# **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

for the year ended 28 February 2021

Registered No: 05667210

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## **Chairman's Statement**

I am pleased to be able to present the Annual Report and Financial Statements of Ventus 2 VCT plc (the "Company") for the year ended 28 February 2021.

## **Outcome of the General Meeting of the Company**

Shareholders will be aware that at the General Meeting of the Company held on 19 May 2021 the shareholders voted overwhelmingly (98.3%) in favour of the resolution proposed by the Directors to sell the assets of the Company and discontinue the Company as a venture capital trust. The resolution was contingent on an identical resolution also passing at the General Meeting of Ventus VCT plc ("Ventus") and I can confirm that this also passed with overwhelming (98.1%) shareholder support.

This significant milestone represents the culmination of 18 months of work. The Board and Investment Manager, together with the Board of Ventus are continuing to work with Ernst & Young LLP ("EY") to assess the Company's assets and determine the transaction path to deliver the best outcome for shareholders.

The detailed circular published on 13 April 2021 (the "Circular") contains detailed information on the Board's rationale and indicative returns and timetable for the process.

## **Summary Financial Performance**

The operational and financial performance of the Company's investee companies over the financial year has been stable. The Company has maintained its policy on target dividends despite the Covid-19 pandemic and subsequent economic shutdown, which adversely impacted power prices, particularly in the first half of the year. The Company's dividend policy is set out in the Strategic Report.

Electricity generation for the year ended 28 February 2021 was 97% of budget (2020: 101%). The Company has again benefited from the high proportion of long-term fixed power prices in the investee companies, as these fixes were higher than realisable UK wholesale prices in the period.

There has been a significant increase in net asset value ("NAV") across all share classes, resulting from the following changes. These changes are based on market observations of the assumptions being used by other comparable companies:

#### Positive factors:

- A reduction of 0.25% in the operational wind discount rate to 7.00%.
- A reduction of 1.00% in the operational hydro discount rate to 5.50%.
- A change in asset life assumption from 25 to 30 years from the commencement of operation for operational wind.
- A change in the asset life assumption from a rolling 25 years from the valuation date to 30 years in operational hydro.
- A change in the forecast power price assumption from a single consultant to a blended curve based on the reports from two leading consultants.

## Negative factors:

- Higher corporation tax rates payable by the investee companies in the medium term as the government has indicated its intention to raise corporation tax in response to the Covid-19 pandemic, although this has not yet been legislated.

The total return for shareholders is positive across all share classes for the year.

The table below gives an overview of the financial performance for the year. Detail about the Company's net profits for the year is set out in the Financial Performance Report.

Total return (change in NAV + dividends paid)	19.7	21.3	39.0
Dividends paid during the year	5.0	8.0	5.0
Increase in NAV	14.7	13.3	34.0
NAV at 28 February 2021	94.1	146.3	178.4
NAV at 29 February 2020	79.4	133.0	144.4
	share	share	share
	per	per	per
	pence	pence	pence
	Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares
	Ordinary		

#### Results

Income from investments during the year decreased for each share fund compared to the previous year. In the previous year the Company benefited from additional revenue from investee companies because of non-recurring refinancing initiatives and electricity generation ahead of budget. On a pence per share basis, income from investments was 3.85p (2020: 5.33p) per ordinary share, 6.74p (2020: 9.57p) per "C" share and 8.19p (2020: 12.26p) per "D" share.

The decrease in income from investments corresponds to a decrease in revenue profit during the year versus the previous year. On a pence per share basis, revenue profit was 2.69p (2020: 3.98p) per ordinary share, 4.47p (2020: 7.68p) per "C" share and 4.72p (2020: 10.25p) per "D" share.

The positive factors set out in the summary above have had a positive impact on the discounted cash flow valuations during the year. On a pence per share basis, the capital gain was 16.98p (2020: capital loss of 2.74p) per ordinary share, 16.68p (2020: capital loss of 5.78p) per "C" shares and 34.41p (2020: capital loss of 8.09p) per "D" share.

Net profit was therefore significantly higher than in the prior year at 19.72p (2020:1.25p) per ordinary share, 21.31p (2020:1.90p) per "C" share and 39.08p (2020: 2.16p) per "D" share.

#### **Dividends**

The Company proposes to declare a final dividend of 5.00p per ordinary share, 6.00p per "C" share and 10.00p per "D" share to be paid on 11 August 2021 to shareholders on the register as at the close of business on 30 July 2021. The Company paid an interim dividend of 2.50p per ordinary share, 4.00p per "C" share and 2.50p per "D" share on 20 January 2021. Therefore, the total annual dividend will be 7.50p per ordinary share, 10.00p per "C" share and 12.50p per "D" share.

#### **Impact of Covid-19**

The Covid-19 pandemic started to impact the UK economy during the year. As the Company has a high proportion of fixed revenue from government tariffs and fixed price power contracts and the operational performance of the investee companies and service providers to those investee companies has remained robust, the Board has not changed the guidance on the target dividends.

The majority of wind turbine operational issues can be managed remotely or are resolved automatically by the turbines' control systems. Where physical visits to sites are required, site managers and turbine maintenance staff have been able to work safely whilst adhering to social distancing and enhanced health and safety protocols. Procurement of spare parts has not been interrupted.

The Company is relatively insulated against the fall in near term power prices, as a significant proportion of the investee company revenues are fixed as shown below.

% Forecast Fixed Price Revenue at investee company level*	FY 2021	FY2022	5 years
			FY2021- FY2025
Ordinary shares	99%	100%	85%
"C" Shares	97%	99%	77%
"D" Shares	99%	100%	80%
Company weighted average**	98%	99%	81%

<sup>\*</sup>including all fixed price subsidies and fixed electricity prices. Note that revenue received will still vary with energy yield.

Secondly, the revenues that are received from the government for the Renewable Obligation Certificates ("ROCs") and the Feed in Tariffs ("FITs") are linked to inflation through the Retail Price Index ("RPI"). The potential range of outcomes for inflation has widened due to Covid, although the 10-year inflation rates currently implied by index linked government bonds remains around 3.0%.

The Board has reviewed a number of power price scenarios and remains confident in the current dividend targets.

<sup>\*\*</sup>weighted by NAV.

## **Annual General Meeting**

The Board remains keenly aware of the ongoing risk to public health from the Covid-19 pandemic and is following government advice in relation to non-essential travel and AGMs. As with the 2020 AGM the 2021 AGM will therefore be held virtually and shareholders will not be able to attend.

The Company's AGM will be held on 22 July 2021 with the minimum number of people in virtual attendance to remain in compliance with legislation.

The Board urges shareholders to register all votes via proxy ahead of the AGM itself and the Chairman will record all voting as a poll to ensure each vote cast counts individually.

The Board recognises the importance of the AGM to shareholders and encourages the submission of questions on the Company or the portfolio to the Board via email to ventus@temporiscapital.com by 8 July 2021, being two weeks prior to the date of the AGM. Answers will be published on the Company website at the time of the AGM.

Details of the resolutions to be put to shareholders at the meeting are set out in the Notice of the AGM on page 88, which also contains further detailed information on the format and logistics of the AGM process.

Lloyd Chamberlain

Chairman 18 June 2021

## **Strategic Report**

The Strategic Report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Section 414A of the Companies Act 2006. Its purpose is to inform the shareholders of the Company on key matters and help them to assess how the Directors have performed their duty to promote the success of the Company, in accordance with Section 172 of the Companies Act 2006.

### The Company and its Business Model

The Company is a public limited company, incorporated in England and premium listed on the London Stock Exchange. The registered address of the Company is 7<sup>th</sup> Floor, Wellington House, 125-130 Strand, London WC2R 0AP.

The Company is an investment company, as defined by Section 833 of the Companies Act 2006. The Company has appointed Temporis Capital Limited ("Temporis") as the Investment Manager.

The Directors consider that the Company has conducted its affairs in a manner to enable it to comply with Section 274 of the Income Tax Act 2007 as a Venture Capital Trust ("VCT"). In particular, a VCT is required at all times to hold at least 70% (80% for accounting periods beginning after 5 April 2019, so from 1 March 2020 for the Company) by value of its investments (as defined in the legislation) in qualifying holdings, of which, for funds raised after 5 April 2011, 70% must comprise eligible ordinary shares.

The Company has a clearly defined investment policy and process. Investment decisions are made by the Investment Manager after approval has been received from the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee includes representatives from Temporis and a third party investment management expert. Regular Board meetings and strategy meetings are held to review the performance of the Company, its investments and the Investment Manager.

## **Strategic Objectives**

The Company is now focused on implementing the resolution passed at the General Meeting on 19 May 2021 to sell the assets of the Company and discontinue the Company as a venture capital trust.

The Circular dated 13 April 2021 contains detailed information on the indicative timetable and process to deliver this objective.

## **Dividend Policy**

Subject to the Continuation Vote passing, over the next five years the Directors have set a target annual dividend of 5.00p per ordinary share, 8.00p per "C" share and 5.00p per "D" share. It should be stressed these are intentions only, and no forecasts are intended or should be inferred.

The ability of the Company to pay dividends is dependent on the receipt of cash from its investee companies which is uncertain and depends on various factors including wind and rainfall conditions, operational availability, the price of electricity, inflation and operating costs.

The Directors intend to continue to pay dividends whilst the assets are being sold.

#### Investment policy

#### Existing Investments

The Company's implemented strategy has been to invest in companies developing or operating renewable energy projects in the wind and hydroelectric space with installed capacities of up to 20 megawatts. These investments generate stable, long term income with the objective of providing predictable dividends to shareholders. The investments are generally in special purpose companies which own and operate smaller projects which are not attractive to large development companies and utilities. The Company typically owns 25% to 50% of the equity share capital of an investee company and has also made associated investments in debt securities.

In order to improve stability of cash returns from investee companies and enhance the predictability of dividends to shareholders, more recent investments are, on average, structured with lighter leverage at financial close than earlier investments. Further information can be found in the Investment Manager's Report on page 16.

The Investment Manager's Report provides a detailed analysis of the portfolio held by each of the ordinary, "C" and "D" share funds including a schedule which sets out the stage of investment and the renewable energy technology type of the assets held by each investee company.

#### VCT Rules and Further Investments

In order to comply with VCT requirements, at least 80% by value of the Company's investments are required to be comprised of qualifying investments. In the prior year the applicable requirement for the Company was 70%.

For the purposes of the 70% qualifying holdings requirement, disposals of qualifying investments for cash may be disregarded for a period of 12 months (as from 6 April 2019, whereas it had previously been 6 months). Where a VCT breaches any requirement due to factors outside of its control, it may apply to HMRC for a determination that the breach will be disregarded for a period of 90 days while the breach is remedied.

Under VCT regulations, no more than 15% of the Company's total assets should be in a single investee company at the time the investment is made in that investee company.

With effect from 6 April 2016, all new investments in energy generation activities (including the export of electricity and the production of gas or other fuel) are not regarded as qualifying investments for VCTs.

Further changes to the VCT regulations were introduced in the Finance Act 2016 which restrict VCTs to making only qualifying investments and certain limited investments for liquidity purposes. All other non-qualifying investments are prohibited.

As such, the Company is limited in its ability to make further investments in accordance with the Investment Policy and, therefore, has no plans to make further investments. The VCT restrictions described above do not affect any of the Company's existing investments.

## Conflicts of Interest

When there is a conflict or potential conflict of interest between the investment strategy of the Company and that of another fund managed by Temporis, the matter is referred to Temporis' compliance officer who ensures any conflicts are dealt with fairly. Any investment made in a company in which another fund managed by Temporis has invested or intends to invest will be approved by the Directors who are independent of Temporis, unless the investment is made at the same time and on the same terms or in accordance with a specific pre-existing agreement between the Company and Temporis.

#### Asset Life

The UK now has more than 13,000 MW of installed onshore wind farms and the sector is now well established with institutional investors.

The Company has revised its asset life assumption for onshore wind farms in the current year from 25 years to 30 years from the commencement of operation with no terminal value, repowering or life extension. This increase has been made following the completion of a technical report by a third party adviser and is in line with other market participants.

Hydro-electricity stations contain relatively simple technology in comparison to wind turbines and schemes can operate for 40 years or more, often without significant additional capital expenditure. The Company has revised its asset life assumption for operational hydro-electricity stations to 30 years from the valuation date. Previously the Company assumed an operating life of 25 years from the valuation date.

The operating life assumptions for both wind energy and hydroelectric assets will be regularly reviewed against industry convention.

More detail on the changes to these assumptions is included in the Investment Manager's Report.

#### Risk Diversification

The geographical focus of the Company's portfolio is the UK and the majority of investments are in the wind sector. Funds are currently invested in 14 companies. All projects contained within the portfolio are now operational.

## Investee Company Financing

Each investee company has long-term senior debt. The ratio of debt to equity within the investee companies in each share class is set out in the Investment Manager's Report on page 16.

The Investment Manager and Board periodically review opportunities to enhance shareholder value by optimising the debt structure within investee companies. Details of any refinancings undertaken in the current financial year are included in the Investment Manager's Report.

Many of the investee companies were required by the senior lender to fix the costs of borrowing with an interest rate swap. UK interest rates have contracted steadily since 2008 resulting in significant negative carrying values for these swaps. As these values are crystallised with a refinancing, it is sometimes not economic to refinance the investee company loans.

The Loan to Value ("LTV") ratio and the remaining tenor for each share class are set out in the Investment Manager's Report. The Company has acted to set leverage in the portfolio at a sustainable level which balances risk against higher return. Sensitivity analysis was performed to calculate the impact of an increase in senior debt on cover ratios and investee company dividends. Generally, an increase in LTV increases the risk of an investee company being unable to pay a dividend to the Company in a particular year.

#### Company Borrowing

The Company does not intend to borrow funds for investment purposes. However, the Company is exposed to gearing through its investee companies as described above.

To the extent that borrowing should be required by the Company for any purpose, the Directors will restrict the borrowings of the Company. The aggregate principal amount at any time outstanding in respect of money borrowed by the Company will not, without the previous sanction of an ordinary resolution of the Company, exceed a sum equal to 10% of the adjusted share capital and reserves of the Company in accordance with its Articles.

## **Active Asset Management**

In order to support the strategic objectives and enhance shareholder value, the Board has instructed the Investment Manager to actively manage the assets in the portfolio.

This active asset management approach primarily covers operational, commercial and financial enhancements at the investee company level. Further information on the activities undertaken by the Investment Manager in the current financial year is included within the Investment Manager's Report.

#### Overview of the Year and Dividends

An overview of the Company's performance is set out in the Chairman's Statement, and in detail in the Investment Manager's Report. Details of the dividends paid to shareholders during the year and the final dividend declared in respect of the year are also detailed in the Chairman's Statement.

#### **Investment Portfolio**

A summary of the performance of the investment portfolio of each share fund is set out in the Investment Manager's Report which provides details of the investments held.

## **Key Performance Indicators**

The Directors consider the key performance indicators set out in the Financial Performance section to be those which best measure the Company's performance and provide shareholders with an appropriate summary of how the business's objectives are pursued.

## **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

Under the Financial Conduct Authority's Disclosure and Transparency Rules, the Directors are required to identify those principal and emerging risks to which the Company is exposed and take appropriate steps to mitigate those risks. Other than the inherent risks associated with investment activities, which are discussed in the Investment Manager's Report, the risks described in the table below are those which the Directors consider to be material and are set out in the Company's Risk Register.

Principal Identified Risk	Risk Mitigation
Impact of Covid-19 on the operational activities at investee companies potentially leading to lower energy generation due to plant not being fully operational.	This risk is mitigated by use of high quality contractors for site management and turbine maintenance at investee companies.  Procedures have been adopted by contractors which allow continued operations whilst adhering to restrictions on movement and social distancing. The Investment Manager monitors service levels from these suppliers closely.
Failure to meet and maintain the investment requirements for compliance with HMRC VCT regulations may result in the Company losing its status as a VCT.	The Board mitigates this risk by regularly reviewing investment management activity with appropriately qualified advisers.
Inadequate control environment at service providers may lead to inaccurate reporting or misappropriation of assets.	This risk is mitigated by only appointing service providers of a high standing under agreements that set out their responsibilities and by obtaining assurances from them that all exceptions have been reported to the Board. In addition, the Board has appointed an independent external party, Roffe Swayne, to report directly to the Board in respect of the Company's internal controls undertaken by the Investment Manager on behalf of the Company.
Non-compliance with the Listing Rules of the Financial Conduct Authority, Companies Act Legislation and other applicable regulations may result in termination of the Company's Stock Exchange listing or other sanctions.	This risk is mitigated by employing external advisers fully conversant with applicable statutory and regulatory requirements who report regularly to the Board on the Company's compliance.

Reliance on the UK Government's continued support for the renewable energy sector and the risk of adverse changes in the application of government policies particularly in respect of the renewable energy sector and tax legislation.

The future level of Government-mandated support for renewables has important implications for the industry and could impact the value of investments the Company has made in companies which own and operate renewable projects. However, the Directors believe that existing renewable energy tariffs supporting the assets owned by investee companies are secure. Government policy statements are constantly monitored.

The financial returns to the Company are dependent on the price of electricity its investee companies are able to sell through power purchase agreements. The value of the Company's investments is dependent on projected wholesale electricity prices.

This risk is mitigated because investee companies have negotiated fixed or floor price mechanisms into the power purchase agreements they have entered into for the sale of their generated output. However, in the longer term, beyond the period of these agreements, the Company is exposed to wholesale prices to a greater degree. The hydro-electricity assets can opt into a floor price each year under the Feed-in Tariff arrangements, which gives these assets a floor on the price of electricity sales. The Investment Manager's Report includes information about the sensitivity of the value of the Company's investments to changes in energy prices.

The values of the Company's wind farm and hydro-electricity investments are dependent on expectations of the level of electricity export of each asset, which are driven by expectations of the long-term wind or rainfall conditions. It is possible that expectations of long-term climatic conditions may change over the lifetime of each investment. The Company's revenues and dividends to shareholders are dependent on actual wind and rainfall conditions.

The Investment Manager's Report includes information about the sensitivity of the values of the Company's investments to changes in electricity export assumptions. The Company's dividend targets are based on long-term average climatic conditions.

#### Emerging Risks

A number of additional risks have presented themselves as a result of the shareholder vote at the General Meeting held on 19 May 2021 as follows:

The value of the Company's assets on sale may be materially different to the figures used in the Circular:

The value realisable on a sale of the Company's assets is linked to estimates and assumptions about a variety of matters including, without limitation, power price projections, inflation figures and a variety of broader macroeconomic considerations which may prove to be incorrect. The indicative returns were also based on an assessment of the market conditions at the time of the Circular and, therefore, remain subject to change. The Company has further assumed that there will be no material changes in government policies, either relating to taxation, law or the continuance of the ROC and FIT. A material change in any of these matters may result in a reduction in the value of the Company's assets on sale.

#### Reliance on financial models:

The potential value of the Company's assets on sale is calculated with reference to detailed financial models. There is a risk that the assumptions inherent in such financial models may be inaccurate or incomplete or that the financial models may contain calculative errors.

## Ownership of the Company's assets:

The Company and Ventus VCT plc between them do not hold 100% of the share capital of 13 of the 18 investee companies which they hold in total, as many of the assets were developed as joint ventures with landowners, developers or other parties. As a result, 11 of the Company's 16 investee companies are subject to either first look or last look pre-emption rights in favour of other shareholders in those investee companies. The existence of pre-emption rights, as well as the holding of non-majority investments, may deter some potential buyers of the Company's assets. This may serve to remove competitive tension from a sales process, which may in turn result in a lower than anticipated price or cause a transaction to take materially longer than would otherwise be the case.

### Timetable for sale, cash distribution and winding up:

There can be no assurance that the indicative timetable set out in the Circular will be adhered to. A sale of the Company's assets may prove materially more complex than anticipated, and the distribution of proceeds to shareholders may be delayed by a number of factors, including, without limitation, the ability of a liquidator to make distributions to shareholders.

#### Covid-19

The Board has also assessed the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on the Company and has set out its analysis in the Chairman's statement.

#### **Brexit**

The Company has not experienced and does not expect to experience material change to its business as a result of the UK leaving the European Union because they Company's assets and liabilities, and those of its investee companies, are substantially within the UK.

The Board will continue to monitor these and other emerging risks, assess the impact on the Company and act to mitigate any negative consequences.

## **Investment Management, Administration and Performance Fees**

Temporis Capital LLP was appointed as Investment Manager of the Company on 12 September 2011. Temporis Capital LLP transferred its assets, employees and businesses to its subsidiary, Temporis Capital Limited, on 31 March 2017. The transfer was approved by the Financial Conduct Authority (the "FCA") and Temporis Capital Limited has been granted the same permissions by the FCA as Temporis Capital LLP. The investment management agreement ("IMA") with the Company was novated from Temporis Capital LLP to Temporis Capital Limited. The Company's Investment Manager continues to be actively engaged in managing the portfolio.

Temporis provides investment management services as well as all accounting and administrative services. The Investment Manager also provided similar services to Ventus VCT plc and Temporis Operational Renewable Energy Strategy LP during the financial year.

Under the terms of the revised IMA entered into in July 2020 the annual management fee was reduced from 2.25% to 2:00% (back dated to 1 August 2019) and then reduced to 1.50% of NAV from 31 August 2020. The annual management fee will reduce further to 1.15% from 1 August 2022. Total annual running costs are in aggregate capped at 3.6% of NAV (excluding the Investment Manager's performance-related incentive fee, any irrecoverable VAT and investment costs), with any excess being borne by the Investment Manager.

The Investment Manager will receive a performance-related incentive fee subject to the Company achieving certain defined targets. No incentive fee will be payable unless the Company has achieved a hurdle of 60p per share calculated as the sum of the cumulative Return to the end of the financial year ended 29 February 2020 plus the cumulative Earnings thereafter. Under the terms of the revised IMA, from the year ending 28 February 2021 onwards, the incentive fee, which is payable in cash, is calculated as 20% of the amount by which the Earnings in any accounting period exceeds 7p per share. The details of the calculation methodology of this performance-related incentive fee were set out in detail in the Chairman's Statement in the prior year's Annual Report and Financial Statements.

Details of the performance related incentive fees payable to the Investment Manager are set out in Note 3 to these financial statements.

Under the revised IMA the investment management services are terminable by either party giving not less than 24 months' notice expiring any time after 31 July 2025. The revised IMA contains a provision to reduce the termination notice period to whichever is the earlier of one year from the date notice is given or when the non-cash assets of the Company are sold following a resolution of the shareholders that the Company should not continue as a venture capital trust.

