I GBP ACC UNIT TRUST SEP 2021

Jupiter European Fund

MARK NICHOLS Fund Manager | MARK HESLOP Fund Manager

Fund Objective and Investment Policy

Objective: The objective of the Fund is to provide a return, net of fees, higher than that provided by the FTSE World Europe Ex UK Index over the long term (at least five years).

Policy: At least 70% of the Fund is invested in shares of companies that are based in Europe (excluding the UK). Up to 30% of the Fund may be invested in other assets, including shares of companies based anywhere in the world and other closed or open-ended funds (including funds managed by Jupiter and its associates), as well as cash and near cash.

Fund Management

The Jupiter European fund is co-managed by **Mark Nichols** and **Mark Heslop**. They joined Jupiter in 2019 and have co-managed the fund since October 2019.

Fund Information as at 30.09.2021

Product Information

Launch Date Fund:	03.08.1987
Launch Date Share Class:	19.09.2011
Target Benchmark:	FTSE World Europe ex UK
Comparator Benchmark:	IA Europe Excluding UK
Morningstar Category:	Europe ex-UK Equity

Price Information

Valuation Day:	Every Business Day in the United Kingdom			
Base Currency Fund:	GBP			
Currency Share Class:	GBP			
Available on:	www.jupiteram.com			
Fund Size				
Fund Value:	GBP 4,437m			
Holdings:	37			

Fund Performance as at 30.09.2021

Cumulative Performance (%)

	1 m	3 m	YTD	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs
Fund	-3.3	4.8	13.5	16.8	31.1	91.5
Target Benchmark	-3.6	0.8	11.8	22.0	30.3	63.1
Comparator Benchmark	-3.4	1.6	11.5	22.4	28.9	60.0
Ouartile Ranking	2	1	1	4	2	1

Rolling 12-month Performance (%)

Comparator Benchmark

	01 Oct '20 to	01 Oct '19 to	01 Oct '18 to	01 Oct '17 to	01 Oct '16 to
	30 Sep '21	30 Sep '20	30 Sep '19	30 Sep '18	30 Sep '17
Fund	16.8	8.7	3.2	20.7	21.0
Target Benchmark	22.0	0.4	6.4	2.0	22.7
Comparator Benchmark	22.4	3.1	2.2	1.9	21.9
Calendar Year Performance (%)					
	YTD	2020	2019	2018	2017
Fund	13.5	11.2	20.6	-0.3	27.7
Target Benchmark	11.8	8.6	20.4	-9.4	17.5

10.3

20.3

-12 2

11.5

Performance Over 5 Years (%)



Past performance is no guide to the

future. Performance data is calculated bid to NAV or NAV to NAV dependent on the period, all performance is net of fees, inc. reinvested. Highest fee share class has been used to cover periods prior to share class launch.

Fund Ratings and Awards









17.3

Ratings should not be taken as a recommendation. Copyright © 2021 – Morningstar UK Limited. All Rights

Risks

Market and exchange rate movements can cause the value of an investment to fall as well as rise, and you may get back less than originally invested. Investors should carefully read the Key Investor Information Document (KIID), Supplementary Information Document (SID) and Scheme Particulars before making an investment decision. This fund invests mainly in shares and it is likely to experience fluctuations in price which are larger than funds that invest only in bonds and/or cash. The Key Investor Information Document, Supplementary Information Document and Scheme Particulars are available from Jupiter on request. For definitions please see the glossary of this factsheet or at www.jupiteram.com.



