# Jupiter UK Alpha Fund

# ED MEIER Investment Manager | ERROL FRANCIS Investment Manager

#### **Fund Objective and Investment Policy**

To achieve capital growth. In seeking to achieve its investment objective the fund will aim to deliver a return, net of fees, greater than that of the FTSE All-Share Index over rolling 3 year periods. The fund primarily invests (at least 70%) in a portfolio of UK equities.

#### Risk and Reward Profile



TYPICALLY LOWER REWARDS

TYPICALLY HIGHER REWARDS

**Synthetic Risk Reward Indicator (SRRI):** The SRRI is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the fund. The lowest category does not mean 'no risk'. Please see the KIID for further information.

# **Fund Ratings and Awards**







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# Fund Performance as at 29.02.2024

### Performance (%)

	1 m	3 m	YTD	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs	10 yrs
Fund	-1.2	2.4	-3.6	-4.5	14.3	22.7	47.4
Target Benchmark	0.2	3.3	-1.1	0.6	25.2	27.7	63.0
Comparator Benchmark	-0.1	4.4	-1.0	0.1	10.9	21.1	50.0
Quartile Ranking	4	4	4	4	3	3	3

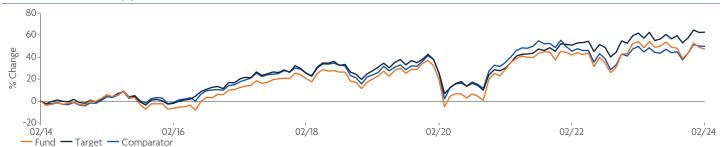
# Rolling 12-month Performance (%)

	01 Mar '23 to	01 Mar '22 to	01 Mar '21 to	01 Mar '20 to	01 Mar '19 to	01 Mar '18 to	01 Mar '17 to	01 Mar '16 to	01 Mar '15 to	01 Mar '14 to
	29 Feb '24	28 Feb '23	28 Feb '22	28 Feb '21	29 Feb '20	28 Feb '19	28 Feb '18	28 Feb '17	29 Feb '16	28 Feb '15
Fund	-4.5	8.6	10.2	8.0	-0.6	-0.3	7.3	20.4	-11.7	5.6
Target Benchmark	0.6	7.3	16.0	3.5	-1.4	1.7	4.4	22.8	-7.3	5.6
Comparator Benchmark	0.1	3.1	7.5	8.1	1.0	-1.1	6.6	19.2	-5.1	3.9

#### Calendar Year Performance (%)

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Fund	6.8	-1.6	16.2	-8.7	23.1	-11.2	14.2	12.7	-2.2	1.5
Target Benchmark	7.9	0.3	18.3	-9.8	19.2	-9.5	13.1	16.8	1.0	1.2
Comparator Benchmark	7.3	-9.2	17.1	-6.2	22.4	-11.2	14.1	11.0	5.0	0.9

#### Performance Over 10 Years (%)



Past performance does not predict future returns. Returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. The performance data shown does not take account of the commissions and costs incurred on the issue and redemption of units. Source: © 2024 Morningstar UK Limited via FactSet. All Rights Reserved. Fund performance data for I GBP ACC is calculated on a NAV to NAV basis, income reinvested, net of fees. All information as at 29.02.2024 unless otherwise stated. The benchmark is a broad representation of the fund's investment universe and as such is an appropriate benchmark for the fund to seek to outperform and may also be used as a point of reference against which the fund's performance may be measured. The fund's performance may also be compared to the IA sector, which consists of funds with similar investment objectives and policies. The performance of other share classes may differ, and any reported quartile ranking figures may refer to different share classes. Sector averages and rankings may change at any time.