The Directors evaluated the performance of the Investment Manager and agreed that, under the terms of the revised IMA, the continuing appointment of Temporis is in the interests of the shareholders. Further discussion of the Investment Manager's performance is within the Corporate Governance Statement.

## **Investee Company Governance**

The investee companies are typically joint ventures between the landowner and the Company. Both the landowner and the Investment Manager on behalf of the Company have appointed board representatives to the investee companies. The investee company directors are responsible for appointing the service providers.

The total fees charged to the investee companies by Temporis in respect of the provision of directors was £56,000 (2020: £57,000) during the year. Each investee company has other shareholders and as such the share of the cost borne by the Company was £16,000 (2020: £17,000) during the year. Where directors' fees are charged by Temporis, the JV partner directors receive either the same or, in some cases, higher fees.

#### **Investee Company Service Providers**

The key investee service provider relationships are: insurance, turbine O&M (operations and maintenance), site management and performance reporting; and administrative services including accounting, Ofgem reporting and bank reporting. Since their appointment, the Investment Manager has consolidated the provision of these services to obtain scale benefits. For example; the majority of investee companies are now served by Thalia Power Limited ("Thalia") for administration and by BayWa for site management and performance reporting. Thalia is a related party to the Investment Manager. The average cost of Thalia providing these services to an investee company during the year was £28,000 (2020: £29,000). The total costs charged by Thalia to the Company's investee companies was £386,000 (2020: £371,000) during the year. The costs charged per investee company range between £17,000 and £40,000 per year. The Thalia costs attributable to the Company's ownership of its investee companies was £127,000 (2020: £125,000) during the year. These costs have been reviewed by the Board and are considered to be appropriate.

## **Company Secretary**

The City Partnership (UK) Limited provides company secretarial services to the Company as set out in the company secretarial services agreement. For these services the Company Secretary received an annual fee of £19,000 (2020: £19,000) plus VAT. The company secretarial services are terminable by either party giving not less than six months' notice in writing.

## **VCT Monitoring Status**

Philip Hare & Associates LLP advises the Company on its compliance with the taxation requirements relating to VCTs.

The Board is satisfied that the Company is compliant with VCT rules as at the year end and at the date of this report.

#### **Section 172 Statement**

In accordance with Section 172 (1) of the Companies Act 2006, the Directors are required to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its members as a whole. In doing so the Directors also consider the broader stakeholder interests.

## Key Decisions

During the year, the Board carried out an extensive review of the Company and concluded that it is in the best interests of the shareholders to dispose of the Company's assets and to return the net proceeds to shareholders. The reasons the Directors believe the proposed course of action is in the best interests of shareholders was presented in a Circular that was issued to shareholders on 13 April 2021.

As set out in detail in the Circular and discussed in the Chairman's Statement above, the Board called a General Meeting of the Company on 19 May 2021 with a resolution recommending to shareholders that the Company dispose of its assets and discontinue as a venture capital trust.

This was ratified by shareholders at the General Meeting of the Company held on 19 May 2021 where over 98% of shareholders voted in favour of the resolution. The Directors will now proceed to sell the Company's assets and wind-up the Company in due course.

The Board entered into a revised IMA with the Investment Manager as set out on page 10.

#### Global Greenhouse Gas Emissions

The Company has no direct greenhouse gas emissions to report from its operations, being an externally managed investment Company. It is the specific purpose of the Company to invest in companies that develop and operate assets which generate energy from renewable sources. Through its investment policy, the Company is committed to mitigating the impact of climate change by contributing to the transition to a low carbon economy and a cleaner environment.

#### Other Considerations

The Company has not applied the policies, of the Companies Act 2006, regarding the employment of disabled people and employee involvement as the Company does not have any employees other than the non-executive Directors.

The Company had no employees during the year and the Company currently has three non-executive Directors. The Directors' details are set out in Directors' Information on page 44.

The Company, being an externally managed investment company with no employees, has no specific policies in relation to environmental matters, social, community and human rights issues. The purpose of the Company is to invest in companies that develop and operate assets which generate energy from renewable sources. Through its investment policy, the Company is committed to mitigating the impact of climate change by contributing to the transition to a low carbon economy and a cleaner environment.

In respect of the Bribery Act the Investment Manager believes there are no reasons or circumstances which could be foreseen in which any of the third-party service providers might fall foul of the Bribery Act. The Investment Manager has detailed procedures in place covering the giving, receiving, authorising and recording of gifts and hospitality by staff of the Investment Manager.

For and on behalf of the Board

Chairman

Lloyd Chamberlain

18 June 2021

## **Financial Performance Report**

## **Summary Financial Performance**

The summary financial performance of the Company for the year ended 28 February 2021 is contained within the Chairman's Statement. The Key Performance Indicators are set out below.

#### **Investment Portfolio**

The following table shows key information about the renewable energy projects owned by the Company's investee companies:

	Capacity	Operational			<u>Inve</u> Ord Share	stment he C Share	ld by D Share
	MW	since	Location	Output as % of budget - 12 months ended 28 Feb 2021*	Fund	Fund	Fund
Operational Wind	10100	<u>since</u>	Location	201602021	<u>i unu</u>	<u>r unu</u>	<u>i unu</u>
Achairn Energy Limited	6.00	May 2009	Caithness, Scotland	80%	✓		
A7 Lochhead Limited	6.00	Jun 2009	Lanarkshire, Scotland	89%	✓		
Greenfield Wind Farm Limited	12.30	Mar 2011	Lanarkshire, Scotland	98%	✓	✓	
Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited	20.00	Dec 2013	Bedfordshire	104%	✓	✓	
Eye Wind Power Limited	6.80	Apr 2014	Suffolk	101%	✓		
Bernard Matthews Green Energy		•					
Pickenham Ltd/North Pickenham	4.00	Apr 2014	Norfolk	106%	✓	$\checkmark$	
Energy Ltd							
Bernard Matthews Green Energy							
Weston Ltd/Weston Airfield	4.00	Apr 2014	Norfolk	99%	✓	$\checkmark$	
Investments Ltd							
AD Wind Farmers Ltd (Allt Dearg	10.20	Dec 2012	Argyll and Bute,	94%		✓	
Windfarmers LLP)	10.20	DCC 2012	Scotland	3470		•	
White Mill Windfarm Limited	14.40	Aug 2012	Cambridgeshire	101%		$\checkmark$	
Bernard Matthews Green Energy	10.25	Aug 2015	Suffolk	102%	✓	✓	✓
Halesworth Limited	10.23	7 tug 2013	Surroik	102/0			
Operational Hydro							
Osspower Limited (Allt Fionn)	1.99	Jul 2012	Near Loch Lomond,	87%	✓		
,			Scotland				
Darroch Power Limited (Derrydarroch)	1.90	Dec 2015	Near Loch Lomond,	95%	✓	✓	✓
, , ,			Scotland				
Union Fallack Daving Limited	0.90	Dec 2015	Near Loch Lomond, Scotland	95%	✓	✓	<b>√</b>
Upper Falloch Power Limited			Scotiand		V	V	•
Operational Landfill Gas							
Renewable Power Systems (Dargan			Belfast, Northern				
Road) Limited**	2.30	Aug 2009	Ireland	N/a	✓		

<sup>\*</sup> Budget represents the most recently adopted long term energy yield assessment for the site derived from specifically commissioned external consultant's reports.

All investee companies have their registered address at: Wellington House, 125-130 Strand, London, England, WC2R 0AP Except for:

A7 Lochhead Limited: 31a The Avenue, Poole, Dorset, BH13 6LJ

Achairn Energy Limited: The Ca'D'Oro, 45 Gordon Street, Glasgow, G1 3PE

Osspower Limited: Suite 2C, Second Floor Stuart House, Eskmills, Musselburgh, East Lothian, EH21 7PB

Renewable Power Systems (Dargan Road) Limited: Northwood House, 138 Bromham Road, Bedford, Beds, MK40 2QW

<sup>\*\*</sup> The revenues earned by Renewable Power Systems (Dargan Road) Limited consist primarily of generator availability payments and are not dependent on electricity output.

## **Key Performance Indicators**

An assessment of the Company's key performance indicators, revenue profit, capital gain, dividends paid during the year and net asset value, is provided in the Chairman's Statement. The Directors consider these key performance indicators, which are typical for VCTs, to best measure the Company's performance and provide shareholders with a summary of how the business' objectives are pursued. A summary of the key performance indicators for the year and prior year is set out in the tables below:

For the year ended 28 February 2021	Orc	linary Shares Pence per share 1	£000	"C" Shares Pence per share <sup>1</sup>	£000	"D" Shares Pence per share <sup>1</sup>	Total
	2000	0.14.0	2000	5.1a.5	2000	0.74.0	2000
Revenue profit attributable to equity shareholders Capital gain attributable to equity	657	2.69	504	4.47	94	4.72	1,255
shareholders	4,153	17.03	1,900	16.84	684	34.36	6,737
Net gain attributable to equity shareholders	4,810	19.72	2,404	21.31	778	39.08	7,992
Dividends paid during the year	(1,219)	(5.00)	(902)	(8.00)	(100)	(5.00)	(2,221)
Total movement in equity shareholders' funds	3,591	14.72	1,502	13.31	678	34.08	5,771
		%		%		%	%
Ongoing charges ratio <sup>2</sup>		2.25%		2.04%		1.78%	2.13%
	:						
	Orc	linary Shares		"C" Shares		"D" Shares	Total
	Oic	Pence per		Pence per		Pence per	Total
	£000	share <sup>3</sup>	£000	share³	£000	share <sup>3</sup>	£000
As at 28 February 2021							
Net asset value	22,954	94.10	16,505	146.28	3,552	178.40	43,011
Total shareholder return 4	34,789	147.15	23,447	207.78	3,862	193.90	62,098
For the year ended 29 February 2020	Oro £000	dinary Shares Pence per share <sup>1</sup>	£000	"C" Shares Pence per share <sup>1</sup>	£000	"D" Shares Pence per share <sup>1</sup>	Total
Revenue profit attributable to equity shareholders Capital loss attributable to equity	972	3.99	866	7.68	204	10.24	2,042
shareholders	(668)	(2.74)	(652)	(5.78)	(161)	(8.07)	(1,481)
Net gain attributable to equity shareholders	304	1.25	214	1.90	43	2.17	561
Dividends paid during the year	(1,464)	(6.00)	(1,015)	(9.00)	(100)	(5.00)	(2,579)
Total movement in equity shareholders' funds	(1,160)	(4.75)	(801)	(7.10)	(57)	(2.83)	(2,018)
		%		%		%	%
Ongoing charges ratio <sup>2</sup>		3.43%		2.99%		2.77%	3.20%
	Oro	dinary Shares		"C" Shares		"D" Shares	Total
	0.0	Pence per		Pence per		Pence per	10101
	£000	share <sup>3</sup>	£000	share <sup>3</sup>	£000	share <sup>3</sup>	£000
As at 29 February 2020							
Net asset value	19,363	79.40	15,003	132.97	2,874	144.40	37,240
Total shareholder return 4	29,978	127.45	21,043	186.47	3,084	154.90	54,105

The total annual running costs cap is 3.6% of NAV (excluding any investment costs, performance-related incentive fees and irrecoverable VAT).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The "per share" value is determined in respect of the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year, except in respect of the dividends paid in the year, which is based on the number of shares eligible to receive dividends at the time the dividends were paid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The on-going charges ratio represents the Company's total operating expenditure during the year (excluding investment costs and the performance-related incentive fee) as a percentage of the NAV of the Company at the year end.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The "pence per share" value is determined in respect of the number of shares in issue as at the year end, except in respect of the total shareholder return, which includes dividends paid which is based on the number of shares eligible to receive dividends at the time the dividends were paid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The total shareholder return represents the NAV at year end plus the cumulative dividends paid since incorporation.

## **Investment Manager's Report**

Temporis Capital Limited has been the Investment Manager of the Company since September 2011 and is a full scope UK Alternative Investment Fund Manager ("AIFM") regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

## Portfolio Overview - Top Ten Investments by Share Fund

The details of the top ten investments, by value, held by each of the ordinary share fund, the "C" share fund and the "D" share fund at 28 February 2021 are set out in the table below:

## **Ordinary Share Fund**

Company	Value	Cost	Shareholding	Voting rights	Income recognised by the Company during the year	Basis of value	Proportion of share fund portfolio by value	Date of latest accounts	Net assets	Turnover	Profit/(loss)
	£000	£000	%	%	£000		%		£000	£000	£000
Achairn Energy Limited	5,747	1,970	40.40%	40.40%	232	DCF	25.3%	31/12/2019	998	1,239	(147)
Osspower Limited	3,817	300	50.00%	50.00%	275	DCF	16.8%	31/03/2020	368	1,395	(187)
Greenfield Wind Farm Limited	3,379	1,060	16.65%	16.65%	31	DCF	14.9%	31/12/2019	809	-	(69)
Eye Wind Power Limited	2,385	1,480	35.38%	35.38%	218	DCF	10.5%	29/02/2020	1,796	1,633	323
Renewable Power Systems (Dargan Road) Limited	1,266	1,172	50.00%	50.00%	56	DCF	5.6%	31/07/2020	1,039	654	242
Bernard Matthews Green Energy Weston Limited	1,603	500	50.00%	50.00%	-	DCF	7.1%	31/03/2020	284	88	67
Bernard Matthews Green Energy Pickenham Limited	858	500	50.00%	50.00%	-	DCF	3.8%	31/03/2020	237	92	70
Bernard Matthews Green Energy Halesworth Limited	713	351	10.09%	10.09%	67	DCF	3.1%	30/06/2020	1,518	1,857	(4)
A7 Lochhead Limited	1,320	568	20.00%	20.00%	-	DCF	5.8%	31/03/2020	1,171	1,404	343
Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited	669	174	3.50%	3.50%	50	DCF	2.9%	31/07/2020	1,331	5,296	2,947

## "C" Share Fund

Company	Value	Cost	Shareholding	Voting rights	Income recognised by the Company during the year	Basis of value	Proportion of share fund portfolio by value	Date of latest accounts	Net assets	Turnover	Profit/(loss)
	£000	£000	%	%	£000		%		£000	£000	£000
Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited	4,107	1,071	21.50%	21.50%	280	DCF	25.1%	31/07/2020	1,331	5,296	2,947
White Mill Windfarm Limited	3,574	1,000	25.00%	25.00%	389	DCF	21.8%	31/01/2020	2,251	3,133	1,696
Greenfield Wind Farm Limited	2,539	797	12.50%	12.50%	23	DCF	15.5%	31/12/2019	809	-	(69)
Weston Airfield Investments Limited	2,169	1,000	50.00%	50.00%	-	DCF	13.2%	31/03/2020	1,227	161	124
North Pickenham Energy Limited	1,837	1,000	50.00%	50.00%	-	DCF	11.2%	31/03/2020	625	185	145
AD Wind Farmers Limited	1,234	1,000	50.00%	50.00%	-	DCF	7.5%	30/09/2020	1,612	177	141
Bernard Matthews Green Energy Halesworth Limited	399	300	5.63%	5.63%	37	DCF	2.4%	30/06/2020	1,518	1,857	(4)
Darroch Power Limited	402	175	4.22%	4.22%	20	DCF	2.5%	31/03/2020	1,033	1,319	68
Upper Falloch Power Limited	126	101	2.79%	2.79%	12	DCF	0.8%	31/03/2020	130	647	(24)

#### "D" Share Fund

Company	Value	Cost	Shareholding	Voting rights	Income recognised by the Company during the year	Basis of value	Proportion of share fund portfolio by value	Date of latest accounts	Net assets	Turnover	Profit/(loss)
	£000	£000	%	%	£000		%		£000	£000	£000
Darroch Power Limited	1,946	620	25.50%	25.50%	39	DCF	56.4%	31/03/2020	1,033	1,319	68
Bernard Matthews Green Energy Halesworth Limited	947	712	13.38%	13.38%	89	DCF	27.5%	30/06/2020	1,518	1,857	(4)
Upper Falloch Power Limited	556	360	29.58%	29.58%	35	DCF	16.1%	31/03/2020	130	647	(24)

## Footnote to the Top 10 Investments Tables:

## **Basis of Valuation**

**DCF** Discounted future cash flows from the underlying business excluding interest earned to date.

The ordinary share fund and the "C" share fund have shareholdings in Greenfield Wind Farm Limited of 16.65% and 12.50% respectively, therefore the Company's aggregate shareholding is 29.15%.

The ordinary share fund and the "C" share fund have shareholdings in Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited of 3.50% and 21.50% respectively, therefore the Company's aggregate shareholding is 25.00%.

The ordinary share fund, the "C" share fund and the "D" share fund have shareholdings in Bernard Matthews Green Energy Halesworth Limited of 10.09%, 5.63% and 13.38% respectively, therefore the Company's aggregate shareholding is 29.10%.

The ordinary share fund, the "C" share fund and the "D" share fund have shareholdings in Darroch Power Limited of 11.46%, 4.22% and 25.50% respectively, therefore the Company's aggregate shareholding is 41.18%.

The ordinary share fund, the "C" share fund and the "D" share fund have shareholdings in Upper Falloch Power Limited of 10.97%, 2.79% and 29.58% respectively, therefore the Company's aggregate shareholding is 43.34%.

## **Investee Company Performance and Investment Manager Initiatives**

The Company continues to perform well, with proactive investment management serving to enhance shareholder returns and protect value in the portfolio.

The three share funds of the Company are fully invested in companies that own operating wind and hydroelectric projects. All development investments have either been completed, sold or written off.

Generation for the 12 months ended 28 February 2021 was below expectation at 97.0% of the combined portfolio budget. The first quarter of the financial year experienced significantly above average wind speeds throughout the UK, especially in March. However, this strong start was more than offset by a very poor winter period, especially January 2021.

The performance of the assets owned by the investee companies was generally very good during the year with availability of the turbines above the level guaranteed by the turbine maintenance providers apart from at Whitemill Wind Farm Limited.

Achairn Energy Limited suffered two separate turbine breakdowns in the prior year, exacerbated by the insolvency of the turbine maintenance provider Senvion, which hampered procurement of replacement parts and availability of appropriately skilled repair technicians for a time.

The turbines have been operational since early March 2020. Since the purchase of Senvion by Siemens-Gamesa Renewable Energy ("SGRE") in January 2020, Achairn Energy Limited has recovered the vast majority of the lost revenue in part from SGRE and in part from insurance proceeds. The remainder is expected to be received from insurers before the end of 2021.

Actions taken by the Board and Investment Manager to increase shareholder value during the year ended 28 February 2021:

The following actions and initiatives undertaken by the Board and Investment Manager have increased or brought forward cashflow to the Company:

- The refinancing in January 2021 of an investee company which owns the 1.90MW Derrydarroch hydro-electric generating station, reducing the cost of debt in the company to 2.49% per annum.
- The refinancing in January 2021 of an investee company which owns the 0.90MW Upper Falloch hydro-electric generating station, reducing the cost of debt in the company to 2.50% per annum.

#### Additional ongoing actions:

The following activities are ongoing, but the benefits cannot yet be fully quantified:

- The Investment Manager actively assesses wholesale electricity prices against the latest forecasts with the aim of fixing where the opportunity to fix at higher than forecast prices arises.
   For example, the Investment Manager acted to fix near term electricity prices in many of the investee companies in early March 2021 to take advantage of a significant spike in power prices ahead of the forecast prices which are used in the valuations.
- The Investment Manager has now validated the initial set of upgrades to both hardware and software across the SGRE wind portfolio. This validation shows an uplift in output for a given level of wind resource of 0.39%.

• The Investment Manager is in the process of investigating further turbine upgrades with SGRE and Vestas and is also optimising the flow of water from the catchment areas at the three hydro sites in order to increase generation for a given level of rainfall.

### **Active Asset Management**

The Investment Manager continues to work actively to both increase the value of the Company's portfolio through improvements in the operations of underlying assets and to protect value where market conditions have deteriorated. The Investment Manager has also acted to facilitate the optimisation of the financial structure of investee companies, including the refinancing of two investee companies as detailed above.

The primary means of optimising revenue from, and hence capital value of, wind and hydro assets is to keep the plant available to generate and to increase the revenue per unit generated. The highest levels of electricity generation can be achieved by proactive management of the operation and maintenance providers by managing planned downtime and ensuring that unplanned downtime is kept to a minimum.

The Investment Manager has recruited, within its existing management fee structure, specialist inhouse engineering experts who, together with site managers and third party consultants, continually review operational performance data to identify opportunities to improve performance of both the machines and the investee company contractors.

Other areas where hands-on asset management delivers additional shareholder value is in relation to the negotiation of major commercial contracts including the power purchase agreements for each individual site. Coupled with this, the Investment Manager constantly monitors power prices to optimise the timing of price fixes across investee companies.

Furthermore, for our wind investments there are turbine optimisation products available to the investee companies which can also enhance generation. The Investment Manager has had upgrades installed to both hardware and software across the portfolio by the turbine suppliers (in some cases on a free trial basis until validation). The SGRE upgrades have been validated and show an average increase in electricity generation levels for a given level of resource of 0.39%. Vestas upgrades are yet to be validated.

The Investment Manager devotes attention to carefully reviewing and managing operating costs, to ensure that the Company benefits from the scale of its operating portfolio across all investee companies. Costs where the portfolio scale has delivered savings include site management, insurance, management oversight systems, auditing and reporting. This has resulted in operational cost savings across the portfolio.

The Investment Manager also seeks to reduce operating costs on a project by project basis by, for example, successfully appealing business rates assessments which has delivered significant savings for investee companies.

#### LTV Levels

Each of the investee companies with operational assets has been financed with senior debt. Bernard Matthews Green Energy Halesworth Limited was refinanced during the year and Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited, Whitemill Windfarm Limited and Muirhall Windfarm Limited (the operational company owned by Greenfield Wind Farm Limited) renegotiated their senior debt packages with the existing lender.

