FIDELITY INVESTMENT FUNDS **Fidelity** Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund W - ACC Shares 31.03.2024 Monthly Professional Factsheet

Marketing Communication

Strategy

The portfolio manager invests in a concentrated selection of businesses by focusing on high quality companies with strong or improving sustainability practices that are benefitting from structural growth or improving industry structures. These also tend to be companies that are able to generate attractive returns for shareholders from their existing operations and future reinvestment opportunities. The fund is built on an absolute basis, from the bottom up, with little reference made to the structure of the market index. ESG considerations are integrated in the investment process, as we believe that effective management of ESG factors enhances the durability of a company's returns and will have a positive impact on shareholder outcomes over time.

Objectives & Investment Policy

Objective: The fund aims to increase the value of your investment over a period of 5

Investment Policy: The fund is part of the Fidelity Sustainable Family of Funds and adheres to the Fidelity Sustainable Family Framework under which at least 70% of the fund's net assets will be invested in companies deemed to maintain sustainable characteristics. The fund will invest at least 70% in companies with their head office, or exercising a predominant part of their activity, in Emerging Markets globally including Asia, Latin America, Europe Middle East and Africa according to the MSCI Emerging Markets (Net Total Return) Index and which maintain sustainable characteristics Markets (Net lotal keturn) index and which maintain sustainable characteristics. Companies with sustainable characteristics are those which the Investment Manager believes have effective governance and management of environmental and social issues. Less developed/emerging markets means countries progressing toward becoming advanced, usually shown by some development in financial markets, the existence of some form of stock exchange and a regulatory body. The companies will be either listed, incorporated, domiciled, or have significant business activities in the region. The fund may also obtain exposure to companies which demonstrate improving sustainable characteristics and may also invest in other investment types such as cash and derivatives. The fund aims to hold a concentrated portfolio within a range of 30 - 50 securities. This means that a smaller number of holdings make up a larger percentage of the total fund. A change in the value of any of these holdings may impact the fund and the value of your investment more extensively than if the fund was made up of a larger number of holdings. The fund may also use derivatives with the aim of achieving the investment objective.

Investment Process: The fund is actively managed. The Investment Manager identifies Suitable opportunities for the fund utilising in-house research and investment capabilities. The Investment Manager will, when selecting investments for the fund and for the purposes of monitoring risk, consider the MSCI Emerging Markets (Net Total Return) Index. The Investment Manager has a wide degree of freedom relative to the index and may take larger, or smaller, positions in companies, and/or may invest outside the index,

may take larger, or smaller, positions in companies, and/or may invest outside the index, to take advantage of investment opportunities. This means the fund's investments and therefore performance may vary significantly from the index. **Derivatives and Techniques:** Derivatives are investments whose value is linked to another investment, or to the performance of a stock exchange or to some other variable factor, such as interest rates and used to reduce risk or transaction costs and/or to generate extra income or further increase the value of your investment. **Additional information:** Income earned by the fund is paid into the fund and reflected by an increase in the value of each share. Shares can usually be bought and sold work burgers draw if the fund. The fundies performance can be exampted to the MSCI.

by an increase in the value of each share. Shares can usually be bought and sola each business day of the fund. The fund's performance can be compared to the MSCI Emerging Markets (Net total return) Index. Additional information: Income earned by the fund is paid into the fund and reflected by an increase in the value of each share. Shares can usually be bought and sold each business due of the fund. business day of the fund.

Fund Facts

Launch date: 27.03.23 Portfolio manager: Amit Goel Appointed to fund: 27.03.23 Years at Fidelity: 18 Fund size: £ 28m Fund stret: \$2,26m Number of positions in fund*: 38 Fund reference currency: UK Sterling (GBP) Fund domicile: United Kingdom Fund legal structure: OEIC Management company: FIL Investment Services (UK) Limited Capital guarantee: No Portfolio Turnover Cost (PTC): 0.11% Portfolio Turnover Rate (PTR): 87.58% *A definition of positions can be found on page 3 of this factsheet in the section titled "How data is calculated and presented."

Share Class Facts

Other share classes may be available. Please refer to the prospectus for more details.

