time of purchase.

The sub-fund may also invest up to 20% in the shares of companies other than US smaller companies, regardless of size or geographical region, government and corporate (company) bonds, convertible bonds (bonds that can convert into company shares), collective investment schemes and cash and cash-like investments.

The sub-fund may invest in derivatives and forward transactions (these are contracts whose value is based on the change in price of an underlying investment) for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, including hedging (hedging is designed to offset the risk of another investment falling in price).

INVESTMENT REVIEW

PERFORMANCE

The Premier Miton US Smaller Companies Fund (Class B Accumulation shares) fell 9.66% in the 12 months to 31 May 2023, trailing a 1.65% decline for the IA North America Smaller Companies sector, and a 3.50% loss for the Russell 2000 Index. The sub-fund's return was negatively affected by its significant investments in recently listed companies (new issues on the stock exchange).

Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to facilitate comparison between funds with broadly similar characteristics. The sub-fund is classified in the IA North American Smaller Companies sector, which we believe is a meaningful comparator to help investors assess the performance of the sub-fund. Additionally, as the sub-fund invests in US smaller companies, we believe the Russell 2000 Index is a useful performance comparator.

MARKET REVIEW

Shares in US smaller companies fell during the period under review as two major bank failures, SVB Financial Group and Signature Bank (the second and third largest in U.S. history) unnerved investors. SVB Financial Group ran into trouble because of losses in its investment portfolio. The news caused depositors at some other regional banks to withdraw their money — particularly those with sums exceeding the amount guaranteed by the government. New York-based Signature Bank was also vulnerable and it too collapsed.

PORTFOLIO ACTIVITY

Major purchases included, Bowlero (leisure activities), Construction Partners (industrials), Kura Sushi (consumer discretionary) and PetIQ (healthcare).

Bowlero operates bowling alleys. The company is benefitting from renewed interest in relatively low-cost family-centric activities and using its strong financial position to buy smaller competitors in its markets.

Construction Partners is an infrastructure company focused on the construction and maintenance of asphalt roadways. Demand for Construction's capabilities should be boosted by the recent passage of a major infrastructure bill by the government.

Kura Sushi is a restaurant operator. The management team have used the technology expertise gleaned from its Japanese parent over many decades to produce a unique sushi dining experience for customers.

PetIQ both distributes leading third-party veterinary-grade pet care brands as well as manufacturing its own proprietary "value" products. As a result, PetIQ can provide a one-stop source of supply for retailers across multiple categories and price points.

We also re-ran screens for some of the fastest growing and most promising looking situations within the small cap universe. Our screens focus on companies with high sales growth (usually as a result of superior products or services), low to manageable debt levels and large market opportunities. We have sold small amounts of some of the sub-fund's larger holdings to raise cash for the purchases.

Within the healthcare sector we added Teladoc (telemedicine), iRhythm Technologies (cardiac monitoring devices), Inmode (cosmetic surgery technology), Evolent Health (hospital cost containment services), Ensign Group (nursing and rehabilitative care services) and Tactile Systems Technology (medical devices).

In Technology we bought SiTime (semiconductors) and DoubleVerify Holdings (advertising technology).

We sold investments where recently reported sales growth fell short of expectations. These included Xometry, Upwork and HireRight Holdings (business services), Camping World (leisure activities) and Castle Biosciences (medical diagnostics).

We also reduced the sub-fund's level of investment in unprofitable companies with the sales of investments in Appian (business software), Cano Health (healthcare facilities), CareDX (medical equipment), Coursera (education services), and Porch (real estate software).

OUTLOOK

We remain optimistic about the prospects for US Smaller companies. Valuations are near record lows and history has shown that the best time to own smaller companies may be following a period of slowing economic activity. When economic activity stabilises and begins to accelerate, smaller companies can experience powerful profits recoveries.

As company analysts raise their earnings estimates for this asset class more rapidly, we expect to see investor enthusiasm for the smaller companies sector recovering

Source: Premier Portfolio Managers Limited, June 2023. The information provided and opinions expressed are those of the investment manager and can change. This information should not be interpreted as investment advice.

Performance source: FE Analytics. Based on UK sterling, Class B Accumulation shares, on a total return basis, to 31 May 2023. Performance is shown net of fees with income reinvested. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Reference to any particular investment does not constitute a recommendation to buy or sell the investment.

Please note that other share classes are available which may have higher or lower charges which will impact the returns of the sub-fund. Fund factsheets are published on our website for each available share class.

The top ten purchases and sales during the year were as follows:

Purchases	Costs £'000	Sales	Proceeds £'000
Palomar Holdings	4,734	Datto	8,997
H.B. Fuller	4,441	OneSpaWorld	6,844
SiteOne Landscape Supply	4,080	Simply Good Foods	6,436
Perrigo	4,016	Driven Brands	6,361
TreeHouse Foods	2,969	NextEra Energy Partners	6,142
SunOpta	2,965	Medpace	5,901
Kura Sushi USA	2,525	Pacira BioSciences	5,380
Descartes Systems	2,522	Verra Mobility	5,239
Freshpet	2,401	Kinsale Capital	5,048
Graphic Packaging	2,364	SPS Commerce	4,402
Total purchases during the year were	79,242	Total sales during the year were	193,946

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As	at	31	Mav	202	23

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	BASIC MATERIALS 2.93% (0.00%)		
	Chemicals 2.93% (0.00%)		
36,345	H.B. Fuller	1,850	2.93
	-	1,850	2.93
	CONSUMER DISCRETIONARY 11.48% (5.43%)		
	Automobiles & Parts 2.02% (4.10%)		
63,764	Driven Brands	1,279	2.02
		1,279	2.02
	Consumer Services 0.00% (0.67%)		
	Media 0.00% (0.66%)		
	Restaurants 2.68% (0.00%)		
30,765	Chefs' Warehouse	774	1.22
13,937	Kura Sushi USA	916	1.46
		1,690	2.68
	Travel & Leisure 6.78% (0.00%)		
89,001	Bowlero	824	1.30
258,556		2,179	3.45
14,177	· ·	733	1.16
25,764	Xponential Fitness	552	0.87
		4,288	6.78
	CONSUMER GOODS 8.03% (11.73%)		
	Food Producers 1.33% (4.05%)		
28,815	Simply Good Foods	843	1.33
		843	1.33
	Home Building 1.81% (1.36%)		
69,527	Forestar	1,143	1.81
	_	1,143	1.81
	Household Goods & Home Construction 1.82% (2.70%)		
12,528	LGI Homes	1,150	1.82
	_	1,150	1.82
	Leisure Goods 3.07% (3.62%)		
152,510	Hayward	1,337	2.11
206,559	Latham	605	0.96
	_	1,942	3.07
	CONSUMER SERVICES 1.52% (11.17%)		
	Educational Services 0.00% (1.08%)		
	General Retailers 1.52% (1.55%)		
13,045	Floor & Decor	963	1.52
-,		963	1.52

