For marketing purposes
UK edition
Data as at end-February 2024

UBS ETF (LU) MSCI Emerging Markets UCITS ETF (USD) A-dis

Fund Fact Sheet

UBS Exchange Traded Funds > UBS ETF SICAV

Fund description

- The fund generally invests physically in emerging market stocks contained in the MSCI Emerging Markets Index, but has the option to cover a small percentage of hard-to-access markets with derivatives.
- The investment objective is to replicate or track the price and yield performance of the MSCI Emerging Markets Index. The stock exchange price may differ from the net asset value.
- The fund is passively managed.

Name of fund	**UBS (Lux) Fund Solutions – MSCI Emerging Markets UCITS ETF**
Share class	UBS (Lux) Fund Solutions – MSCI Emerging Markets UCITS ETF (USD) A-dis
ISIN	LU0480132876
UCITS V	yes
Launch date	12.11.2010
Currency of fund / share class	USD/USD
Management fee p.a.	0.18%
Total expense ratio (TER) p.a.[1]	0.18%
Please note that additional fees (e.g. entry or exit fees) may be charged. Please refer to your financial adviser for more details.	
Name of the Management Company	UBS Fund Management (Luxembourg) S.A., Luxembourg
Accounting year end	31 December
Distribution	February, August
Replication methodology	physical stratified sampling
Portfolio management representatives	UBS Asset Management (UK) Ltd., London
Fund domicile	Luxembourg

1 as at 13.12.2023

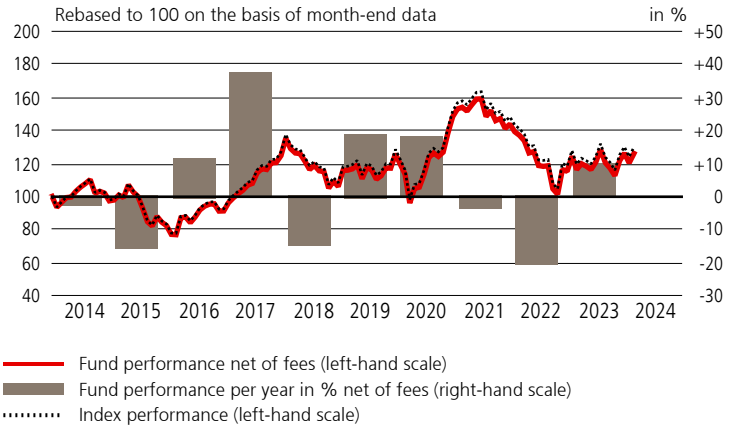
Fund statistics

Net asset value (USD, 29.02.2024)	100.66
Last 12 months (USD) – high	105.00
– low	90.42
Total fund assets (USD m)	4 319.29
Share class assets (USD m)	1 552.57

	2 years	3 years	5 years
Volatility[1]			
– Fund	20.32%	17.60%	19.09%
– Index	20.29%	17.59%	19.08%
Tracking error (ex post)	0.38%	0.34%	0.35%

1 Annualised standard deviation

Performance (basis USD, net of fees)[1]



Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future results.

Percentage growth (%)	1 year	3 years	5 years	Ø p.a. 3 years	Ø p.a. 5 years
Fund (USD)	8.39	-18.18	8.73	-6.47	1.69
Index[2]	8.73	-17.73	9.82	-6.30	1.89

Percentage growth (%)	Q4 2022 to Q4 2023	Q4 2021 to Q4 2022	Q4 2020 to Q4 2021	Q4 2019 to Q4 2020	Q4 2018 to Q4 2019
Fund (USD)	9.57	-19.94	-2.99	17.90	18.61
Index[2]	9.83	-20.09	-2.37	18.10	18.81

1 These figures refer to the past. **If the currency of a financial product, financial service or its costs is different from your reference currency, the return and/or costs can increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations.** Source for all data and chart (if not indicated otherwise): UBS Asset Management.
2 Index in the unit class's currency (excluding costs)

Index description

The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalisation index that is designed to measure equity market performance of Emerging Market countries. Securities are free float adjusted, screened by size, liquidity and minimum free float. The index represents companies within Emerging Markets that are available to investors worldwide.