Launch date: 27.03.23 NAV price in share class currency: 1.474 ISIN: GB00BQBG6R76 SEDOL: BQBG6R7 SEDOL: BOBG8K/ Bloomberg: FDEMMAW LN Dealing cut-off: 12:00 UK time Distribution type: Accumulating Charges made to income or capital: Income Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) per year: 0.95% (Estimated) OCF takes into account annual management charge per year: 0.75%

Share Class Risk and Reward Profile



This risk indicator is taken from the key information document at the relevant monthend. Because it may be updated during a month, please refer to the key information document for the most up-to-date information. • Historical data may not be a reliable indication for the future. • The risk category

 Historical data may not be a reliable indication for the future.

 Iner risk category shown is not guaranteed and may change over time.
 The lowest category does not mean a "risk free" investment.
 The risk and reward profile is classified by the level of historical fluctuation of the Net Asset Values of the share class, and within this classification, categories 1-2 indicate a low level of historical fluctuations, 3-5 a medium level and 6-7 a high level.
 The value of your investment may fall as well as rise and you may get back less than you originally invested.
 The fund has currency. Changes in currency exchange rates can therefore affect the value of your investment.

 exchange rates can therefore affect the value of your investment.

Important Information

The value of your investment more than the fund. This fund invests in emerging markets which can be more volatile than other more developed markets. In some emerging markets, such as Russia, the safekeeping provisions for securities benefit from less governed standards. Liquidity is a measure of how easily an investment can be converted into cash. Under certain market conditions assets may be more difficult to value or sell at a desired price. This could affect the fund's ability to meet redemptions in a timely manner. When referring to sustainability – related aspects of the promoted fund, the decision to invest should take into account all characteristics or objectives of the promoted fund as detailed in the Prospectus. Information on sustainability-related aspects is provided pursuant to SFDR at https://www.fidelity.lu/sfdr-entity-disclosures .

FIDELITY INVESTMENT FUNDS

Sustainable Emerging Markets Equity Fund W - ACC Shares

31.03.2024 Monthly Professional Factsheet

Past performance does not predict future returns. The fund's returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. The investment which is promoted concerns the acquisition of units or shares in a fund, and not in a given underlying asset owned by the fund.

Performance Comparator(s)

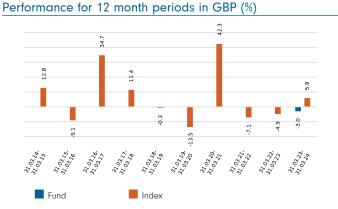
Market index from 27.03.23 MSCI Emerging Markets Index (Net)

Market index is for comparative purposes only unless specifically referenced in the Objectives & Investment Policy on page 1. The same index is used in the positioning tables on this factsheet.

Where the effective date for the current market index is after the share class launch date, full history is available from Fidelity.

Cumulative performance in GBP (rebased to 100)





Performance is shown for the last five years (or since launch for funds launched within that period).

Performance to 31.03.24 in GBP (%)

	1m	3m	YTD	1yr	3yr	5vr	Since 27.03.23*
• • • • •	3 1			•	•,	•,	
Fund cumulative growth	3.1	0.5	0.5	-3.0	-	-	2.9
Index cumulative growth	2.6	3.3	3.3	5.9	-6.5	15.1	7.7
Fund annualised growth	=	-	=	-3.0	-	-	2.9
Index annualised growth	-	-	-	5.9	-2.2	2.9	7.6
Ranking within Peer Group Universe							
Total number of funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Quartile ranking**	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Source of fund performance is Fidelity. Performance is excluding initial charge. Basis: bid-bid with income reinvested, in GBP, net of fees. Market indices are sourced from RIMES and other data is sourced from third-party providers such as Morningstar. *Performance commencement date. **Quartile rank is for the fund's primary share class as identified by Morningstar, which may be different than the share class detailed in this factsheet and refers to performance over

**Quartile rank is for the fund's primary share class as identified by Morningstar, which may be different than the share class detailed in this factsheet and refers to performance over time rated on a scale of 1-4. A ranking of 1 indicates that the item being ranked is in the top 25% of the sample and so on. Rankings are based on a performance record that is included in the Peer Group Universe. In line with Investment Association methodology, this record may include a track record extension from a legacy share class and the record may not be the same class of this factsheet. Quartile ranking is an internal Fidelity International calculation. Ranking may vary by share class.