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	Travel & Leisure 0.00% (8.54%)		
	CONSUMER STAPLES 5.42% (0.00%)		
	Food Producers 5.42% (0.00%)		
19,783	Freshpet	956	1.52
170,580	SunOpta	927	1.47
40,014	TreeHouse Foods	1,533	2.43
		3,416	5.42
	FINANCIALS 2.55% (5.26%)		
	Banks 0.00% (1.93%)		
	Non-life Insurance 2.55% (3.33%)		
3,639	Kinsale Capital	890	1.41
16,295	Palomar Holdings	720	1.14
		1,610	2.55
	HEALTH CARE 21.28% (17.85%)		
	Health Care Equipment & Services 1.98% (2.40%)		
22,983	Phreesia	558	0.88
33,170	Veracyte	694	1.10
	_	1,252	1.98
	Health Care Providers 8.79% (4.93%)		
19,539	Doximity	484	0.77
11,560	Ensign	828	1.31
35,085	Evolent Health	827	1.30
35,415	OptimizeRx	401	0.63
79,580	Pennant Group	772	1.22
44,401	Privia Health	895	1.41
22,494	Surgery Partners	682	1.08
36,077	Teladoc Health	675	1.07
	Medical Equipment & Services 3.69%	5,564	8.79
24.426	(0.00%)	624	0.00
24,426 10,415	InMode iRhythm Technologies	624 962	0.99 1.51
44,192	Tactile Systems Technology	751	1.19
	,	2,337	3.69
	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology 6.82% (10.52%)	·	
202,057	Alpha Teknova	619	0.98
34,465	BioLife Solutions	652	1.03
37,887	Certara	636	1.01
108,127	MaxCyte	356	0.56
4,160	Medpace	696	1.10
13,877	Pacira BioSciences	426	0.67
90,262	PetIQ	929 4,314	6.82
	INDUSTRIALS 22.74% (14.16%)	4,314	0.02
	Construction & Materials 6.99% (1.39%)		
19,747	Beacon Roofing Supply	1,020	1.61
9,557	Comfort Systems USA	1,020	1.81
-,,		7	

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

Holdin	g Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	Construction & Materials continued		
43,235	Construction Partners	967	1.52
15,835	5 Tecnoglass	489	0.77
19,462	2 Trex	808	1.28
		4,428	6.99
	Electronic & Electrical Equipment 2.20% (0.75%)		
12,577	WESCO International	1,396	2.20
		1,396	2.20
	General Industrials 6.04% (1.43%)		
98,960		1,913	3.03
8,569		702	1.11
10,759		1,201	1.90
	_	3,816	6.04
	Industrial Support Services 1.64%		
	(0.00%)		
12,799		522	0.83
7,767	Huron Consulting	510	0.81
		1,032	1.64
	Industrial Transportation 4.54% (5.57%)		
13,400	Forward Air	1,055	1.67
13,527	7 Hub	804	1.27
54,649	World Fuel Services	1,010	1.60
		2,869	4.54
	Support Services 1.33% (5.02%)		
93,465	LegalZoom.com	842	1.33
		842	1.33
	REAL ESTATE 0.84% (0.00%)		
	Real Estate Investment & Services 0.84% (0.00%)		
14,492		526	0.84
_ ,,	_	526	0.84
	TECHNOLOGY 19.11% (25.43%)		
	Software & Computer Services 13.63% (20.48%)		
69,022	2 Accolade	672	1.06
33,712	2 Alkami Technology	408	0.65
16,662	'	1,040	1.64
40,688	•	1,147	1.80
29,074		446	0.71 1.45
37,807 60,856	•	917 339	0.54
14,930		757	1.20
83,335	•	450	0.71
5,447		685	1.09
123,509	Verra Mobility	1,761	2.78
		8,622	13.63
	Technology Hardware & Equipment		
12.20/	5.48% (4.95%) Allegro MicroSystems	422	0.67
13,29 ⁴ 17,521		422 846	0.67 1.34
17,521	MACOW TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS	040	1.54

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	Technology Hardware & Equipment continued		
7,381	Novanta	988	1.56
4,940	Silicon Laboratories	562	0.89
8,065	SiTime	646	1.02
		3,464	5.48
	UTILITIES 1.65% (3.87%)		
	Electricity 1.65% (3.87%)		
21,602	NextEra Energy Partners	1,046	1.65
		1,046	1.65
	Total Value of Investments	61,682	97.55
	Net Other Assets	1,547	2.45
	Total Net Assets	63,229	100.00

Figures in brackets represent sector distribution at 31 May 2022.

Securities are admitted to an official stock exchange listing or traded on another regulated market unless otherwise stated.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the year ended 31 May 2023

	Notes	£'000	31/05/23 £'000	£'000	31/05/22 £'000
Income					
Net capital losses	4		(7,767)		(70,294)
Revenue	5	657		692	
Expenses Interest payable and	6	(1,085)		(1,961)	
similar charges	_	(6)	-	(4)	
Net expense before taxation		(434)		(1,273)	
Taxation	7 _	(82)	_	(63)	
Net expense after taxation		-	(516)	-	(1,336)
Total loss before			(0.000)		(74 600)
distributions			(8,283)		(71,630)
Distributions	8				
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders					
from investment activities		:	(8,283)	=	(71,630)

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 May 2023

		31/05/23	3	31/05/22
	Note £	'000 £'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders		194,433	.	334,499
Amounts receivable on issue of shares	22,	976	69,820	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(145,	897)	(138,256)	
		(122,921)	1	(68,436)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities		(8,283)	ı	(71,630)
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		63,229	 ! = =	194,433

As at 31 May 2023			
ASSETS	Notes	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Fixed assets:			
Investments		61,682	184,517
Current assets:			
Debtors	9	312	112
Cash and bank balances	10	3,771	14,660
Total assets		65,765	199,289
LIABILITIES			
Creditors:			
Bank overdrafts	11	(1,581)	(2,080)
Other creditors	12	(955)	(2,776)
Total liabilities		(2,536)	(4,856)
Net assets attributable to			
shareholders		63,229	194,433

BALANCE SHEET

The notes on pages 102 to 105 are an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of Premier Portfolio Managers Limited.

