

# Jupiter Multi-Asset Income Fund

TALIB SHEIKH Fund Manager

## Fund Objective and Investment Policy

**Objective:** The objective of the Fund is to provide regular income with the prospect of capital growth over the long term (at least five years). *With effect from 07.09.2021 this fund changed its fund objective, policy, benchmark and fund name from Jupiter Distribution to Jupiter Multi-Asset Income.*

**Policy:** At least 60% of the Fund is invested in fixed interest securities (including collective investment schemes which themselves invest mainly (ie at least 50%) in fixed income securities), cash, near cash, money market instruments and deposits. The remainder of the Fund will be invested in other assets, including shares of companies. The Fund may use derivatives for investment purposes. At least 50% of the Fund will be i) issued by companies based in the UK or ii) sterling-denominated or hedged back to sterling.

## Risk and Reward Profile



**Synthetic Risk Reward Indicator (SRRI):** The SRRI is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the fund. The lowest category does not mean 'no risk'. Please see the KIID for further information.

## Fund Management

TALIB SHEIKH

## Fund Ratings and Awards



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## Fund Performance as at 31.05.2022

### Performance (%)

	1 m	3 m	YTD	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs	10 yrs
Fund	-1.4	-4.9	-9.5	-8.3	1.2	1.0	47.6
Target Benchmark	0.0	-4.5	-9.0	-6.4	3.3	7.9	65.8
Comparator Benchmark	-0.8	-2.1	-5.6	-3.9	4.7	7.2	42.4
Quartile Ranking	4	4	4	4	4	4	1

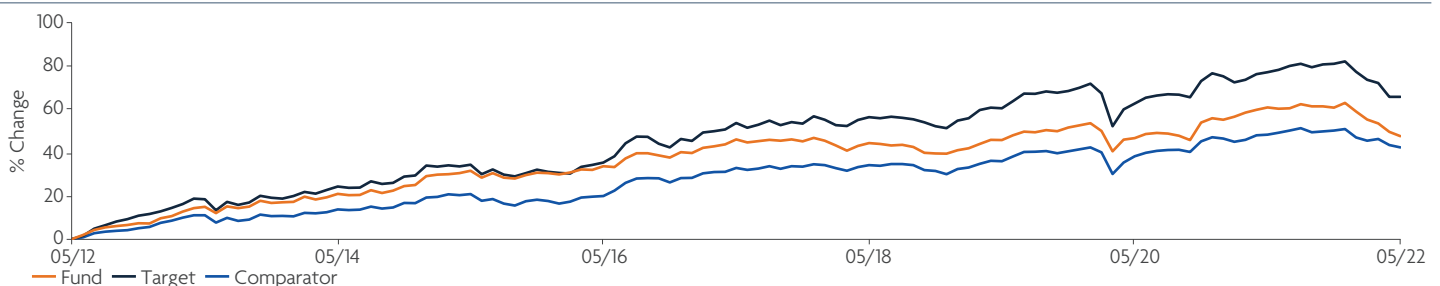
### Rolling 12-month Performance (%)

	01 Jun '21 to 31 May '22	01 Jun '20 to 31 May '21	01 Jun '19 to 31 May '20	01 Jun '18 to 31 May '19	01 Jun '17 to 31 May '18	01 Jun '16 to 31 May '17	01 Jun '15 to 31 May '16	01 Jun '14 to 31 May '15	01 Jun '13 to 31 May '14	01 Jun '12 to 31 May '13
Fund	-8.3	9.6	0.6	1.0	-1.2	9.3	1.6	8.8	5.2	14.9
Target Benchmark	-6.4	8.9	1.4	2.6	1.8	13.5	0.8	8.1	5.0	18.4
Comparator Benchmark	-3.9	7.2	1.6	1.4	1.0	10.8	-0.7	6.3	2.4	11.0

### Calendar Year Performance (%)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Fund	4.6	2.2	9.4	-5.0	4.7	7.5	4.4	6.9	9.1	9.0
Target Benchmark	3.1	3.9	12.3	-3.5	7.2	11.6	1.3	9.0	6.3	15.9
Comparator Benchmark	2.6	4.0	8.8	-3.4	5.0	9.1	0.9	5.3	4.8	7.0

### Performance Over 10 Years (%)



**Past performance is no guide to the future.** Performance data is calculated bid to NAV or NAV to NAV dependent on the period, all performance is net of fees, inc. reinvested. Highest fee share class has been used to cover periods prior to share class launch. *Prior to 07/09/21, the benchmark was Composite: 25% FTSE All-Share, 37.5% BAML GBP 1-10 year corporate bond index, 37.5% BAML GBP 10-15 year corporate bond index.* The fund class performance has been extended using the performance of an older share class.