The average percentage loan-to-value and the average remaining tenor of the debt finance of the investee companies with operational assets is set out below for each share fund's portfolio:

	Ordinary Share	"C" Share	"D" Share
Percentage Loan-to-Value as at 28 February 2021	42%	44%	57%
Percentage Loan-to-Value as at 29 February 2020	44%	48%	55%
Average remaining tenor (years) as at 28 February 2021	10.3	11.5	14.5
Average remaining tenor (years) as at 29 February 2020	10.6	11.6	13.0

#### Valuation of Investments

It is the accounting policy of the Company to hold its investments at fair value. The Company's investments in investee companies which operate renewable energy assets are valued using a discounted cash flow methodology. The Company has applied a discount rate to the unleveraged cash flows to determine the enterprise value of the investee company and then has subtracted the market value of any senior debt (including any prepayment fees and swap break costs) to calculate the value of the equity and/or mezzanine debt in the investee company. The discount rate used to value the unleveraged cash flows of investee companies holding operating wind farm investments is 7.00% as at 28 February 2021. The discount rate used to value the unleveraged cash flows of investee companies holding hydro-electric generating assets was 5.50% as at 28 February 2021.

The key assumptions that have a significant impact on discounted cash flow valuations for these assets are the discount rate, inflation rate, the price at which the power and associated benefits can be sold, the amount of electricity the investee companies' generating assets are expected to produce, the length of the operating life of the asset and operating costs.

### **Valuation Assumptions**

#### Discount Rates

Following the continued downward trend in discount rates in valuing operating wind energy assets in the market, the discount rate used in valuing wind farm investments has been reduced by 25bps to 7.00% (2020: 7.25%) for the base case, i.e. those investee companies which had a number of years of operating history and had undertaken an energy yield reassessment based on proven operating experience. All of the Company's wind farm investments are considered mature and have been valued on the base case basis in 2021 and 2020.

The discount rate applied to the valuation of the Company's hydro-electric investments has been reduced by 100 bps. As at 29 February 2020, two of the Company's hydro-electric investments were considered to be less mature assets and had been valued using a discount rate of 7.25%. However, during the year ended 28 February 2021 both Darroch Power Limited and Upper Falloch Power Limited undertook operational energy yield studies and are now considered to represent the base case for valuation purposes. For the base case, i.e. a project which has more than 3 years of operating history and has undertaken an energy yield reassessment, a discount rate of 5.50% is considered appropriate (2020: 6.50%). Osspower Limited is considered to be a mature asset and has been valued on this basis in 2021 and 2020.

The landfill gas investment is valued based on the revenues it earns for the Company from providing generators to the landfill gas scheme during the period in which it is contracted.

#### Inflation Rates

The long-term inflation rate assumption applied to the valuation of the Company's investments is 2.75% (2020: 2.75%). For the next financial year (ending 28 February 2022), a lower inflation figure of 1.4% has been applied to account for the near term conditions resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic. Inflation has a positive impact on valuations because the renewable obligation certificate and Feed-in Tariff (government supported subsidies) revenues earned by investee companies are inflation linked.

#### Asset Lives

Assumptions about the length of the operating lives of the renewable energy assets have been made in determining the value of the investee companies.

Many windfarms including some of those owned by the Company's investee companies now have in excess of ten years of operating history.

The assumed operating life of the Company's wind farm investments has been increased to 30 years from the valuation date (2020: 25 years). This increase has been made following the completion of a third-party technical assessment of the portfolio from a leading consultant and is in line with market observations.

The operating life of the Company's hydro-electric investments has been increased to 40 years from the date of first generation (2020: a rolling 25 years from date of valuation) and is in line with market observations.

Market participants have begun to explore and validate the possibility of repowering i.e. replacing older turbines with newer, larger, more efficient machines. The first operational wind farm of scale in the UK, at Delabole in Cornwall, was successfully repowered with larger turbines in 2010, and others have followed.

Most of the land leases for investee company wind farms have clauses permitting renewal following renegotiation; grid connection agreements are generally evergreen and are owned by the investee company. Extension or repowering would normally require renegotiation of land leases and renewed planning permissions.

However, repowering would invalidate the ROC subsidy accreditation from Ofgem for the Company's investee companies and can therefore only be economically undertaken at the end of the subsidy period.

The Investment Manager continues to actively monitor the market and to ensure that, wherever possible, optionality to derive any value from further life extensions and repowering is preserved throughout the portfolio.

## Sensitivity of NAV to Changes in Key Assumptions including Covid-19

The charts below illustrate the sensitivity of the NAV of the Company's share funds to changes of certain key input assumptions applied to the unleveraged cash flows in the valuation models.

#### Future Power Prices

The price at which the output from the generating assets is sold is a factor of both wholesale electricity prices and Government subsidies. The Company has fixed the majority of power prices in the medium term under power purchase agreements. For periods where there is variable power price risk, prices in the 28 February 2021 valuations are taken from a blend (simple average) of two forecasts provided by leading consultants (2020: Single consultant).

The hydro-electric generating assets can opt into a floor price each year under the FIT subsidy, which gives these investee companies an RPI linked floor on the price of electricity. This provides the investee companies with downside protection against changes in wholesale electricity prices. This is demonstrated by the sensitivity analysis illustrated in the table below for the "D" share funds, where investee companies holding hydro-electric generating assets make up 72.5% of the portfolio.

#### Output

External consultant reports are used to estimate the expected generating output of the investee companies' generating assets taking into account their technology type, the long term measured wind (or for hydro, water) resource, operational constraints driven by the planning consent and the local topography. The base case output is referred to as P50, being the energy output in MWh which is expected to be exceeded, on an annualised basis, 50% of the time. The analysis set out below describes the sensitivity of each share fund's NAV to a higher (P75) or lower (P25) probability of exceedance of the forecast long-term average output versus the base case (P50).

#### Discount Rate

The discount rates applied to the cash flows are regularly reviewed by the Investment Committee of the Investment Manager to ensure they are set at the appropriate levels. The Investment Committee and the Board will also give consideration to the specific performance characteristics of the particular type of generating technology being used. The range of discount rates which forms the base case in the sensitivity analysis is set out in the section above.

#### Inflation

The base case inflation rate used in the sensitivity analysis is 2.75%.

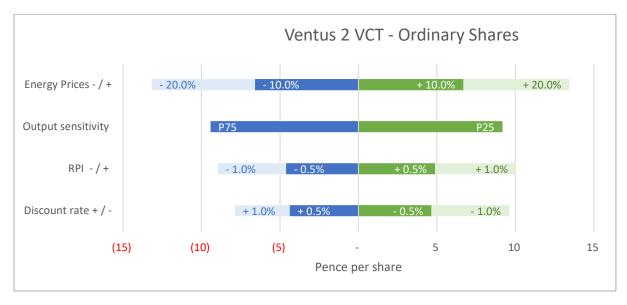
As set out in the prior year report, in order to consider the potential aggregate impact of Covid-19 on the future net asset value, the effects of multiple variables would need to be considered. For example, in the last 10 years, power prices and discount rates have both fallen, continually setting new lows. This can perhaps be explained by investors believing that lower power price forecasts have lower embedded risk, and therefore they are prepared to value the forecast revenues at lower discount rates.

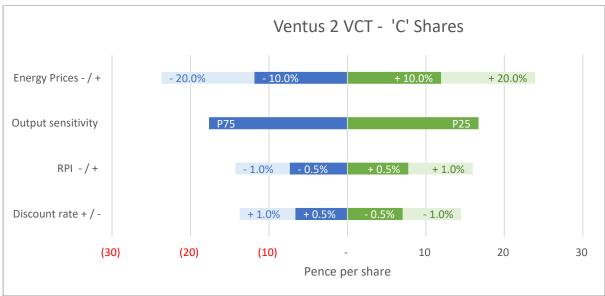
Equally, the fall in discount rates could be, at least in part, attributed to the fall in interest rates over the same period to near zero today. Given the high degree of uncertainty about how these variables may be correlated, no aggregate sensitivities have been shown.

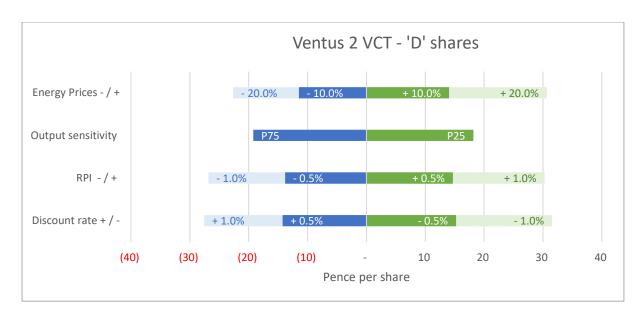
Since the initial economic shutdown in March 2020, where energy consumption was at historical lows, large parts of the economy have adapted and resumed operations and as a result energy consumption has broadly returned to pre-Covid levels. Operationally there was little impact on the investee companies from Covid-19 during the year. However, in order to demonstrate the potential impact of those variables most likely to be affected by a future Covid-19 (or other similar infectious disease) driven economic shutdown, we again present a wider range of sensitivities than in previous years below:

- Energy prices at -/+ 10% (darker bar) and -/+ 20% (lighter bar)
- RPI at -/+ 0.5% (darker bar) and -/+ 1.0% (lighter bar)
- Discount rate at +/- 0.5% (darker bar) and +/- 1.0% (lighter bar)

In each case the narrower range is consistent with that provided prior to the 29 February 2020 financial statements.







Further details about the valuation sensitivity analysis are set out in note 9 of the Financial Statements.

## **Ordinary Share Portfolio**

A summary of the ordinary share fund's investment valuations as at 28 February 2021 and gains and losses during the year ended 28 February 2021 is given below:

Part				Voting rights	Ir	nvestment value	stment value Investment cost Unrealised Investment value gain/ (loss)		Investment value	Investment cost			
Part					Shares	Loans	Total	Shares	Loans	Total	gaii / (1033)	Total	Total
Pebruary   Pebruary   Pebruary   Pebruary   28 February   28 February								as at	as at	as at	in the year to	as at	as at
Part								28 February	28 February	28 February	28 February	29 February	29 February
Contractional wind   Contrac				2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2020	2020
Achairm Energy Limited 1,2 Q 40.40% 4,981 766 5,747 1,226 744 1,970 622 5,213 2,058 A7 Lochhead Limited 1 Q 20.00% 1,320 - 1,320 568 - 568 335 986 569 Greenfield Wind Farm Limited 1,2 Q 3,50% 571 98 669 86 88 174 99 575 179 Eye Wind Power Limited 1,2 Q 3,53% 2,385 - 2,385 1,480 - 1,480 335 2,050 1,480 Bernard Matthews Green Energy Pickenham Limited 1 Q 50.00% 888 - 888 500 - 500 689 914 500 Bernard Matthews Green Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 - 888 500 - 500 689 914 500 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 - 713 351 88 625 351 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 - 713 351 500 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 - 713 351 500 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 713 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 710 1,266 780 392 1,172 14 1,364 1,284 Energy Helmited 1,2 Q 10,09% 713 713 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710 710				%	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
A7 Lochhead Limited	Operational wind												
Carenfield Wind Farm   Limited   1	Achairn Energy Limited	1,2	Q	40.40%	4,981	766	5,747	1,226	744	1,970	622	5,213	2,058
Limited Biogleswade Wind Farm Limited         1         PQ         16.65%         2.914         465         3.3379         666         394         1,060         593         3,341         1,615         Biogleswade Wind Farm Limited         1.2         Q         3.50%         571         98         669         86         88         174         99         575         179           Eye Wind Power Limited         1.2         Q         35.38%         2,385         -         2,385         1,480         -         1,480         335         2,050         1,480           Bernard Matthews Green Energy Pickenham Limited         1         Q         50,00%         858         -         858         500         -         500         689         914         500           Bernard Matthews Green Energy Pickenham Limited         1,2         Q         10.09%         713         -         713         351         -         351         88         625         351           Operational Limited Institute Support Limited         1,2         Q         10.09%         856         410         1,266         780         392         1,172         14         1,364         1,284           Operational Ismali Invited <t< td=""><td>A7 Lochhead Limited</td><td>1</td><td>Q</td><td>20.00%</td><td>1,320</td><td>-</td><td>1,320</td><td>568</td><td>-</td><td>568</td><td>335</td><td>986</td><td>569</td></t<>	A7 Lochhead Limited	1	Q	20.00%	1,320	-	1,320	568	-	568	335	986	569
Biggleswade Wind Farm   1,2   Q   3.50%   571   98   669   86   88   174   99   575   179													
Limited   1,2   Q   3.50%   571   98   669   86   88   174   99   575   179		1	PQ	16.65%	2,914	465	3,379	666	394	1,060	593	3,341	1,615
Bernard Matthews Green   Finerry Weston Limited   1		1,2	Q	3.50%	571	98	669	86	88	174	99	575	179
Energy Weston Limited	Eye Wind Power Limited	1,2	Q	35.38%	2,385	-	2,385	1,480	-	1,480	335	2,050	1,480
Energy Pickenham Limited   1   Q   50.00%   858   - 858   500   - 500   234   624   500		1	Q	50.00%	1,603	-	1,603	500	-	500	689	914	500
Principal Limited   1,2   Q   10.09%   713   - 713   351   - 351   88   625   351		1	Q	50.00%	858	-	858	500	-	500	234	624	500
Renewable Power Systems (Dargan Road) Limited         Q         50.00%         856         410         1,266         780         392         1,172         14         1,364         1,284           Operational small hydro           Osspower Limited         50.00%         3,817         -         3,817         300         -         300         1,056         2,761         300           Darroch Power Limited         1         Q         11.46%         726         47         773         20         42         62         336         441         66           Upper Falloch Power Limited         1         Q         10.97%         135         32         167         8         28         36         (12)         182         39           Realised investments           Firefly Energy Limited         1,3         Q         50.00%         -         -         -         200         18         218         -         12         230           Redeven Energy Limited         1,3         50.00%         -         -         -         200         18         218         -         12         230		1,2	Q	10.09%	713	-	713	351	-	351	88	625	351
Chargan Road   Limited   Q   50.00%   856   410   1,266   780   392   1,172   14   1,364   1,284	Operational landfill gas												
Osspower Limited         50.00%         3,817         -         3,817         300         -         300         1,056         2,761         300           Darroch Power Limited         1         Q         11.46%         726         47         773         20         42         62         336         441         66           Upper Falloch Power Limited         1         Q         10.97%         135         32         167         8         28         36         (12)         182         39           Realised investments           Firefly Energy Limited         1,3         Q         50.00%         -         -         -         200         18         218         -         12         230           Redeven Energy Limited         1,3         50.00%         -         -         -         -         -         125         125         -         -         -         130			Q	50.00%	856	410	1,266	780	392	1,172	14	1,364	1,284
Darroch Power Limited         1         Q         11.46%         726         47         773         20         42         62         336         441         66           Upper Falloch Power Limited         1         Q         10.97%         135         32         167         8         28         36         (12)         182         39           Realised investments           Firefly Energy Limited         1,3         Q         50.00%         -         -         -         200         18         218         -         12         230           Redeven Energy Limited         1,3         50.00%         -         -         -         -         125         125         -         -         130	Operational small hydro												
Upper Falloch Power Limited         1         Q         10.97%         135         32         167         8         28         36         (12)         182         39           Realised investments           Firefly Energy Limited         1,3         Q         50.00%         -         -         -         200         18         218         -         12         230           Redeven Energy Limited         1,3         50.00%         -         -         -         -         125         125         -         -         130	Osspower Limited			50.00%	3,817	-	3,817	300	-	300	1,056	2,761	300
Limited         1         Q         10.97%         135         32         167         8         28         36         (12)         182         39           Realised investments           Firefly Energy Limited         1,3         Q         50.00%         -         -         -         200         18         218         -         12         230           Redeven Energy Limited         1,3         50.00%         -         -         -         -         125         125         -         -         130	Darroch Power Limited	1	Q	11.46%	726	47	773	20	42	62	336	441	66
Firefly Energy Limited 1,3 <b>Q</b> 50.00% 200 18 218 - 12 230  Redeven Energy Limited 1,3 50.00% 125 125 130		1	Q	10.97%	135	32	167	8	28	36	(12)	182	39
Redeven Energy Limited 1,3 50.00% 125 125 130	Realised investments												_
	Firefly Energy Limited	1,3	Q	50.00%	-	-	-	200	18	218	-	12	230
Total 20,879 1,818 22,697 6,685 1,831 8,516 4,389 19,088 9,301	Redeven Energy Limited	1,3		50.00%	-	-	-	-	125	125	-	-	130
	Total				20,879	1,818	22,697	6,685	1,831	8,516	4,389	19,088	9,301

Q Investment complies with VCT regulations on qualifying holdings.

**PQ** Part of the investment complies with VCT regulations on qualifying holdings.

An investee company in which Ventus VCT plc has also invested. The Company and Ventus VCT plc are managed by Temporis.

An investee company in which Temporis Operational Renewable Energy Strategy LP has also invested. Temporis Operational Renewable Energy Strategy LP is advised by Temporis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Firefly Energy Limited and Redeven Energy Limited were dissolved after the year end.

## "C" Share Portfolio

A summary of the "C" share fund's investment valuations as at 28 February 2021 and gains during the year ended 28 February 2021 is given below:

			Voting rights					Inves	stment cost	Unrealised gain/	Investment value	Investment cost
				Shares	Loans	Total	Shares	Loans	Total	in the year	Total	Total
			as at 28 February 2021	to 28 February 2021	as at 29 February 2020	as at 29 February 2020						
			%	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Operational wind			70	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
Greenfield Wind Farm Limited	1	PQ	12.50%	2,189	350	2,539	500	297	797	446	2,509	1,213
White Mill Windfarm Limited	1,2	PQ	25.00%	3,574	-	3,574	1,000	-	1,000	389	3,185	1,000
AD Wind Farmers Limited	1	Q	50.00%	1,234	-	1,234	1,000	-	1,000	96	1,138	1,000
Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited	1	Q	21.50%	3,507	600	4,107	526	545	1,071	604	3,530	1,098
Weston Airfield Investments Limited	1	Q	50.00%	2,169	-	2,169	1,000	-	1,000	232	1,937	1,000
North Pickenham Energy Limited	1	Q	50.00%	1,837	-	1,837	1,000	-	1,000	442	1,395	1,000
Bernard Matthews Green Energy Halesworth Limited	1,2	Q	5.63%	399	-	399	300	-	300	49	350	300
Operational small hydro												
Darroch Power Limited	1	Q	4.22%	267	135	402	53	122	175	125	287	185
Upper Falloch Power Limited	1	Q	2.79%	34	92	126	17	84	101	1	131	107
Realised investments												
Iceni Renewables Limited	1,3		50.00%	-	-	-	400	18	418	-	-	418
Total				15,210	1,177	16,387	5,796	1,066	6,862	2,384	14,462	7,321

**Q** Investment complies with VCT regulations on qualifying holdings.

**PQ** Part of the investment complies with VCT regulations on qualifying holdings.

An investee company in which Ventus VCT plc has also invested. The Company and Ventus VCT plc are managed by Temporis.

An investee company in which Temporis Operational Renewable Energy Strategy LP has also invested. Temporis Operational Renewable Energy Strategy LP is advised by Temporis.

Iceni Renewables Limited was written off in a prior period and will be wound up in the forthcoming year.

## "D" Share Portfolio

A summary of the "D" share fund's investment valuations as at 28 February 2021 and gains and losses during the year ended 28 February 2021 is given below:

			Voting rights	Investment value			Investment cost			Unrealised	Investment value	Investment cost
				Shares	Loans	Total	Shares	Loans	Total	gain/(loss)	Total	Total
										in the year		
			as at	as at	as at	as at	as at	as at	as at	to	as at	as at
			28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	29	29
			February	February	February	February	February	February	February	February	February	February
			2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021	2020	2020
			%	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Operational wind												
Bernard Matthews Green												
Energy Halesworth Limited	1,2	Q	13.38%	947	-	947	712	-	712	118	829	712
Operational small hydro												
Darroch Power Limited	1	Q	25.50%	1,614	332	1,946	319	301	620	748	1,222	644
Upper Falloch Power												
Limited	1	Q	29.58%	364	192	556	185	175	360	(28)	598	374
Total				2,925	524	3,449	1,216	476	1,692	838	2,649	1,730

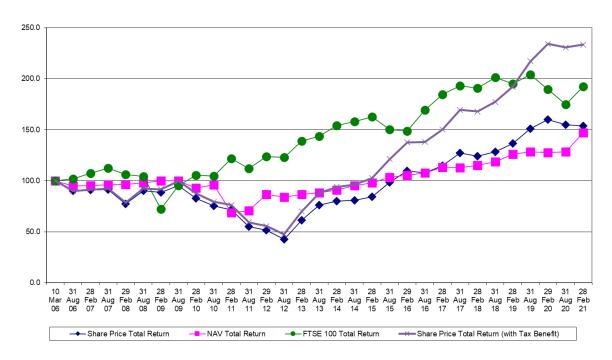
**Q** Investment complies with VCT regulations on qualifying holdings.

An investee company in which Ventus VCT plc has also invested. The Company and Ventus VCT plc are managed by Temporis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An investee company in which Temporis Operational Renewable Energy Strategy LP has also invested. Temporis Operational Renewable Energy Strategy LP is advised by Temporis.

## **Total Shareholder Return on Ordinary Shares**

Ventus 2 VCT plc - ordinary shares



The graph demonstrates the change in value, in terms of Share Price Total Return<sup>1</sup> and NAV Total Return<sup>2</sup>, based on £100 invested in ordinary shares on the date they were listed on the London Stock Exchange (10 March 2006) over the period to 28 February 2021 compared with the total return attributable to £100 invested in companies comprising the FTSE 100 Index over the same period. For illustration purposes, a Share Price Total Return (with Recurring Tax Benefit)<sup>3</sup> is also presented.

The graph shows there was an increase in shareholder return based on NAV, which is representative of the upward revaluation in investments, the revenue earned and dividends paid.