Introduction

This factsheet contains information about the composition of the fund at a particular point in time. It aims to help you understand how the fund manager is positioned to achieve the fund's objectives

The Equity Exposure table below provides an overall view of the fund. This represents - in percentage terms - how much of the fund is invested in the market. The higher the figure, the more the fund will take part in any market rises (or falls).

The definitions section provides a more comprehensive explanation of the individual elements in the table

The exposure and positioning tables on page 4 break the fund down into a number of different views, each providing a different perspective on the fund's investments.

How data is calculated and presented

Portfolio composition data has been calculated and presented according to several general principles, which are listed below

- **Aggregation:** all investments, including derivatives, linked to a particular issuing company have been combined to form a total percentage holding for each company. The aggregate holding is referred to in this factsheet as a position. Where a company is listed in two separate countries, each listing may be classified as a separate issuing company. Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and derivatives on ETFs are treated as individual securities – ie not aggregated.

- **Categorisation:** for investments that have underlying securities we use the attributes of the underlying issuing company or common share to determine the appropriate sector, market capitalisation band and geographic area.

Derivatives: all derivatives are included on an exposure basis and, where necessary, are delta-adjusted. Delta-adjusting expresses derivatives in terms of the equivalent number of shares that would be needed to generate the same return.

"Basket" securities: securities that represent a number of company shares - like index futures or options – are allocated to categories (such as sector) whenever possible. Otherwise they are included in the "Other Index / Unclassified" category.

Equity Exposure (% TNA)

	Exposure
	(% TNA)
Equity	97.2
Other	0.0
Uninvested Cash	2.8

Definition of terms:

Equity: the percentage of the fund that is currently invested in the equity market. Gther: the value of any non-equity investments (excluding cash funds) expressed as a percentage of fund TNA. Uninvested cash: this is 100% minus the fund's Equity exposure and minus Other. This leaves any residual cash exposure that is not invested in shares or via derivatives. % TNA: Data is presented as a percentage of TNA, which stands for Total Net Assets (the value of all the fund's assets after the deduction of any liabilities).

Active Money Active Money

77 7%

This is the sum of the fund's overweight positions (including effective cash) when compared to the market index.



31.03.2024 Monthly Professional Factsheet

Sector/Industry Exposure (% TNA)

Geographic Exposure (% TNA)

China

India Taiwan

Korea (South)

South Africa

Hong Kong

Netherlands

Indonesia

Others

Mexico

Brazil

GICS Sector	Fund	Index	Relative
Financials	27.5	22.4	5.2
Information Technology	27.0	23.7	3.3
Consumer Discretionary	16.9	12.4	4.5
Consumer Staples	9.4	5.6	3.7
Industrials	9.3	7.0	2.3
Materials	5.0	7.2	-2.2
Communication Services	2.1	8.6	-6.5
Energy	0.0	5.3	-5.3
Health Care	0.0	3.5	-3.5
Utilities	0.0	2.8	-2.8
Real Estate	0.0	1.5	-1.5
Total Sector Exposure	97.2	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	97.2	100.0	

Fund

23.5

17.4

15.1

8.3

7.4

6.4

6.0

5.8

4.7

1.9

0.8

97.2

0.0

97.2

Index

25.1

17.7

17.6

12.8

2.8

2.7

5.2

0.0

1.9

0.0

14.2

100.0

100.0

0.0

Relative

-1.5

-0.3

-2.6

-4.6

4.6

3.7

0.8

5.8

2.9

1.9

-13.5

Market Capitalisation Exposure (% TNA)

GBP	Fund	Index	Relative
>10bn	67.5	68.0	-0.5
5-10bn	17.7	17.6	0.1
1-5bn	12.0	12.0	0.0
0-1bn	0.0	0.1	-0.1
Total Market Cap Exposure	97.2	97.8	
Index / Unclassified	0.0	2.2	
Total Equity Exposure	97.2	100.0	

Regional Exposure (% TNA)

	Fund	Index	Relative
Emerging Asia	69.0	78.6	-9.6
Latin America	12.4	8.9	3.5
Sub-Saharan Africa	7.4	2.8	4.6
Asia Pacific (ex-Japan)	5.8	0.0	5.8
Europe (Eurozone)	1.9	0.5	1.4
North America	0.8	0.1	0.7
MENA	0.0	7.1	-7.1
Emerging Europe	0.0	2.0	-2.0
Total Regional Exposure	97.2	100.0	
Other Index / Unclassified	0.0	0.0	
Total Equity Exposure	97.2	100.0	