## Risks

Investment risk - there is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its objective. A capital loss of some or all of the amount invested may occur. Geographic concentration risk - a fall in the UK market may have a significant impact on the value of the Fund because it primarily invests in this market. Company shares (i.e. equities) risk - the value of Company shares (i.e. equities) and similar investments may go down as well as up in response to the performance of individual companies and can be affected by daily stock market movements and general market conditions. Other influential factors include political, economic news, company earnings and significant corporate events. Concentration risk (number of investments) - the Fund may at times hold a smaller number of investments, and therefore a fall in the value of a single investment may have a greater impact on the Fund's value than if it held a larger number of investments. Currency risk - the Fund can be exposed to different currencies. The value of your shares may rise and fall as a result of exchange rate movements. Derivative risk - the Fund may use derivatives to reduce costs and/or the overall risk of the Fund (i.e. Efficient Portfolio Management (EPM)). Derivatives involve a level of risk, however, for EPM they should not increase the overall riskiness of the Fund. Derivatives also involve counterparty risk where the institutions acting as counterparty to derivatives may not meet their contractual obligations. Capital erosion risk - the Fund takes its charges from the capital of the Fund. Investors should be aware that there is potential for capital erosion if insufficient capital growth is achieved by the Fund to cover the charges. Capital erosion may have the effect of reducing the level of income generated. For a more detailed explanation of risks, please refer to the "Risk Factors" section of the prospectus.



# Fund Holdings as at 29.02.2024

Top Ten Holdings (% of net assets)	
Astrazeneca Plc	5.7
Lloyds Banking Group Plc	5.0
Drax Group Plc	4.9
Barclays Plc	4.7
BP Plc	4.3
Shell Plc	4.2
Glencore Plc	4.2
Whitbread Plc	4.0
Melrose Industries Plc	4.0
Experian Plc	3.9
Total	44.7

20.6
16.7
14.1
13.5
9.8
8.5
6.7
5.5
3.9
99.4
0.6
100.0

Please note due to rounding of figures they may not add up to 100%.

# **Charges and Codes**

Share Class	Income Distribution Policy	ISIN	Bloomberg	Initial Charge (MAX.)	Fixed Annual Charge	Ongoing Charges Figure	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Top Up Investment
I GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00BFYN3R70	OMUKARG LN	0.00%	0.85%	0.85%	GBP 1,000,000	GBP 100,000
L GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00BFYN3P56	OMUKARG LN	4.00%	1.60%	1.60%	GBP 500	GBP 250
L GBP INC	Semi-Annual paid out	GB00BFYN3Q63	OUKAAGI LN	4.00%	1.60%	1.60%	GBP 500	GBP 250
I GBP INC	Semi-Annual paid out	GB00BFYN3S87	OUKARGI LN	0.00%	0.85%	0.85%	GBP 1,000,000	GBP 100,000
U1 GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00BFYN3T94	OUKAU1G LN	0.00%	0.78%	0.78%	GBP 25,000,000	GBP 500,000
U1 GBP INC	Semi-Annual paid out	GB00BFYN3V17	OMUU1GI LN	0.00%	0.78%	0.78%	GBP 25,000,000	GBP 500,000
U2 GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00BFYN3W24	OUKAU2G LN	0.00%	0.70%	0.70%	GBP 50,000,000	GBP 1,000,000
U2 GBP INC	Semi-Annual paid out	GB00BFYN3X31	OUKU2GI LN	0.00%	0.70%	0.70%	GBP 50,000,000	GBP 1,000,000
P GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00BJFD7T43	MEUKAPA LN	4.00%	1.10%	1.10%	GBP 500	GBP 250
P GBP INC	Semi-Annual paid out	GB00BJFD7V64	MEUKAPI LN	4.00%	1.10%	1.10%	GBP 500	GBP 250

The ongoing charges figure is based on the fixed annual charge as detailed in the Scheme Particulars. With effect from 23/02/24 the fixed annual charge may be subject to a discount based on the value of the Fund's scheme property. The current discount rate, if applicable, can be found at www.jupiteram.com/tiered-pricing. Where the Fund invests in other underlying funds, which may include closed-ended funds such as investment trusts, the ongoing charges figure will include the ongoing charges for those funds, and will therefore vary from year to year. The ongoing charges figure excludes portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/ exit charge paid by the Fund when buying or selling shares in another collective investment undertaking.

# Fund Information as at 29.02.2024

Product Information		
Launch Date Fund:	31.01.2003	
Launch Date Share Class:	31.01.2003	
Morningstar Category:	EAA Fund UK Larg	ge-Cap Equity
Target Benchmark:	FTSE All Share Ind	lex
Comparator Benchmark:	IA UK All Compar	nies
Yield		As At Date
Historic Yield	3.48%	2024-01-31

3	.48%	2024-01-31
the Glossary section of the Fa	ctsheet for the Historic Yiel	d methodology.