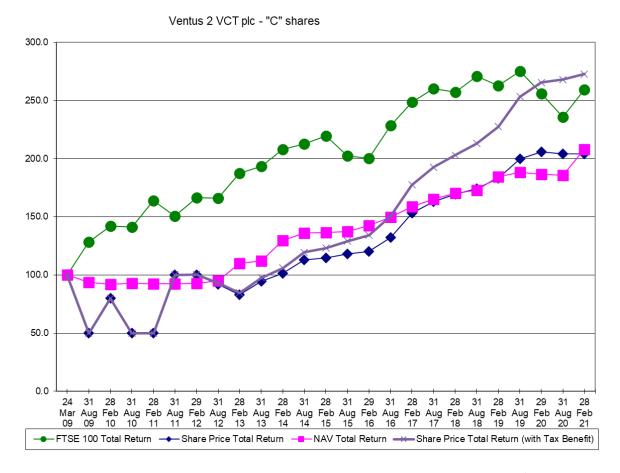
The ordinary share fund's Share Price Total Return and NAV Total Return presented in the graph do not include the effects of VCT tax relief or income tax and capital gains tax exemptions from which VCT shareholders may benefit. Assuming an investor had benefitted from the initial income tax relief of 40% which was available to investors in the tax years in which the initial offer for ordinary shares was made, the Share Price Total Return of the ordinary share fund would be 256%. Also, this analysis does not include the effect of the additional benefits of income tax-free dividends or capital gains tax exemptions which are available to VCT investors, nor does it include the tax benefits received by shareholders who participated in the linked tender offer and ordinary share offer in 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Share Price Total Return is the return attributable to the share price of the ordinary shares held assuming that dividends paid in respect of those shares were immediately reinvested in shares at the market price as at the date the dividends were paid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> NAV Total Return is the NAV of the ordinary shares held plus the cumulative dividends paid on those shares over the period in which they were held.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Share Price Total Return (with Recurring Tax Benefit) demonstrates the total return if the annual dividend was grossed-up (assuming a tax rate of 35% for illustrative purposes) and reinvested in the shares at the market price as at the date the dividends were paid. This does not include the initial tax relief available for investing in VCTs.

#### Total Shareholder Return on "C" Shares



The graph demonstrates the change in value, in terms of Share Price Total Return<sup>1</sup> and NAV Total Return<sup>2</sup>, based on £100 invested in "C" shares on the date they were listed on the London Stock Exchange (24 March 2009) over the period to 28 February 2021 compared with the total return attributable to £100 invested in companies comprising the FTSE 100 Index over the same period. For illustration purposes, a Share Price Total Return (with Recurring Tax Benefit)<sup>3</sup> is also presented.

The graph shows that there was an increase in shareholder return based on NAV during the year, which is representative of the increase in the value of the investments, the revenue earned and dividends paid.

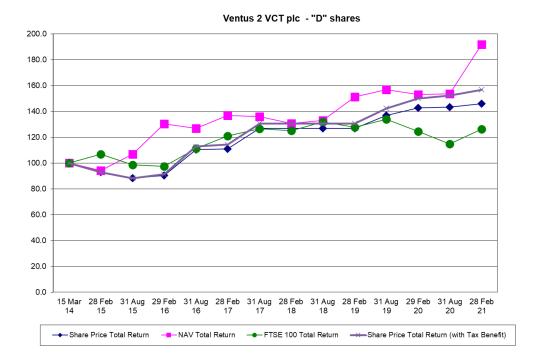
The "C" share fund's Share Price Total Return and NAV Total Return presented in the graph do not include the effects of VCT tax relief or income tax and capital gains tax exemptions from which VCT shareholders may benefit. Assuming an investor had benefitted from the initial income tax relief of 30% which was available to investors in the tax years in which the initial offer for "C" shares was made, the Share Price Total Return of the "C" share fund would be 292%. Also, this analysis does not include the effect of the additional benefits of income tax-free dividends or capital gains tax exemptions which are available to VCT investors.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Share Price Total Return is the return attributable to the share price of the ordinary shares held assuming that dividends paid in respect of those shares were immediately reinvested in shares at the market price as at the date the dividends were paid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> NAV Total Return is the NAV of the ordinary shares held plus the cumulative dividends paid on those shares over the period in which they were held.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Share Price Total Return (with Recurring Tax Benefit) demonstrates the total return if the annual dividend was grossed-up (assuming a tax rate of 35% for illustrative purposes) and reinvested in the shares at the market price as at the date the dividends were paid. This does not include the initial tax relief available for investing in VCTs.

#### Total Shareholder Return on "D" Shares



The graph demonstrates the change in value, in terms of Share Price Total Return<sup>1</sup> and NAV Total Return<sup>2</sup>, based on £100 invested in "D" shares on the date they were first listed on the London Stock Exchange (15 March 2014) over the period to 28 February 2021 compared with the total return attributable to £100 invested in companies comprising the FTSE 100 Index over the same period. For illustration purposes, a Share Price Total Return (with Recurring Tax Benefit)<sup>3</sup> is also presented.

The graph shows that there was an increase in shareholder return based on NAV during the year, which is representative of the increase in value of the investments, the revenue earned and dividends paid.

The "D" share fund's Share Price Total Return and NAV Total Return presented in the graph do not include the effects of VCT tax relief or income tax and capital gains tax exemptions from which VCT shareholders may benefit. Assuming an investor had benefitted from the initial income tax relief of 30% which was available to investors in the tax years in which the initial offer for "D" shares was made, the Share Price Total Return of the "D" share fund would be 209%. Also, this analysis does not include the effect of the additional benefits of income tax-free dividends or capital gains tax exemptions which are available to VCT investors.

**Temporis Capital Limited** Investment Manager 18 June 2021

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Share Price Total Return is the return attributable to the share price of the ordinary shares held assuming that dividends paid in respect of those shares were immediately reinvested in shares at the market price as at the date the dividends were paid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> NAV Total Return is the NAV of the ordinary shares held plus the cumulative dividends paid on those shares over the period in which they were held.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Share Price Total Return (with Recurring Tax Benefit) demonstrates the total return if the annual dividend was grossed-up (assuming a tax rate of 35% for illustrative purposes) and reinvested in the shares at the market price as at the date the dividends were paid. This does not include the initial tax relief available for investing in VCTs.

## **Directors' Report**

The Directors present their Annual Report and the audited Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2021 incorporating the Corporate Governance Statement on pages 38 to 43.

## NAV, Results and Dividends - Ordinary Shares

The results, NAV and dividend information for the ordinary shares are set out in the Chairman's Statement, the Financial Performance Report and in the detailed Financial Statements below.

## NAV, Results and Dividends - "C" Shares

The results, NAV and dividend information for the "C" shares are set out in the Chairman's Statement, the Financial Performance Report and in the detailed Financial Statements below.

#### NAV, Results and Dividends - "D" Shares

The results, NAV and dividend information for the "D" shares are set out in the Chairman's Statement, the Financial Performance Report and in the detailed Financial Statements below.

## **Going Concern**

On 19 May 2021, the shareholders voted in favour of a resolution that the Company should sell its assets and discontinue as a venture capital trust. The Directors will proceed with an orderly sale of the Company's assets which they anticipate will take between 6 and 9 months to complete, although the timetable is subject to change and unforeseen events. The majority of the net cash proceeds from the sale will be distributed to shareholders as a dividend after the sale. Once the sale process is complete a circular will be sent by the Company to all shareholders containing notice of a general meeting at which a resolution will be proposed to wind up the Company through members voluntary liquidation (MVL). The Directors have a reasonable expectation that a final distribution of the Company's assets will be made to shareholders within one to two months of the Company being placed into MVL, although the timetable is subject to change and unforeseen events. Given the decision to sell the Company's assets and discontinue as a venture capital trust, the financial statements have been prepared on a non-going concern basis. This has had no significant impact on the financial statements because the disposal of the Company's assets is expected to be completed in an orderly manner and the estimated costs of winding up the Company are immaterial.

#### Statement on Longer-term Viability

## Period of Assessment

Notwithstanding the shareholders' approval of the proposal to sell the Company's assets and discontinue as a venture capital trust as discussed above, the Directors have assessed the prospects of the Company over the five-year period from the date of this report. The Directors believe this period to be appropriate because, unless wound up or re-organised sooner, at every fifth annual general meeting (as required under the Articles) the Directors are required to put forward an ordinary resolution that the Company shall continue as a venture capital trust. The Directors believe that any forecast beyond five years would be too uncertain to be meaningful.

## Risk Assessment

The Directors have conducted a regular robust review of the principal and emerging risks facing the Company. The Company maintains a Risk Register which is used to document the key risks considered to be pertinent to the Company and includes an assessment of the likelihood of certain events, their potential impact and the mitigating conditions which have been put in place to manage the impact of these events. The key risks which may impact the Company's business are set out in the Strategic Report.

#### Statement of Longer-term Viability

Having reviewed the Company's five-year cash flow forecast (details of indicative returns from which were set out in the circular issued to shareholders on 13 April 2021) the Directors have a reasonable expectation that over a period of five years, if necessary and if the assets are not disposed of and the Company is not wound up sooner than anticipated, the Company has adequate resources to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due.

#### **Directors**

The Directors of the Company during the year under review were Lloyd Chamberlain, Jane Tozer and Christopher Zeal. Biographical information on the Directors is shown on page 44. The terms of the Directors' appointment and replacement are set out in the Corporate Governance Statement. In accordance with the AIC Code all Directors will retire at every AGM of the Company, and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election. As all Directors have acted in the interest of the Company throughout the period of their appointment and demonstrated commitment to their roles, the Board recommends they be re-elected at the AGM. The Company has in place directors' and officers' liability insurance.

## **Share capital**

#### Authorised Share Capital

At 28 February 2021, the Company had authorised share capital of £22,500,000 in total which was represented by 50 million ordinary shares of 25p, 20 million "C" shares of 25p each and 20 million "D" shares of 25p each being 56%, 22% and 22% of the Company's authorised share capital respectively.

## Allotted, Called and Fully Paid Up Shares

As at 28 February 2021, the Company had allotted, called and fully paid up shares in three share funds, of which 24,392,655 shares were ordinary shares of 25p each, 11,329,107 were "C" shares of 25p each and 1,990,767 were in "D" shares of 25p each. These shares represented 65%, 30% and 5% of the Company's issued share capital respectively. The Company holds 45,900 "C" shares in treasury.

## Authority to Allot Shares and Disapplication of Pre-emption Rights

The Board is not seeking authority to allot shares or disapply pre-emption rights.

#### Authority to Repurchase Shares

At the AGM on 22 July 2021 the Board will seek authority for the Company to repurchase up to 14.99% of its issued Ordinary share capital, 14.99% of its issued C share capital and 14.99% of its issued D share capital.

#### Rights and Restrictions Attaching to Shares and Powers of the Board of Directors

As set out in the Company's Articles of Association, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 and to any special rights conferred on the holders of any other shares, any share may be issued with or have attached to it such rights and restrictions as the Company may by ordinary resolution decide or, if no such resolution has been passed or so far as the resolution does not make specific provision, as the Board may decide. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Board of Directors which may exercise all the powers of the Company, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006, the Memorandum of Association of the Company, the Company's Articles of Association and any special resolution of the Company. Copies of the Articles of Association can be obtained from Companies House in the UK or by writing to the Company Secretary.

#### **CREST**

The Company's shares are available for trading in CREST, the settlement system for uncertified stocks and shares.

#### Substantial Interests

As at 28 February 2021 and the date of this report, the Company was aware of the following shareholders that held beneficial interests and voting rights exceeding 3% of the voting rights attached to the Company's share capital:

Percentage of shares held as at				
February 2021	18 June 2021			
5.77%	5.60%			
4.01%	4.01%			
3.95%	3.96%			
3.35%	3.35%			
	5.77% 4.01% 3.95%			

The Company was not aware of any other beneficial interest exceeding 3% of the voting rights attached to the Company's share capital.

#### **Financial instruments**

The Company's financial instruments comprise investments in unquoted companies and cash, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables. Further details, including details about risk management, are set out in note 16 of the Financial Statements.

#### **Events after the Year End**

Significant events which have occurred after the year end are detailed in note 15 of the Financial Statements.

#### **Accountability and Audit**

The statement of directors' responsibilities is set out on page 45 of this report. The Directors who were in office on the date of approval of these Financial Statements have confirmed that, as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Auditor is unaware. Each of the Directors has confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the Auditor.

#### Auditor

A resolution to re-appoint BDO LLP as the Auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

## **Streamlined Energy & Carbon Reporting (SECR)**

The Company does not consume more than 40,000 kWh of energy in a reporting period and is therefore exempt from reporting under the regulations.

## **Annual General Meeting**

Enclosed with this Annual Report and Financial Statements on page 88 is the Notice of AGM of the Company (or any adjournment thereof) to be convened for 22 July 2021 at 12.15pm (the "Notice"). A copy of the Notice is set out at the end of this report. A Form of Proxy for use in connection with the AGM has been issued with this report. Details of the format are included in the Chairman's Statement. Further information in relation to the procedure, including voting and shareholder engagement can be found in the Notice itself.

#### Action to be Taken

Shareholders have been issued with a Form of Proxy for use in connection with the AGM. Shareholders are strongly encouraged to register their votes by proxy, either by returning the Form of Proxy in accordance with the instructions printed on it to the Company's Registrar, The City Partnership UK Limited, Suite 2 Park Valley House, Park Valley Mills, Meltham Road, Huddersfield, HD4 7BH not less than 48 hours before the time of the AGM (excluding any time which is not part of a working day) or by voting online through the Hub website: https://proxy-ventus.cpip.io

Shareholders will not have the opportunity to attend or vote in person at the AGM, as this will be a closed virtual meeting where only two director shareholders will be virtually present.

#### Recommendation

The Directors believe that all of the resolutions are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole and, accordingly, unanimously recommend that you vote in favour of the resolutions, as they intend to do in respect of their own beneficial holdings of shares.

By order of the Board

The City Partnership (UK) Limited
Secretary

18 June 2021

## **Directors' Remuneration Report**

#### Statement by the Chairman

This Directors' Remuneration Report has been prepared by the Directors in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. This Directors' Remuneration Report includes the Directors' Remuneration Policy Report and the Directors' Annual Report on Remuneration. Changes in legislation, which became effective in the first financial year ended on or after 1 October 2013, require that quoted companies may only pay remuneration to Directors in accordance with a remuneration policy which has been approved by shareholders.

Details of the Company's Directors' Remuneration Policy are shown below together with an explanation of changes made to fees during the year and the reason for the changes.

Under the Companies Act 2006, certain disclosures provided in this report are required to be audited. Where disclosures have been audited, they have been indicated as such.

## **Directors' Remuneration Policy Report**

The Board currently comprises three Directors, all of whom are non-executive. The Board does not have a separate Remuneration Committee as the Company has no employees, other than the non-executive Directors.

The Board considers that Directors' fees should reflect the time commitment required and the high level of responsibility borne by Directors and should be broadly comparable to those paid by similar companies. It is not considered appropriate that Directors' remuneration should be performance-related, and none of the Directors are eligible for bonuses, pension benefits, share options, long-term incentive schemes or other benefits in respect of their services as non-executive Directors of the Company. The Board considers that the level of remuneration should be sufficient to attract and retain Directors of appropriate experience to oversee the Company and should be adjusted, appropriately, for the level of work and responsibility required as well as for inflation.

The total remuneration of non-executive Directors should not exceed the £100,000 per annum limit set out in the Articles of Association of the Company which may not be changed without seeking shareholder approval at a general meeting.

No Director has a contract of service with the Company. All of the Directors have been provided with letters of appointment. The Articles of Association provide that Directors shall retire and offer themselves for re-election at the first AGM after their appointment and at least every three years thereafter. A Director's appointment will continue unless terminated by the Company by giving three months' written notice. A Director's appointment may also be terminated in certain other circumstances.

The date of appointment of each Director and the AGM at which he is expected to next stand for reelection is set out below:

	Date of appointment	Due date of re- election
Lloyd Chamberlain (Chairman)	1 October 2019	AGM 2021
Jane Tozer	8 August 2019	AGM 2021
Christopher Zeal	1 October 2019	AGM 2021

It is anticipated that the Company's assets will be sold and the Company will discontinue as a venture capital trust during the forthcoming year in response to the resolution which was passed at the general meeting held on 19 May 2021. However, based on the current level of fees, which came into effect on 8 August 2019, the Directors' remuneration for the forthcoming financial year would be as follows:

	Year ending 28 February 2022
	£
Lloyd Chamberlain (Chairman)	30,000
Jane Tozer	27,500
Christopher Zeal	25,000
Total	82,500

The Board will consider the level of Directors' fees at least annually. Any changes to be made to Directors' remuneration during this period will be made in accordance with the policy stated above. Directors' remuneration must be made in accordance with the approved policy unless approved by a separate shareholder resolution. The Directors' Remuneration Policy was approved by the shareholders at the AGM on 20 August 2020 and will remain in place until 28 February 2023.

## **Directors' Annual Report on Remuneration**

During the financial year ended 28 February 2021, the Board resolved that it was appropriate to maintain the Directors' fees at the same level as that which was effective from 1 September 2013 except Director's fee payable to Jane Tozer, as Senior Independent Director and Chair of the Audit Committee, were set at £27,500 per annum from her appointment on 8 August 2019.

#### **Directors' Fees (Audited Information)**

The following fees were paid to individual Directors in respect of the year ended 28 February 2021. The fees were paid in accordance with the Directors' Remuneration Policy. Comparative figures for the year ended 29 February 2020 are also presented.

Fixed Remuneration	Year ended 28 February 2021 £	Year ended 29 February 2020 £	Annual % change in Remuneration
1 ixed ixemuneration			
Alan Moore (retired as Chairman and from the Board 31 December 2019)	-	24,451	N/a
Colin Wood (retired 8 August 2019)	-	10,963	N/a
Paul Thomas (removed 8 August 2019)	-	10,963	N/a
Jane Tozer (appointed 8 August 2019)	27,500	15,553	+76.8%
Lloyd Chamberlain (appointed to the Board 1 October 2019, appointed Chairman 1 January 2020)	30,000	11,844	+153.3%
Christopher Zeal (appointed 1 October 2019)	25,000	10,417	140.0%
Total	82,500	84,191	-2.0%

None of the Directors received any other remuneration during the year.

The table below shows aggregate Directors' remuneration, aggregate shareholder dividends paid and aggregate amounts paid to buy back the Company's own shares in the current and prior financial years:

			<del></del>
	Year ended	Year ended	
	28 February	29 February	
	2021	2020	
	£	£	% Change
Aggregate Directors' remuneration	82,500	84,191	(2.0%)
Aggregate shareholder dividends paid	2,221,000	2,579,000	(13.8%)
Aggregate amounts paid to buy back the			
Company's own shares	-	-	n/a

## **Directors' Shareholding (Audited Information)**

The Directors who held office during the year held the following interests in the Company:

	As at					
	28	28	28	29	29	29
	February	February	February	February	February	February
	2021	2021	2021	2020	2020	2020
	£	£	£	£	£	£
	Ordinary	"C"	"D"	Ordinary	"C"	"D"
	shares	shares	shares	shares	shares	shares
Lloyd Chamberlain						
(Chairman)	774,695	323,875	nil	774,695	323,875	nil
Jane Tozer	nil	nil	nil	nil	nil	nil
Christopher Zeal	nil	nil	nil	nil	nil	nil
Alan Moore	n/a	n/a	n/a	28,579	10,400	7,525
Colin Wood	n/a	n/a	n/a	26,194	5,200	nil
Paul Thomas	n/a	n/a	n/a	10,090	5,200	5,000

There have been no changes in the beneficial interests of the Directors between 28 February 2021 and the date of this report.

## **Company Performance**

Due to the positioning of the Company in the market as a specialist VCT investing in companies that has developed, constructed and will operate small on-shore UK renewable energy projects, the Directors consider that there is no suitable company or index that can be identified for comparison over the period since the date the Company's shares were first issued. However, in order to comply with the Directors' Remuneration Report Regulations 2013, the FTSE 100 Index has been used as a comparative. The total return analysis is included in the Investment Manager's Report.

## Voting on the Directors' Remuneration Policy and Directors' Remuneration Report at AGMs

At the AGM held on 20 August 2020, the shareholders approved the Directors' Remuneration Report in respect of the year ended 29 February 2020. Votes representing 4,624,856 shares (97.3%) were voted in favour of the resolution, votes representing 130,430 shares (2.7%) were against, and votes representing 141,830 shares were withheld. At the AGM held on 20 August 2020 shareholders last approved the Directors' Remuneration Policy. Votes representing 4,606,580 shares (97.1%) were in favour of the resolution, votes representing 135,547 shares (2.9%) were against, and votes representing 154,989 were withheld.

An ordinary resolution to approve this Directors' Remuneration Report will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

On behalf of the Board

Lloyd Chamberlain

Chairman 18 June 2021

## **Corporate Governance Statement**

The Board of Ventus 2 VCT plc has considered the principles and recommendations of the AIC Code of Corporate Governance published in July 2018 ("AIC Code") by reference to the AIC Corporate Governance Guide for Investment Companies ("AIC Guide"). The AIC Code, as explained by the AIC Guide, addresses all the principles set out in the UK Corporate Governance Code (the "Code"), as well as setting out additional principles and recommendations on issues that are of specific relevance to member companies of the AIC.

The Board considers that reporting against the principles and recommendations of the AIC Code, and by reference to the AIC Guide (which incorporates the Code), will provide better information to shareholders. The Company has complied with the recommendations of the AIC Code and the relevant provisions of the Code, except as set out below.

The Code includes provisions relating to:

- > the role of the chief executive;
- > executive directors' remuneration; and
- > remuneration committee.

For the reasons set out in the AIC Guide, and as explained in the Code, the Board considers these provisions are not relevant to the position of the Company, being an externally managed investment company with a small non-executive Board. In particular, all of the Company's day-to-day management and administrative functions are outsourced to third parties. As a result, the Company has no executive directors, employees or internal operations. The Company has therefore not reported further in respect of these provisions.

## **Board of Directors**

At the year ended 28 February 2021 the Board consisted of three Directors, all of whom are non-executive. The Board rightly ensures that it has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, length of service and knowledge of the Company amongst its Directors, including from shareholders. Biographical information on the Directors is shown in the Directors' Information on page 44.

#### Independence

The Board has reviewed the independence of each Director and of the Board as a whole. The Board believes that each Director continues to demonstrate independence of character and judgement, their skills and experience add significantly to the strength of the Board. The Board is of the view that length of service will not necessarily compromise the independence or contribution of Directors of a venture capital trust, where continuity and experience can be of significant benefit to the Company and its shareholders. The Board agrees with the view expressed in the AIC Code that long serving directors should not be prevented from being considered independent, in accordance with corporate governance best practice all Directors will offer themselves for re-election on an annual basis at each AGM.

### **Directors' Responsibilities**

The Board meets at least quarterly and is in regular contact with the Investment Manager between these meetings. There were 10 meetings of the Board and four meetings of the Audit Committee held during the year and the attendance of the Directors is shown in the table below:

		Board meetings	Au	dit committee meetings
	Held	Attended	Held	Attended
Lloyd Chamberlain	10	10	4	4
Jane Tozer	10	10	4	4
Christopher Zeal	10	10	4	4

The Directors also held two strategy meetings with the Investment Manager during the year. In addition, the Board regularly convenes through teleconference to manage specific issues.

