# JPMorgan Global Core Real Assets Limited

### **Fund overview**

ISIN Sedol Bloomberg Reuters GG00BJVKW831 BJVKW83 JARA LN JARA.L

Objective: The Company will seek to provide Shareholders with stable income and capital appreciation from exposure to a globally diversified portfolio of Core Real Assets. The Company will pursue its investment objective through diversified investment in private funds or managed accounts managed or advised by entities within J.P. Morgan Asset Management (together referred to as "JPMAM"), the asset management business of JPMorgan Chase & Co. These JPMAM Products will comprise "Private Funds", being private collective investment vehicles, and "Managed Accounts", which will typically take the form of a custody

Portfol	io man	ager(s)
Alterna	tive So	lutions

Group (2019)

### Company Broker(s) Investec Bank Plc

Benchmark

Company assets

£215.9m Dividends paid

February, May, August and November

# Share price

NAV 98.4p

Company launch Ongoing Charges 24 Sep 2019

Discount(-)/ Premium -19.3% Potential gearing £100m, 0.91% up to £300m,

0% - 20%

0.86% up to £500m and 0.81% on above £1bn

Actual gearing

### Performance fee 0.06%

Company fees & expenses

Annual management fee

0.93% on Net Assets up to

### **ESG** information

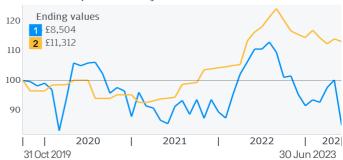
# ESG approach - Integrated

ESG Integration is the systematic inclusion of financially material ESG factors, alongside other relevant factors, in investment analysis and factors, alongside other relevant factors, in investment analysis and investment decisions with the goals of managing risk and improving long-term returns. ESG integration does not by itself change this product's investment objective, exclude specific types of companies or constrain its investable universe. This product is not designed for investors who are looking for a product that meets specific ESG goals or wish to screen out particular types of companies or investments, other than those required by any applicable law such as companies involved in the manufacture, production or supply of cluster munitions.

### Performance

- 1 Share Price
- 2 Net asset value
- 3 Benchmark

### GROWTH OF £ 10,000 Calendar years



### Quarterly rolling 12-month performance (%)

As at end of June 2023

	2018/2019	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022	2022/2023	
1	-	-	-18.54	29.31	-23.09	
2	-	-	-6.01	23.56	-2.71	
Calendar Year Performance (%)						

	2013	2014	2015	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020	2021	2022
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1.71	-3.01	1.86
2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1.28	9.07	11.14

# Cumulative performance (%)

	Cumulative			Ar	Annualised		
	1 month	3 months	1 year	YTD	3 years	5 years	Launch
1	-15.13	-8.24	-23.09	-10.82	-6.78	-	-3.52
2	-0.75	-1.14	-2.71	-2.04	4.16	-	3.42

# Performance Disclosures

Past performance is not a guide to current and future performance. The value of your investments and any income from them may fall as well as rise and you may not get back the full amount you invested.

For more information on our approach to sustainable investing at J.P. Morgan Asset Management please visit https://am.jpmorgan.com/uk/esg

Holdings	
	Data not currently available

# Key risks

Before investing, please refer to the Prospectus – particularly the Risk Factors, PRIIPs Key Information Document (KID), and all relevant documentation.

The target total return is not indicative of the future performance and does not constitute a profit forecast. The target returns are for illustrative purposes only and are subject to significant limitations. An investor should not expect to achieve actual returns similar to the target returns shown above. Because of the inherent limitations of the target returns, potential investors should not rely on them when making a decision on whether or not to invest in the strategy.

The targeted dividend should not be seen as JARA's expected or actual dividend yield. Dividend payment is as declared by the Board according to Dividend Policy, subject to regulatory compliance. Diversification does not guarantee investment returns and does not eliminate the risk of loss. Your capital may be at risk.

### General Disclosures

Investment is subject to documentation. The Annual Reports and Financial Statements, AIFMD art. 23 Investor Disclosure Document and PRIIPs Key Information Document can be obtained free of charge in English from JPMorgan Funds Limited or <a href="https://www.ipmam.co.uk/investmenttrust">www.ipmam.co.uk/investmenttrust</a>.