Please refer to

#### **Price Information**

Valuation Day:	Every Business Day in the United Kingdom				
Base Currency Fund:	GBP				
Currency Share Class:	GBP				
Available on:	www.jupiteram.com				
Fund Size					
Fund Value:	GBP 342m				
Holdings:	32				

Past performance is not a guide to future performance and may not be repeated. Investment involves risk. The value of investments and the income from them may go down as well as up and investors may not get back the amount originally invested. Because of this, an investor is not certain to make a profit on an investment and may lose money. Exchange rate changes may cause the value of overseas investments to rise or fall.

• The net asset value of the Fund may have high volatility due to the nature of the asset class invested.

Your attention is drawn to the stated investment policy which is set out in the Fund's prospectus.

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On the 15 February 2021, the Merian UK Alpha Fund changed its name to the Jupiter UK Alpha Fund.

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The Morningstar Medalist RatingTM is the summary expression of Morningstar's forward-looking analysis of investment strategies as offered via specific vehicles using a

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Morningstar Medalist Rating Analyst Driven Percent:100

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#### **Jupiter Factsheets - Glossary of Terms**

**Absolute return**: the total return of an asset, portfolio or fund over a given period of time OR an investment approach that attempts to achieve a return which is not benchmarked against an index.

**Ask / Bid price**: the lowest price a seller is willing to sell a security for / the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for a security.

**Bond**: a debt instrument ('I Owe You') issued by a company (corporate bond), government (sovereign/government bond) or other institution in order to raise money. In most cases, bonds pay a fixed interest rate (coupon) over a fixed period of time and will be repaid on a particular date. See **Coupon**.

**Convertibles**: securities (e.g. bonds or preference shares) that can be exchanged at some point in the future for a specified number of shares at a specified price of the company issuing the securities. See **Bond**.

Coupon: denotes the interest in % paid on a bond See Bond.

**Credit rating**: an assessment of a borrower's credit worthiness, i.e. the likelihood of the borrower to repay its debts.

**Derivative**: a financial instrument that derives its value from its underlying assets. Common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, currencies, interest rates and market indices. Futures contracts, forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common types of derivatives. Derivatives can be purchased 'on margin', i.e. at a fraction of the value of the underlying asset. Thus, they are 'leveraged' instruments where the risk of loss can be greater than the initial outlay. Derivatives can be used like insurance contracts (i.e. to hedge market risk) or for investment purposes. See **Hedge, Leverage**.

**Distribution Yield**: reflects the amounts that may be expected to be distributed over the next twelve months as a percentage of the price of the fund as at the date shown. It is based on a snapshot of the portfolio on that day. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on distributions.

**Duration/Modified Duration**: Duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond or bond fund to changes in interest rates. It is measured in years. The longer a bond's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements. Modified duration estimates the effect that a 1% change in interest rates will have on the price of a bond or bond fund.

**Economic Gross**: the gross exposure adjusted to account for investments with mutually exclusive outcomes, for example a short position hedge on a share that is also held as a long position. See **Gross exposure**, **Long/short position**, **Hedge**.

**Effective duration:** estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in benchmark interest rates. Effective duration is required for the measurement of interest rate risk for complex types of bonds. See **Bond**.

**Engagement**: means dialogue with management teams and boards, including non-executive directors. Engagement enables us to assess and influence how businesses are managed.

**Equity**: a share representing an ownership interest in a company. Equity market means stock market.

**Exchange Traded Fund (ETF)**: a fund vehicle that is traded like a stock on a stock exchange. It is used to track and mimic the performance of a specific market index.

**Exposure**: describes the level of risk to a particular asset, asset type, sector, market or government. Also, the directional market exposure of a (absolute return) fund. See **Absolute Return, Gross/Net exposure**.

**Fixed interest/income**: denotes debt instruments (securities) that pay a fixed interest rate (e.g. bond, commercial paper). Also, a universal term for bond or debt investing. See **Bond**.

**Floating rate note (FRN)**: a bond with a variable interest rate. The interest rate is variable as it is tied to a benchmark such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). See **Bond**.