Index name	MSCI Emerging Markets Total Return Net
Index type	Total Return Net
Number of index constituents	1440
Countries in index	21
Reweighting frequency	quarterly
Bloomberg	NDUEEGF
Reuters	.dMIEF00000NUS
Index online information	www.msci.com
Dividend yield	2.86%
PE ratio	15.16
Market Capitalization (in USD bn)	7 050.58

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Index Market exposure (%)

	Index
China	25.8
India	17.6
Taiwan	16.7
Republic of Korea	12.5
Brazil	5.5
Saudi Arabia	4.4
South Africa	2.7
Mexico	2.6
Indonesia	1.9
Others	10.2

Index Sector exposure (%)

	Index
Financial Services	22.8
Information Technology	22.6
Consumer Discretionary	12.7
Communication Services	8.6
Materials	7.1
Industrials	7.0
Consumer Staples	5.8
Energy	5.5
Health Care	3.7
Utilities	2.8
Real estate	1.6

Index 10 largest equity positions (%)

	Index
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MFG	7.63
SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO	3.73
TENCENT HOLDINGS LI (CN)	3.35
ALIBABA GRP HLDG (HK)	2.15
RELIANCE INDUSTRIES	1.52

	Index
PDD HOLDINGS A ADR	1.06
INFOSYS	0.95
ICICI BANK	0.93
SK HYNIX	0.91
CHINA CONSTRUCTION BK H	0.85

Benefits

Clients benefit from the flexibility of an exchange-traded investment.
Provides access to the performance of the index.
Optimised risk/return profile thanks to a broad diversification across a range of countries and sectors.
The fund offers a high degree of transparency and cost efficiency.
UCITS compliant fund.

Risks

This UBS Exchange Traded Fund invests in equities and may therefore be subject to high fluctuations in value. This Fund may not be appropriate for investors who plan to withdraw their money before the recommended holding period disclosed in the PRIIPs KID. All investments are subject to market fluctuations. Every fund has specific risks, which may significantly increase under unusual market conditions. The fund's assets are passively managed. Sustainability risks are not considered as part of the Index selection process. Therefore, sustainability risks are not systematically integrated. As a result, the net asset value of the fund is directly dependent on the performance of the underlying index. Losses that could be avoided via active management will not be offset.

Listing and trading information

Exchange	Trading currency	Trading hours (local time)	Bloomberg Ticker	Reuters RIC	iNAV Bloomberg
Borsa Italiana	EUR	09:00am - 05:30pm CET	EMMEUA IM	EMMEUA.MI	UETFUIMI
Deutsche Börse (XETRA)	EUR	09:00am - 05:30pm CET	UIMI GY	EMMEUA.DE	UETFUIMI
Euronext Amsterdam	EUR	09:00am - 05:30pm CET	UIMI NA	UIMI.AS	UETFUIMI
London Stock Exchange	GBX	09:00am - 05:30pm CET	UB32 LN	UB32.L	UETFUB32
London Stock Exchange	USD	09:00am - 05:30pm CET	UB30 LN	UB30.L	UETFUB30
SIX Swiss Exchange	CHF	09:00am - 05:30pm CET	EMMCHA SW	EMMCHA.S	IEMMCHAS
SIX Swiss Exchange	USD	09:00am - 05:30pm CET	EMMUSA SW	EMMUSA.S	IEMMUSAS

Important information

Past performance is not a guide to future performance. The value of investments and the income from them may go down as well as up and are not guaranteed. Investors may not get back the amount originally invested. Changes in rates of exchange may cause the value of this investment to fluctuate. The information contained in this document should not be considered a recommendation to purchase or sell any particular security and the opinions expressed are those of UBS Asset Management and are subject to change without notice. UBS funds make use of the Temporary Permissions Regime allowing EEA-domiciled funds to be distributed in the UK for a limited period until full authorisation is obtained. For reporting fund status, please visit the HMRC's website. The protections offered by the UK's regulatory system, and compensation under the Financial Services Compensation Scheme, will not be available. If you are in any doubt on the features of this product, or its appropriateness for your needs, please seek financial advice. Please refer to your financial adviser for more details. Investors should read the Key Information Document (KIID), Prospectus and any applicable local offering document prior to investing and to get complete information of the risks. Investors are acquiring units or shares in a fund, and not in a given underlying asset such as building or shares of a company. For a definition of financial terms refer to the glossary available at www.ubs.com/am-glossary.