All the Directors are equally responsible under the law for the proper conduct of the Company's affairs. In addition, the Directors are responsible for ensuring that the policies and operations are in the best interests of all the Company's shareholders and that the best interests of creditors and suppliers to the Company are properly considered. The Board has a formal schedule of matters specifically reserved to it for decision, to ensure that it has firm direction and control of the Company. The schedule of matters reserved to it includes the general investment strategy of the Company and the performance of the Company. All Directors have direct access to the Company Secretary and independent advisers at the Company's expense provided prior clearance has been obtained from the Board. The Company Secretary is responsible to the Board for ensuring that Board and Committee procedures are followed and for compliance with applicable statutory rules and regulations and for ensuring the timely delivery of information.

When Directors have concerns that cannot be resolved about the running of the Company or a proposed action, they are asked to ensure that their concerns are recorded in the Board minutes. On resignation, a Director who has any such concerns is encouraged to provide a written statement to the Chairman, for circulation to the Board. The terms and conditions of appointment of non-executive Directors are available upon written application to the Company Secretary. Directors appointed by the Board to fill a vacancy are required to submit to election at the next AGM by separate resolution. The Company may by ordinary resolution appoint any person who is willing to act as a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director. Upon joining the Board, new Directors will receive a full, formal and tailored induction. As the Company has no major shareholders, it is considered unnecessary to provide shareholders with the opportunity to meet new non-executive Directors at a specific meeting other than the AGM. The Company may by ordinary resolution remove any Director before his period of office has expired. All Directors are subject to annual re-election as described previously.

The performance of the Board, Audit Committee and individual Directors has been evaluated through an assessment process led by the Chairman. The assessment process included consideration of performance monitoring and evaluation, strategy and corporate issues, shareholder value and communications and governance.

## **Report from the Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee comprises Jane Tozer, Lloyd Chamberlain and Christopher Zeal. The Board is satisfied that the Audit committee as a whole has competence relevant to the venture capital trust sector and the requisite skills and experience to fulfil the responsibilities of the audit committee and that the chair of the Audit committee meets the requirements of the AlC Code as to recent and relevant financial experience. The Board considers that Lloyd Chamberlain was independent on appointment and is still an independent director and as the Board is small in number and all Directors are non-executive all Directors, including the Chairman of the Company, are therefore members of the Audit Committee. The Committee meets at least twice a year to review the audit plan, the Half-yearly Report and Annual Financial Statements before submission to the Board. The roles and responsibilities of the Audit Committee, including reviewing the Company's internal controls, risk management systems and monitoring auditor independence, are set out in written terms of reference and are available on the Company's website www.ventusvct.com and are also available upon written

application to the Company Secretary. The Audit Committee has primary responsibility for making recommendations on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external Auditor. The Audit Committee met three times this year and the Audit Committee Chairman also held private discussions with the external auditor without the Investment Manager present. After each meeting, the Chairman reports to the Board on the matters discussed, on recommendations and actions to be taken.

During the year ended 28 February 2021 the Audit Committee considered, monitored and reviewed:

- > all financial statements released by the Company (including the Annual and Halfyearly Financial Report);
- > the Company's accounting policies;
- > the effectiveness of the system of internal controls and risk management; no significant weaknesses were identified in the year under review;
- > the external Auditor's plan and fees;
- > a report from the external Auditor following its detailed audit work, and discussed key issues arising from that work;
- > its own terms of reference; and
- > the internal audit plan and the recommendations of the internal Auditor.

The key areas of risk identified by the Audit Committee in relation to the business activities and financial statements of the Company are:

- > compliance with HM Revenue & Customs to maintain the Company's VCT status;
- > valuation of investments; and
- > revenue recognition and recoverability.

These matters are monitored regularly by the Investment Manager and reviewed by the Board at every Board meeting. They were also discussed with the Investment Manager and the Auditor at the Audit Committee meeting held to discuss the annual financial statements.

The Audit Committee concluded:

VCT Status – the Investment Manager confirmed to the Audit Committee that the conditions for maintaining the Company's status had been complied with throughout the year. The Company's VCT status was also reviewed by the Company's adviser, Philip Hare & Associates LLP.

Valuation of unquoted investments – the Investment Manager confirmed to the Audit Committee that the basis of valuation for unquoted investments was consistent with the prior year and in accordance with published industry guidelines, taking account of the latest available information about investee companies and current market data. A comprehensive report on the valuation of investments is presented and discussed at Board meetings; Directors are also consulted about material changes to those valuations between Board meetings.

Revenue recognition and recoverability – the Audit Committee considered the revenue recognised during the year and the revenue receivable by the Company at the year end and is satisfied that they are appropriately accounted for.

The Investment Manager and the Auditor confirmed to the Audit Committee that they were not aware of any unadjusted material misstatements. Having reviewed the reports received from the Investment Manager and the Auditor, the Audit Committee is satisfied that the key areas of risk and judgement have been properly addressed in the financial statements and that the significant assumptions used in determining the value of assets and liabilities have been properly appraised and are sufficiently robust. The Audit Committee has managed the relationship with the external Auditor and assessed

the effectiveness of the audit process. When assessing the effectiveness of the process for the year under review the Audit Committee considered the Auditor's technical knowledge and that it has a clear understanding of the business of the Company; that the audit team is appropriately resourced; that the Auditor provided a clear explanation of the scope and strategy of the audit and that the Auditor maintained independence and objectivity. As part of the review of Auditor effectiveness and independence, BDO LLP ("BDO") has confirmed that it is independent of the Company and has complied with professional accounting standards. BDO, has held office as Auditor since being appointed on 1 July 2009. In accordance with professional guidelines the engagement partner is rotated after at most five years and the current partner started working with the Company in the financial year ended 28 February 2019.

In accordance with prohibited non-audit services as listed in Article 5 (1) of the EU Audit Regulation BDO no longer provide non-audit services to the Company.

Under the EU Audit Regulation, there is a requirement that an audit tender process be carried out every ten years and mandatory rotation at least every twenty years. As a result, the Company undertook an audit tender for the year ending 29 February 2020. The result of the tender was that, on the recommendation of the Committee and taking discussions held with the engagement Partner at BDO into consideration, the Board took the decision to reappoint BDO. A resolution to re-appoint BDO as auditor will be presented for shareholder approval at the upcoming AGM.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee comprises Lloyd Chamberlain, Jane Tozer and Christopher Zeal. The Chairman of the Board acts as Chairman of the Nomination Committee. The Nomination Committee has considered the recommendations of the Code concerning gender diversity and welcomes initiatives aimed at increasing diversity generally. The Nomination Committee believes, however, that all appointments should be made on merit rather than positive discrimination. The Nomination Committee is clear that maintaining an appropriate balance round the board table through a diverse mix of skills, experience, knowledge and background is of paramount importance and gender diversity is a significant element of this. Any search for new Board candidates will be conducted and appointments made on merit, against objective selection criteria having due regard, among other things, to the benefits of diversity on the Board, including gender. The changes to the composition of the Board during the year were made to address views expressed by shareholders at the time of the AGM, the Board believe the new arrangement provides an excellent balance of director skills and experience.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

To date no Remuneration Committee has been established. Where a VCT has no executive directors, the Code principles relating to directors' remuneration do not apply and as such no Remuneration Committee has been appointed. Matters relating to remuneration of Directors, all of whom are non-executive, are considered by the Board and any Director is excluded from meetings whose purpose is the setting of his own remuneration.

#### **Internal Control**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the Company's risk management and system of internal control and for reviewing their effectiveness. Internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board has an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Company. The Board has delegated, contractually to third parties, the investment management, the custodial services (which include safeguarding the Company's assets), the day-to-day accounting, company secretarial and administration requirements and the registration services. Each of these contracts was entered into after full and proper consideration by the Board of the quality and cost of services offered.

In April 2012, the Company appointed Roffe Swayne, an independent external party, to undertake an internal audit of the processes and procedures in place at the Investment Manager. Roffe Swayne tests the satisfactory operation of internal controls for the Company and reports to the Audit Committee. Roffe Swayne has reported to the Audit Committee during the financial year that key controls tested included tax mitigation and compliance, statutory reporting and the control environment are effectively and efficiently designed and operate to mitigate the risks associated with them. The Board will continue to monitor and review the risk management process on a regular basis.

The Company has a clearly defined investment policy and process. Investment decisions are made by the Investment Manager, after approval has been received from the Investment Committee of the Investment Manager. In certain circumstances investment decisions are referred to the Board for approval after due consideration of the recommendations of the Investment Committee of the Investment Manager. The Board performs regular reviews of the Company's performance in respect of the investments and other assets, liabilities, revenue and expenditure.

The Audit Committee reviews each of the Company's Half-yearly and Annual Reports and associated announcements. The Audit Committee regularly reviews management accounts information to make comparisons to budget. The Audit Committee also regularly reviews the internal controls adopted and implements appropriate policies to deal with operational risks. The findings of the external Auditor in respect of internal controls and financial reporting are discussed at Audit Committee meetings and appropriate recommendations are made to the Board.

The principal features of the internal control systems which the Investment Manager has in place in respect of the Company's financial reporting include:

- > authorisation limits over expenditure incurred by the Company;
- > segregation of duties between the analysis of investment valuations, review of the assumptions made in valuing investments and the recording of these valuations in the accounting records;
- > bank reconciliations are carried out on a regular basis; and
- > review by the Audit Committee of financial information prior to its publication.

#### **Performance of the Investment Manager**

The primary focus of regular Board meetings is to review the investment performance against the Company's stated investment policy and objectives. In doing so, the Board assesses the performance of the Investment Manager and considers whether the arrangements made between the Company and the Investment Manager are appropriate and in the interests of shareholders. The Board completed a formal assessment of the performance of the current Investment Manager and in the opinion of the Directors, the continuing appointment of Temporis as the Investment Manager is in the interests of the shareholders. However, as detailed in the Chairman's Statement in the prior year annual report and financial statements, the Board has negotiated with the Investment Manager to secure a significant reduction in the investment management fees payable by the Company. The Directors are satisfied that the Investment Manager will continue to manage the Company's investment programme in a way which will enable the Company to achieve its objectives.

### **Share Capital**

The Company has three classes of shares, ordinary, "C" shares and "D" shares, which carry no right to fixed income. Details of the Company's share capital, including the number of shares authorised and allotted, are set out in the Directors' Report. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, subject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 and to any special rights conferred on the holders of any other shares, any shares may be issued with or have attached to them such rights and restrictions as the Company may by ordinary resolutions decide or, if no such resolution has been passed or so far as the resolution does not make specific provision, as the Board may decide. The powers of the Company's Directors in relation to the Company issuing or buying back its own shares are set out in the Director's Report.

### Voting

At a general meeting of the Company, on a show of hands, every member who is present in person and entitled to vote shall have one vote and on a poll every member who is present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall have one vote for every share held.

#### **Dividends**

Any profits of each share fund which the Company may determine to distribute in respect of any financial year shall be distributed among the shareholders pro rata according to the amounts paid up or credited as paid up on the shares held.

## **Capital Entitlement**

The capital and assets of the Company on a winding-up or other return of capital shall be applied in repaying to the shareholders the amounts paid up or credited as paid up on such shares and subject thereto shall belong to and be distributed according to the number of such shares held.

#### Major Interests in the Company's shares

The identity of each of the shareholders with a significant holding as at the year end and the date of this report, including details of the size and nature of their holding, is disclosed in the Substantial Interests section of the Directors' Report. As at the year end and date of this report the Company had no immediate or ultimate controlling parties and there were no shares in issue carrying special rights with regard to control of the Company.

#### **Articles of Association**

The Company may by special resolution make amendment to the Company's Articles of Association.

#### **Relations with Shareholders**

The Company communicates with shareholders and solicits their views where it is appropriate to do so. The Procedure for the 2021 AGM is set out in the Chairman's Statement and the Notice of the AGM which is on page 88 of these accounts. The Board is also happy to respond to any written queries made by shareholders during the course of the year. Shareholders may write to the Board of Ventus 2 VCT plc at the following address: c/o The City Partnership (UK) Limited, 110 George Street, Edinburgh, EH2 4LH.

The Board as a whole approves the Chairman's Statement which forms part of the Annual and Half-yearly Financial Report to shareholders in order to ensure that they present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's position and future prospects. The Board confirms that the Annual Report and Financial Statements, taken as a whole, are fair, balanced and understandable and provide information necessary for shareholders to assess the Company's position, performance, business model and strategy. Notice of the AGM is included on page 88. A separate resolution is proposed at the AGM on each substantially separate issue. The Registrar collates the proxy votes, and the results (together with the proxy forms) are forwarded to the Company Secretary immediately prior to the AGM. In order to comply with the Code, proxy votes are announced at the AGM, following each vote on a show of hands, except in the event of a poll being called. For the 2021 AGM it is intended to call a poll for all resolutions. The notice of the next AGM can be found at the end of these Financial Statements. A proxy form in respect of this meeting has been issued to shareholders separately.

For and on behalf of the Board

**Lloyd Chamberlain** 

Chairman 18 June 2021 Z. Chul

## **Directors' Information**

The Company's Board comprises three Directors, two of whom are independent of the Investment Manager. The Directors operate in a non-executive capacity and are responsible for overseeing the investment strategy of the Company. The Directors have between them a wide experience of renewable energy and investment management in both smaller growing companies and larger quoted companies. Information about the Directors is presented below:

## Lloyd Chamberlain - Chairman

Lloyd's career in finance and business has spanned more than 20 years; most recently as the founder and managing partner of Praxient Capital LLP, an FCA and SEC regulated investment manager. He was the portfolio manager for the Panther Fund strategy (2007-2015) using detailed fundamental research to invest across both equity and debt. Previously, Lloyd was a partner and portfolio manager at Pendragon Capital LLP, managing the Pendragon Excalibur Fund (2003-2005). Lloyd has raised more than \$500m from investors, delivering significant market outperformance. He gained a first-class degree in architecture from Cambridge before working as a management consultant at Bain & Company. Lloyd has been selected for both his significant investment management experience and to bring meaningful shareholder representation to the Board. He has been a member of the Board since 1 October 2019 and Chairman of the Company since 1 January 2020.

#### **Christopher Zeal - Director**

Christopher Zeal was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on 1 October 2019. He has had a career as a financial adviser in the City spanning over 30 years, during which time he has provided advice to Boardrooms of both large and small companies across a wide range of sectors, including some 20 FTSE 100 companies. Most recently he was Managing Director at Jefferies Hoare Govett (a division of Jefferies Inc.) specialising in corporate broking and investment banking. Prior to this, he held a similar role at Citigroup. Originally, he trained and qualified as a Chartered Accountant with KPMG.

### Jane Tozer MBE OBE - Director

Jane Tozer was elected as a Director at the 2019 AGM. She is the Senior Independent Director and chairs the Audit Committee. She has held non-executive directorships in a wide range of listed and unlisted companies including John Lewis Partnership, StatPro plc, JP Morgan Income & Growth Investment Trust plc and many others. She is currently Senior Independent Director of BMO Global Smaller Companies plc and Nominet Limited, and on 1 July 2020 became Senior Independent Director of GPDF Ltd.

# Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

### **Directors' Responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the Company's financial statements in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company and of the profit or loss for the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business;
- prepare a director's report, a strategic report and director's remuneration report which comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the annual report and accounts, taken as a whole, are fair, balanced, and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the group's performance, business model and strategy.

#### **Website Publication**

The Directors are responsible for ensuring the Annual Report and the Financial Statements are made available on a website. Financial Statements are published on the Company's website in accordance with legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements, which may vary from legislation in other jurisdictions. The maintenance and integrity of the Company's website is the responsibility of the Directors. The Directors' responsibility also extends to the ongoing integrity of the Financial Statements contained therein.

The Directors confirm to the best of their knowledge:

- The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company; and
- The Annual Report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the financial position of the Company, together with a description or the principal risks and uncertainties that they face.

The names and functions of all the Directors are stated in the Directors' Information on page 44.

For and on behalf of the Board

Lloyd Chamberlain Chairman

Chairman 18 June 2021

# **Company Information**

#### **Directors**

Lloyd Chamberlain (Chairman) Jane Tozer Christopher Zeal

## **Company Secretary**

The City Partnership (UK) Limited 110 George Street Edinburgh EH2 4LH

#### Auditor

BDO LLP 55 Baker Street London W1U 7EU

### **Solicitors**

Howard Kennedy LLP No. 1 London Bridge London SE1 9BG

#### Registrars

The City Partnership (UK) Limited Suite 2 Park Valley House Park Valley Mills Meltham Road Huddersfield HD4 7BH

### **Depositary**

Ocarian Depositary (UK) Limited The Innovation Centre Northern Ireland Science Park Queen's Road Belfast BT3 9DT

## **Investment Manager and Registered Office**

Temporis Capital Limited Wellington House 125-130 Strand London WC2R 0AP

## **Principal Banker**

Barclays Bank plc 1 Churchill Place London E14 5HP

#### **VCT Taxation Adviser**

Philip Hare & Associates LLP Suite C- First Floor 4-6 Staple Inn London WC1V 7QH

#### **Broker**

Panmure Gordon (UK) Limited One New Change London EC4M 9AF

#### **Internal Auditor**

Roffe Swayne Ashcombe Court Godalming Surrey GU7 1LQ

### Website

www.ventusvct.com

# Independent auditor's report to the members of Ventus 2 VCT plc

## Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 28 February 2021 and of the Company's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements of Ventus 2 VCT plc (the 'Company') for the year ended 28 February 2021 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs

(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit opinion is consistent with the additional report to the audit committee.

#### Independence

Following the recommendation of the audit committee, we were appointed by the Board of Directors on 1 July 2009 to audit the financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2010 and subsequent financial periods. In respect of the year ended 28 February 2021 we were reappointed as auditor by the members of the Company at the annual general meeting held on 20 August 2020.

The period of total uninterrupted engagement including retenders and reappointments is 12 years, covering the years ending 28 February 2010 to 28 February 2021. We remain independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard as applied to listed public interest entities, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. The non-audit services prohibited by that standard were not provided to the Company.

## Emphasis of matter - financial statements prepared on a basis other than going concern

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements which explains that the directors intend to wind up the company and therefore do not consider the company to be a going concern. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than that of going concern as described in Note 1. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

In relation to the Company's reporting on how it has applied the UK Corporate Governance Code, we have nothing material to add or draw attention to in relation to the Directors' statement in the financial statements about whether the Directors considered it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Overview

Key audit matters	Valuation of investments	2021 Yes	2020 Yes
Materiality	£0.88m (2020: £0.75m) based on 2% assets	(2020: 2%)	of total

#### An overview of the scope of our audit

Our Company audit was scoped by obtaining an understanding of the Company and its environment, including the Company's system of internal control, and assessing the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. We also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including assessing whether there was evidence of bias by the Directors that may have represented a risk of material misstatement.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) that we identified, including those which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit, and directing the efforts of the engagement team. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit mat	ter	How the scope of our audit addressed the key audit matter				
Valuation of investments (note 1 and note 9)	There is a high level of judgement and estimation uncertainty involved in determining the unquoted investment valuations.	In respect of the all equity investments valued using discounted cash flow models, we performed the following specific procedures:				
	The risk is heightened as the Investment Manager is responsible for valuing the investments for the financial statements, and the investment management fee is based upon that calculation.	<ul> <li>With the use of our internal valuation experts, where relevant, we challenged the appropriateness of the selection and application of key assumptions in the model including the discount factor, inflation, power prices and energy yield life including benchmarking these to available industry data;</li> <li>We analysed changes in significant assumptions compared with the</li> </ul>				

- valuation models audited in the previous year and vouched these to a mixture of independent and internal BDO valuation team's sources:
- Agreed power price forecasts to independent energy consultants reports;
- Used computer assisted auditing techniques and spreadsheet analysis tools to assess the integrity of the valuation models and agreed changes to input with relevant supporting documents;
- Considered the accuracy of forecasting by comparing previous forecasts to actual results.

For all mezzanine loan investments we performed the following:

- Vouched to loan agreements and verified the terms of the loan;
- Considered the carrying value of the loan with regard to the total value of the investments.

For each of the key assumptions in the valuation models, we considered the appropriateness of the assumption and whether alternative reasonable assumptions could have been applied. We considered each assumption in isolation as well as in conjunction with other assumptions and the valuation as a whole. Where appropriate, we sensitised the valuations where other reasonable alternative assumptions could have been applied.

## Key observations:

Based on the procedures performed we consider the judgements and estimates made in the valuation of the portfolio of investments to be appropriate.

#### Our application of materiality

We apply the concept of materiality both in planning and performing our audit, and in evaluating the effect of misstatements. We consider materiality to be the magnitude by which misstatements, including omissions, could influence the economic decisions of reasonable users that are taken on the basis of the financial statements.

In order to reduce to an appropriately low level the probability that any misstatements exceed materiality, we use a lower materiality level, performance materiality, to determine the extent of testing needed. Importantly, misstatements below these levels will not necessarily be evaluated as immaterial as we also take account of the nature of identified misstatements, and the particular circumstances of their occurrence, when evaluating their effect on the financial statements as a whole.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole and performance materiality as follows:

	Company financial statements					
	2021	2020				
	£m	£m				
Materiality	0.88	0.75				
Basis for determining materiality	2% of total assets					
Rationale for the benchmark applied	As a venture capital trust, the total asset value is the key measure of performance.					
Performance materiality	0.66	0.56				
Basis for determining performance materiality	Performance materiality we total materiality. The materiality applied was considered a number of expected total value of misstatements and the level year.	level of performance s set after having factors including the of known and likely				

#### Specific materiality

We also determined that for items impacting revenue return, a misstatement of less than materiality for the financial statements as a whole, specific materiality, could influence the economic decisions of users. As a result, we determined materiality for these items to be £125,000 (2020: 205,000) based on 10% (2020: 10%) of net revenue returns before tax. We further applied a performance materiality level of 75% (2020: 75%) of specific materiality to ensure that the risk of errors exceeding specific materiality was appropriately mitigated.

#### Reporting threshold

We agreed with the Audit Committee that we would report to them all individual audit differences in excess of £17,000 (2020: £14,000). We also agreed to report differences below this threshold that, in our view, warranted reporting on qualitative grounds.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report and financial statements other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Corporate governance statement

The Listing Rules require us to review the Directors' statement in relation to going concern, longer-term viability and that part of the Corporate Governance Statement relating to the Company's compliance with the provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Statement specified for our review.