Total Geographic Exposure Other Index / Unclassified **Total Equity Exposure**

Top Positions (% TNA)

	GICS Sector	Geo
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MFG CO LTD	Information Technology	Taiw
SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO LTD	Information Technology	Kore
HDFC BANK LTD	Financials	India
ICICI BANK LTD	Financials	India
NASPERS LTD	Consumer Discretionary	Sout
INFOSYS LTD	Information Technology	India
AXIS BANK LTD	Financials	India
CHINA MENGNIU DAIRY CO	Consumer Staples	Chir
B3 SA BRASIL BOLSA BALCAO	Financials	Braz
LI NING CO LTD	Consumer Discretionary	Chir

ographic Location Fund Index Relative 9.0 8.3 0.7 wan rea (South) 5.9 4.6 1.3 5.0 0.7 4.3 lia 0.9 3.6 4.6 lia uth Africa 4.5 0.5 4.1 0.8 lia 4.0 3.2 3.8 0.4 3.4 lia

Top Overweight Positions (% TNA)

	Fund	Index	Relative
HDFC BANK LTD	5.0	0.7	4.3
NASPERS LTD	4.5	0.5	4.1
ICICI BANK LTD	4.6	0.9	3.6
AXIS BANK LTD	3.8	0.4	3.4
CHINA MENGNIU DAIRY CO	3.5	0.1	3.4
INFOSYS LTD	4.0	0.8	3.2
B3 SA BRASIL BOLSA BALCAO	3.3	0.2	3.1
LI NING CO LTD	3.2	0.1	3.1
BOC AVIATION LTD	2.6	0.0	2.6
LOCALIZA RENT A CAR SA	2.7	0.1	2.5

China Brazil China	3.5 3.3 3.2		0.1 0.2 0.1	3.4 3.1 3.1
Top Underweight Positions (%	5 TNA)			
		Fund	Index	Relative
TENCENT HLDGS LTD		0.0	3.6	-3.6
RELIANCE INDUSTRIES LTD		0.0	1.5	-1.5
PDD HOLDINGS INC		0.0	1.0	-1.0
PETROLEO BRASILEIRO-PETROBRAS		0.0	0.9	-0.9
MEITUAN		0.0	0.9	-0.9
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LTD		1.2	2.0	-0.8
CHINA CONSTRUCTION BANK		0.0	0.8	-0.8
HON HAI PRECISION INDUSTRY CO LTD		0.0	0.8	-0.8

0.0

00

0.6

0.6

-0.6

-0.6

Positions Concentration (% TNA)

	Fund	Index
Тор 10	46.8	24.8
Тор 20	70.5	31.5
Тор 50	97.2	42.9

Definition of terms:

AL RAJHI BANK

TATA CONSULTANCY SERVICES LTD

Definition of terms: Index: the index used in the positioning tables on this page is the index defined in the Performance Comparator(s) section on page 2 of this factsheet. Top Positions: those companies in which the largest percentages of the fund's total net assets are effectively invested. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) -can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear. Top Overweight & Underweight Positions: those positions which have the largest active weight relative to the index. Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) -can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Other Index / Unclassified" category which will not appear. Positions Concentration: illustrates the weight of the top 10, 20 and 50 positions in the index. It does not attempt to show the coincidence of security ownership between fund and index. The sector/industry classification used (ie GICS, ICB, TOPIX or IPD) varies by fund. Full descriptions of GICS, ICB, TOPIX and IPD can be found in the glossary. Figures may not always sum to totals due to rounding

0.53

31.03.2024 Monthly Professional Factsheet

Attribution

Performance attribution is produced in the currency shown below. For funds with multiple share classes, the attribution return reflects the aggregate performance across all the share classes. It may therefore deviate from the published return for a particular share class. When using the analysis for hedged share classes, please consider that the attribution is shown before the impact of hedging.

The contributions shown in the tables are before the impact of charges. If charges are applied, their effect is captured in the "Other" category in the tables and will also be reflected in the fund return.