Gregor Craig Director (of the ACD) 22 September 2023

Ian West Director (of the ACD)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting, distribution and risk management policies for Notes 1 to 3 are provided in the Aggregated Notes to the Financial Statements section on pages 8 to 10.

4. NET CAPITAL LOSSES

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Non-derivative securities	(7,876)	(71,921)
Forward currency contracts	17	100
Other currency gains	98	1,544
Transaction charges	(6)	(17)
Net capital losses	(7,767)	(70,294)
5. REVENUE		
	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Bank interest	54	_
Overseas dividends	603	692
	657	692
6. EXPENSES		
	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and		
agents of either of them:	026	1 500
ACD's periodic charge	826	1,596
	826	1,596
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either of them:		
Depositary's fees	17	36
Safe custody fees	13	13
	30	49
Other expenses:		
Auditor's remuneration	5	1
Derivative charges	1	_
Electronic messaging fees	16	26
Printing fees	(1)	8
Registration fees	41	98
Research fees	167	183
	229	316
Total expenses	1,085	1,961

Irrecoverable VAT is included in the above expenses where relevant.

7. TAXATION

(a) The tax charge comprises:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Current tax:		
Overseas withholding tax	82	63
Total current tax (note 7 (b))	82	63
Deferred tax (note 7 (c))		_
Total taxation	82	63

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year:

The tax charge for the year differs from the special 20% rate of corporation tax applicable to Open-Ended Investment Companies (OEICs). The differences are explained below:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Net expense before taxation	(434)	(1,273)
	(434)	(1,273)
Return on ordinary activities multiplied by the special rate of corporation tax of 20% (2022: 20%)	(87)	(255)
Effects of:		
Excess non trade loan deficit not utilised	_	1
Expenses not utilised in the year	208	392
Non-taxable overseas dividends	(121)	(138)
Overseas withholding tax	82	63
Total tax charge (note 7 (a))	82	63
(c) Deferred tax		
Provision at the start of the year	_	_
Deferred tax charge in the year	_	_
Provision at the end of the year	_	_

Authorised OEICs are exempt from tax on capital gains made within the sub-fund.

Factors that may affect the future tax charge:

The sub-fund has not recognised a deferred tax asset of £1,272,224 (2022: £1,064,557) arising as a result of having unutilised management expenses. It is unlikely that the sub-fund will obtain relief for these in the future so no deferred tax asset has been recognised.

8. DISTRIBUTIONS

The distributions take into account revenue received on the issue of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares, and comprise:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Interim accumulation	_	_
Final accumulation	_	_
	_	_
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	_	_
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of shares	_	_
Net distributions for the year	-	-
Interest payable and similar charges	6	4
	6	4

The difference between the net revenue after taxation and the amounts distributed comprises:

Distributions	_	_
Deficit transferred to capital	516	1,336
Net expense after taxation	(516)	(1,336)

9. DEBTORS

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Accrued revenue	7	12
Amounts receivable for issue of shares	299	97
Overseas tax recoverable	6	3
	312	112

10. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Sterling	1,654	2,187
Overseas balances	2,117	12,473
	3,771	14,660
11. BANK OVERDRAFTS		
	31/05/23	31/05/22

£'000

1,581

1,581

£'000

2,080

2,080

Sterling

12. OTHER CREDITORS		
	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Accrued expenses	122	189
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	833	2,576
Currency deals awaiting settlement	_	11
	955	2,776

13. RELATED PARTIES

The ACD is regarded as a related party to the sub-fund because it provides key management personnel services to the sub-fund. The Ultimate controlling party of the ACD is Premier Miton Group Plc. Subsidiaries of Premier Miton Group Plc along with any Directors and persons closely associated to the Directors of either Premier Miton Group Plc or its subsidiaries are also considered related parties to the sub-fund.

Premier Portfolio Managers Limited acts as the principal on all the transactions of the shares of the sub-fund. The aggregate monies received by the ACD through the issue of shares and paid on cancellation of shares are disclosed in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders on page 101. Fees received by the Manager from the sub-fund including any rebates paid by the Manager to the sub-fund are shown within notes 4, 5 and 6. Any equalisation amounts that relate to creations and cancellation of shares are shown within note 8. Any outstanding fees or amounts outstanding on creations and cancellation of shares in the sub-fund, or any rebates receivable by the sub-fund from the Manager are shown within notes 9 and 12.

At the year end, related parties held 0.03% (2022: 0.01%) of sub-fund's shares in issue.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (2022: £nil).

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In pursuing the sub-fund's investment objective, the main risks arising from the sub-fund's financial instruments are market price, currency, interest rate, liquidity, credit and counterparty risk.

Market Price Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

At 31 May 2023, if the price of the investments held by the sub-fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £3,084,110 (2022: £9,225,847).

Currency Risk

The revenue and capital value of the sub-fund's investments can be significantly affected by foreign currency translation movements as the sub-fund's assets and revenue are denominated in a currency other than Sterling, which is the sub-fund's base currency.

There are three main areas of currency risk. These are, movement in exchange rates affecting the value of investments, short-term timing differences such as exposure to exchange rate movements during the period between when an investment purchase or sale is entered into and the date when settlement occurs, and movements in exchange rates affecting revenue received by the sub-fund.

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2023

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
US dollar	61,682	2,130	63,812	100.92
	61,682	2,130	63,812	100.92
Sterling	_	(583)	(583)	(0.92)
Total	61,682	1,547	63,229	100.00

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

Currency Risk continued

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2022

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
US dollar	184,517	12,475	196,992	101.32
	184,517	12,475	196,992	101.32
Sterling	_	(2,559)	(2,559)	(1.32)
Total	184,517	9,916	194,433	100.00

At 31 May 2023, if the value of Sterling increased or decreased by 1% against all currencies, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £638,130 (2022: £1,969,928).

Interest Rate Risk

The sub-fund does not have any direct interest rate risk as the majority of financial assets are equities which do not pay interest (2022: £nil).

The only interest-bearing financial assets of the sub-fund are bank balances, on which interest is calculated at a variable rate by reference to sterling bank deposit rates or the international equivalent.

Liquidity Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Credit Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Counterparty Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

There is no material difference between the carrying values and the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of the sub-fund disclosed in the balance sheet where applicable.

Valuation technique as at 31 May 2023	Level 1 £'000	£'000	£'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	61,682	_	_	61,682
	61,682	_		61,682
Valuation technique as at 31 May 2022	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	184,517	_		184,517
	184,517			184,517

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e., developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e., for which market data is unavailable for the asset or liability).

Derivatives and Forward Transactions

The sub-fund does not, at the date of this report, hold any derivatives or forward transactions that could materially impact the value of the sub-fund.

The Investment Adviser may use derivative instruments to hedge the investment portfolio against risk.