## Risks

Market and exchange rate movements can cause the value of an investment to fall as well as rise, and you may get back less than originally invested. **Investors should carefully read the Key Investor Information Document (KIID), Supplementary Information Document (SID) and Scheme Particulars before making an investment decision.** The fund can invest up to 10% of the portfolio in high yield bonds and can also invest in bonds which are not rated by a credit rating agency. While such bonds may offer a higher income the interest paid on them and their capital value is at greater risk of not being repaid, particularly during periods of changing market conditions. The level of monthly income payments may fluctuate. A portion of the fund's expenses are charged to capital, which can reduce the potential for capital growth. The KIID, SID and Scheme Particulars are available from Jupiter on request. This fund can invest more than 35% of its value in securities issued or guaranteed by an EEA state. For definitions please see the glossary of this factsheet or at [www.jupiteram.com](http://www.jupiteram.com).

**Fund Holdings as at 31.05.2022****Top Ten Holdings (% of net assets)**

Invesco Physical Gold ETC	5.8
Welltower 4.8% 20/11/28	2.1
Beazley Insurance 5.5% 10/09/29	2.0
Vena Energy 3.133% 26/02/25	1.9
Digital 9 Infrastructure	1.9
Next 3.625% 18/05/28	1.9
Austria Government Bond 0.85% 30/06/2120	1.6
Northumbrian Water 2.375% 05/10/27	1.5
Coventry Building Society 1.5% 23/01/23	1.4
Nats (En Route) 1.37500 31/03/2031	1.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>21.4</b>

**Credit Rating (%)**

AAA	2.2
AA	4.3
A	8.8
BBB	35.8
BB	2.8
B	5.9
CCC	1.2
NR	0.6
<b>Total<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>61.7</b>

<sup>1</sup>Credit ratings are calculated using asset ratings from different ratings agencies.

**Industry Allocation (%)**

	<b>Netweight</b>
Financials	7.2
Utilities	4.2
Consumer Discretionary	3.1
Consumer Staples	2.7
Industrials	2.6
Energy	2.6
Health Care	2.1
Technology	1.3
Basic Materials	1.3
Telecommunications	0.4
	<b>27.7</b>
<b>Other<sup>1</sup></b>	<b>63.7</b>
<b>Cash<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>8.6</b>
<b>Total<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>100.0</b>

<sup>1</sup>Other includes Fixed Income and Derivatives.

<sup>2</sup>Cash includes Derivatives offset.

<sup>3</sup>The figures may not equal 100% due to rounding.

**Charges and Codes**

Share Class	Income Distribution Policy	ISIN	Bloomberg	Initial Charge (max.)	Ongoing Charges Figure	Annual Management Charge (max.)	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Top Up Investment
I GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00B52HN049	JUPDSIA LN	0.00%	0.61%	0.50%	GBP 1,000,000	GBP 50,000
L GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB0031294183	JUPDSTA LN	0.00%	1.36%	1.25%	GBP 500	GBP 250
L GBP INC	Monthly paid out	GB0031294290	JUPDSTI LN	0.00%	1.36%	1.25%	GBP 500	GBP 250
I GBP INC	Monthly paid out	GB00B4WDT300	JUPDSII LN	0.00%	0.61%	0.50%	GBP 1,000,000	GBP 50,000
J GBP ACC	Accumulation	GB00BJJQ4G52	JUJDJG	0.00%	1.06%	0.85%	GBP 500	GBP 250
J GBP INC	Monthly paid out	GB00BJJQ4H69	JUJDJGI	0.00%	1.06%	0.85%	GBP 5,000	GBP 250

The Ongoing Charges Figure includes the Annual Management Charge and aggregate operating expenses chargeable to the fund. Where the fund invests in other funds, it includes the impact of the charges made in those other funds. Jupiter does not engage in stock lending. For details of all units and fees and charges, please refer to the Scheme Particulars and Annual Report for each financial year.