Fund Holdings as at 30.09.2021

Top Ten Holdings (% of net asset	rs)
RELX	8.0
Dassault Systemes	6.3
Novo Nordisk	5.9
Edenred	5.1
Pernod-Ricard	5.0
Adidas AG	5.0
Amadeus	4.4
Wolters Kluwer	3.7
ASML	3.7
IMCD	3.4
Total	50.3

98.4
0.8
99.2

Industry Allocation (%)	
Industrials	23.2
Consumer Discretionary	21.6
Technology	16.1
Health Care	15.7
Financials	11.3
Consumer Staples	7.5
Basic Materials	3.7
	99.2
Cash	0.8
Total ¹	100.0

The fig	ures ma	not	eaual	100%	due	to ro	unding

Country Allocation (%)	
France	24.6
Netherlands	20.7
Switzerland	10.9
Denmark	8.9
Italy	6.8
United Kingdom	6.4
Germany	6.3
Spain	6.2
Sweden	4.3
Ireland	2.4
	97.4
Other	1.8
Cash	0.8
Total ¹	100.0

¹The figures may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Minimum

Annual

Charges and Codes

Income Distributio Policy	n ISIN	Bloomberg	Initial Charge (max.)	Ongoing Charges Figure	Management Charge (max.)	Initial Investment	Minimum Top Up Investment
Accumulation	GB00B5STJW84	Jupeuia Ln	0.00%	0.99%	0.75%	GBP 1,000,000	GBP 50,000
Annual paid out	GB0006664683	JUPEURI LN	0.00%	1.74%	1.50%	GBP 500	GBP 250
Annual paid out	GB00B4NVSH01	JUPEUII LN	0.00%	0.99%	0.75%	GBP 1,000,000	GBP 50,000
Accumulation	GB00BF154M89	JUPEUAC LN	0.00%	1.74%	1.50%	GBP 500	GBP 250
Accumulation	GB00BJJQ4M13	JUJEJGA	0.00%	1.44%	1.20%	GBP 500	GBP 250
Annual paid out	GB00BJJQ4N20	JUEJEJG	0.00%	1.44%	1.20%	GBP 500	GBP 250
Annual paid out	GB00BQXWPY34	JUPEUZI LN	0.00%	0.89%	0.65%	GBP 125,000,000	0 GBP 250,000
Accumulation	GB00BQXWPZ41	JUPEUZA LN	0.00%	0.89%	0.65%	GBP 125,000,000	0 GBP 250,000
	Accumulation Annual paid out Annual paid out Accumulation Accumulation Annual paid out Annual paid out	Accumulation GB00B5STJW84 Annual paid out GB0006664683 Annual paid out GB00B4NVSH01 Accumulation GB00BF154M89 Accumulation GB00BJJQ4M13 Annual paid out GB00BJJQ4N20 Annual paid out GB00BQXWPY34	Accumulation GB00B5STJW84 JUPEUIA LN Annual paid out GB0006664683 JUPEURI LN Annual paid out GB00B4NVSH01 JUPEUII LN Accumulation GB00BF154M89 JUPEUAC LN Accumulation GB00BJJQ4M13 JUJEJGA Annual paid out GB00BJJQ4N20 JUEJEJG Annual paid out GB00BQXWPY34 JUPEUZI LN	Accumulation GB00B5STJW84 JUPEUIA LN 0.00% Annual paid out GB0006664683 JUPEURI LN 0.00% Annual paid out GB00B4NVSH01 JUPEUII LN 0.00% Accumulation GB00BFI54M89 JUPEUAC LN 0.00% Accumulation GB00BJQ4M13 JUJEJGA 0.00% Annual paid out GB00BJJQ4N20 JUEJEJG 0.00% Annual paid out GB00BQXWPY34 JUPEUZI LN 0.00%	Policy ISIN Bloomberg (max.) Charges Figure Accumulation GB00B5STJW84 JUPEUIA LN 0.00% 0.99% Annual paid out GB0006664683 JUPEURI LN 0.00% 1.74% Annual paid out GB00B4NVSH01 JUPEUII LN 0.00% 0.99% Accumulation GB00BFI54M89 JUPEUAC LN 0.00% 1.74% Accumulation GB00BJJQ4M13 JUJEJGA 0.00% 1.44% Annual paid out GB00BJJQ4N20 JUEJEJG 0.00% 1.44% Annual paid out GB00BQXWPY34 JUPEUZI LN 0.00% 0.89%	Policy ISIN Bloomberg (max.) Charges Figure Charge (max.) Accumulation GB00B5STJW84 JUPEUIA LN 0.00% 0.99% 0.75% Annual paid out GB0006664683 JUPEURI LN 0.00% 1.74% 1.50% Annual paid out GB00B4NVSH01 JUPEUII LN 0.00% 0.99% 0.75% Accumulation GB00BFI54M89 JUPEUAC LN 0.00% 1.74% 1.50% Accumulation GB00BJJQ4M13 JUJEJGA 0.00% 1.44% 1.20% Annual paid out GB00BJJQ4N20 JUEJEJG 0.00% 1.44% 1.20% Annual paid out GB00BQXWPY34 JUPEUZI LN 0.00% 0.89% 0.65%	Policy ISIN Bloomberg (max.) Charges Figure Charge (max.) Investment Accumulation GB00B5STJW84 JUPEUIA LN 0.00% 0.99% 0.75% GBP 1,000,000 Annual paid out GB0006664683 JUPEURI LN 0.00% 1.74% 1.50% GBP 500 Annual paid out GB00B4NVSH01 JUPEUIL LN 0.00% 0.99% 0.75% GBP 1,000,000 Accumulation GB00BFI54M89 JUPEUAC LN 0.00% 1.74% 1.50% GBP 500 Accumulation GB00BJJQ4M13 JUJEJGA 0.00% 1.44% 1.20% GBP 500 Annual paid out GB00BJJQ4N20 JUEJEJG 0.00% 1.44% 1.20% GBP 500 Annual paid out GB00BQXWPY34 JUPEUZI LN 0.00% 0.89% 0.65% GBP 125,000,000

