# Jupiter India Select

## AVINASH VAZIRANI Fund Manager

#### **Fund Objective**

The Fund objective is to achieve long term capital growth through investment primarily in India and selected opportunities in Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, Nepal and the Maldives.

## **Risk and Reward Profile**



Synthetic Risk Reward Indicator (SRRI):The SRRI is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the fund. The lowest category does not mean 'no risk'. Please see the KIID for further information.

35.8

## **Fund Management**

AVINASH VAZIRANI

#### **Fund Ratings and Awards**



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## Fund Performance as at 30.06.2022

#### Performance (%)

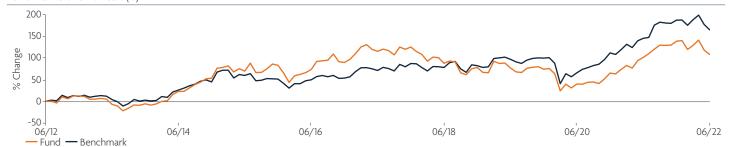
	1 m	3 m	YTD	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs	10 yrs
Fund	-4.6	-9.2	-12.8	3.4	17.8	-3.4	108.5
Benchmark	-4.4	-8.1	-7.8	8.0	34.5	54.8	165.5
Sector Average	-4.0	-7.8	-10.2	3.5	27.3	33.7	169.2
Quartile Ranking	3	3	3	3	4	4	4

#### Rolling 12-month Performance (%)

	01 Jul '21 to	01 Jul '20 to	01 Jul 19 to	01 Jul 18 to	01 Jul 1/ to	01 Jul 16 to	01 Jul 15 to	01 Jul 14 to	01 Jul 13 to	01 Jul 12 to
	30 Jun '22	30 Jun '21	30 Jun '20	30 Jun '19	30 Jun '18	30 Jun '17	30 Jun '16	30 Jun '15	30 Jun '14	30 Jun '13
Fund	3.4	43.9	-20.9	-5.8	-12.9	24.3	2.2	38.2	32.1	-6.9
Benchmark	8.0	48.1	-15.9	10.7	4.0	14.4	-6.3	26.9	21.0	4.2
Calendar Year Performance (%)										
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Fund	44.6	-5.1	-2.3	-21.0	18.8	3.6	19.4	63.1	-16.4	25.2

## Performance Over 10 Years (%)

Benchmark



Past performance is no indication of current or future performance. Performance data does not take into account commissions and costs incurred on the issue and redemption of shares. All performance figures in this factsheet are for the L EUR ACC share class.

Source: Morningstar, gross income reinvested, net of fees. 30.06.2022.

## **Risks**

Market and exchange rate movements can cause the value of an investment to fall as well as rise, and you may get back less than originally invested. Investors should carefully read the Prospectus and the Key Investor Information Document (KIID) before making an investment decision. The fund invests in a single developing geographic area and there is a greater risk of volatility due to political and economic change, fees and expenses tend to be higher than in western markets. These markets are typically less liquid, with trading and settlement systems that are generally less reliable than in developed markets, which may result in large price movements or losses to the fund. The fund manager may use derivatives, which carries additional risks and may result in large fluctuations in the value of the fund. There is also a risk that counter parties to derivatives may become insolvent, which may cause losses to the fund. This fund invests mainly in shares and it is likely to experience fluctuations in price which are larger than funds that invest only in bonds and/or cash. The KIID and Prospectus are available from Jupiter on request. This fund can invest more than 35% of its value in securities issued or guaranteed by an EEA state. For definitions please see the glossary of this factsheet or at www.jupiteram.com.