This material should not be considered as advice or an investment recommendation. Company holdings and performance are likely to have changed since the report date. No provider of information presented here, including index and ratings information, is liable for damages or losses of any type arising from use of their information. No warranty of accuracy is given and no liability in respect of any error or omission is accepted.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, we may record telephone calls and monitor electronic communications to comply with our legal and regulatory obligations and internal policies. Personal data will be collected, stored and processed by J.P. Morgan Asset Management in accordance with our EMEA Privacy Policy <a href="https://www.ipmorgan.com/emea-privacy-policy">www.ipmorgan.com/emea-privacy-policy</a>

Risk Indicator - Based on share class volatility for the past 5 years. See Key Information Document (KID) for details.

The ongoing charge is predicted as the 12 months data is not available to produce an actual figure.

Two of the underlying strategies (Infrastructure and Transport) have performance fees: IIF UK 1 LP: 15% over 7% hurdle, cap of 13.5% return, no catch-up (3-year rolling measure period). Global Transport Income Fund: 15% over 7% hurdle, no catch-up (3-year rolling measurement period).

## Performance information

Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management/Morningstar. Net asset value performance data has been calculated on a NAV to NAV basis, including ongoing charges and any applicable fees, with any income reinvested, in GBP.

NAV is the cum income NAV with debt at fair value, diluted for treasury

and/or subscription shares if applicable, with any income reinvested. Share price performance figures are calculated on a mid market basis in GBP with income reinvested on the ex-dividend date. The performance of the company's portfolio, or NAV performance, is not the same as share price performance and shareholders may not realise returns which are the same as NAV performance.

Indices do not include fees or operating expenses and you cannot invest in them.

Prospective dividend yield is for the investment trust's current financial year. It is indicative only and based on the latest month end mid-market price and the declared and net prospective dividends for the current financial year.

### Information Sources

Company information, including performance calculations and other data, is provided by J.P. Morgan Asset Management (the marketing name for the asset management businesses of JPMorgan Chase & Co. and its affiliates worldwide).

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### lssuer

JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Limited Registered address: 25 Bank Street, Canary Wharf, London E14 5JP, United Kingdom. Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Registered in England No. 01161446.

### Definitions

Benchmark comparison Comparison of the Company's performance is made with the benchmark. The benchmark is a recognised index of stocks which should not be taken as wholly representative of the Company's investment universe. The Company's investment strategy does not follow or track this index and therefore there may be a degree of divergence between its performance and that of the Company.

**Gearing** Gearing represents the excess amount above shareholders' funds of total investments (excluding liquidity fund holdings) expressed as a percentage of the shareholders' funds. If the amount calculated is negative, this is known as a "net cash" position.

Discount/Premium If the share price of an investment company is lower than the net asset value (NAV) per share, the company is said to be trading at a discount. If the share price of an investment company is higher than the net asset value (NAV) per share, the company is said to be trading at a premium. The discount/premium is shown as a percentage of the NAV.

**NAV** The value of investment and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

**Cash** A company's net exposure to cash / cash equivalents [includes investment in liquidity funds and treasury stocks if held] expressed as a percentage of shareholders funds after any offset against its gearing.

**Correlation** measures the relationship between the movement of the fund and its benchmark. A correlation of 1.00 indicates that the fund perfectly matched its benchmark.

Alpha (%) a measure of excess return generated by a manager compared to the benchmark. An alpha of 1.00 indicates that a fund has outperformed its benchmark by 1%.

**Beta** a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by the fund's benchmark). A beta of 1.10 suggests the fund could perform 10% better than the benchmark in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors remain constant.

Annualised volatility (%) an absolute measure of volatility and measures the extent to which returns vary up and down over a given period. High volatility means that the returns have been more variable over time. The measure is expressed as an annualised value. Sharpe ratio measures the performance of an investment adjusting for the amount of risk taken (compared a risk-free investment). The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the returns compared to the risk taken.

**Tracking error** (%) measures how much a fund's returns deviate from those of the benchmark. The lower the number the closer the fund's historic performance has followed its benchmark.

Information ratio (IR) measures if a manager is outperforming or underperforming the benchmark and accounts for the risk taken to achieve the returns. A manager who outperforms a benchmark by

2% p.a. will have a higher IR than a manager with the same outperformance but who takes more risk.