Benchmark Information: Target benchmark - FTSE World Europe ex-UK Index. The FTSE World Europe ex-UK Index is an industry standard index and is one of the leading representations of Europe ex-UK stock markets. It is easily accessible and provides a fair reflection of the Fund Manager's investment universe and a good relative measure to assess performance outcomes. Comparator benchmark - IA Europe Excluding UK Sector. Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to help investors to compare funds with broadly similar characteristics. This Fund is classified in the IA Europe Excluding UK Sector.

The Fund is actively managed. This means the fund manager is taking investment decisions with the intention of achieving the Fund's investment objective; this may include decisions regarding asset selection, regional allocation, sector views and overall level of exposure to the market. The fund manager is not in any way constrained by the benchmark in their portfolio positioning, and will not hold all, or indeed may not hold any, of the benchmark constituents.

Index and Sector Disclaimer: This document contains information based on the FTSE World Europe EX UK. 'FTSE®' is a trade mark owned by the London Stock Exchange Plc and is used by FTSE International Limited ('FTSE') under licence. The FTSE World Europe EX UK is calculated by FTSE. FTSE does not sponsor, endorse or promote the product referred to in this document and is not in any way connected to it and does not accept any liability in relation to its issue, operation and trading. All copyright and database rights in the index values and constituent list vest in FTSE. Industry Classification Benchmark ('ICB') is a product of FTSE International Limited ('FTSE') and all intellectual property rights in and to ICB vest in FTSE. Jupiter Asset Management Limited has been licensed by FTSE to use ICB. 'FTSE®' is a trade mark owned by the London Stock Exchange Plc and is used by FTSE under licence. FTSE and its licensors do not accept liability to any person for any loss or damage arising out of any error or omission in ICB.