16. SHARE CLASSES

The sub-fund currently has two types of shares. The AMC on each share class is as follows:

Class B Accumulation Shares	0.75%
Class F Accumulation Shares	0.50%

The following table shows the shares in issue during the year:

Class B Shares	Accumulation
Opening Shares	17,547,251
Shares Created	12,790,518
Shares Liquidated	(17,956,745)
Shares Converted	35,758
Closing Shares	12,416,782
Class F Shares	Accumulation
Class F Shares Opening Shares	Accumulation 107,577,751
Opening Shares	107,577,751
Opening Shares Shares Created	107,577,751 1,706,466

The net asset value, the net asset value per share and the number of shares in issue are given in the Fund Information on pages 95 to 96. All share classes have the same rights on winding up. The taxation and income are apportioned equally based on the weighted proportion of each share class.

The distribution per share class is given in the distribution tables on page 106.

17. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS

The following tables show portfolio transactions and their associated transaction costs. For more information about the nature of these costs please refer to the additional portfolio transaction cost information on page 95.

page 33.	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Purchases ¹ in year before transaction costs	79,215	118,221
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	27	36
Taxes:		
Equities total value paid		
Total purchase costs	27	36
Gross purchases total	79,242	118,257
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Gross sales¹ before transaction costs	194,010	159,491
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	(61)	(41)
Taxes:		
Equities total value paid	(3)	(1)
Total sales costs	(64)	(42)
Total sales net of transaction costs	193,946	159,449
¹ Excluding corporate actions		
	31/05/23 %	31/05/22 %
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Analysis of total purchase costs: Commissions:		
·		
Commissions:	%	%
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV	0.02	0.01
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases	0.02	0.01
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Taxes:	0.02	0.01
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV	0.02	0.01
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases	0.02	0.01
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Analysis of total sale costs:	0.02	0.01
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Analysis of total sale costs: Commissions:	0.02 0.03	0.01 0.03 - -
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Analysis of total sale costs: Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV	0.02 0.03 - -	% 0.01 0.03 - -
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Analysis of total sale costs: Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of sales	0.02 0.03 - -	% 0.01 0.03 - -
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Analysis of total sale costs: Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of sales Taxes:	0.02 0.03 - -	% 0.01 0.03 - -
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Analysis of total sale costs: Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of sales Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV	0.02 0.03 - -	% 0.01 0.03 - -
Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of purchases Analysis of total sale costs: Commissions: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of sales Taxes: Equities percentage of average NAV Equities percentage of sales	0.02 0.03 - -	% 0.01 0.03 - -

As at the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.11% (2022: 0.12%) based on close of business prices. This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

18. POST BALANCE SHEET DATE MARKET MOVEMENT

As at 12 September 2023, the net asset value of the sub-fund has decreased by 27.44% compared to that at 31 May 2023. This is due to a net outflow from the sub-fund of 28.77% and a net increase of 1.33% due to favourable market conditions and any distribution of Income on the relevant share classes. These accounts were approved on 22 September 2023.

Class Name	NAV per share 31/05/2023	NAV per share 12/09/2023	Movement
Class B Accumulation Shares	143.22	143.48	0.18%
Class F Accumulation Shares	141.94	142.12	0.13%

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

For the period from 1 June 2022 to 30 November 2022

Interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class B Accumulation Shares

			Amount A	ccumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class F Accumulation Shares

			Amount	Accumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

For the period from 1 December 2022 to 31 May 2023

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

Class B Accumulation Shares

			Amount A	ccumulated
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23*	28/07/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class F Accumulation Shares

			Amount Accumulated	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23*	28/07/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	
Group 2		_	_	_

^{*} Expenses exceeded revenue during the period, as a result no distributions were paid.

FUND INFORMATION

The Comparative Tables on pages 107 and 108 give the performance of each active share class in the sub-fund.

The 'Return after charges' disclosed in the Comparative Tables is calculated as the return after operating charges per share divided by the opening net asset value per share. It differs from the sub-fund's performance disclosed in the ACD's report which is calculated based on the latest published price.

Portfolio transaction costs are incurred when investments are bought or sold by a fund in order to achieve the investment objective. These transaction costs affect an investor in different ways depending on whether they are joining, leaving or continuing with their investment in the sub-fund.

Direct transaction costs include broker commission and taxes. Broker commission includes the fee to a broker to execute the trades and research costs.

In addition, there are indirect portfolio transaction costs arising from the 'dealing spread' – the difference between the buying and selling prices of underlying investments in the portfolio. Unlike shares whereby broker commissions and stamp duty are paid by the sub-fund on each transaction, other types of investments (such as collective investment schemes, bonds, money instruments, derivatives) do not have separately identifiable transaction costs; these costs form part of the dealing spread. Dealing spreads vary considerably depending on the transaction value and money market sentiment.

COMPARATIVE TABLES

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023 Class C Income Shares

	2023	2022	2021^
	(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
	share)	share)	share)
Change in Net Asset Value Per Sha	ire		
Opening net asset			
value per share	86.11	101.56	100.00
Return before			
operating charges*	(4.31)	(14.32)	1.66
Operating charges	(0.73)	(0.84)	(0.06)
Return after operating			
charges*	(5.04)	(15.16)	1.60
Distributions on			
income shares	_	(0.29)	(0.04)
Closing net asset value			
per share	81.07	86.11	101.56
* after direct transaction			
costs of**:	0.06	0.11	0.17
Performance			
Return after charges	(5.85)%	(14.93)%	1.60%
Other Information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	927	2,130	5
Closing number of shares	1,142,990	2,472,721	5,000
Operating charges†	0.91%	0.84%	0.99%
Direct transaction costs	0.07%	0.11%	0.17%
Prices			
Highest share price	88.77	120.30	100.80
Lowest share price	69.23	80.56	96.30

[^] From 10 May 2021 to 31 May 2021 as the sub-fund was launched on 10 May 2021.

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

FUND INFORMATION

COMPARATIVE TABLES continued

For the financial year ended 31 May 2023

Class C Accumulation Shares

2023	2022	2021^
(pence per	(pence per	(pence per
	share)	share)
re		
86.43	101.58	100.00
(4.27)	(14.29)	1.64
(0.74)	(0.86)	(0.06)
(5.01)	(15.15)	1.58
-	(0.22)	(0.06)
-	0.22	0.06
81.42	86.43	101.58
0.06	0.11	0.17
(5.80)%	(14.91)%	1.58%
43,270	71,408	57,796
		56,899,325
		0.99%
0.07%	0.11%	0.17%
89.12 69.49	120.30 80.59	100.80 96.28
	(pence per share) re 86.43 (4.27) (0.74) (5.01) - 81.42 0.06 (5.80)% 43,270 53,146,968 0.91% 0.07% 89.12	(pence per share) re 86.43 101.58 (4.27) (14.29) (0.74) (0.86) (5.01) (15.15) - (0.22) - 0.22 81.42 86.43 0.06 0.11 (5.80)% (14.91)% 43,270 71,408 53,146,968 82,623,040 0.91% 0.84% 0.07% 0.11% 89.12 120.30

[^] From 10 May 2021 to 31 May 2021 as the sub-fund was launched on 10 May 2021.