## Fund Holdings as at 30.06.2022

Top Ten Holdings (% of net assets)	
Godfrey Phillips India	6.9
State Bank Of India	5.9
Fortis Healthcare	4.9
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries	4.8
HCL Technologies	4.5
Hindustan Petroleum	4.5
ICICI Bank	3.8
Bharat Petroleum	3.8
EIH Associated Hotels	3.3
SBI Life Insurance Company	3.0
Total	45.4
Market Cap (%)	
Large (>\$10bn)	33.4
Mid (\$2bn-\$10bn)	34.4
Small (<\$2bn)	31.0
Total	98.8

Industry Allocation (%)	
Financials	22.8
Industrials	14.7
Consumer Staples	13.7
Health Care	13.1
Consumer Discretionary	10.2
Energy	8.2
Technology	8.0
Basic Materials	3.2
Telecommunications	2.9
Real Estate	1.9
	98.8
Other <sup>1</sup>	0.1
Cash	1.1
Total <sup>2</sup>	100.0
Other represents fixed income	

Other represents fixed income

<sup>2</sup>The figures may not equal 100% due to rounding.

## **Charges and Codes**

Income Distribution			Initial Charge	Ongoing	Management	Minimum Initial	Minimum Top	
Share Class	Policy	ISIN	Bloomberg	(max.)	Charges Figure	Charge (max.)	Investment	Up Investment
L EUR ACC	Accumulation	LU0329070915	JGFISLE LX	5.00%	1.97%	1.75%	EUR 500	EUR 50

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is based on fees and expenses over the 12 months prior to the most recent KIID (for Ireland domiciled funds) or annual report and accounts (for Luxembourg domiciled funds). It includes the Annual Management Charge and aggregate operating fees chargeable to the Fund, which are used to pay running costs including marketing and distribution. The OCF excludes the costs of buying or selling assets for the Fund (unless those assets are shares of another fund). An initial charge may apply when purchasing a fund. Overall, these charges reduce the potential growth and return on your investment. They may increase or decrease as a result of currency and exchange rate fluctuations. The charges shown represents the maximum charges and in some cases you may pay less. You can find out your actual charges from your financial adviser or distributor. You can learn more about charges in the Fund's Prospectus/Scheme Particulars.

## Fund Information as at 30.06.2022

Product Information					
Launch Date Fund:	02.05.2008				
Launch Date Share Class:	25.05.2011				
Morningstar Category:	India Equity				
Benchmark:	MSCI India				

Price Information	
Valuation Day:	Every Business Day in Luxembourg
Base Currency Fund:	USD
Currency Share Class:	EUR
Available on:	www.jupiteram.com
Fund Size	
Fund Value:	EUR 130m
Holdings:	67

Benchmark Information: MSCI India - The Fund is actively managed and uses the benchmark for index performance comparison purposes only. This means the Investment Manager is taking investment decisions with the intention of achieving the Fund's investment objective without reference to a benchmark. The Investment Manager is not in any way constrained by a benchmark in its portfolio positioning.

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Important Information: This is a marketing communication. Please refer to the latest sales prospectus of the sub-fund and to the Key Investor Information Document (KIID), particularly to the sub-fund's investment objective and characteristics including those related to ESG (if applicable), before making any final investment decisions. An investment constitutes the acquisition of shares in the sub-fund, not in the sub-fund sunderlying assets. We recommend you discuss any investment decisions with a financial adviser, particularly if you are unsure whether an investment is suitable. Jupiter is unable to provide investment advice. This factsheet is for informational purposes only and is not investment advice. Initial charges are likely to have a greater proportionate effect on returns if investments are liquidated in the shorter term. Every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of the information provided but no assurance or warranties are given. This is not an invitation to subscribe for shares in the Jupiter Global Fund (the Company), or any other fund managed by Jupiter Asset Management International S.A.. The Company is a UCITS fund incorporated as a Societé Anonyme in Luxembourg and organised as a Societé d'Investissement à Capital Variable (SICAV). This information is only directed at persons residing in jurisdictions where the Company and its shares are authorised for distribution or where no such authorisation is required. The sub fund(s) may be subject to various other risk factors, please refer to the latest sales prospectus for further information. Prospective purchasers of shares of the sub fund(s) of the Company should inform themselves as to the legal requirements, exchange control regulations and aplicable taxes in the countries of their respective citizenship, residence or domicile. Subscriptions can only be made on the basis of the latest sales prospectus and the Key Investor Information Document (KIID), accompanied by the most recent audited annual report and semi-annual report. These documents a

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#### **Jupiter Factsheets - Glossary of Terms**

**Absolute return:** the total return of an asset, portfolio or fund over a given period of time OR an investment approach that attempts to achieve a return which is not benchmarked against an index.