Based on the work undertaken as part of our audit, we have concluded that each of the following elements of the Corporate Governance Statement is materially consistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit.

Going concern and longer- term viability	<ul> <li>The Directors' statement with regards to the appropriateness of adopting the accounting other than going concern basis and any material uncertainties identified; and</li> <li>The Directors' explanation as to its assessment of the entity's prospects, the period this assessment covers and why the period is appropriate.</li> </ul>
Other Code provisions	<ul> <li>Directors' statement on fair, balanced and understandable;</li> <li>Board's confirmation that it has carried out a robust assessment of the emerging and principal risks;</li> <li>The section of the annual report that describes the review of effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems; and</li> <li>The section describing the work of the audit committee.</li> </ul>

## Other Companies Act 2006 reporting

Based on the responsibilities described below and our work performed during the course of the audit, we are required by the Companies Act 2006 and ISAs (UK) to report on certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic	In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:							
report and Directors' report	<ul> <li>the information given in the Strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and</li> <li>the Strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.</li> </ul>							
	In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identificate material misstatements in the Strategic report or the Directors' report.							
Directors' remuneration	In our opinion, the part of the Directors' remuneration report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.							
Matters on which we are required to report by exception	We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:							
•	<ul> <li>adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or</li> </ul>							
	the financial statements and the part of the Directors' remuneration report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or							
	<ul> <li>certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.</li> </ul>							

## **Responsibilities of Directors**

As explained more fully in the statement of Directors' responsibilities, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We gained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework applicable to the Company and the industry in which it operates, and considered the risk of acts by the Company which were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud. We considered the significant laws and regulations to be Chapter 3 Part 6 of the Income Tax Act 2007, the Companies Act 2006, the FCA listing and DTR rules, the principles of the UK Corporate Governance Code, industry practice represented by the AIC SORP and applicable accounting standards. We also considered the company's qualification as an Investment Trust under UK tax legislation. We assessed the susceptibility of the financial statements to material misstatement, including fraud and considered the risks in the valuation of the investments.

Our tests included, but were not limited to:

- agreement of the financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- enquiries of management and those charged with governance;
- testing of journal postings made during the year to identify potential management override of controls;
- review of minutes of board meetings throughout the period; and
- obtaining an understanding of the control environment in monitoring compliance with laws and regulations.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Ariel Grosberg (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor
London, UK
18 June 2021

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

for the year ended 28 February 2021

		Ordinary Shares			"C" Shares			"D	" Shares		Total			
		Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total	
	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Net unrealised gain on														
investments	9	-	4,389	4,389	-	2,384	2,384	-	838	838	-	7,611	7,611	
Income from Investments	2	939	-	939	761	-	761	163	-	163	1,863	-	1,863	
Investment management fees	3	(79)	(236)	(315)	(161)	(484)	(645)	(51)	(154)	(205)	(291)	(874)	(1,165)	
Other expenses	4	(203)	(200)	(203)	(96)	(-10-1)	(96)	(18)	(104)	(18)	(317)	(074)	(317)	
		(===)		(===)	()		()	(1-7)		( /	(,		(0.11)	
Profit before taxation		657	4,153	4,810	504	1,900	2,404	94	684	778	1,255	6,737	7,992	
Taxation	6	_	-	_	_	=	_	_	_	_	=	_	_	
Profit and total comprehensive income for														
the year attributable to														
equity shareholders		657	4,153	4,810	504	1,900	2,404	94	684	778	1,255	6,737	7,992	
Earnings per share														
Basic and diluted earnings			4= 00	40 =0		40.04		4 =0	04.00		44.00		00.44	
per share (p)	8	2.69	17.03	19.72	4.47	16.84	21.31	4.72	34.36	39.08	11.88	68.23	80.11	

The Company has only one class of business and derives its income from investments made in the UK.

The total column of this statement represents the Statement of Comprehensive Income, prepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The revenue and capital columns shown above constitute supplementary information prepared under the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Statements of Investment Trust Companies and Venture Capital Trusts" ('SORP') issued in October 2019.

# **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

for the year ended 29 February 2020

		Ordinary Shares			"C" Shares			"D" Shares			Total		
		Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total	Revenue	Capital	Total
	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net unrealised loss on investments	9	-	(331)	(331)	-	(308)	(308)	-	(121)	(121)	-	(760)	(760)
Income from Investments	2	1,300	-	1,300	1,084	-	1,084	244	-	244	2,628	-	2,628
Investment management fees	3	(113)	(340)	(453)	(116)	(348)	(464)	(16)	(48)	(64)	(245)	(736)	(981)
Other expenses	4	(212)	-	(212)	(98)	-	(98)	(15)	-	(15)	(325)	-	(325)
Profit/(loss) before taxation		975	(671)	304	870	(656)	214	213	(170)	43	2,058	(1,497)	561
Taxation	6	(3)	3	-	(4)	4	-	(9)	9	-	(16)	16	
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to equity shareholders		972	(668)	304	866	(652)	214	204	(161)	43	2,042	(1,481)	561_
Earnings per share													
Basic and diluted earnings per share (p)	8	3.98	(2.74)	1.25	7.68	(5.78)	1.90	10.25	(8.09)	2.16	21.91	(16.61)	5.30

The Company has only one class of business and derives its income from investments made in the UK.

The total column of this statement represents the Company's Statement of Comprehensive Income, prepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The revenue and capital columns shown above constitute supplementary information prepared under the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Statements of Investment Trust Companies and Venture Capital Trusts" ('SORP') issued in October 2019.

## **Statement of Financial Position**

As at 28 February 2021

		Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total	Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Non-current assets									
Investments	9		-	-		19,088	14,462	2,649	36,199
			-	-		19,088	14,462	2,649	36,199
Current assets									
Investments	9	22,697	16,387	3,449	42,533	-	-	-	-
Trade and other receivables	10	309	90	36	435	370	285	195	850
Cash and cash equivalents	11	297	681	233	1,211	12	364	48	424
		606	771	269	1,646	382	649	243	1,274
Total assets Current liabilities		23,303	17,158	3,718	44,179	19,470	15,111	2,892	37,473
Trade and other payables	12	(349)	(653)	(166)	(1,168)	(107)	(108)	(18)	(233)

3,552

3,552

178.4

43,011

43,011

114.2

275

79.4

19,363

541

15,003

133.0

225

2,874

144.4

1,041

37,240

104.2

As at 28 February 2021

As at 29 February 2020

holders									
Share capital	13	6,097	2,832	498	9,427	6,097	2,832	498	9,427
Capital redemption reserve		2,105	-	-	2,105	2,105	-	-	2,105
Share premium		-	-	1,433	1,433	-	-	1,433	1,433
Special reserve		11,836	7,211	-	19,047	12,399	7,488	-	19,887
Capital reserve – realised		(12,053)	(3,544)	(375)	(15,972)	(11,817)	(3,060)	(221)	(15,098)
Capital reserve – unrealised		14,968	10,005	1,756	26,729	10,579	7,621	918	19,118
Revenue reserve		1	1	240	242		122	246	368
Total equity		22,954	16,505	3,552	43,011	19,363	15,003	2,874	37,240

146.3

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 18 June 2021.

22,954

22,954

94.1

16,505

16,505

Lloyd Chamberlain

Chairman

Net current assets

value per share (p)

Equity attributable to equity

Net assets

The accompanying notes on pages 62 to 87 form an integral part of these Financial Statements. Ventus 2 VCT plc. Registered No: 05667210

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

for the year ended 28 February 2021

	Share capital	Capital redemption reserve	Share premium	Special reserve	Capital reserve realised	Capital reserve unrealised	Revenue reserve	Total
Ordinary Shares	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 March 2020	6.097	2,105	-	12,399	(11,817)	10,579	-	19,363
Transfer of special reserve to revenue reserve	-	- -	<u>-</u>	(563)	-	-	563	-,
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for				` ,				
the year	-	-	-	-	(236)	4,389	657	4,810
Dividends paid in the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,219)	(1,219)
At 28 February 2021	6,097	2,105	-	11,836	(12,053)	14,968	1	22,954
								_
	0.1	Capital			Capital	Capital	_	
	Share	redemption	Chana anamin	Special	reserve	reserve	Revenue	Tatal
"C" Shares	capital £000	reserve £000	Share premium	reserve £000	realised £000	unrealised £000	reserve £000	Total £000
At 1 March 2020	2,832	£000	£000	7,488		7,621	122	15,003
Transfer of special reserve to	2,032	-	-	7,400	(3,060)	7,021	122	15,003
revenue reserve	_	-	_	(277)	_	_	277	_
Profit/(loss) and total				(=,				
comprehensive income for								
the year	-	-	-	-	(484)	2,384	504	2,404
Dividends paid in the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(902)	(902)
At 28 February 2021	2,832	-	=	7,211	(3,544)	10,005	1	16,505
		Capital			Capital	Capital	_	
	Share	redemption	01	Special	reserve	reserve	Revenue	T-1-1
#D# 01	capital	reserve	Share premium	reserve	realised	unrealised	reserve	Total
"D" Shares	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 March 2020 Profit/(loss) and total	498	-	1,433	-	(221)	918	246	2,874
comprehensive income for								
the year	_					000	0.4	
•		-	-	-	(154)	838	94	778
Dividends paid in the year	_	<del>-</del>	-	-	(154) -	838	94 (100)	778 (100)
Dividends paid in the year  At 28 February 2021	498	<u>-</u>	1 433	- -	-	-	(100)	(100)
Dividends paid in the year  At 28 February 2021	498	- - -	1,433	- -	(154)	1,756		
	498	- - - Capital	1,433	- - -	-	-	(100)	(100)
	498 Share		1,433	- - Special	(375)	- 1,756	(100)	(100)
		Capital	1,433 Share premium		(375) Capital	1,756 Capital	(100) 240	(100)
	Share	Capital redemption	Share premium £000	Special	(375)  Capital reserve	1,756  Capital reserve unrealised £000	(100) 240 Revenue	(100) 3,552
At 28 February 2021  Total  At 1 March 2020	Share capital	Capital redemption reserve	Share premium	Special reserve	(375)  Capital reserve realised	1,756  Capital reserve unrealised	(100) 240 Revenue reserve	(100) 3,552 Total
At 28 February 2021  Total At 1 March 2020  Transfer of special reserve to	Share capital £000	Capital redemption reserve £000	Share premium £000	Special reserve £000 19,887	(375)  Capital reserve realised £000	1,756  Capital reserve unrealised £000	(100) 240 Revenue reserve £000 368	(100) 3,552 Total £000
Total At 1 March 2020 Transfer of special reserve to revenue reserve	Share capital £000	Capital redemption reserve £000	Share premium £000	Special reserve £000	(375)  Capital reserve realised £000	1,756  Capital reserve unrealised £000	Revenue reserve £000	(100) 3,552 Total £000
Total At 1 March 2020 Transfer of special reserve to revenue reserve Profit/(loss) and total	Share capital £000	Capital redemption reserve £000	Share premium £000	Special reserve £000 19,887	(375)  Capital reserve realised £000	1,756  Capital reserve unrealised £000	(100) 240 Revenue reserve £000 368	(100) 3,552 Total £000
Total At 1 March 2020 Transfer of special reserve to revenue reserve Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for	Share capital £000	Capital redemption reserve £000	Share premium £000	Special reserve £000 19,887	Capital reserve realised £000 (15,098)	1,756  Capital reserve unrealised £000 19,118	(100) 240  Revenue reserve £000 368 840	(100) 3,552 Total £000 37,240
Total At 1 March 2020 Transfer of special reserve to revenue reserve Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for the year	Share capital £000	Capital redemption reserve £000	Share premium £000	Special reserve £000 19,887	(375)  Capital reserve realised £000	1,756  Capital reserve unrealised £000	(100) 240  Revenue reserve £000 368 840  1,255	(100) 3,552 Total £000 37,240
Total At 1 March 2020 Transfer of special reserve to revenue reserve Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for	Share capital £000	Capital redemption reserve £000	Share premium £000	Special reserve £000 19,887	Capital reserve realised £000 (15,098)	1,756  Capital reserve unrealised £000 19,118	(100) 240  Revenue reserve £000 368 840	(100) 3,552 Total £000 37,240

All amounts presented in the Statement of Changes in Equity are attributable to equity holders. The revenue reserve, special reserve and realised capital reserve are distributable reserves. The special reserve may be used to pay dividends as and if it is considered by the Board to be in the interests of the shareholders.

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 29 February 2020

	Share	Capital redemption	Share	Special	Capital reserve	Capital reserve	Revenue	
	capital	reserve	premium	reserve	realised	unrealised	reserve	Total
Ordinary Shares	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 March 2019	6,097	2,105	-	12,543	(11,480)	10,910	348	20,523
Transfer of special reserve to revenue	-,	,		,	, ,	-,-		-,-
reserve	-	-	-	(144)	-	-	144	-
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive								
income for the year	-	-	-	-	(337)	(331)	972	304
Dividends paid in the year		-	-	-	-	-	(1,464)	(1,464)
At 29 February 2020	6,097	2,105	-	12,399	(11,817)	10,579	-	19,363
		Capital			Capital	Capital		
	Share	redemption	Share	Special	reserve	reserve	Revenue	
	capital	reserve	premium	reserve	realised	unrealised	reserve	Total
"C" Shares	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 March 2019	2,832	=	=	7,725	(2,716)	7,929	34	15,804
Transfer of special reserve to revenue reserve	_	_	_	(237)	_	_	237	_
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive	_	_	_	(231)	_	_	231	_
income for the year	-	-	-	_	(344)	(308)	866	214
Dividends paid in the year	_	-	-	_	-	-	(1,015)	(1,015)
At 29 February 2020	2,832			7,488	(3,060)	7,621	122	15,003
At 20 Tobradry 2020	2,002			7,400	(0,000)	7,021	122	10,000
		Capital			Capital	Capital		
	Share	redemption	Share	Special	reserve	reserve	Revenue	
	capital	reserve	premium	reserve	realised	unrealised	reserve	Total
"D" Shares	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 March 2019	498	-	1,433	-	(182)	1,040	142	2,931
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive					, ,			
income for the year	-	-	-	-	(39)	(122)	204	43
Dividends paid in the year		-	-	-	-	-	(100)	(100)
At 29 February 2020	498	÷	1,433	-	(221)	918	246	2,874
		Capital			Capital	Capital		
	Share	redemption	Share	Special	reserve	reserve	Revenue	
	capital	reserve	premium	reserve	realised	unrealised	reserve	Total
Total	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 March 2019	9,427	2,105	1,433	20,268	(14,378)	19,879	524	39,258
Transfer of special reserve to revenue				(004)			004	
reserve	-	=	=	(381)	-	-	381	-
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	_	-	(720)	(761)	2,042	561
-	=	-	-	-	(120)	(701)	(2,579)	(2,579)
Dividends paid in the year		-	-	-	-	-	(2,379)	(2,379)
At 29 February 2020	9,427	2,105	1,433	19,887	(15,098)	19,118	368	37,240

# **Statement of Cash Flows**

for the year ended 28 February 2021

			led 28 Febru	uary 2021			ed 29 Febru	ary 2020
	Ordinary	"C"	"D"	T-4-1	Ordinary	"C"	"D"	T-1-1
	Shares £000	Shares	Shares £000	Total £000	Shares £000	Shares £000	Shares £000	Total £000
Cash flows from operating activities	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Investment income received	1,097	966	342	2,405	1,250	1,050	247	2,547
Investment management fees paid	(315)	(242)	(47)	(604)	(453)	(290)	(153)	(896)
Other cash payments	(332)	(169)	(48)	(549)	(242)	(276)	(6)	(524)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	450	555	247	1,252	555	484	88	1,127
Cash flows from investing activities								
Proceeds from investments	1,055	665	38	1,758	307	413	-	720
Net cash inflow from investing activities	1,055	665	38	1,758	307	413	-	720
Cash flows from financing activities								
Dividends paid	(1,220)	(903)	(100)	(2,223)	(1,464)	(1,015)	(100)	(2,579)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	(1,220)	(903)	(100)	(2,223)	(1,464)	(1,015)	(100)	(2,579)
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the	285	317	185	787	(602)	(118)	(12)	(732)
beginning of the year	12	364	48	424	614	482	60	1,156
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	297	681	233	1,211	12	364	48	424

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

for the year ended 28 February 2021

## 1. Accounting Policies

## **Accounting Convention**

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with international accounting standards in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified for the measurement of certain financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below. Where presentational guidance set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Statements of Investment Trust Companies and Venture Capital Trusts" ("SORP") issued in October 2019 is consistent with the requirements of IFRS, the Directors have sought to prepare the Financial Statements on a basis compliant with the recommendations of the SORP.

## **Changes in Accounting Policy and Disclosure**

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year.

## Basis of preparation other than going concern

On 19 May 2021, the shareholders voted in favour of a resolution that the Company should sell its assets and discontinue as a venture capital trust. The Directors will proceed with an orderly sale of the Company's assets which they anticipate will take between 6 and 9 months to complete, although the timetable is subject to change and unforeseen events. The financial statements have, therefore, been prepared on a non-going concern basis. This has had no significant impact on the financial statements because the disposal of the Company's assets is expected to be completed in an orderly manner and the estimated costs of winding up the Company are immaterial.

#### Income

Interest income on investments is stated on an accruals basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rates applicable. Interest receivable on cash and non-equity investments is accrued to the end of the year. No tax is withheld at source on interest income.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established, which is normally the ex-dividend date.

#### **Expenses**

All expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. In respect of the analysis between revenue and capital items presented within the Statement of Comprehensive Income, all expenses have been presented as revenue items except when expenses are split and charged partly as capital items where a connection with the maintenance or enhancement of the value of the investments held can be demonstrated. The investment management fee has been allocated 25% to revenue and 75% to capital, in order to reflect the Directors' expected long-term view of the nature of the investment returns of the Company. Investment costs have been allocated to capital which represents the expenditure associated with the Company's investments.

Expenses are allocated between the ordinary, "C" and "D" share funds on the basis of the number of shares in issue during the period, except expenses which are directly attributable to a particular share fund.

#### **Taxation**

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in the Financial Statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred

tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Due to the Company's status as a VCT, no provision for deferred taxation is required in respect of any realised or unrealised appreciation in the Company's investments.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Financial Instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised In the Company's Statement of Financial Position when the Company has become a party to the contractual provisions of each instrument.

#### Investments

As the Company's business is investing in financial assets with a view to profiting from their total return in the form of interest, dividends and increases in fair value, all investments are designated as "fair value through profit or loss" on initial recognition. A financial asset is designated within this category if it is acquired, managed and evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Company's documented investment policy. In the year of acquisition, investments are initially measured at cost, which is considered to be their fair value. Thereafter, the investments are measured at subsequent reporting dates on a fair value basis in accordance with IFRS. Gains or losses resulting from revaluation of investments are taken to the capital account of the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Investments in unquoted companies and equity based derivatives are valued in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines (2018), using the most appropriate valuation methodology as determined by the Board. Unquoted investee companies with renewable energy generating plant constituting a substantial portion of their assets and which have proved stable operational performance are valued using the "discounted future cash flows from the underlying business" methodology, excluding interest accrued in the accounts to date. Notwithstanding the above, the Board may determine that an alternative methodology should be used where this more appropriately reflects the fair value of an investment.

When an investee company has gone into receivership or liquidation, or where any loss in value below cost is considered to be permanent, the investment, although physically not disposed of, is treated as being realised.

The Company has taken the exemption permitted by IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" and IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements" and upon initial recognition, will measure its investments in Associates and Joint Ventures at fair value, with subsequent changes to fair value recognised in the income statement in the period of change.

## Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value. Other than accrued interest, they are subsequently measured at their amortised cost using the effective interest method less any provision for impairment. The Company recognises the losses allowance for expected credit losses 'ECL' as per IFRS 9. Losses allowance are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the trade and receivables carried at amortised cost. A provision for impairment is established when the carrying value of the receivable exceeds the present value of the future cash flow discounted using the original effective interest rate. The carrying value of the receivable is reduced through the use of an allowance account and any impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Interest accrued is held at fair value through profit and loss and valued in accordance with the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines (2018).

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and at bank and other short-term deposits held by the Company with original maturities of less than three months. These short-term deposits are classified under cash equivalents as they meet the definition in IAS 7 "Cash Flow Statements" of a short-term

highly liquid investment that is readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Financial Liabilities and Equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### **Equity and Reserves**

Share Capital

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the nominal amount.

### Special Reserve

The special reserves were created by approval of the High Court to cancel the Company's share premium accounts in respect of the shares issued. The special reserves may be used to fund buy-backs of shares and pay dividends as and when it is considered by the Board to be in the interests of the shareholders.

### Capital Reserve - Realised

This reserve includes gains and losses compared to cost on the realisation of investments and expenses, together with the related taxation effect, allocated to this reserve in accordance with the above policy on expenses.

#### Capital Reserve - Unrealised

This reserve includes increases and decreases in the valuation of investments held at fair value insofar as they are not considered to be permanent.

#### Share Premium

This reserve includes amounts subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value of the shares, net of direct issue costs.

## Capital Redemption Reserve

This reserve includes amounts transferred from the share capital on cancellation of issued shares.

#### Revenue Reserve

This reserve includes all other net gains and losses not recognised elsewhere which are available for distribution to shareholders.

### **Key Assumptions and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty**

The preparation of the Financial Statements requires the application of estimates and assumptions which may affect the results reported in the Financial Statements. The estimates and assumptions adopted are those which the Board considers to be appropriate at the reporting date. Estimates and assumptions will change from time to time depending on prevailing circumstances. Estimates, by their nature, are based on judgement and available information. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying value of assets and liabilities are those used to determine the fair value of assets which are designated as "fair value through profit or loss". The impact of changes in the key estimates and assumptions adopted are discussed in the Investment Manager's Report on page 21 to 23 and note 9 of the Financial Statements.