**Fund Information as at 31.05.2022****Product Information**

Launch Date Fund:	04.03.2002
Launch Date Share Class:	19.09.2011
Morningstar Category:	GBP Moderately Cautious Allocation
Target Benchmark:	10% FTSE All Share, 15% MSCI World, 75% ICE BofA Global Corporate (GBP Hedged)
Comparator Benchmark:	IA Mixed Investment 0-35% Shares

**Yield**

Distribution Yield	3.00%
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**Price Information**

Valuation Day:	Every Business Day in the United Kingdom
Base Currency Fund:	GBP
Currency Share Class:	GBP
Available on:	www.jupiteram.com

**Fund Size**

Fund Value:	GBP 402m
Long Holdings:	296
Short Holdings:	2

The Distribution Yield reflects the amounts that may be expected to be distributed over the next twelve months as a percentage of the mid market unit price of the fund as at the date shown. It is based on a snapshot of the portfolio on that day. A portion of the fund's expenses are charged to capital. This has had the effect of increasing the distributions paid on an annualised basis on I-Class Units by up to 0.36% of the class' average Net Asset Value and constraining the class' capital performance to an equivalent extent. It does not include any initial charge and investors may be subject to tax on distributions. The Distribution Yield is the same as the Underlying Yield for this fund.

**Benchmark Information:**

Comparator benchmark - Composite: 10% FTSE All-Share, 15% MSCI World, 75% ICE BAML Global Corporate Index (hedged to GBP) The composite benchmark is a blended index composing of UK and global Equities and investment grade bonds hedged to GBP. The individual indices are easily accessible and provides a fair reflection of the Fund Manager's investment universe and a good relative measure to assess performance outcomes. Comparator benchmark - IA Mixed Investment 0%-35% Shares Sector. Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to help investors to compare funds with broadly similar characteristics. This Fund is classified in the IA Mixed Investment 0%-35% Shares Sector.

The Fund is actively managed. This means the fund manager is taking investment decisions with the intention of achieving the Fund's investment objective; this may include decisions regarding asset selection, regional allocation, sector views and overall level of exposure to the market. The fund manager is not in any way constrained by the benchmark in their portfolio positioning, and will not hold all, or indeed may not hold any, of the benchmark constituents.

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## Jupiter Factsheets - Glossary of Terms

**Absolute return:** the total return of an asset, portfolio or fund over a given period of time OR an investment approach that attempts to achieve a return which is not benchmarked against an index.

**Ask / Bid price:** the lowest price a seller is willing to sell a security for / the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for a security.

**Bond** a debt instrument ('I Owe You') issued by a company (corporate bond), government (sovereign/government bond) or other institution in order to raise money. In most cases, bonds pay a fixed interest rate (coupon) over a fixed period of time and will be repaid on a particular date. See **Coupon**.

**CFROI:** means cash flow return on investment.

**Convertibles:** securities (e.g. bonds or preference shares) that can be exchanged at some point in the future for a specified number of shares at a specified price of the company issuing the securities. See **Bond**.

**Coupon:** denotes the interest in % paid on a bond See **Bond**.

**Credit rating:** an assessment of a borrower's credit worthiness, i.e. the likelihood of the borrower to repay its debts.

**Delta/Weighted Average Delta:** delta measures the change in value of a derivative from a change in the price of the underlying asset. It is sometimes referred to as the "hedge ratio." **Weighted Average Delta** refers to the overall delta of a collection of derivatives based on the delta of each individual derivative and their respective "weight" or size in the collection as a whole. See **Derivative**.

**Derivative:** a financial instrument that derives its value from its underlying assets. Common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, currencies, interest rates and market indices. Futures contracts, forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common types of derivatives. Derivatives can be purchased 'on margin', i.e. at a fraction of the value of the underlying asset. Thus, they are 'leveraged' instruments where the risk of loss can be greater than the initial outlay. Derivatives can be used like insurance contracts (i.e. to hedge market risk) or for investment purposes. See **Hedge, Leverage**

**Distribution Yield:** the total interest paid by a fund divided by the fund's value.

**Duration/Modified Duration:** Duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond or bond fund to changes in interest rates. It is measured in years. The longer a bond's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements. **Modified duration** estimates the effect that a 1% change in interest rates will have on the price of a bond or bond fund.

**Economic Gross:** the gross exposure adjusted to account for investments with mutually exclusive outcomes, for example a short position hedge on a share that is also held as a long position. See **Gross exposure, Long/short position, Hedge**.