**Ask / Bid price:** the lowest price a seller is willing to sell a security for / the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for a security.

**Bond** a debt instrument ('I Owe You') issued by a company (corporate bond), government (sovereign/government bond) or other institution in order to raise money. In most cases, bonds pay a fixed interest rate (coupon) over a fixed period of time and will be repaid on a particular date. See **Coupon**.

**CFROI:** means cash flow return on investment.

**Convertibles:** securities (e.g. bonds or preference shares) that can be exchanged at some point in the future for a specified number of shares at a specified price of the company issuing the securities. See **Bond**.

Coupon: denotes the interest in % paid on a bond See Bond.

**Credit rating:** an assessment of a borrower's credit worthiness, i.e. the likelihood of the borrower to repay its debts.

**Delta/Weighted Average Delta:** delta measures the change in value of a derivative from a change in the price of the underlying asset. It is sometimes referred to as the "hedge ratio." **Weighted Average Delta** refers to the overall delta of a collection of derivatives based on the delta of each individual derivative and their respective "weight" or size in the collection as a whole. **See Derivative**.

**Derivative:** a financial instrument that derives its value from its underlying assets. Common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, currencies, interest rates and market indices. Futures contracts, forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common types of derivatives. Derivatives can be purchased 'on margin', i.e. at a fraction of the value of the underlying asset. Thus, they are 'leveraged' instruments where the risk of loss can be greater than the initial outlay. Derivatives can be used like insurance contracts (i.e. to hedge market risk) or for investment purposes. See **Hedge, Leverage** 

Distribution Yield: the total interest paid by a fund divided by the fund's value.

**Duration/Modified Duration:**Duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond or bond fund to changes in interest rates. It is measured in years. The longer a bond's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements. **Modified duration** estimates the effect that a 1% change in interest rates will have on the price of a bond or bond fund.

**Economic Gross:**the gross exposure adjusted to account for investments with mutually exclusive outcomes, for example a short position hedge on a share that is also held as a long position. See **Gross exposure**, **Long/short position**, **Hedge**.

**Effective duration** estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in benchmark interest rates. Effective duration is required for the measurement of interest rate risk for complex types of bonds. See **Bond**.

**Engagement:** means dialogue with management teams and boards, including non-executive directors. Engagement enables us to assess and influence how businesses are managed.

**Equity**: a share representing an ownership interest in a company. Equity market means stock market.

**Exchange Traded Fund (ETF):** a fund vehicle that is traded like a stock on a stock exchange. It is used to track and mimic the performance of a specific market index.

**Exposure**: describes the level of risk to a particular asset, asset type, sector, market or government. Also, the directional market exposure of a (absolute return) fund. See **Absolute Return, Gross/Net exposure**.

**Fixed interest/income:** denotes debt instruments (securities) that pay a fixed interest rate (e.g. bond, commercial paper). Also, a universal term for bond or debt investing. See **Bond** 

**Floating rate note (FRN):** a bond with a variable interest rate. The interest rate is variable as it is tied to a benchmark such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). See **Bond.** 

**Futures**: an exchange traded contract between two parties to buy or sell a commodity or a financial instrument at a pre-determined price at a future date. See **Bond Future**, **Derivative**.

**Gearing**: measures a company's borrowings (debt) as a proportion of assets. See **Leverage**.

**Gross exposure:** the percentage value of the long positions plus the percentage value of the short positions. See **Net exposure**.