Please note that additional fees (e.g. entry or exit fees) may be charged. Please refer to your financial adviser for more details. Investors should read the Key Investor Information Document (KIID), Prospectus and any applicable local offering document prior to investing and to get complete information of the risks. Investors are acquiring units or shares in a fund, and not in a given underlying asset such as building or shares of a company. For a definition of financial terms refer to the glossary available at www.ubs.com/am-glossary.

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UBS AM Standard Glossary – for additional investment terms, please refer to the online glossary here.

Alpha: A fund's alpha is its outperformance relative to a benchmark. If a fund has a consistently high alpha this can indicate skilful management. If the benchmark returns 12% and the portfolio returns 14%, the outperformance (alpha) is equal to 14% - 12% = 2%. Compare with beta.
Accumulation: Reinvestment of the income generated by the investment fund into the fund`s assets.
Active management: Here the fund manager uses their expertise to pick investments to achieve the fund's objectives
Benchmark: Index against which an investment fund's performance is measured. Also called a reference index.
Beta: A measure of risk which indicates the sensitivity of an investment, to fluctuations in the market, as represented by the relevant benchmark. For example, a beta of 1.2 tells us that the value of an investment fund can be expected to change by 12% if the market is forecast to move by 10%.
Bonds: Debt instruments with a fixed or variable rate of interest and generally with a fixed maturity and redemption date. The most common issuers are major companies, government bodies such as the federal government and the cantons, public institutions, and international organisations such as the World Bank or the International Monetary Fund.
Commodities: A tradeable item that can be further processed and sold. Industrial (metals), agricultural (wool, wheat, sugar) and bulk commodities (coal, iron ore) are examples. It is possible to invest in physical commodities or in derivatives based on commodity prices.
Convertible bonds: Bonds which feature a conversion right entitling the holder to convert the bond into shares of the company in question at a certain point in time and at a conversion ratio set in advance.
Corporate bonds: Strictly speaking, corporate bonds are those issued by companies. Generally, however, the term is used to cover all bonds other than those issued by governments in their own currencies. Therefore the 'credit' sector, as it is often known, includes issues by companies, supranational organisations and government agencies. The key feature that distinguishes corporate bonds from government bonds is the risk of default – see credit risk.
Correlation: A measure of the degree to which the price trends of various investment categories or instruments move in the same direction.
Derivatives: Investments whose value is linked to another investment, or to the performance of a stock exchange or to some other variable factor, such as interest rates.
Distribution: Payment of an investment fund to distribute the income generated to its unit holders.
Diversification: Holding a variety of investments that typically perform differently from one another.
Duration: The duration represents the length of time for which capital is "tied up" in a bond investment. The concept of duration takes account of the time structure of returning cash flows (such as coupon repayments). The average duration of the portfolio is derived from the weighted average duration of the individual securities. The "modified duration" is derived from the duration and provides a measure of the sensitivity of bonds or bond portfolios to interest-rate changes.
Emerging economy or market: Emerging markets or developing markets - mainly in Asia, Eastern Europe, and Latin America - that are growing quickly, but whose economies and stock markets have not yet reached Western standards.
Equities: Securities which evidence an equity interest in a company. As a joint owner, the shareholder has rights of participation (voting right, right to information) and rights to assets (right to a share of profits, subscription rights).
Exchange traded fund (ETF): An investment fund that is traded like stocks on an exchange. Most ETFs are index funds: they hold the same securities in the same proportions as a certain index.
Feeder Fund: An investment fund that invests the majority of its assets into a master fund
Hedging: Protecting investments against losses. UBS Asset Allocation funds and hedged UBS ETFs specifically hedge against exchange-rate risks.
High watermark: The high watermark is used in connection with the performance fee. The fund manager calculates his or her share of the profits on the basis of the value increment over and above the last peak in the NAV. As a result, the performance fee does not become payable until all losses incurred have been completely recovered.
High Yield bonds: Bonds issued by borrowers with lower credit ratings. Such bonds offer higher rates of interest, but at the same time there is also a higher risk of default, i.e. that interest payments will not be paid or that the face value will not be repaid.
Inflation-linked bonds: An inflation-linked bond provides investors with protection from inflation by linking its principal amount or interest payments to a specific inflation index.
Investment grade: Term used to denote securities with ratings of between BBB and AAA, indicating that their credit quality is satisfactory or good.
Illiquid: Illiquid assets are those assets that cannot be easily bought, sold, or converted into cash. It may often be impossible to convert the asset to cash until the end of the life of the asset.
Index: Indicator of performance on one or more markets. The oldest and best-known stock market index is the Dow Jones. Indexes make it possible to compare the performance of a fund which is invested in a specific market with the development of this market.
Index Fund: An investment fund which replicates a chosen stock market index in its stock selection and weightings as exactly as possible.
Leverage: With derivative instruments, greater returns can be earned with a comparatively lower capital investment than with an investment in the actual underlying instrument. This effect is called leverage.
Management Style: Manner in which the investment decisions are made to achieve the investment objective (see also Active and Passive Management).
Master Fund: Funds invested in respective feeder funds, are then invested into the master fund. The master fund holds the portfolio investments and conducts all trading activity.
Maturity: Period from the issue of a bond to its due date or to the premature repayment of the bond. Not to be confused with duration.
Net Asset Value (NAV): Used to describe the value of a company's assets less the value of their liabilities.
Rating: The measure of the creditworthiness of a borrower by special rating agencies such as Standard & Poor's or Moody's. As a rule, UBS bond funds principally invest in bonds issued by prime borrowers.
Reinvestment: The possibility of reinvesting the distribution in the same fund. Certain funds offer investors a special

