

- To gain exposure to the different asset

across different collective investment

well as structured investments.

classes, the investment team will invest

schemes, including funds managed by other

could be actively managed or track indices, as

- Actively managed, including the overall asset

allocation and underlying fund selection.

investment groups, closed end investment

companies and other investments, which

Premier Miton Multi-Asset Absolute Return Fund

Sterling class C - Income shares

Objective

The objective of the fund is to provide positive returns, in all market conditions and in excess of returns from the Bank of England Base rate, net of fees, over rolling three year periods. Three years is also the minimum recommended period for holding shares in this fund. This does not mean that the fund will achieve the objective over this, or any other, specific time period and there is a risk of loss to the original capital invested.

Fund facts

£81.8m
Fund - 06 Oct 2008 Share class - 10 Nov 2010
OEIC
Final - 31 Oct Interim - 30 Apr
GBP
12:00 noon
Yes

IA Targeted Absolute Return

Performance comparators Bank of England Base Rate Sterling Overnight Index Average

Please see page 3 for further information.

Investment team

Investment team

Premier Miton multi-manager multi-asset investment team

Managed fund since

01 December 2009

David Hambidge and Ian Rees are both cohead of Premier Miton's multi-manager team and have overall responsibility for the team's range of multi-asset, multi-manager funds. The team also includes fund managers David Thornton, Nick Kelsall and Mark Rimmer.

Fund codes

ISIN	GB00B5NH9K57
Sedol	B5NH9K5
Bloomberg	LIBAGII:LN

Minimums

Initial	Top-up	Withdrawal	Holding
£250,000	£25,000	£25,000	£250,000

Investment overview

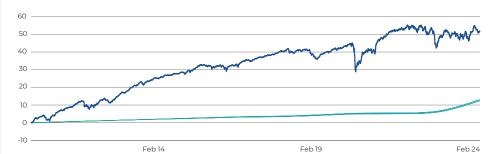
- A diversified, multi-asset, multi-manager fund.
- A globally diversified lower risk portfolio of investments covering different asset classes, including equities (company shares), fixed income (bonds), alternative investments (which may include property, real estate investment trusts, commodities and investments aimed at making positive returns in all market conditions).

Awards and ratings



Awards and ratings are based on past events and are not an indication of future performance. Ratings are not a recommendation. Please see page 4 for further information.

Performance since manager start on 1 December 2009 (%)



Cumulative performance (%)	1m	3m	Ъ	Зy	5y	10y	Manager start
■ Fund	-0.63	0.16	0.25	2.20	9.48	19.75	51.91
Bank of England Base Rate	0.41	1.28	4.92	7.17	8.11	10.65	13.02
Sterling Overnight Index Average	e 0.40	1.27	4.85	6.98	7.83	10.11	12.34

Calendar year performance (%)	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	YTD
Fund	5.94	2.15	5.34	-3.45	3.70	-2.10
Bank of England Base Rate	0.75	0.23	0.11	1.44	4.64	0.87
Sterling Overnight Index Average	0.71	0.19	0.05	1.38	4.57	0.86

Discrete annual performance (%)		28.02.20 26.02.21			
Fund	1.65	5.39	2.62	-0.65	0.25
Bank of England Base Rate	0.75	0.12	0.15	1.99	4.92
Sterling Overnight Index Average	0.71	0.08	0.10	1.93	4.85

Source: FE Analytics. Based on Sterling class C - Income shares, on a total return basis to 29 February 2024. Performance is shown net of fees with income reinvested. Data prior to the launch of the C income share class is based on A accumulation shares. On 20.01.2020, this fund moved from a single pricing basis (mid) to a swing pricing basis.

Risks: The value of investments may fluctuate which will cause fund prices to fall as well as rise and investors may not get the original amount invested. The performance information presented on this page relates to the past. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. More information about the risks of investment is provided later in this document.

Portfolio breakdown

Asset allocation (%)



30.9
22.3
4.6
4.0
29.3
20.1
9.2
25.6
25.6
9.9
9.9
4.2

Top 10 holdings (%)



Top 10 holdings **37.9%** Rest of portfolio **62.1%**

GS Euronext CDP Environment Eurozone Defensive Autocall	5.0
Barclays 1339 FTSE100 Deleveraged Synthetic Zero	5.0
CA MSCI Europe Green Select Defensive Autocall	4.2
CITI FTSE100-EW Feb 2028 Defensive Autocall	4.0
Assura	3.5
Primary Health Properties	3.5
Amundi UK Government Bond (DR) 0-5Y UCITS ETF	3.3
FTSE 100 Defensive Autocall	3.2
Aviva Investors Global Convertibles	3.2
M & G Short Dated Corporate Bond GBP PP Acc	3.2

FACTSHEET 29 February 2024

Charges

Ongoing charges figure (OCF) as at 31.10.2022	0.92%
The OCF includes the annual manage charge and OCFs of the underlying fu held in the portfolio. Transaction char also apply. Please refer to the <u>total cos</u> <u>charges document</u> on our website fo information.	unds ·ges will <u>sts &</u>
Annual management charge	0.60%
OCFs of underlying funds	0.21%
Initial charge	0.00%

Charges are taken from income

The fund's charges will be taken from income generated by the fund in the form of interest or dividends. If there is not enough income to cover the charges, the rest of the charges will be taken from the fund's capital which could result in capital erosion or constrain capital growth.