**Hedge**: an investment designed to reduce the risk of adverse price movements in an asset by taking an offsetting position. Derivatives are usually used as hedging tools. See **Derivative**.

**High Water Mark:** the highest level that a fund's net asset value (NAV) has reached at the end of any 12-month accounting period. See **Net Asset Value.** 

**High yield bond**: a bond with a high coupon payment and typically a low/no credit rating (below investment grade, e.g. BBB-). See **Bond, Coupon**.

**Hurdle Rate:** the minimum level of return required before a fund can charge a performance fee. See **Performance fee.** 

**Leverage**: the use of financial instruments (e.g. debt) to increase the potential return of an investment. See **Notional value**.

**Liquidity**: measures how easily an asset or security can be converted into cash.

**Long/short position:** a long position is buying a security with the expectation that it will deliver a positive return if its value goes up and a negative return if its value falls. Conversely, a short position involves selling a borrowed security with

the expectation of buying it back at a lower price to make a profit. However, if the security goes up in value, a short position will make a loss.

**Maturity**: refers to a finite time period at the end of which a security/debt instrument is due to be repaid. See **Bond**.

**Money market:** markets in which short-term (less than one year) debt instruments are traded. **Money market instruments** are typically cash deposits and commercial papers.

**Net asset value:** in relation to a fund, the market value of its assets less its liabilities. The market value is usually determined by the price at which an investor can redeem shares.

**Net exposure:** the percentage value of the long positions less the percentage value of the short positions. See **Gross Exposure, Long/short Position** 

Non-rated bonds: bonds that are not rated. See Bond.

**Notional value:** commonly used in relation to a derivative, denotes the theoretical value of its underlying asset. See **Derivative**.

**Open-ended Investment Company (OEIC):** a fund vehicle, which can issue a limitless number of shares whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. OEICs normally list a single price based on the NAV. See **Net Asset Value.** 

**Performance fee:** a fee paid to an asset manager for generating positive returns above a **hurdle rate**.

**Preferred bonds:**have greater seniority when a bond issuer repays its debts. In the event that the issuer cannot repay all its debt, the holders of preferred bonds will be further forward in the queue for repayment than holders of other ('non-preferred') bonds.

**Risk and Reward Profile:** The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. The lowest rank does not mean 'no risk'. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund.

Share: a unit of ownership interest in a company or financial asset. Also Equity.

 ${\bf SICAV}$  :Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable. A type of open-ended fund widely used in Europe.

**Spread:** the difference between the bid and the ask price of a single security. It can also refer to the difference in price between two securities. See **Ask/Bid price. Total return:** the capital gain or loss plus any income generated by an investment over a given period.

**Stewardship:** our responsibility to understand and manage investment risks we take on behalf of our clients. We consider material Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') information in the same way as we consider other types of investment analysis. These three factors enable us to evaluate how companies interact with the Environment (such as climate change), Society (human rights) and Governance (management). Stewardship entails a responsibility to monitor and engage with the companies in which we invest.

 $\textbf{Sustainability:} \ \ \text{by appropriately considering ESG risks and engaging with companies,} \ \ \text{we strive to generate long term, sustainable returns for our clients.}$ 

**Unit Trust:** A fund vehicle which can issue a limitless number of units whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. Jupiter Unit Trusts are single priced, which means they have one price for buying and selling.

**Value at Risk (VaR):** value at Risk, a mathematical way of measuring the maximum expected loss of an investment over a period of time.

**Volatility**: measures how much the price of a security moves up or down over a period of time. A stock that experiences big price swings has high volatility, while one which moves up or down in smaller increments has low volatility.

**Yield to Maturity:** Yield to maturity (YTM) measures the annual return an investor can anticipate for holding a particular bond until it matures. When considering an entire bond portfolio, an average yield is used based on the weightings of individual bonds within that portfolio.

**Yield:** the rate of interest or income on an investment, usually expressed as a percentage