^{**} Direct transaction costs are stated after deducting the proportion of the amounts collected from dilution adjustments or dilution levies that relate to direct transaction costs. A negative transactions costs figure might arise where there is a timing difference between inflows and the settlement of the resultant purchases.

[†] Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the subfund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) to the average net assets of the sub-fund. The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a subfund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

SYNTHETIC RISK AND REWARD (SRRI)



The sub-fund is ranked as 6 because it and portfolios holdings similar assets have experienced relatively high rises and falls in value over the past five years. Please note that even the lowest ranking does not mean a risk-free investment.

The Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator demonstrates where the sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the sub-fund.

LEVERAGE

The sub-fund may use derivatives for the purposes of efficient portfolio management as part of its investment strategy which would generate some leverage within the sub-fund. In addition, the sub-fund may experience a small amount of leverage when using the permitted 10% of net asset value short-term borrowing facility used in the course of the routine settlement of positions. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'commitment leverage' methodology has therefore been set at 20%. The maximum leverage of the sub-fund calculated using the 'gross leverage' methodology has been set at 20%.

Leverage as at 31 May 2023 (unaudited)

Commi	tment Leverage	Gross Leverage	
Actual	Max. Limit	Actual	Max. Limit
0%	20%	0%	20%

During the financial year, the sub-fund has not employed any financial engineering structures, such as repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending or borrowing, or cash borrowings and re-investment for the purpose of creating leverage. Nor has the sub-fund posted or received margin or collateral. The sub-fund has not granted any guarantees in relation to leveraging arrangements or any rights to reuse collateral.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICY

The investment objective of the Premier Miton European Sustainable Leaders Fund is to provide capital growth over the long-term, being five years or more. Five years is also the minimum recommended period for holding shares in this sub-fund. This does not mean that the sub-fund will achieve the objective over this, or any other, specific time period and there is a risk of loss to the original capital invested.

The sub-fund aims to achieve the objective of the sub-fund by investing a minimum of 80% of its assets in an actively managed portfolio of shares in companies listed in Europe, excluding the UK.

The sub-fund will focus on companies with a strong Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) profile and those that it believes to offer longer term sustainable growth themes, which could include; health and well-being and affordable and clean energy, amongst others. Companies across a wide range of industrial sectors can have businesses that drive or benefit from sustainable growth themes. The sub-fund will concentrate on investing in such companies in order to construct the sub-fund's investment portfolio.

The sub-fund analyses a company on a wide range of criteria including specific ESG and sustainability factors. A company is then ranked on these factors to ensure it meets the required standards. This also allows for comparison with other companies.

These ESG and sustainability factors may evolve over time. The factors and the specific measures include; corporate governance (including; female representation on boards, remuneration structure, efficacy of auditors, disclosures), management (including; tenure, capability, clarity of strategy and policies), sustainability of business (including; barriers to entry, risks to assets, regulatory risk, innovation), contribution to United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (including; revenues aligned to the goals, negative impacts), environmental and social impact of business (including; carbon emissions, resource usage and intensity, supply chain management, business ethics). A number of sources of information are employed in assessing these factors. These include: meetings with company management, proprietary analysis (including company report and accounts and other reports and disclosures), third party analysis (including Ethical Screening Ltd, Institutional Shareholder Services Ltd (ISS) and other specialist research providers). Using that information the sub-fund continuously monitors the financial position of each company and updates the ESG and sustainability factors.

The sub-fund will use the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) as a recognised set of global standards to reference and will seek to align the investments in the sub-fund with those standards.

The sub-fund will seek to avoid investing in companies that have in excess of 10% of their revenues generated from tobacco, fossil fuels, and unsustainable agriculture; these are viewed as negative contributions to the SDGs. The subfund considers less than 10% of a company's overall revenues generated from an activity to be minor. The sub-fund will not invest in companies that have any business involved in banned weapons, such as biological or chemical weapons or anti-personnel mines.

A leading company is considered to be one that displays durable strength in its chosen business areas. The characteristics of such companies may include; lasting barriers to competition, large or growing addressable markets, high quality products or services, high quality management teams, innovation and strong financial attributes.

Up to 20% of the sub-fund's assets may be in other investments which may include listed company shares in other geographical regions such as the UK and the USA, government and corporate (company) bonds, convertible bonds (bonds that can convert into company shares), collective investment schemes (including those managed by the ACD and its affiliates), deposits, cash and near cash. These investments will be subject to the same ESG profile and sustainable growth theme criteria.

The sub-fund may invest in derivatives, warrants and forward transactions (these are contracts whose value is based on the change in price of an underlying investment) for the purposes of efficient portfolio management, including hedging (hedging is designed to offset the risk of another investment falling in price).

INVESTMENT REVIEW

PERFORMANCE

Over the year, the Premier Miton European Sustainable Leaders Fund's (Class C Accumulation shares) total return was -6.53%, which was behind the IA Europe ex UK sector return of 7.54% and the FTSE-World Europe ex UK Index return of 8.52%.

Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to facilitate comparison between funds with broadly similar characteristics. The sub-fund is classified in the IA Europe ex UK Sector, which we believe is a meaningful comparator to help investors assess the performance of the sub-fund. The FTSE World Europe ex UK Index is also used as a comparator which may assist investors in evaluating the sub-fund's performance against equity returns.

MARKET REVIEW

In the previous 12 months, the equity (company shares) market had a strong year in terms of performance but with some sharp up and down movements along the way. On the negative side, investors are trying to account for the impact of increasing interest rates on consumers and businesses.

On the positive side, the fears of runaway inflation are subsiding as food and energy prices may have peaked. The main unknown currently is how long wage inflation and labour market shortfalls will endure, which in turn is causing businesses to increase their prices for goods and services. The Chinese economy post COVID-19 lockdown re-opening appears weak with problems in housing and is very exposed to weak global manufacturing demand. The US remains the most vigorous large economy and the Ukraine war remains a wild card.