Contact: Jupiter Unit Trust Managers Limited

Telephone: 08005614000 Email: enquiries@jupiteronline.co.uk www.jupiteram.com

Important information: We recommend you discuss any investment decisions with a financial adviser, particularly if you are unsure whether an investment is suitable. Jupiter is unable to provide investment advice. Initial charges are likely to have a greater proportionate effect on returns if investments are liquidated in the shorter term. Every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of any information provided but no assurances or warranties are given. Jupiter Unit Trust Managers Limited (JUTM) and Jupiter Asset Management Limited (JAM) are both authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and their registered address is The Zig Zag Building, 70 Victoria Street, London SWIE 6SQ. No part of this document may be reproduced in any manner without the prior permission of JUTM and/or JAM.



Jupiter Factsheets - Glossary of Terms

Absolute return: the total return of an asset, portfolio or fund over a given period of time OR an investment approach that attempts to achieve a return which is not benchmarked against an index.

Ask / Bid price: the lowest price a seller is willing to sell a security for / the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for a security.

Bond a debt instrument ('I Owe You') issued by a company (corporate bond), government (sovereign/government bond) or other institution in order to raise money. In most cases, bonds pay a fixed interest rate (coupon) over a fixed period of time and will be repaid on a particular date. See **Coupon**.

CFROI: means cash flow return on investment.

Convertibles: securities (e.g. bonds or preference shares) that can be exchanged at some point in the future for a specified number of shares at a specified price of the company issuing the securities. See **Bond**.

Coupon: denotes the interest in % paid on a bond See Bond.

Credit rating: an assessment of a borrower's credit worthiness, i.e. the likelihood of the borrower to repay its debts.

Delta/Weighted Average Delta: delta measures the change in value of a derivative from a change in the price of the underlying asset. It is sometimes referred to as the "hedge ratio." **Weighted Average Delta** refers to the overall delta of a collection of derivatives based on the delta of each individual derivative and their respective "weight" or size in the collection as a whole. **See Derivative.**

Derivative: a financial instrument that derives its value from its underlying assets. Common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, currencies, interest rates and market indices. Futures contracts, forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common types of derivatives. Derivatives can be purchased 'on margin', i.e. at a fraction of the value of the underlying asset. Thus, they are 'leveraged' instruments where the risk of loss can be greater than the initial outlay. Derivatives can be used like insurance contracts (i.e. to hedge market risk) or for investment purposes. See **Hedge, Leverage**

Distribution Yield: the total interest paid by a fund divided by the fund's value.

Duration/Modified Duration:Duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond or bond fund to changes in interest rates. It is measured in years. The longer a bond's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements. **Modified duration** estimates the effect that a 1% change in interest rates will have on the price of a bond or bond fund.

Economic Gross:the gross exposure adjusted to account for investments with mutually exclusive outcomes, for example a short position hedge on a share that is also held as a long position. See **Gross exposure**, **Long/short position**, **Hedge**.

Effective duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in benchmark interest rates. Effective duration is required for the measurement of interest rate risk for complex types of bonds. See **Bond**.

Engagement: means dialogue with management teams and boards, including non-executive directors. Engagement enables us to assess and influence how businesses are managed.

Equity: a share representing an ownership interest in a company. Equity market means stock market.

Exchange Traded Fund (ETF): a fund vehicle that is traded like a stock on a stock exchange. It is used to track and mimic the performance of a specific market index.

Exposure: describes the level of risk to a particular asset, asset type, sector, market or government. Also, the directional market exposure of a (absolute return) fund. See **Absolute Return, Gross/Net exposure**.

Fixed interest/income: denotes debt instruments (securities) that pay a fixed interest rate (e.g. bond, commercial paper). Also, a universal term for bond or debt investing. See **Bond**

Floating rate note (FRN): a bond with a variable interest rate. The interest rate is variable as it is tied to a benchmark such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). See **Bond.**

Futures: an exchange traded contract between two parties to buy or sell a commodity or a financial instrument at a pre-determined price at a future date. See **Bond Future**, **Derivative**.

Gearing: measures a company's borrowings (debt) as a proportion of assets. See **Leverage**.

Gross exposure: the percentage value of the long positions plus the percentage value of the short positions. See **Net exposure**.