**Futures**: an exchange traded contract between two parties to buy or sell a commodity or a financial instrument at a pre-determined price at a future date. See **Bond Future, Derivative**.

**Gearing**: measures a company's borrowings (debt) as a proportion of assets. See **Leverage**.

**Gross exposure**: the percentage value of the long positions plus the percentage value of the short positions. See **Net exposure**.

**Hedge**: an investment designed to reduce the risk of adverse price movements in an asset by taking an offsetting position. Derivatives are usually used as hedging tools. See **Derivative**.

**High Water Mark**: the highest level that a fund's net asset value (NAV) has reached at the end of any 12-month accounting period. See **Net Asset Value**.

**High yield bond**: a bond with a high coupon payment and typically a low/no credit rating (below investment grade, e.g. BBB-). See **Bond**, **Coupon**.

**Historic yield**: reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the price, as at the date shown. It does not include any initial charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.

**Hurdle Rate**: the minimum level of return required before a fund can charge a performance fee. See **Performance fee**.

**Leverage**: the use of financial instruments (e.g. debt) to increase the potential return of an investment. See **Notional value**.

Liquidity: measures how easily an asset or security can be converted into cash.

**Long/short position**: a long position is buying a security with the expectation that it will deliver a positive return if its value goes up and a negative return if its value falls. Conversely, a short position involves selling a borrowed security with

the expectation of buying it back at a lower price to make a profit. However, if the security goes up in value, a short position will make a loss.

**Maturity**: refers to a finite time period at the end of which a security/debt instrument is due to be repaid. See **Bond**.

**Money market**: markets in which short-term (less than one year) debt instruments are traded. Money market instruments are typically cash deposits and commercial papers.

**Net asset value (NAV)**: in relation to a fund, the market value of its assets less its liabilities. The market value is usually determined by the price at which an investor can redeem shares.

**Net exposure**: the percentage value of the long positions less the percentage value of the short positions. See **Gross Exposure**, **Long/short Position**.

Non-rated bonds: bonds that are not rated. See Bond.

**Notional value**: commonly used in relation to a derivative, denotes the theoretical value of its underlying asset. See **Derivative**.

**Open-ended Investment Company (OEIC)**: a fund vehicle, which can issue a limitless number of shares whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. OEICs normally list a single price based on the NAV. See **Net Asset Value**.

**Performance fee**: a fee paid to an asset manager for generating positive returns above a hurdle rate.

**Preferred bonds**: have greater seniority when a bond issuer repays its debts. In the event that the issuer cannot repay all its debt, the holders of preferred bonds will be further forward in the queue for repayment than holders of other ('non-preferred') bonds.

**Share**: a unit of ownership interest in a company or financial asset. Also **Equity**.

**SICAV**:Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable. A type of open-ended fund widely used in Europe.

**Spread**: the difference between the bid and the ask price of a single security. It can also refer to the difference in price between two securities. See **Ask/Bid price**.

**Stewardship**: our responsibility to understand and manage investment risks we take on behalf of our clients. We consider material Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') information in the same way as we consider other types of investment analysis. These three factors enable us to evaluate how companies interact with the Environment (such as climate change), Society (human rights) and Governance (management). Stewardship entails a responsibility to monitor and engage with the companies in which we invest.

**Sustainability**: by appropriately considering ESG risks and engaging with companies, we strive to generate long term, sustainable returns for our clients.

**Total return**: the capital gain or loss plus any income generated by an investment over a given period.

**Underlying Yield**: reflects the amounts that may be expected to be distributed, net of expenses, over the next twelve months as a percentage of the price of the fund as at the date shown. It is based on a snapshot of the portfolio on that day. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on distributions.

**Unit Trust**: A fund vehicle which can issue a limitless number of units whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. Jupiter Unit Trusts are single priced, which means they have one price for buying and selling.

**Value at Risk (VaR):** value at Risk, a mathematical way of measuring the maximum expected loss of an investment over a period of time.

**Volatility**: measures how much the price of a security moves up or down over a period of time. A stock that experiences big price swings has high volatility, while one which moves up or down in smaller increments has low volatility.

Yield to Maturity (YTM): measures the annual return an investor can anticipate for holding a particular bond until it matures. When considering an entire bond portfolio, an average yield is used based on the weightings of individual bonds within that portfolio.