PORTFOLIO ACTIVITY

We run a consistent strategy which relies on a long-term (5 years +) focus on high quality companies with growth opportunities, and we do not normally substantially change our positioning from one period to the next in response to short-term economic trends.

We added 7 companies to the portfolio and sold 10 companies in the year in line with our normal position turnover. We added Autostore (Automation technologies of warehouses), Bachem (Outsourced Peptide manufacturer) which was a strong performer over the year, Carl Zeiss Meditec (Optometry equipment), Elmos Semiconductor (Car semiconductors), LEM (Manufacturer of transducers for voltage / current measurement), Marel (Food Processing Equipment) and Polypeptide (Outsourced Peptide manufacturer).

Salmar was sold following the Norwegian government implementing a surprise resource tax on the offshore Salmon industry, it was a poor performing holding during the year. We also sold CTS Eventim, UMG, Ferrari, Porsche, Eurofins Scientific, Koninklijke Philips, Sartorius Stediem Biotech, Majorel and Temenos.

OUTLOOK

The outlook for European economy is relatively poor at the moment. However, this may be factored into current equity valuations and therefore may present a good opportunity to invest in company shares. We must remember that around half of revenue of the European stock market is derived from outside Europe, so European company shares are not just about investing in Europe itself.

Our approach remains unchanged: we continue to focus on the medium to long-term. We look for strong businesses that are expanding globally from a European base, which have potential to grow sales and increase profit margins. We maintain our philosophy which is to focus on long-term fundamentals and look for the few true long-term growth companies. We continue to have a bias away from the very largest companies and around two thirds of the fund is in medium sized companies those with a market valuation between £2bn and £20bn. We look for businesses whose best days are those ahead, not behind them in our view.

Source: Premier Portfolio Managers Limited, June 2023. The information provided and opinions expressed are those of the investment manager and can change. This information should not be interpreted as investment advice.

Performance source: FE Analytics. Based on UK sterling, Class C Accumulation shares, on a total return basis, to 31 May 2023. Performance is shown net of fees with income reinvested. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Reference to any particular stocks / investment does not constitute a recommendation to buy or sell the stocks / investment.

This fund is priced on a swing pricing basis. A swing pricing basis is where the price can swing to either a bid or an offer basis depending on the investment and redemption activity in the sub-fund. This means the investor selling or buying fund shares bears the associated [dis]investment costs and protects the continuing holders in the sub-fund.

Source: FTSE International Limited ("FTSE") © FTSE 2023. "FTSE®" is a trade mark of the London Stock Exchange Group companies and is used by FTSE under licence. All rights in the FTSE indices and / or FTSE ratings vest in FTSE and/or its licensors. Neither FTSE nor its licensors accept any liability for any errors or omissions in the FTSE indices and / or FTSE ratings or underlying data. No further distribution of FTSE Data is permitted without FTSE's express written consent.

Please note that other share classes are available which may have higher or lower charges which will impact the returns of the sub-fund. Fund factsheets are published on our website for each available share class.

The top purchases and total sales during the year were as follows:

Purchases	Costs £'000	Sales	Proceeds £'000
PolyPeptide	4,469	Majorel	4,393
ASML	2,139	Soitec	2,195
Adevinta	1,793	ASML	1,966
Carl Zeiss Meditec	1,436	Ferrari	1,731
Hypoport	1,311	Eurofins Scientific	1,651
Majorel	1,239	Porsche Non-Voting	
Kingspan	1,193	Preference Shares	1,604
Tomra Systems	1,166	CTS Eventim	1,576
BE Semiconductor		Brunello Cucinelli	1,440
Industries	1,139	Schibsted	1,428
Bachem	1,139	Azelis	1,421
Total purchases during the year were	25,603	Total sales during the year were	51,721

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS

As at 31 May 2023

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Value of Sub-Fund %
	Belgium 3.82% (4.07%)		
85,637	Azelis	1,689	3.82
		1,689	3.82
	Denmark 4.49% (1.46%)		
7,110	Ringkjoebing Landbobank	770	1.74
52,579	Vestas Wind Systems	1,214	2.75
		1,984	4.49
	Finland 1.74% (2.04%)		
37,212	Gofore	768	1.74
		768	1.74
	France 6.44% (10.73%)		
8,585	Esker	1,042	2.36
15,798	Soitec	1,804	4.08
		2,846	6.44
	Germany 10.82% (10.75%)		
9,244	Carl Zeiss Meditec	837	1.89
16,376	Elmos Semiconductor	945	2.14
6,746	Hypoport	864	1.95
22,067	Qiagen	806	1.82
26,124	Scout24	1,333	3.02
		4,785	10.82
	Iceland 1.52% (0.00%)		
259,389	Marel	672 672	1.52 1.52
	Ireland 3.16% (2.95%)		
26,113	Kingspan	1,396	3.16
		1,396	3.16
	Italy 11.26% (12.57%)		
45,108	Amplifon	1,294	2.93
22,291	Brunello Cucinelli	1,548	3.50
50,544		1,074	2.43
98,800	FinecoBank	1,061	2.40
		4,977	11.26
	Luxembourg 0.00% (3.89%)		
	Netherlands 9.52% (8.36%)		
3,252	ASML	1,918	4.34
16,225	BE Semiconductor Industries	1,455	3.29
15,530	Euronext	837	1.89
		4,210	9.52
	Norway 9.89% (11.10%)		
228,952	Adevinta	1,278	2.89
346,445	AutoStore	581	1.31
286,912	Elliptic Laboratories	231	0.52
267,420	Kahoot!	511	1.16
39,239	Schibsted	587	1.33
1,100,177	Volue	1,184	2.68
_,,			

Holding	Investment	Market Value £'000	Total Value of Sub-Fund %
	Sweden 9.82% (14.44%)		
370,254	Cint	280	0.63
63,953	Infant Bacterial Therapeutics	207	0.47
96,100	Nibe Industrier	743	1.68
78,765	Nordnet AB (Publ)	906	2.05
99,893	• •	525	1.19
470,365	Sedana Medical	980	2.22
76,924	Sweco	699	1.58
		4,340	9.82
	Switzerland 22.95% (15.99%)		
11,361	Bachem	962	2.18
1,517	Belimo	553	1.25
411	Interroll	1,077	2.44
608	LEM	1,137	2.57
118,966	PolyPeptide	2,525	5.71
7,205	Sensirion	598	1.35
5,390	Sika	1,200	2.72
15,394	Skan	1,072	2.43
14,941	VZ	1,015	2.30
		10,139	22.95
	United Kingdom 2.57% (2.12%)		
205,697	Allfunds	1,135	2.57
		1,135	2.57
	Total Value of Investments	43,313	98.00
	Net Other Assets	884	2.00
	Total Net Assets	44,197	100.00

Figures in brackets represent sector distribution at 31 May 2022.