The key assumptions that have a significant impact on fair value in the discounted cash flow valuations are the discount factor used, inflation rate, the price at which the power and associated benefits can be sold, the amount of electricity the investee companies' generating assets are expected to produce, the length of the operating life of the asset and operating costs. The discount factors applied to the cash flows are regularly reviewed by the Investment Committee of the Investment Manager to ensure it's set at an appropriate level. The Investment Committee and the Board will also give consideration to the

specific performance characteristics of the particular type of generating technology being used. The price at which the output from the generating assets is sold is a factor of both wholesale electricity prices and government subsidies. The selling price is often fixed in the medium term under power purchase agreements. For periods outside the terms of these agreements the assumed future prices are estimated using external third party forecasts which take the form of specialist consultancy reports. Specifically commissioned external consultant reports are also used to estimate the expected electrical output from the investee company's generating assets taking into account their type and location. All of these key assumptions are reviewed regularly by the Investment Committee of the Investment Manager and the Board.

## **Dividends Payable**

Dividends payable are recognised as distributions in the Financial Statements when the Company's liability to make payment has been established.

### **Segmental Reporting**

The Directors consider that the Company has engaged in a single operating segment as reported to the chief operating decision maker which is that of investing in equity and debt. The chief operating decision maker is considered to be the Board.

### 2. Income

			Year ended 28 F	ebruary 2021
	Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Income from investments				
Loan stock interest	216	159	74	449
Dividend income	723	602	89	1,414
	939	761	163	1,863

			Year ended 29 Feb	ruary 2020
	Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Income from investments				
Loan stock interest	339	234	79	652
Dividend income	961	850	165	1,976
	1,300	1,084	244	2,628

### 3. Investment Management Fees

			Year ended 28 Febr	ruary 2021
	Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Investment management fees	315	645	205	1,165
			Year ended 29 Feb	ruary 2020
	Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Investment management fees	453	464	64	981

The annual management fee and incentive fee are exclusive of VAT. The annual management fee is paid quarterly in advance.

At the beginning of the year the Investment Manager was entitled to an annual fee of 2.25% of the Company's NAV. However, in July 2020 the annual fees were reduced to 2.00% of the Company's NAV (back dated to 8 August 2019). From 31 August 2020, the annual fees were further reduced to 1.50% of the Company's NAV.

Total annual running costs are in aggregate capped at 3.6% of NAV (excluding the Investment Manager's performance-related incentive fee, any irrecoverable VAT and investment costs), with any excess being borne by the Investment Manager.

The Investment Manager will receive a performance-related incentive fee subject to the Company achieving certain defined targets. No incentive fee will be payable unless the Company has achieved a hurdle of 60p per share calculated as the sum of the cumulative Return to the end of the financial year ended 28 February 2021 (where Return is the dividend paid in respect of a financial period plus the increase in NAV at the end of the relevant financial period over the NAV at the end of the previous financial period) plus the cumulative Earnings thereafter (where Earnings is the net profit /(loss) and total comprehensive income before deduction of the incentive fee for the relevant financial period). Under the terms of the revised IMA, from the year ending 28 February 2021 onwards, the incentive fee, which is payable in cash, is calculated as 20% of the amount by which the Earnings in any accounting period exceeds 7p per share. Details of the key terms of the revised IMA and further information about how the performance-related incentive fee is calculated are set out in the Strategic Report.

The investment management fees incurred during the year ended 28 February 2021 included a performance-related incentive fee of £404,000 in respect of the "C" share fund (2020: £113,000) and £159,000 in respect of the "D" share fund (2020: £nil). These fees were incurred and accrued in respect of the year ended 28 February 2021.

## 4. Other Expenses

		Y	ear ended 28 Fel	bruary 2021
	<b>Ordinary Shares</b>	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Revenue expenses:				
Directors' remuneration (Note 5)	54	25	4	83
Fees payable to the Company's Auditor for: - Audit of the Company's Annual Financial				
Statements	24	11	2	37
Other revenue expenses	125	60	12	197
	203	96	18	317

Year ended 29 February 2020 **Ordinary Shares** "D" Shares "C" Shares Total £000 £000 £000 £000 Revenue expenses: 25 Directors' remuneration (Note 5) 55 4 84 Fees payable to the Company's Auditor for: - Audit of the Company's Annual Financial 29 Statements 19 9 1 Other costs 138 64 10 212 212 98 15 325

#### 5. Directors' Remuneration

	Ordinani	,	Year ended 28 F	ebruary 2021
	Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
L Chamberlain	20	9	2	30
C Zeal	16	8	1	25
J Tozer	18	8	1	28
Aggregate emoluments	54	25	4	83

Year ended 29 February 2020 **Ordinary Shares** "C" Shares "D" Shares Total £000 £000 £000 £000 A Moore 16 7 24 P Thomas 7 3 11 7 7 3 C Wood 11 C Zeal 11 10 5 J Tozer 16 L Chamberlain 8 13 25 Aggregate emoluments 55 84

Further details regarding Directors' remuneration are disclosed in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 34 to 37.

The Company had no employees other than the Directors.

## 6. Taxation

		Υe	ear ended 28 Febr	uary 2021
	Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
(a) Tax charge/ (credit) for the year				
Current UK corporation tax: Charged to revenue reserve Credited to capital reserve	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
(b) Factors affecting the tax charge/ (credit) for the year				
Profit before taxation	4,810	2,404	778	7,992
Tax credit calculated on profit before taxation at the applicable rate of 19% (2020: 19%)	914	457	148	1,519
Effect of: UK dividends not subject to tax Capital (gains)/ losses not subject to tax Non-deductible expenses Tax losses not recognised	(137) (834) - 57	(114) (453) - 110	(17) (159) - 28	(268) (1,446) - 195

	Ondinon		Year ended 29 Febr	uary 2020
	Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
(a) Tax charge/ (credit) for the year				
Current UK corporation tax:				
Charged to revenue reserve	(3)	(4)	(9)	(16)
Credited to capital reserve	3	4	9	16
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-
(b) Factors affecting the tax charge/ (credit) for the year				
Profit before taxation	304	214	43	561
Tax credit calculated on profit before taxation at the applicable rate of 19% (2019: 19%)	58	41	8	107
Effect of:				-
UK dividends not subject to tax	(183)	(162)	(31)	(376)
Capital losses not subject to tax	63	59	23	145
Tax losses not recognised	62	62	-	124
•	-	_	_	-

No provision for deferred taxation has been made on potential capital gains due to the Company's current status as a VCT under section 274 of the Income Tax Act and the Directors' intention to maintain that status. The Company intends to continue to meet the conditions required to maintain its status as a VCT for the foreseeable future.

The tax rate is scheduled to remain at 19% for the years commencing 1 April 2021 and 2022. A deferred tax asset has not been recognised for the following at an effective rate of 19%:

			As at 28 February 2021		
	<b>Ordinary Shares</b>	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Unused tax losses	294	320	43	657	
			As at 29 February 2020		
	<b>Ordinary Shares</b>	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Unused tax losses	219	175	6	400	

# 7. Dividends

Ordinary Shares	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts recognised as distributions to ordinary shareholders in the year:		
Previous year's final dividend of 2.50p per ordinary share (2020: 3.50p)	610	854
Current year's interim dividend of 2.50p per ordinary share (2020: 2.50p)	609 1,219	610 1,464
Subject to approval of the final dividend, the total dividend in respect of the financial year is set out below:		
	2021 £000	2020 £000
Interim dividend for the year ended 28 February 2021 of 2.50p per ordinary share (2020: 2.50p)	609	610
Proposed final dividend for the year ended 28 February 2021 of 5.00p per ordinary share (2020: 2.50p)	1,220 1,829	610 1,220
"C" Shares	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts recognised as distributions to "C" shareholders in the year:		
Previous year's final dividend of 4.00p per "C" share (2020: 5.00p)	451	564
Current year's interim dividend of 4.00p per "C" share (2020: 4.00p)	451 902	451 1,015
Subject to approval of the final dividend, the total dividend in respect of the financial year is set out below:		
	2021 £000	2020 £000
Interim dividend for the year ended 28 February 2021 of 4.00p per "C" share (2020: 4.00p)	451	451
Proposed final dividend for the year ended 28 February 2021 of 6.00p per "C" share (2020: 4.00p)	677 1,128	451 902

"D" Shares	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts recognised as distributions to "D" shareholders in the year:		
Previous year's final dividend of 2.50p per "D" share (2020: 2.00p)	50	50
Current year's interim dividend of 2.50p per "D" share (2020: 2.50p)	50 100	50 100
Subject to approval of the final dividend, the total dividend in respect of the financial year is set out below:		
	2021	2020
	£000	£000
Interim dividend for the year ended 28 February 2021 of 2.50p per "D" share (2020: 2.50p)	50	50
Proposed final dividend for the year ended 28 February 2021 of 10.00p per "D"	100	<b>50</b>
share (2020: 2.50p)	199 249	<u>50</u> 100
	249	100

# 8. Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share

For the year ended 28 February 2021		Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares
Revenue earnings for the year Based on:	p per share*	2.69	4.47	4.72
Revenue earnings for the year	£'000	657	504	94
Weighted average number of shares in issue	number of shares	24,392,655	11,283,207	1,990,767
Capital gain for the year Based on:	p per share*	17.03	16.84	34.36
Capital gain for the year	£'000	4,153	1,900	684
Weighted average number of shares in issue	number of shares	24,392,655	11,283,207	1,990,767
Net profit for the year Based on:	p per share*	19.72	21.31	39.08
Net profit for the year	£'000	4,810	2,404	778
Weighted average number of shares in issue	number of shares	24,392,655	11,283,207	1,990,767

For the year ended 29 February 2020		Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares
Revenue earnings for the year Based on:	p per share*	3.98	7.68	10.25
Revenue earnings for the year	£'000	972	867	204
Weighted average number of shares in issue	number of shares	24,392,655	11,283,207	1,990,767
Capital gain/(loss) for the year Based on:	p per share*	(2.74)	(5.78)	(8.09)
Capital gain/(loss) for the year	£'000	(668)	(652)	(161)
Weighted average number of shares in issue	number of shares	24,392,655	11,283,207	1,990,767
Net profit for the year  Based on:	p per share*	1.25	1.90	2.16
Net profit for the year	£'000	304	214	43
Weighted average number of shares in issue	number of shares	24,392,655	11,283,207	1,990,767

<sup>\*</sup> The value per share may differ on recalculation due to rounding differences.

There is no difference between the basic return per ordinary share and the diluted return per ordinary share, between the basic return per "C" share and the diluted return per "C" share or between the basic return per "D" share and the diluted return per "D" share because no dilutive financial instruments have been issued. The number of shares disclosed above excludes 45,900 "C" shares which are held in treasury.

# 9. Investments

16,512

2,576

19,088

12,832

Closing fair value

9. Ilivesii	Hemo											
		Ordinary	Shares		"C"	Shares		"D" \$	Shares			Total
Year ended 28 February 2021	Shares	Loan stock	Total	Shares	Loan stock	Total	Shares	Loan stock	Total	Shares	Loan stock	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Opening position												
Opening cost	6,685	2,616	9,301	5,796	1,525	7,321	1,216	514	1,730	13,697	4,655	18,352
Closing realised losses	(442)	(229)	(671)	(464)	(17)	(481)	-	-	-	(906)	(246)	(1,152)
Opening unrealised gains	10,269	189	10,458	7,500	122	7,622	889	30	919	18,658	341	18,999
Opening fair value	16,512	2,576	19,088	12,832	1,630	14,462	2,105	544	2,649	31,449	4,750	36,199
During the year												
Disposal proceeds	-	(780)	(780)	-	(459)	(459)	-	(38)	(38)	-	(1,277)	(1,277)
Unrealised gains	4,367	22	4,389	2,378	6	2,384	820	18	838	7,565	46	7,611
Closing fair value	20,879	1,818	22,697	15,210	1,177	16,387	2,925	524	3,449	39,014	3,519	42,533
Closing position												
Closing cost	6,685	1,836	8,521	5,796	1,066	6,862	1,216	476	1,692	13,697	3,378	17,075
Closing realised losses	(442)	(229)	(671)	(464)	(17)	(481)	-	-	-	(906)	(246)	(1,152)
Closing unrealised gains	14,636	211	14,847	9,878	128	10,006	1,709	48	1,757	26,223	387	26,610
Closing fair value	20,879	1,818	22,697	15,210	1,177	16,387	2,925	524	3,449	39,014	3,519	42,533
		Ordina	ry Shares		"(	C" Shares		"	D" Shares			Total
			_									
Year ended		Loan			Loan			Loan	,		Loan	
29 February 2020	Shares		Total	Shares	stock		Shares	stock		Shares	stock	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Opening position												
Opening cost	6,685	2,924	9,609	5,796	1,938	7,734	1,216	514	1,730	13,697	5,376	19,073
Closing realised losses	(442)	(229)	(671)	(464)	(17)	(481)	-	-	-	(906)	(246)	(1,152)
Opening unrealised gains	10,512	277	10,789	7,762	168	7,930	1,006	34	1,040	19,280	479	19,759
Opening fair value	16,755	2,972	19,727	13,094	2,089	15,183	2,222	548	2,770	32,071	5,609	37,680
During the year												
Disposal proceeds	-	(308)	(308)	-	(413)	(413)	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	(721)	(721)
Unrealised losses	(243)	(88)	(331)	(262)	(46)	(308)		(4)	(121)	(622)	(138)	(760)
Closing fair value	16,512		19,088	12,832	1,630	14,462		544		31,449	4,750	36,199
-			,	•	,	•	•		,	•		•
Closing position												
Closing cost	6,685	2,616	9,301	5,796	1,525	7,321	1,216	514	1,730	13,697	4,655	18,352
Closing realised losses	(442)	(229)	(671)	(464)	(17)	(481)	-	-	-	(906)	(246)	(1,152)
Closing unrealised gains	10,269	189	10,458	7,500	122	7,622	889	30	919	18,658	341	18,999

1,630

14,462

2,105

544

2,649

31,449

4,750

36,199

The investments are presented as current assets as at 28 February 2021 because it is the Company's intention to sell them within a period of one year.

The shares held by the Company are in unquoted UK companies. The Investment Manager's Report on pages 26 to 28 provides details in respect of the Company's shareholding in each investment, loans issued and investments purchased and disposed of during the year. For details of the registered address of each Investee Company please refer to page 15.

Under IFRS 7 and IFRS 13, the Company is required to report the category of fair value measurements used in determining the value of its investments, to be disclosed by the source of inputs, using a three-level hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- Those with inputs for the instrument that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

As at 28 February 2021, each of the Company's investments held was valued using inputs which are considered to be Level 3 inputs.

To determine the valuations as at 28 February 2021 (and 29 February 2020), the Company has applied a discount rate to the unleveraged cash flows to determine the enterprise value of the investee company and then has subtracted the market value of any senior debt (including any prepayment fees and swap break costs) to calculate the value of the equity and/or mezzanine debt in the investee company.

The Board has considered the key assumptions which may affect the results reported in the Financial Statements and the Company is further required to disclose the effect of changing one or more inputs with reasonable alternative assumptions where a significant change to the fair value measurement would result. The key assumptions that have a significant impact on fair value in the discounted future cash flow valuations are the discount factors used (which range from 5.50% to 10%) the price at which power and associated benefits may be sold (the actual price, if fixed, or the forecast price), inflation (2.75%) and the level of electricity the investee companies' generating assets are likely to produce (P50). The future price at which power and associated benefits may be sold is estimated using a blend of forecasts produced by two third party industry experts, and the projected energy yield is determined by yield analyses also prepared by third party industry experts. The asset life is assumed to be 30 years from date of first operation for wind assets and 30 years from the valuation date for hydro assets.

The Board has determined that reasonable alternative assumptions may be made in respect of these four input assumptions. The sensitivity of the value of the portfolio to the application of a decrease or increase in these assumptions is set out below.

				Impact on v	value of inves	tments		
			Downside case Upside					
Ordinary	Base						Pence per	
shares	assumption	assumptions	£	Pence per share	%	£	share	%
	Blend of							
Energy	two							
Prices	forecasts	-/+ 10%	(1,607,709)	(6.59)	-7.1%	1,629,409	6.68	7.2%
Output	P50	P75/P25	(2,298,689)	(9.42)	-10.1%	2,240,067	9.18	9.9%
Inflation								
(RPI)	2.75%	-/+ 0.5%	(1,123,539)	(4.61)	-4.9%	1,189,214	4.88	5.2%
Discount	5.50% to							
rates	10.00%	+/- 0.5%	(1,066,057)	(4.37)	-4.7%	1,133,463	4.65	5.0%
Asset life	30 years	-/+ 5 years	(2,755,682)	(11.30)	-12.1%	1,290,352	5.29	5.7%

			Impact on value of investments					
I				Downside case			Upside case	
"C" shares	Base assumption	Alternative assumptions	£	Pence per share	%	£	Pence per share	%
Energy Prices	Blend of two forecasts	-/+ 10%	(1,337,234)	(11.85)	-8.2%	1,345,706	11.93	8.2%
Output	P50	P75/P25	(1,990,400)	(17.64)	-12.1%	1,886,066	16.72	11.5%
Inflation (RPI)	2.75%	-/+ 0.5%	(827,826)	(7.34)	-5.1%	875,258	7.76	5.3%
Discount rates	5.50% to 7.00%	+/- 0.5%	(748,183)	(6.63)	-4.6%	793,879	7.04	4.8%
Asset life	30 years	-/+ 5 years	(1,791,429)	(15.88)	-10.9%	1,404,840	12.45	8.6%

				Im	pact on value o	f investments		
			Downside case				Upside case	
"D" shares	Base assumption	Alternative assumptions	£	Pence per share	%	£	Pence per share	%
Energy Prices	Blend of two forecasts	-/+ 10%	(228,443)	(11.48)	-6.6%	279,681	14.05	8.1%
Output	P50	P75/P25	(382,805)	(19.23)	-11.1%	361,873	18.18	10.5%
Inflation (RPI)	2.75%	-/+ 0.5%	(275,194)	(13.82)	-8.0%	292,706	14.70	8.5%
Discount rates	5.50% to 7.00%	+/- 0.5%	(283,530)	(14.24)	-8.2%	303,274	15.23	8.5%
Asset life	30 years	-/+ 5 years	(279,370)	(14.03)	-8.1%	90,426	4.54	2.6%

				lm	pact on value o	f investments		
			Downside case					
Total	Base assumption	Alternative assumptions	£	Pence per share	%	£	Pence per share	%
Energy Prices	Blend of two forecasts	-/+ 10%	(3,173,386)	(8.42)	-7.9%	3,254,795	8.64	8.1%
Output	P50	P75/P25	(4,671,895)	(12.40)	-11.7%	4,488,006	11.62	11.2%
Inflation (RPI)	2.75%	-/+ 0.5%	(2,226,559)	(5.91)	-5.6%	2,357,178	6.26	5.9%
Discount rates	5.50% to 10.00%	+/- 0.5%	(2,097,771)	(5.57)	-5.2%	2,230,616	5.92	5.2%
Asset life	30 years	-/+ 5 years	(4,826,481)	(12.81)	-11.4%	2,785,618	7.40	6.6%

Further details regarding input sensitivity can found in the Investment Manager's Report on pages 24 to 26.

# 10. Trade and Other Receivables

			Year ended 28 Feb	oruary 2021
	<b>Ordinary Shares</b>	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Current assets				
Accrued interest income	103	73	13	189
Other receivables	191	10	22	223
Prepayments	15	7	1	23
repayments	309	90	36	435
	309	90	30	433
			V	
			Year ended 29 Fe	•
	Ordinary Shares	"C" Shares	"D" Shares	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Current assets				
Accrued interest income	261	277	193	731
Other receivables	93	1	-	94
Prepayments	16	7	2	25
	370	285	195	850

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate to their fair value.

# 11. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Guerrana Guerr Equit	4.011.0			
	Ordinary Shares £000	"C" Shares £000	"D" Shares £000	Total £000
As at 1 March 2020	12	364	48	424
Net decrease	285	317	185	787
As at 28 February 2021	297	681	233	1,211
	Ordinary Shares £000	"C" Shares £000	"D" Shares £000	Total £000
As at 1 March 2019	614	482	60	1,156
Net decrease	(602)	(118)	(12)	(732)
As at 29 February 2020	12	364	48	424

Cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balances and cash held by the Company including UK treasury bills. The carrying amount of these assets approximates to their fair value.

Trade payables

Other payables

Accruals

# 12. Trade and Other Payables

	Ondinor		As at 28 Feb.	ruary 2021
	Ordinary Shares £000	"C" Shares £000	"D" Shares £000	Total £000
Trade payables	4	-	-	4
Other payables	285	224	3	717
Accruals	60	429	163	447
	349	653	166	1,168
	Ordinary Shares £000	"C" Shares £000	As at 29 Fel "D" Shares £000	bruary 2020 Total £000

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade and other payables approximates to their fair value.