Hedge: an investment designed to reduce the risk of adverse price movements in an asset by taking an offsetting position. Derivatives are usually used as hedging tools. See **Derivative**.

High Water Mark: the highest level that a fund's net asset value (NAV) has reached at the end of any 12-month accounting period. See **Net Asset Value**.

High yield bond: a bond with a high coupon payment and typically a low/no credit rating (below investment grade, e.g. BBB-). See **Bond, Coupon**.

Hurdle Rate: the minimum level of return required before a fund can charge a performance fee. See **Performance fee.**

 $\textbf{Leverage:} \ the \ use \ of \ financial \ instruments \ (e.g. \ debt) \ to \ increase \ the \ potential \ return \ of \ an \ investment. \ See \ \textbf{Notional \ value.}$

Liquidity: measures how easily an asset or security can be converted into cash.

Long/short position: a long position is buying a security with the expectation that it will deliver a positive return if its value goes up and a negative return if its value falls. Conversely, a short position involves selling a borrowed security with

the expectation of buying it back at a lower price to make a profit. However, if the security goes up in value, a short position will make a loss.

Maturity: refers to a finite time period at the end of which a security/debt instrument is due to be repaid. See **Bond**.

Money market: markets in which short-term (less than one year) debt instruments are traded. **Money market instruments** are typically cash deposits and commercial papers.

Net asset value: in relation to a fund, the market value of its assets less its liabilities. The market value is usually determined by the price at which an investor can redeem shares.

Net exposure: the percentage value of the long positions less the percentage value of the short positions. See **Gross Exposure, Long/short Position**

Non-rated bonds: bonds that are not rated. See Bond.

Notional value: commonly used in relation to a derivative, denotes the theoretical value of its underlying asset. See **Derivative**.

Open-ended Investment Company (OEIC): a fund vehicle, which can issue a limitless number of shares whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. OEICs normally list a single price based on the NAV. See **Net Asset Value.**

Performance fee: a fee paid to an asset manager for generating positive returns above a **hurdle rate**.

Preferred bonds:have greater seniority when a bond issuer repays its debts. In the event that the issuer cannot repay all its debt, the holders of preferred bonds will be further forward in the queue for repayment than holders of other ('non-preferred') bonds.

Risk and Reward Profile: The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. The lowest rank does not mean 'no risk'. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund.

Share: a unit of ownership interest in a company or financial asset. Also Equity.

 ${\bf SICAV}: Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable. A type of open-ended fund widely used in Europe.$

Spread: the difference between the bid and the ask price of a single security. It can also refer to the difference in price between two securities. See **Ask/Bid price. Total return:** the capital gain or loss plus any income generated by an investment over a given period.

Stewardship: our responsibility to understand and manage investment risks we take on behalf of our clients. We consider material Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') information in the same way as we consider other types of investment analysis. These three factors enable us to evaluate how companies interact with the Environment (such as climate change), Society (human rights) and Governance (management). Stewardship entails a responsibility to monitor and engage with the companies in which we invest.

 $\textbf{Sustainability:} \ \ \text{by appropriately considering ESG risks and engaging with companies,} \ \ \text{we strive to generate long term, sustainable returns for our clients.}$

Unit Trust: A fund vehicle which can issue a limitless number of units whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. Jupiter Unit Trusts are single priced, which means they have one price for buying and selling.

Value at Risk (VaR): value at Risk, a mathematical way of measuring the maximum expected loss of an investment over a period of time.

Volatility: measures how much the price of a security moves up or down over a period of time. A stock that experiences big price swings has high volatility, while one which moves up or down in smaller increments has low volatility.

Yield to Maturity: Yield to maturity (YTM) measures the annual return an investor can anticipate for holding a particular bond until it matures. When considering an entire bond portfolio, an average yield is used based on the weightings of individual bonds within that portfolio.

Yield: the rate of interest or income on an investment, usually expressed as a percentage