Securities are admitted to an official stock exchange listing or traded on another regulated market unless otherwise stated.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN

For the year ended 31 May 2023

	Notes	£'000	31/05/23 £'000	£'000	31/05/22 £'000
Income					
Net capital losses	4		(4,509)		(15,669)
Revenue	5	564		971	
Expenses Interest payable and	6	(524)		(644)	
similar charges	_	(5)	_	(12)	
Net revenue before taxation		35		315	
Taxation	7 _	(93)	_	(131)	
Net (expense)/revenue after t	taxation	-	(58)	-	184
Total loss before distributions			(4,567)		(15,485)
Distributions	8		(3)		(184)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders		-		-	
from investment activities		=	(4,570)	=	(15,669)

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

For the year ended 31 May 2023

			31/05/23		31/05/22
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders			73,538		57,801
Amounts receivable on issue of shares		7,166		47,787	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares		(31,937)		(16,562)	
			(24,771)		31,225
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities			(4,570)		(15,669)
Retained distributions on accumulation shares	8		_		181
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		=	44,197	=	73,538

		FFT

As at 31 May 2023			
	Notes	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
ASSETS			
Fixed assets:			
Investments		43,313	73,886
Current assets:			
Debtors	9	182	143
Cash and bank balances	10	863	297
Total assets		44,358	74,326
LIABILITIES			
Creditors:			
Bank overdrafts	11	(75)	(632)
Distribution payable on income shares	8	_	(7)
Other creditors	12	(86)	(149)
Total liabilities		(161)	(788)
Net assets attributable to			
shareholders		44,197	73,538

The notes on pages 113 to 116 are an integral part of these financial statements.

On behalf of Premier Portfolio Managers Limited.

Gregor Craig Director (of the ACD) Ian West Director (of the ACD)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting, distribution and risk management policies for Notes 1 to 3 are provided in the Aggregated Notes to the Financial Statements section on pages 8 to 10.

4. NET CAPITAL LOSSES

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Non-derivative securities	(4,449)	(15,568)
Forward currency contracts	16	(87)
Other currency losses	(63)	_
Transaction charges	(13)	(14)
Net capital losses	(4,509)	(15,669)

5. REVENUE

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Franked UK dividends	17	49
Overseas dividends	547	922
	564	971

6. EXPENSES

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them:		
ACD's periodic charge	446	585
	446	585
Payable to the Depositary, associates of the Depositary and agents of either of them:		
Depositary's fees	9	10
Safe custody fees	6	10
	15	20
Other expenses:		
Auditor's remuneration	5	5
Electronic messaging fees	9	7
Printing fees	1	1
Registration fees	36	21
Research fees	12	5
	63	39
Total expenses	524	644

Irrecoverable VAT is included in the above expenses where relevant.

7. TAXATION

(a) The tax charge comprises:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Current tax:		
Overseas withholding tax	93	131
Total current tax (note 7 (b)) Deferred tax (note 7 (c))	93	131
Total taxation	93	131

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year:

The tax charge for the year differs from the special 20% rate of corporation tax applicable to Open-Ended Investment Companies (OEICs). The differences are explained below:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Net revenue before taxation	35	315
	35	315
Return on ordinary activities multiplied by the special rate of corporation tax of 20% (2022: 20%)	7	63
Effects of:		
Excess non trade loan deficit not utilised	1	2
Expenses not utilised in the year	105	129
Franked UK dividends and distributions not subject to taxation	(3)	(9)
Non-taxable overseas dividends	(110)	(185)
Overseas withholding tax	93	131
Total tax charge (note 7 (a))	93	131
(c) Deferred tax		
Provision at the start of the year	_	_
Deferred tax charge in the year		
Provision at the end of the year	_	_

Authorised OEICs are exempt from tax on capital gains made within the sub-fund.

Factors that may affect the future tax charge:

The sub-fund has not recognised a deferred tax asset of £241,840 (2022: £136,083) arising as a result of having unutilised management expenses. It is unlikely that the sub-fund will obtain relief for these in the future so no deferred tax asset has been recognised.

8. DISTRIBUTIONS

The distributions take into account revenue received on the issue of shares and revenue deducted on the cancellation of shares, and comprise:

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Interim distribution	-	_
Interim accumulation	_	_
Final distribution	_	7
Final accumulation		181
	_	188
Add: Revenue deducted on cancellation of shares	4	5
Deduct: Revenue received on issue of shares	(1)	(9)
Net distributions for the year	3	184
Interest payable and similar charges	5	12
	8	196

The difference between the net revenue after taxation and the amounts distributed comprises:

Distributions	3	184
Tax on stock dividends	61	_
Net (expense)/revenue after taxation	(58)	184

9. DEBTORS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Accrued revenue	_	74
Amounts receivable for issue of shares	26	25
Currency deals awaiting settlement	1	_
Overseas tax recoverable	63	44
Sales awaiting settlement	92	_
	182	143

10. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Sterling	177	297
Overseas balances	686	_
	863	297

11. BANK OVERDRAFTS

	31/05/23	31/05/22
	£'000	£'000
Euro	_	632
Sterling	75	_
	75	632

12. OTHER CREDITORS

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Accrued expenses	52	83
Amounts payable for cancellation of shares	34	66
	86	149

13. RELATED PARTIES

The ACD is regarded as a related party to the sub-fund because it provides key management personnel services to the sub-fund. The Ultimate controlling party of the ACD is Premier Miton Group Plc. Subsidiaries of Premier Miton Group Plc along with any Directors and persons closely associated to the Directors of either Premier Miton Group Plc or its subsidiaries are also considered related parties to the sub-fund.

Premier Portfolio Managers Limited acts as the principal on all the transactions of the shares of the sub-fund. The aggregate monies received by the ACD through the issue of shares and paid on cancellation of shares are disclosed in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders on page 112 . Fees received by the Manager from the sub-fund including any rebates paid by the Manager to the sub-fund are shown within notes 4, 5 and 6. Any equalisation amounts that relate to creations and cancellation of shares are shown within note 8. Any outstanding fees or amounts outstanding on creations and cancellation of shares in the sub-fund, or any rebates receivable by the sub-fund from the Manager are shown within notes 9 and 12.

At the year end, related parties held 0.00% (2022: 0.00%) of sub-fund's shares in issue.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingent liabilities or outstanding commitments at the balance sheet date (2022: £nil).

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In pursuing the sub-fund's investment objective, the main risks arising from the sub-fund's financial instruments are market price, currency, interest rate, liquidity, credit and counterparty risk.