# 13. Share Capital

	Ordina	ry Shares		"C" Shares	"D"	Shares		Total
Authorised	Number of shares of 25p each	£000	Number of shares of 25p each	£000	Number of shares of 25p each	£000	Number of shares of 25p each	£000
	_ορ σασ	2000	<b>20p 000</b>	2000	200 000	2000	545.7	2000
At 1 March 2020	50,000,000	12,500	20,000,000	5,000	20,000,000	5,000	90,000,000	22,500
At 28 February 2021	50,000,000	12,500	20,000,000	5,000	20,000,000	5,000	90,000,000	22,500
	Ordina	ry Shares		"C" Shares	"D"	Shares		Total
	Number of		Number of		Number of		Number of	
Allotted, called up	shares of	cooo	shares of	6000	shares of	6000	shares of 25p	6000
and fully paid	25p each	£000	25p each	£000	25p each	£000	each	£000
At 1 March 2020	24,392,655	6,098	11,329,107	2,832	1,990,767	498	37,712,529	9,427
At 28 February 2021	24,392,655	6,098	11,329,107	2,832	1,990,767	498	37,712,529	9,427
	Ordinary Sh	oroo	"C" CL	oroo	"D" Shor	00	Total	
	Ordinary Sh	nares	"C" Sh	nares	"D" Shar	es	Total	
	Number of	nares	Number of	nares	Number of	es	Number of	
Authorized	Number of shares of		Number of shares of		Number of shares of		Number of shares of	C000
Authorised	Number of	£000	Number of	£000	Number of	es £000	Number of	£000
Authorised At 1 March 2019	Number of shares of		Number of shares of		Number of shares of		Number of shares of	£000 22,500
	Number of shares of 25p each	£000	Number of shares of 25p each	£000	Number of shares of 25p each	£000	Number of shares of 25p each	
At 1 March 2019	Number of shares of 25p each 50,000,000	£000 12,500	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000	£000 5,000	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000	£000 5,000	Number of shares of 25p each 90,000,000	22,500
At 1 March 2019	Number of shares of 25p each 50,000,000	£000 12,500 12,500	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000	£000 5,000 5,000	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000	£000 5,000 5,000	Number of shares of 25p each 90,000,000	22,500
At 1 March 2019	Number of shares of 25p each 50,000,000	£000 12,500 12,500	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000 20,000,000	£000 5,000 5,000	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000 20,000,000	£000 5,000 5,000	Number of shares of 25p each 90,000,000	22,500
At 1 March 2019 At 29 February 2020 Allotted, called up and	Number of shares of 25p each 50,000,000 Ordinary Shares of	£000 12,500 12,500 nares	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000 20,000,000 "C" Shares of shares of	£000 5,000 5,000 nares	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000 20,000,000 "D" Share Number of shares of	£000 5,000 5,000 es	Number of shares of 25p each 90,000,000 Total Number of shares of	22,500 22,500
At 1 March 2019 At 29 February 2020	Number of shares of 25p each 50,000,000 Ordinary Sh	£000 12,500 12,500	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000 20,000,000 "C" Sr	£000 5,000 5,000	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000 20,000,000 "D" Share Number of	£000 5,000 5,000	Number of shares of 25p each 90,000,000 Total Number of	22,500
At 1 March 2019 At 29 February 2020  Allotted, called up and fully paid	Number of shares of 25p each 50,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 25p each	£000  12,500  12,500  nares  £000	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000 "C" Shares of 25p each	£000 5,000 5,000 nares	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000 "D" Share Number of shares of 25p each	£000 5,000 5,000 es	Number of shares of 25p each 90,000,000 90,000,000  Total Number of shares of 25p each	22,500 22,500 £000
At 1 March 2019 At 29 February 2020 Allotted, called up and	Number of shares of 25p each 50,000,000 Ordinary Shares of	£000 12,500 12,500 nares	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000 20,000,000 "C" Shares of shares of	£000 5,000 5,000 nares	Number of shares of 25p each 20,000,000 20,000,000 "D" Share Number of shares of	£000 5,000 5,000 es	Number of shares of 25p each 90,000,000 Total Number of shares of	22,500 22,500

At 28 February 2021, the Company had three classes of shares which carry no right to fixed income. The rights and obligations attaching to the Company's shares are set out in the Directors' Report on page 31. The number of shares disclosed above includes 45,900 "C" shares which are held in treasury.

## 14. Basic and Diluted NAV per Share

The NAV per ordinary share of 94.1p as at 28 February 2021 (2020: 79.4p) is based on net assets of £22,954,000 (2020: £19,363,000) divided by 24,392,655 ordinary shares in issue at that date (2020: 24,392,655 ordinary shares). The NAV per "C" share of 146.3p as at 28 February 2021 (2020: 133.0p) is based on net assets of £16,505,000(2020: £15,003,000) divided by 11,283,207 "C" shares in issue at that date (2020: 11,283,207 "C" shares). The NAV per "D" share of 178.4p (2020: 144.4p) as at 28 February 2021 is based on net assets of £3,552,000 (2020: £2,874,000) divided by 1,990,767 "D" shares in issue at that date (2020: 1,990,767 "D" shares).

The number of shares disclosed above excludes 45,900 "C" shares which are held in treasury.

## 15. Events Subsequent to Year End

At a general meeting of the Company held on 19 May 2021 the shareholders voted in favour of a resolution that the Company sells its assets and discontinues as a venture capital trust. Further information is set out in the Chairman's Statement and the Directors' Report.

# 16. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

The Company's financial instruments comprise investments in unquoted companies, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables. The investments in unquoted companies are categorised as "fair value through profit or loss" and the other financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to generate revenue and capital appreciation.

The Company has not entered into any derivative transactions and has no financial asset or liability for which hedge accounting has been used.

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are investment risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, and they are summarised below. These policies have remained unchanged since the beginning of the financial year.

# Interest Rate Risk Profile of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Financial Assets

As at 28 February 2021

Ordinary Shares	£000	Interest rate p.a. %	Weighted average interest rate p.a. %	Weighted average period to maturity
At fair value through profit or loss: Ordinary shares Loan stock Accrued interest income	20,879 1,818 103	n/a 0% - 13.5% n/a	n/a 12.06% n/a	n/a 5.3 years n/a
Financial assets at amortised cost: Cash	297	0% - 0.10%	0.0%	n/a

"C" Shares	£000	Interest rate p.a. %	Weighted average interest rate p.a. %	Weighted average period to maturity
At fair value through profit or loss: Ordinary shares Loan stock Accrued interest income Financial assets at amortised cost: Cash	15,210 1,177 73 681	n/a 0% - 13% n/a 0% - 0.10%	n/a 12.30% n/a 0.0%	n/a 5.3 years n/a n/a
"D" Shares  At fair value through profit or loss:	£000	Interest rate p.a. %	Weighted average interest rate p.a. %	Weighted average period to maturity
Ordinary shares Loan stock Accrued interest income Financial assets at amortised cost:	2,925 524 13	n/a 10.50% n/a	n/a 10.50% n/a	n/a 12.3 years n/a
Cash	233	0% - 0.10%	0.0%	n/a
			Weighted average interest	Weighted average period to
Combined share funds	£000	Interest rate p.a. %	rate p.a. %	maturity
At fair value through profit or loss: Ordinary shares Loan stock Accrued interest income	39,014 3,519 189	n/a 0% - 13.5% n/a	n/a 11.94% n/a	n/a 6.3 years n/a
Financial assets at amortised cost: Cash	1,211	0% - 0.10%	0.0%	n/a

# As at 29 February 2020

Ordinary Shares		Interest rate p.a.	Weighted average interest rate p.a.	Weighted average period to maturity
Gramary Ghares	£000	"morest rate p.a." %	% / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	matanty
	2000	70	70	
At fair value through profit or loss:				
Ordinary shares	16,512	n/a	n/a	n/a
Loan stock	2,576	0% - 13.5%	12.27%	6 years
Accrued interest income	261	n/a	n/a	n/a
Financial assets at amortised cost:				
Cash	12	0% - 0.10%	0.0%	n/a
			Weighted average interest	Weighted average period to
"C" Shares	£000	Interest rate p.a. %	rate p.a.	maturity
At fair value through profit or loss: Ordinary shares Loan stock Accrued interest income	12,832 1,630 277	n/a 0% - 13% n/a	n/a 12.49% n/a	n/a 6.1 years n/a
Financial assets at amortised cost: Cash	364	0% - 0.10%	0.0%	n/a
"D" Shares	£000	Interest rate p.a. %	Weighted average interest rate p.a. %	Weighted average period to maturity
	2000	70	70	
At fair value through profit or loss: Ordinary shares	2,105	n/a	n/a	n/a
Loan stock	544	10.50%	10.50%	13.3 years
Accrued interest income	193	n/a	n/a	n/a
Financial assets at amortised cost: Cash	48	0% - 0.10%	0.0%	n/a

Combined share funds	£000	Interest rate p.a. %	Weighted average interest rate p.a. %	Weighted average period to maturity
At fair value through profit or loss:				
Ordinary shares	31,449	n/a	n/a	n/a
Loan stock	4,750	0 – 13.5%	12.14%	6.8 years
Accrued interest income	731	n/a	n/a	n/a
Financial assets at amortised cost:				
Cash	424	0% - 0.10%	0.0%	n/a

The interest rates determining the weighted average interest rates in the tables above are the contractual rates.

The impact of applying a reasonable sensitivity in interest rates to cash on deposit is not significant.

Other than certain accrued interest income receivable amounts, the Company's trade and other receivables did not hold a right to interest income.

Interest income earned from loan stock held by the ordinary, "C" share and "D" share funds is not subject to movements resulting from market interest rate fluctuations as the rates are fixed. Therefore, this income presents a low interest rate risk profile. However, interest earned from loan stock remains exposed to fair value interest rate risk when bench-marked against market rates.

The risk from future fluctuations in interest rate movements is mitigated by the Company holding a majority of its investments in instruments which are not exposed to market interest rate changes.

Other receivables, not included in the analysis above, are non-interest bearing.

#### **Financial Liabilities**

The Company's financial liabilities and guarantees are non-interest bearing and are detailed in Note 12 and Note 17 to the Financial Statements.

#### **Currency Exposure**

All financial assets and liabilities are held in sterling, hence there is no foreign currency exchange rate exposure.

#### **Borrowing Facilities**

As at 28 February 2021 the Company had no outstanding borrowings (2020: £nil).

#### **Investment Risk**

As a VCT, it is the Company's specific business to evaluate and control the investment risk in its portfolio of unquoted companies, the details of which are discussed in the Investment Manager's Report.

#### **Investment Price Risk**

Investment price risk is the risk that the fair value of future investment cash flows will fluctuate due to factors specific to an investment. The Company aims to mitigate the impact of investment price risk by adhering to its investment policy of risk diversification, as described in the Investment Manager's Report.

The sensitivity of the ordinary share fund to a 10% increase or decrease in valuation would be an increase or decrease in the profit before tax of the ordinary share fund of £2,270,000 or 47.19% (2020: £1,909,000 or 627.89%) and an increase or decrease in NAV of the same amount or 9.89% (2020: 9.86%).

The sensitivity of the "C" share fund to a 10% increase or decrease in valuation would be an increase or decrease in the profit before tax of the "C" share fund of £1,639,000 or 68.17% (2020: £1,446,000 or 675.79%) and an increase or decrease in NAV of the same amount or 9.93% (2020: 9.64%).

The sensitivity of the "D" share fund to a 10% increase or decrease in valuation would be an increase or decrease in the profit before tax of the "D" share fund of £345,000 or 44.33% (2020: £265,000 or 616.05%) and an increase or decrease in NAV of the same amount or 9.71% (2020: 9.22%).

A 10% variable is considered to be a suitable factor by which to demonstrate a potential change in fair value over the course of a year. The analysis assumes no tax effect applied on the gain or loss.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

Due to the nature of the Company's investments, it is not easy to liquidate investments in ordinary shares and loan stock in the short term. The main cash outflows are made for dividends, which are within the control of the Company, and operating expenses which are reasonably predictable. In this respect, the Company may manage its liquidity risk by making prudent forecasts in respect of realising future cash proceeds from its investments and holding sufficient cash to enable it to fund its obligations. The cash equivalents are held on deposit and are therefore readily convertible into cash. The Company's liabilities are all current liabilities and due within one year. There are no material financial liabilities.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risk through its receivables, and through cash held on deposit with banks. The Company is also exposed to credit risk through its investments in loan stock.

The Investment Manager evaluates credit risk on loan stock prior to making investments as well as monitoring ongoing exposures. Loan stock has a fixed charge or a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the investee company in order to mitigate the gross credit risk. The Investment Manager regularly reviews management accounts from investee companies and generally appoints directors to sit on their boards in order to identify and manage the credit risk.

Cash is held on deposit with banks which are A rated (or equivalent) financial institutions. Consequently, the Directors consider that the risk profile associated with cash deposits is low and the carrying value in the Financial Statements approximates to fair value.

The Company's maximum credit risk is £5.1 million (2020: £5.9 million) of which the ordinary share fund is exposed to £2.4 million (2020: £2.9 million), the "C" share fund is exposed to £1.9 million (2020: £2.2 million) and the "D" share fund is exposed to £0.8 million (2020: £0.8 million).

The tables below set out the amounts receivable by the Company which were past due but not individually impaired as at 28 February 2021 and the extent to which they are past due.

## Amounts past due 28 February 2021:

Ordinary Shares	Total £000	0 - 6 months £000	6 - 12 months £000	Over 12 months £000
Loan	557	557	-	-
Accrued interest	34	34	-	-
Past due	591	591	-	-

The loan principal which was past due for payment at 28 February 2021 was £30,000 for Greenfield Wind Farm Limited and £9,000 for Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited and the loan interest past due was £1,000 for Darroch Power Limited, £1,000 for Upper Falloch Power Limited, £26,000 for Greenfield Wind Farm Limited and £6,000 for Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited.

"C" Shares	Total £000	0 - 6 months £000	6 - 12 months £000	Over 12 months £000
Loan Accrued interest	1,050 60	1,050 60	-	-
Past due	1,110	1,110	-	-

The loan principal which was past due for payment at 28 February 2021 was £22,000 for Greenfield Wind Farm Limited and £54,000 for Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited. The loan interest past due for payment at 28 February 2021 for Darroch Power Limited was £3,000, for Upper Falloch Limited was £2,000, for Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited was £36,000 and Greenfield Wind Farm Limited was £19,000.

"D" Shares	Total £000	0 - 6 months £000	6 - 12 months £000	Over 12 months £000
Loan	476	476	-	-
Accrued interest	13	13	-	-
Past due	489	489	-	-

The loan interest past due for payment at 28 February 2021 for Darroch Power Limited was £8,000 and for Upper Falloch Limited was £5,000.

## Amounts past due 29 February 2020:

Ordinary Shares	Total £000	0 - 6 months £000	6 - 12 months £000	Over 12 months £000
Loan Accrued interest Past due	1,073 181 1,254	1,073 75 1,148	67 67	39 39

The loan principal which was past due for payment at 29 February 2020 was £102,000 for Greenfield Wind Farm Limited and the loan interest past due was £10,000 for Darroch Power Limited, £21,000 for Upper Falloch Power Limited and £150,000 for Greenfield Wind Farm Limited.

				Over
		0 - 6	6 - 12	12
"C" Shares	Total	months	months	months
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Loan	936	936	-	-
Accrued interest	200	67	64	69
Past due	1,136	1,003	64	69

The loan principal which was past due for payment at 29 February 2020 was £76,000 for Greenfield Wind Farm Limited. The loan interest past due for payment at 29 February 2020 for Greenfield Wind

Farm Limited was £113,000, for Darroch Power Limited was £28,000, and for Upper Falloch Limited was £59,000.

"D" Shares	Total £000	0 - 6 months £000	6 - 12 months £000	Over 12 months £000
Loan Accrued interest Past due	514 189 703	514 40 554	33 33	116 116

The loan interest past due for payment at 29 February 2020 for Darroch Power Limited was £69,000 and for Upper Falloch Limited was £121,000.

## 17. Contingencies, Guarantees and Financial Commitments

The fair value of financial guarantees provided by the Company is considered to be £nil. The Company has entered into the following agreements:

On 22 October 2008, the Company registered a charge over its shares in Achairn Energy Limited to Alliance & Leicester Commercial Finance plc (now Santander Asset Finance plc) as security for a senior loan facility of £6.9 million raised by Achairn Energy Limited to finance the construction costs of the wind farm. The liability of the Company under this charge of shares is limited to the value of the Company's investment in shares of Achairn Energy Limited.

On 28 November 2008, the Company registered a charge over its shares in A7 Lochhead Limited to Alliance & Leicester Commercial Finance plc (now Santander Asset Finance plc) as security for a senior loan facility of £7.8 million raised by A7 Lochhead Limited to finance the construction costs of the wind farm. The liability of the Company under this charge of shares is limited to the value of the Company's investment in shares of A7 Lochhead Limited.

On 4 July 2017, the Company registered a charge over its shares in Eye Wind Power Limited to Bayerische Landesbank as security for the senior loan facility of £6.1 million. The liability of the Company under this charge of shares a limited to the value of the Company's investment in the shares of Eye Wind Power Limited.

On the 10 April 2019, the Company registered a charge over its shares in Bernard Matthews Green Energy Halesworth Limited to Bayerische Landesbank as security for a senior loan facility of £9 million. The liability of the Company under this charge of shares is limited to the value of the Company's investment in shares of Bernard Matthews Green Energy Halesworth Limited.

On 28 June 2019, the Company registered a charge over its shares in Osspower Limited to Bayerische Landesbank as security for a senior loan facility of £7.8 million raised by Osspower Limited. The liability of the Company under this charge of shares is limited to the value of the Company's investment in the shares of Osspower Limited.

On 23 October 2019, the Company registered a charge over its shares in White Mill Wind Farm Limited to L1 Renewables as security for a senior loan facility of up to £9.5 million raised by White Mill Wind Farm Limited. The liability of the Company under this charge of shares is limited to the value of the Company's investment in shares of White Mill Wind Farm Limited.

On 23 October 2019, the Company registered a charge over its shares in Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited to L1 Renewables as security for a senior loan facility of up to £15.7 million raised by Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited. The liability of the Company under this charge of shares is limited to the value of the Company's investment in shares of Biggleswade Wind Farm Limited.

On 12 November 2019, the Company registered a charge over its shares in Greenfield Wind Farm Limited to L1 Renewables as security for a senior loan facility of £10.8 million raised by Muirhall Windfarm Limited, a company wholly owned by Greenfield Wind Farm Limited. The liability of the Company under this charge of shares is limited to the value of the Company's investment in shares of Greenfield Wind Farm Limited.

On 8 January 2021, the Company registered a share charge over its shares in Upper Falloch Power Limited to Bayerische Landesbank as security for a senior loan facility of £4.5 million raised by Upper Falloch Power Limited. The liability of the Company under this charge of shares is limited to the value of the Company's investment in shares of Upper Falloch Power Limited.

On 8 January 2021, the Company registered a share charge over its shares in Darroch Power Limited to Bayerische Landesbank as security for a senior loan facility of £8.0 million raised by Darroch Power Limited. The liability of the Company under this charge of shares is limited to the value of the Company's investment in shares of Darroch Power Limited.

The Company had no other contingencies, financial commitments or guarantees as at 28 February 2021.

## 18. Related Party Transactions

The Directors are related parties of the Company. Information about the fees paid to the Directors is set out in the Directors' Remuneration Report on page 34.

Temporis is also a related party as it provides investment management services as well as accounting and administrative services. Details of the investment management fees are set out in note 3 and details of the fees earned from providing directors to investee companies and administrative services to investee companies (through an associate company) are set out in the Strategic Report on pages 10 and 11.

The investee companies in which the Company has a shareholding of 20% or more, as identified in the Investment Manager's Report, are related parties. The aggregate balances at the date of the Statement of Financial Position and transactions with these companies during the year are summarised below.

				Company
			As at 28 F	ebruary 2021
	Ordinary Shares	"C" shares	"D" shares	Total
Balances	£000	£000	£000	£000
Investments - shares	20,879	15,210	2,925	39,014
Investments - loan stock	1,818	1,177	524	3,519
Accrued interest income	103	73	13	189
Accrued dividend income	166	10	22	198
Transactions	£000	£000	£000	£000
Loan stock interest income	216	159	74	449
Dividend income	722	602	89	1,413

As at 29 February 2020

	Ordinary		710 41 20 7	Dordary 2020
	Shares	"C" shares	"D" shares	Total
Balances	£000	£000	£000	£000
Investments - shares	16,512	12,832	2,105	31,449
Investments - loan stock	2,576	1,630	544	4,750
Accrued interest income	261	277	193	731
Transactions	£000	£000	£000	£000
Loan stock interest income	339	234	79	652
Dividend income	961	850	165	1,976

# 19. Controlling Party

In the opinion of the Directors there is no immediate or ultimate controlling party.

# 20. Management of Capital

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to continue to provide returns for shareholders.

The requirements of the VCT regulations and the fact that the Company has a policy of not having any borrowings, means that there is limited scope to manage the Company's capital structure. However, to the extent to which it is possible, the Company can maintain or adjust its capital structure by adjusting the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, purchasing its own shares or issuing new shares.

The Board considers the Company's net assets to be its capital.

The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements.

There has been no change in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital from the previous year.

# **Notice of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM")**

The 2021 AGM will proceed as a "closed meeting" attended solely by two directors, who as shareholders are able to form a quorum.

As such, this year shareholders will not be able to attend the event in person, which will instead be performed as a virtual AGM with the minimum number of people in attendance to remain in compliance with new legislation being introduced.

The Company's AGM will be held on 22 July 2021 at 12.15pm.

The Board urges shareholders to register all votes via proxy ahead of the AGM itself. The Chairman will record the voting for each resolution by way of a poll to ensure each vote cast is counted individually.

The Board recognises the importance of the AGM to shareholders and encourages the submission of questions on the Company or the portfolio to the Board via email to info@temporiscapital.com by 8 July 2021, being two weeks prior to the date of the AGM. Answers will be published on the Company website at the time of the AGM.

Notice is hereby given that the AGM of Ventus 2 VCT plc will be held at 12.15pm on 22 July 2021 for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following, of which Resolutions 1 to 8 will be proposed as ordinary resolutions and Resolution 9 will be proposed as a Special Resolution:

## **Ordinary Business**

- 1. To receive the Company's audited Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2021.
- 2. To declare a final dividend of 5.00p per ordinary share, 6.00p per "C" share and 10.00p per "D" share in respect of the year ended 28 February 2021.
- 3. To approve the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 28 February 2021.
- 4. To re-elect Lloyd Chamberlain as a Director of the Company.
- 5. To re-elect Jane Tozer as a Director of the Company.
- 6. To re-elect Christopher Zeal as a Director of the Company.
- 7. To re-appoint BDO LLP as Auditor of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM at which accounts are laid before the Company.
- 8. To authorise the Directors to determine the remuneration of the Auditor.

# **Special Business**

- 9. That the Company be and is hereby generally and unconditionally authorised to make market purchases within the meaning of Section 693(4) of the Companies Act 2016 (the "Act") of ordinary shares of 25p each, "C" shares of 25p each and "D" shares of 25p each in the capital of the Company provided that:
  - (i) The maximum aggregate number of shares hereby authorised to be purchased is 3,656,459 ordinary shares, 1,698,233 "C" shares and 298,415 "D" shares, representing 14.99% of the current issued share capital of each class;
  - (ii) The minimum price which may be paid for a share is 25p per share;
  - (iii) The maximum price, exclusive of any expenses, which may be paid for a share is an amount equal to the higher of; (a) 105% of the average of the middle market prices shown in the quotations for a share in The London Stock Exchange Daily Official List for the five business days immediately preceding the day on which that share is purchased; and (b) the amount stipulated by Article 5(1) of the Buy-back and Stabilisation Regulation 2003;
  - (iv) The authority hereby conferred shall (unless previously renewed or revoked) expire on the earlier of the AGM of the Company to be held in 2022 and the date which is 18 months after the date on which this resolution is passed; and
  - (v) The Company may make a contract or contracts to purchase its own shares under this authority before the expiry of the authority which will or may be executed wholly or partly after the expiry of the authority and may make a purchase of its own shares in pursuance of any such contract or contracts as if the authority conferred hereby had not expired.

By order of the Board

The City Partnership (UK) Limited

Secretary

18 June 2021