All investments, including derivatives, linked to a particular issuing company have been combined to form a total percentage for each issuing company.

The sector/industry and geographic contribution tables (where relevant) display a maximum of eleven individual entries. Where applicable, only top five and bottom five are listed, with the remaining contribution shown in the "Other Sectors" or "Others" category. UK Sterling (GBP) Currency of attribution

One month relative return (%)

Position Contribution (%)

delitv

Position Contribution (%)					1 month
Top Contributors	Average Relative Weight	Relative Performance Contribution	Top Detractors	Average Relative Weight	Relative Performance Contribution
TECHTRONIC INDUSTRIES CO LTD	2.2	0.47	CHINA MENGNIU DAIRY CO	3.8	-0.69
GRUPO MEXICO SAB DE CV	1.9	0.38	AIA GROUP LTD	2.4	-0.52
NASPERS LTD	3.6	0.19	INFOSYS LTD	3.5	-0.48
DELTA ELECTRONICS INC	1.2	0.19	TENCENT HLDGS LTD	-3.4	-0.24
GRUPO AEROPORTUARIO DEL PACIFICO SAB DE CV	1.8	0.15	Hon hai precision industry co LTD	-0.7	-0.24
SK HYNIX INC	1.6	0.13	B3 SA BRASIL BOLSA BALCAO	3.2	-0.23
SHENZHOU INTL GROUP HLDGS LTD	0.9	0.13	AXIS BANK LTD	3.5	-0.19
LI AUTO INC	-0.3	0.13	Beijing oriental Yuhong Waterfroof Technology co l	1.8	-0.18
HDFC BANK LTD	4.2	0.11	ZHONGSHENG GROUP HOLDINGS LTD	1.7	-0.15
LI NING CO LTD	2.9	0.11	MEITUAN	-0.8	-0.14

Positions in other funds - including ETFs (Exchange Traded Funds) - can appear in this table, but index derivatives form part of an "Index / Unclassified" category which will appear in the table(s) below when relevant

1 month

Sector/Industry Contribution (%)

Contributions To Relative Return				
	Average		Sector/	Total
	Relative	Security	Industry	Relative
GICS Sector	Weight	Selection	Selection	Contribution
Industrials	2.2	0.80	-0.10	0.70
Consumer Discretionary	3.6	0.52	0.16	0.68
Materials	-2.5	0.20	0.00	0.20
Energy	-5.3	0.00	0.16	0.16
Health Care	-3.5	0.00	0.15	0.15
Utilities	-2.8	0.00	0.08	0.08
Real Estate	-1.5	0.00	0.06	0.06
Communication Services	-6.4	-0.15	0.02	-0.13
Information Technology	5.0	-0.28	0.11	-0.17
Financials	5.5	-0.12	-0.27	-0.40
Consumer Staples	4.0	-0.49	-0.19	-0.69
Total Primary Assets	-1.8	0.47	0.17	0.65
Other*	1.8			-0.12
Total	0.0			0.53

*Other includes portfolio components not already listed such as cash, expenses and other miscellaneous items.

Glossary / additional notes

Volatility & Risk

Annualised volatility: a measure of how variable returns for a fund or comparative market index have been around their historical average (also known as "standard deviation"). Two funds and y not a period. The fund whose monthly returns have varied less will have a lower annualised volatility for funds and indices are calculated independently of its returns with less risk. The calculation is the standard deviation of 36 monthly returns presented as an annualised number. Volatility for funds and indices are calculated independently of each other.

Relative volatility: a ratio calculated by comparing the annualised volatility of a fund to the annualised volatility of a comparative market index. A value greater than 1 indicates the fund has been more volatile than the index. A value less than 1 shows the fund has been less volatile than the index. A relative volatility of 1.2 means the fund has been 20% more volatile than the index, while a measure of 0.8 would mean the fund has been 20% less volatile than the index

Sharpe ratio: a measure of a fund's risk-adjusted performance, taking into account the return on a risk-free investment. The ratio allows an investor to assess whether the fund is generating adequate returns for the level of risk it is taking. The higher the ratio, the better the risk-adjusted performance has been. If the ratio is negative, the fund has returned less than the risk-free rate. The ratio is calculated by subtracting the risk-free return (such as cash) in the relevant currency from the fund's return, then dividing the result by the fund's volatility. It is calculated using annualised numbers.