Market Price Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

At 31 May 2023, if the price of the investments held by the sub-fund increased or decreased by 5%, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £2,165,635 (2022: £3,694,307).

Currency Risk

The revenue and capital value of the sub-fund's investments can be significantly affected by foreign currency translation movements as the sub-fund's assets and revenue are denominated in currencies other than Sterling, which is the sub-fund's base currency.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

Currency Risk continued

There are three main areas of currency risk. These are, movement in exchange rates affecting the value of investments, short-term timing differences such as exposure to exchange rate movements during the period between when an investment purchase or sale is entered into and the date when settlement occurs, and movements in exchange rates affecting revenue received by the sub-fund.

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2023

Currency	Portfolio of investments £'000	Net other assets £'000	Total £'000	Total exposure %
Danish kroner	1,984	2	1,986	4.49
Euro	22,477	737	23,214	52.52
Norwegian krone	4,371	102	4,473	10.12
Swedish krone	4,341	_	4,341	9.82
Swiss franc	10,140	_	10,140	22.94
	43,313	841	44,154	99.89
Sterling	_	43	43	0.11
Total	43,313	884	44,197	100.00

Currency exposure as at 31 May 2022

		Net		
	Portfolio of	other		Total
	investments	assets	Total	exposure
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000	%
Danish kroner	1,077	1	1,078	1.47
Euro	42,268	(600)	41,668	56.66
Norwegian krone	8,161	11	8,172	11.11
Swedish krone	10,618	_	10,618	14.44
Swiss franc	11,762	_	11,762	15.99
	73,886	(588)	73,298	99.67
Sterling	_	240	240	0.33
Total	73,886	(348)	73,538	100.00

At 31 May 2023, if the value of Sterling increased or decreased by 1% against all currencies, with all other variables remaining constant, then the net assets attributable to shareholders would increase or decrease by approximately £441,540 (2022: £732,984).

Interest Rate Risk

The sub-fund does not have any direct interest rate risk as the majority of financial assets are in equities, which do not pay interest.

The interest-bearing financial assets of the sub-fund are bank balances, on which interest is calculated at a variable rate by reference to sterling bank deposit rates or the international equivalent.

Liquidity Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Credit Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Counterparty Risk

Risk management policies surrounding this risk are discussed in note 3 on pages 9 to 10.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

There is no material difference between the carrying values and the fair values of the financial assets and liabilities of the sub-fund disclosed in the balance sheet where applicable.

Valuation technique as at 31 May 2023	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	43,313	_	_	43,313
	43,313	_	_	43,313
•				
Valuation technique as at 31 May 2022	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
Equities	73,886	_	_	73,886
	73,886	_	_	73,886
•				

Level 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e., developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e., for which market data is unavailable for the asset or liability).

Derivatives and Forward Transactions

The sub-fund does not, at the date of this report, hold any derivatives or forward transactions that could materially impact the value of the sub-fund.

The Investment Adviser may use derivative instruments to hedge the investment portfolio against risk.

16. SHARE CLASSES

The sub-fund currently has two types of share. The AMC on each share class is as follows:

Class C Income & Accumulation Shares 0.75%

The following table shows the shares in issue during the year:

Class C Shares	Income	Accumulation
Opening Shares	2,472,721	82,623,040
Shares Created	305,669	8,300,736
Shares Liquidated	(1,604,762)	(37,807,326)
Shares Converted	(30,638)	30,518
Closing Shares	1,142,990	53,146,968

16. SHARE CLASSES continued

The net asset value, the net asset value per share and the number of shares in issue are given in the Fund Information on pages 107 to 108. All share classes have the same rights on winding up. The taxation and income are apportioned equally based on the weighted proportion of each share class.

The distribution per share class is given in the distribution tables on page 117.

17. PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS

The following tables show portfolio transactions and their associated transaction costs. For more information about the nature of these costs please refer to the additional portfolio transaction cost information on page 107.

	31/05/23 £'000	31/05/22 £'000
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Purchases ¹ in year before transaction costs	25,581	80,478
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	10	27
Taxes:		
Equities total value paid	12	43
Total purchase costs	22	70
Gross purchases total	25,603	80,548
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Gross sales¹ before transaction costs	51,740	49,084
Commissions:		
Equities total value paid	(19)	(16)
Total sales costs	(19)	(16)
Total sales net of transaction costs	51,721	49,068

¹ Excluding corporate actions

	31/05/23 %	31/05/22 %
Analysis of total purchase costs:		
Commissions:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.02	0.03
Equities percentage of purchases	0.04	0.03
Taxes:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.02	0.06
Equities percentage of purchases	0.05	0.05
Analysis of total sale costs:		
Commissions:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	0.03	0.02
Equities percentage of sales	0.04	0.03
Taxes:		
Equities percentage of average NAV	_	_
Equities percentage of sales	-	-
Analysis of total costs percentage of average NAV:		
Commissions	0.05	0.05
Taxes	0.02	0.06

As at the balance sheet date, the average portfolio dealing spread was 0.25% (2022: 0.52%) based on their value at noon on 31 May 2023. This spread represents the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments expressed as a percentage of the value determined by reference to the offer price.

18. POST BALANCE SHEET DATE MARKET MOVEMENT

As at 12 September 2023, the net asset value of the sub-fund has decreased by 85.30% compared to that at 31 May 2023. This is due to a net outflow from the sub-fund of 83.70% and a net decrease of 1.60% due to unfavourable market conditions and any distribution of income on the relevant share classes. These accounts were approved on 22 September 2023.

Class Name	NAV per share 31/05/2023	NAV per share 12/09/2023	Movement
Class C Income Shares	81.17	78.18	(3.68)%
Class C Accumulation Shares	81.52	78.55	(3.64)%

DISTRIBUTION TABLES

For the period from 1 June 2022 to 30 November 2022

Interim dividend distribution in pence per share

Class C Income Shares

			Distribution Paid	
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

Class C Accumulation Shares

			Amount Accumulated	
	Net Income	Equalisation	27/01/23*	28/01/22*
Group 1	_	_	_	_
Group 2	_	_	_	_

For the period from 1 December 2022 to 31 May 2023

Final dividend distribution in pence per share

Class C Income Shares

			Distri	bution Paid
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23*	28/07/22
Group 1	_	_	_	0.2861
Group 2	_	_	_	0.2861

Class C Accumulation Shares

			Amount Accumulated	
	Net Income	Equalisation	28/07/23*	28/07/22
Group 1	_	_	_	0.2191
Group 2	_	_	_	0.2191

^{*} Expenses exceeded revenue during the period, as a result no distributions were paid.