Performance comparators

To help investors assess the performance of the Fund, SONIA (Sterling Overnight Index Average) is used for comparison purposes. SONIA is a benchmark interest rate at which major global banks lend to one another in the international interbank market for short-term loans. As the fund aims to deliver a positive return over rolling three year periods through a portfolio that includes investments with predictable return profiles, we believe it is a meaningful comparator to help investors assess the performance of the fund. Bank of England base rate

over rolling three year periods. This target is

One of the fund's aims is to deliver returns in excess of the Bank of England base rate considered suitable because the fund invests in a globally diversified lower risk portfolio of investments covering different asset classes including deposits, cash and near cash. The Bank of England base rate is the fund's target benchmark and the fund's performance can be measured against this to demonstrate whether the fund has achieved this objective.

General risks

Reference to any stock or fund is not a recommendation for investment purposes. All types of investment carry a degree of risk. It is possible you could lose some, or all, of the money you invest. The level of risk varies depending on the type of investment. Typically, you are less likely to lose money over the long term from an investment that is considered low risk, although potential returns may also be lower. Investments considered higher risk typically offer greater opportunities for better long-term returns, though the risk of losing money is also likely to be higher.

When you invest, it is important that you understand the risk to your money and are comfortable with that level of risk. If you are unsure, we would recommend that you consult a financial adviser.

The value of your investment might not keep up with any rise in the cost of living. You could lose money if financial markets fall.

Specific

Some of the main specific risks of investing in this fund are summarised here. Further detail is available in the prospectus for the fund.

Alternative investments

These typically behave differently to traditional investments such as bonds and equities. They can include a range of assets such as specialist lending, private equity, hedge funds and gold. Adding alternative investments to a portfolio can help to make it more diverse but can also make it more volatile.

Collective investment schemes (funds)

Where other funds are held in a portfolio, or where there is indirect exposure to other funds, these could include higher-risk investments like hedge funds, property funds or commodity funds (e.g. investing in gold, oil), which would increase the overall risk in the fund.

Commodities (including gold)

Commodity prices can fall and rise sharply depending on supply and demand, the economic background and financial market conditions. Exposure will never be direct to any commodity.

Counterparty credit

Some securities or financial instruments rely on payments or guarantees from a counterparty. This is a role usually undertaken by a bank or similar entity.

Currency

Where investments in a fund are denominated in currencies other than sterling (for example, if a fund holds assets priced in euros), its value will be affected by changes in the relevant exchange rate. Certain other investments, such as the shares in companies with profits from other countries, will also be effected.

Emerging markets

Investments made in bonds, equities or other assets in less-developed countries generally carry higher risk than in developed countries. **Equities**

Equities

Equities (shares) can experience high levels of price fluctuation.

Fixed interest securities

Government and corporate bonds generally offer a fixed level of interest to investors, so their value can be affected by changes in interest rates. When central bank interest rates fall, investors may be prepared to pay more for bonds and bond prices tend to rise. If interest rates rise, bonds may be less valuable to investors and their prices can fall.

Inflation

Higher inflation can lead to some investments falling in value, particularly those with a fixed level of interest, for example government bonds and corporate bonds.

Infrastructure

Investments are often in large-scale projects whose profitability can be affected by supply problems or rising prices for raw materials or natural resources. Changes in the wider economy and government regulation can also have a significant influence.

Interest rate

Changes in central bank interest rates can affect all types of assets, in particular, securities such as government bonds and corporate bonds that generally offer a fixed level of interest. If interest rates go up, the value of a bond may fall, and vice versa.

Issuer credit

There are times when the issuer of a security (for example, a company that has issued a bond) is unable to make income payments or repay its debt. When this happens it can result in losses for the fund.

Legal and tax

The income or capital gains from investments can sometimes be affected by changes in legal and tax regulations or how these rules are applied.

Liquidity

In some instances, for example, when market conditions generally are difficult, holdings in a fund may be difficult to sell and buy at the desired price. The fund value could fall as a result. There is no guarantee that the investment objective of the fund will be achieved. The levels of taxation that apply to income or capital gains from the fund, including any tax relief that may be available, will depend on your personal tax situation.

Funds with similar objectives may not perform in the same way as they are likely to have different holdings.

Fund performance will be affected by investment decisions made by the fund manager.

Non-investment grade bonds

Bonds with a higher risk that the bond issuer might not meet its income or repayment obligations, as assessed by independent bond rating companies.

Operational

Processes, systems and controls around your investment might fail. The more complex or unusual the investments that the fund holds, the more likely this is to happen. For example, developing markets may have less reliable systems or lower standards of governance than more developed markets.

Property and Real Estate Investment Trusts

Property values can rise and fall sharply depending on the strength of a country's economy.

Smaller companies

Investment in smaller companies is typically higher risk than investment in larger companies. Shares in smaller companies can experience greater levels of volatility.