Annualised alpha: the difference between a fund's expected return (based on its beta) and the fund's actual return. A fund with a positive alpha has delivered more return than would en its beta

Beta: a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by a market index). The beta of the market is 1.00 by definition. A beta of 1.10 shows that the fund could be expected to perform 10% better than the index in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors remain constant. Conversely, a beta of 0.85 indicates that the fund could be expected to perform 15% worse than the market return during up markets and 15% better during down markets.

Annualised tracking error: a measure showing how closely a fund follows the index to which it is being compared. It is the standard deviation of the fund's excess returns. The higher the fund's tracking error, the higher the variability of fund returns around the market index.

Information ratio: a measure of a fund's effectiveness in generating excess return for the level of risk taken. An information ratio of 0.5 shows the fund has delivered an annualised excess return equivalent to half the value of the tracking error. The ratio is calculated by taking the fund's annualised excess return and dividing it by the fund's tracking error.

R²: a measure representing the degree to which a fund's return can be explained by the returns of a comparative market index. A value of 1 signifies the fund and index are perfectly correlated. A measure of 0.5 means only 50% of the fund's performance can be explained by the index. If the R2 is 0.5 or lower, the fund's beta (and therefore its alpha too) is not a reliable measure (due to a low correlation between fund and index).

Ongoing charges

The ongoing charges figure represents the charges taken from the fund over a year. It is calculated at the fund's financial year end and may vary from year to year. For classes of funds The origoing charges this may not vary from year to year. For new classes of funds or classes of funds or classes of funds and may vary from year to year. For classes of funds or classes of funds or classes of funds and may vary from year to year. For new classes of funds or classes or classes of funds or classes o

For more information about charges (including details of the fund's financial year end), please consult the charges section in the most recent Prospectus.

Historic yield The historic yield for a fund is based on its dividends declared over the preceding 12 months. It is calculated by summing the dividend rates declared in that period, divided by the price as at the date of publication. Declared dividends may not be confirmed and may be subject to change. Where 12 months of declared dividend data does not exist a historic yield will not be published.

Sector/industry classification

GICS: The Global Industry Classification Standard is a taxonomy mainly used across MSCI and S&P indices in which each company is assigned by its principal business activity to one of 11 sectors, 24 industry groups, 69 industries and 158 sub-industries. More information is available at http://www.msci.com/gics

ICB: The Industry Classification Benchmark is a taxonomy mainly used across FTSE Russell indices in which each company is assigned by its principal business activity to one of 11 industries, 20 supersectors, 45 sectors and 173 subsectors. More information is available at https://www.ftserussell.com/data/industry-classification-benchmark-icb

TOPIX: Tokyo stock Price Index, commonly known as TOPIX, is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) in Japan, tracking all domestic companies of the exchange's First tion. It is calculated and published by the TSE.

IPD means the Investment Property Databank who are a provider of performance analysis and benchmarking services for investors in real estate. IPD UK Pooled Property Funds Index – All Balanced Funds is a component of the IPD Pooled Funds Indices which is published quarterly by IPD.

Independent Assessment

Primary share class: is identified by Morningstar when the analysis calls for only one share class per fund to be in the peer group. It is the share class Morningstar recommends as the best proxy for the portfolio for the relevant market and category/GIF combination. In most cases the share class chosen will be the most retail version (based upon actual management charge, inception date, distribution status, currency and other factors) unless a share class that is less retailed focused has a much longer track record. It is different to the oldest share class data point in that it is on an available for sale level and not all markets will have the oldest share class for sale in that region. The Primary share class is also based on category so each available for sale/category combination for the fund will have its own primary share class.

Portfolio Turnover Rate (PTR) and Portfolio Turnover Cost (PTC), where shown: SRDII does not define a methodology for these values; ours is as follows: PTR = (purchases of securities + sales of securities) minus (subscriptions of units + redemptions of units), divided by average fund value over the prior 12 months multiplied by 100. Any funds' trading in Fidelity Institutional Liquidity Funds is excluded from the PTR calculation. PTC = PTR (capped at 100%) x transaction cost, where transaction cost is calculated as expost (i.e. prior 12 months) MiFID disclosure of portfolio transaction costs minus implicit costs



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