reinvestment discount on the issuing price if the annual distribution is reinvested.
Over the counter (OTC): An over the counter financial contract is one that is not traded on an exchange but is 'tailor-made' for a client by a financial institution.
Passive management: Passive management seeks to attain performance equal to market or index returns.
Performance Fee: For non-classical investment funds such as hedge funds, the investor often has to pay, in addition to the conventional management fee, a supplementary performance fee in the form of a percentage (e.g. 20%) of the fund's annual increase in value.
Physical replication: In physical replication, an ETF invests directly in securities held in the benchmark it is tracking. To do so, the ETF can buy some or all of the securities that make up the replicated index - this method is called full replication and is suitable for liquid indices.
Share Class: An investment fund can issue several types of share certificates with different criteria. The share certificate classes may differ in the amount of fees, the appropriation of income or the currency of the share certificate class.
Synthetic replication: In contrast to physical replication, with synthetic replication an ETF does not invest directly in the securities held in the benchmark. Instead, it enters into a swap agreement with a counterparty, which promises to pay the return on the replicated index to the ETF.
Risk free rate: An investment with no chance of default, and a known or certain rate of return.
Swing Pricing: Method used to calculate the net asset values of investment funds. Which allows transaction costs arising from subscriptions made by incoming investors and redemptions made by outgoing investors to be borne by the incoming and outgoing investors, rather than existing investors.
Standard deviation: Statistical measure of the degree to which an individual value in a probability distribution tends to vary from the mean of the distribution. The greater the degree of dispersion the greater the risk.
Sharpe ratio: Measure expresses how much higher (or lower) a return an investor can expect compared to the risk-free rate of interest (e.g., interest rates on savings accounts) per unit of risk (volatility). The risk-free rate of interest varies from currency to currency.
Tracking error: Measure of the deviation of the return of a fund compared to the return of a benchmark over a fixed period, expressed as a percentage. The more passively the investment fund is managed, the smaller the tracking error.
Total Expense Ratio (TER): The ratio of total expense to a fund's average size over an annualised accounting period. Expenses are taken to include all expenses shown in the income account, including management, administration, custody, audit, legal and professional fees.
UCITS: Undertakings for Collective Investments in Transferable Securities. A UCITS fund is an authorised fund that may be sold across all EU countries.
Volatility: A measure of the size of short term changes in the value of an investment.
Yield to maturity: Weighted average rate earned by an investor who buys the bond portfolio today at the market price and holds the bond portfolio until maturity, and assuming that all coupon and principal payments will be made on schedule.
Ø – Average.