Structure

The providers of the Collective Investment Schemes in which the fund invests may experience operational or credit issues which could impact the value or liquidity of their funds.

Structured investments

These investments are built around a derivative and have specific criteria that need to be met to deliver a positive return. If these criteria are not met, the investment can fall sharply in value.

Unregulated collective investment

schemes

These investments can carry additional risks as they are not subject to the same level of regulation as authorised or regulated schemes.

Zero dividend preference shares (ZDPs)

Issued by investment trusts. ZDPs have a maturity date, pay no income but pay a set amount at maturity. Serious falls in market levels can alter their structure and lead to falling values.

The methodology and calculations used A swing pricing is where the price can swing holders in the fund. Performance could be Ratings, by the third parties providing the ratings/ to either a bid or an offer basis depending on shown on a combination of bid, mid or offer awards and awards are not verified by Premier Miton the investment and redemption activity in prices, depending on the period of reporting. other Investors and we are unable to accept the fund. This means the investor selling or information responsibility for their accuracy, nor buying fund shares bears the associated [dis] should they be relied upon for making an investment costs and protects the continuing investment decision. Glossary Accumulation shares price of bonds will vary and the investment vou are allowed to invest into an ISA each A fund may have accumulation and income terms of bonds will also vary. tax year. shares. If an investor selects this share Capital Multi asset type, any income generated by the fund is Describes financial assets, particularly cash, A fund that invests across a combination of automatically reinvested. The amount of or other assets, such as shares, owned by a different asset classes, such as commercial the reinvested income is reflected in the person or organisation. property, company shares, bonds and increased price of each accumulation share. alternative investments with the aim of Capital growth ACD increasing diversification and reducing The increase in the value of an asset or Authorised Corporate Directors (ACDs) risk, and achieving specific investment investment over time, measured by its are responsible for the running of an objectives such as paying an income. current value compared to its purchase investment fund. They have a duty to act cost Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) in the best interests of the fund's investors, A measure of what it costs to invest in a **Collective Investment Schemes** and ensure that the fund is well managed fund over a year. It includes the fee paid to A generic term for investment funds with in line with regulations and with the Premier Miton for the management of the more than one investor, such as unit trusts, investment objectives and policies set out fund (known as the annual management Open Ended Investment Schemes (OEICs) in its prospectus. charge), with the remainder covering and investment trusts. Alternative investments / assets costs that have to be paid to external Convertible bonds companies for other services relating to the Typically investments other than the more A type of bond that the holder can convert traditional company shares or bonds which ongoing administration and management into shares of the issuing company in could include, for example, commodities of a fund, such as the fees paid to the certain circumstances. (such as gold), infrastructure, private equity, depositary, custodian, regulator, auditor and real estate, and hedge funds. Alternative **Emerging markets** administrator. The fee is deducted from the investments can be useful to help with Countries with less developed financial value of the fund and reflected in the fund's diversification, as some of them are not markets and which are generally share price. The OCF is typically calculated expected to perform in the same way as considered riskier than investing in

developed markets.

High yield bonds

Another name for shares (or stock) in a

Bonds that are expected to have a higher

risk of defaulting on interest payments or

repayment of the issue value on maturity

A type of tax-free scheme, set up by the

government, designed to help people make

the most of their savings and investments.

investment are exempt from UK Income

Tax and Capital Gains Tax. HM Revenue and

Customs sets the maximum amounts that

Individual Savings Account (ISA)

All income and gains from an ISA

and receive lower ratings from credit rating

Equities

company

adencies

Annual management charge (AMC)

more traditional investments.

The yearly fee paid to Premier Miton for managing a fund, expressed as a percentage of your investment. The AMC does not typically change from year to year.

Assets

Different groups of investments such as company shares, bonds, commodities or property.

Bonds (or fixed income)

Types of investments that allow investors to loan money to governments and companies, usually in return for a regular fixed level of interest until the bond's maturity date, plus the return of the original value of the bond at the maturity date. The

once a year and can change from year to vear.

Structured investments

These investments are built around a derivative and have specific criteria that need to be met to deliver a positive return.

Total return

A way of showing how an investment has performed, and is made-up of the capital appreciation or depreciation and includes any income generated by the investment. Measured over a set period, it is expressed as a percentage of the value of the investment at the start of that period

Zero dividend preference shares (ZDPs)

Issued by investment trusts. ZDPs have a maturity date, pay no income but pay a set amount at maturity.

Contact us

From 9:00am to 5:30pm, Monday to Friday, excluding bank holidays.





Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information contained within this document, we regret that we cannot accept responsibility for any omissions or errors. Reference to any particular stock or fund does not constitute a recommendation to buy or sell the stock or fund. Persons who do not have professional experience in matters relating to investments should not rely on the content of this document.

We are unable to give financial advice. If you are unsure about the content contained within/suitability of the funds mentioned, please speak to a financial adviser All data is sourced to Premier Miton unless otherwise stated.

A free, English language copy of the fund's full prospectus, the Key Investor Information Document and Supplementary Information Document are available on the Premier Miton website, or you can request copies by calling us on 01483 306090.

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