**Effective duration** estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in benchmark interest rates. Effective duration is required for the measurement of interest rate risk for complex types of bonds. See **Bond**.

**Engagement:** means dialogue with management teams and boards, including non-executive directors. Engagement enables us to assess and influence how businesses are managed.

**Equity:** a share representing an ownership interest in a company. Equity market means stock market.

**Exchange Traded Fund (ETF):** a fund vehicle that is traded like a stock on a stock exchange. It is used to track and mimic the performance of a specific market index.

**Exposure:** describes the level of risk to a particular asset, asset type, sector, market or government. Also, the directional market exposure of a (absolute return) fund. See **Absolute Return, Gross/Net exposure**.

**Fixed interest/income:** denotes debt instruments (securities) that pay a fixed interest rate (e.g. bond, commercial paper). Also, a universal term for bond or debt investing. See **Bond**

**Floating rate note (FRN):** a bond with a variable interest rate. The interest rate is variable as it is tied to a benchmark such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). See **Bond**.

**Futures:** an exchange traded contract between two parties to buy or sell a commodity or a financial instrument at a pre-determined price at a future date. See **Bond Future, Derivative**.

**Gearing:** measures a company's borrowings (debt) as a proportion of assets. See **Leverage**.

**Gross exposure:** the percentage value of the long positions plus the percentage value of the short positions. See **Net exposure**.

**Hedge:** an investment designed to reduce the risk of adverse price movements in an asset by taking an offsetting position. Derivatives are usually used as hedging tools. See **Derivative**.

**High Water Mark:** the highest level that a fund's net asset value (NAV) has reached at the end of any 12-month accounting period. See **Net Asset Value**.

**High yield bond:** a bond with a high coupon payment and typically a low/no credit rating (below investment grade, e.g. BBB-). See **Bond, Coupon**.

**Hurdle Rate:** the minimum level of return required before a fund can charge a performance fee. See **Performance fee**.

**Leverage:** the use of financial instruments (e.g. debt) to increase the potential return of an investment. See **Notional value**.

**Liquidity:** measures how easily an asset or security can be converted into cash.

**Long/short position:** a long position is buying a security with the expectation that it will deliver a positive return if its value goes up and a negative return if its value falls. Conversely, a short position involves selling a borrowed security with

the expectation of buying it back at a lower price to make a profit. However, if the security goes up in value, a short position will make a loss.

**Maturity:** refers to a finite time period at the end of which a security/debt instrument is due to be repaid. See **Bond**.

**Money market:** markets in which short-term (less than one year) debt instruments are traded. **Money market instruments** are typically cash deposits and commercial papers.

**Net asset value:** in relation to a fund, the market value of its assets less its liabilities. The market value is usually determined by the price at which an investor can redeem shares.

**Net exposure:** the percentage value of the long positions less the percentage value of the short positions. See **Gross Exposure, Long/short Position**

**Non-rated bonds:** bonds that are not rated. See **Bond**.

**Notional value:** commonly used in relation to a derivative, denotes the theoretical value of its underlying asset. See **Derivative**.

**Open-ended Investment Company (OEIC):** a fund vehicle, which can issue a limitless number of shares whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. OEICs normally list a single price based on the NAV. See **Net Asset Value**.

**Performance fee:** a fee paid to an asset manager for generating positive returns above a **hurdle rate**.

**Preferred bonds:** have greater seniority when a bond issuer repays its debts. In the event that the issuer cannot repay all its debt, the holders of preferred bonds will be further forward in the queue for repayment than holders of other ('non-preferred') bonds.

**Risk and Reward Profile:** The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. The lowest rank does not mean 'no risk'. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Fund.

**Share:** a unit of ownership interest in a company or financial asset. Also **Equity**.

**SICAV:** Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable. A type of open-ended fund widely used in Europe.

**Spread:** the difference between the bid and the ask price of a single security. It can also refer to the difference in price between two securities. See **Ask/Bid price**.

**Total return:** the capital gain or loss plus any income generated by an investment over a given period.

**Stewardship:** our responsibility to understand and manage investment risks we take on behalf of our clients. We consider material Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') information in the same way as we consider other types of investment analysis. These three factors enable us to evaluate how companies interact with the Environment (such as climate change), Society (human rights) and Governance (management). Stewardship entails a responsibility to monitor and engage with the companies in which we invest.

**Sustainability:** by appropriately considering ESG risks and engaging with companies, we strive to generate long term, sustainable returns for our clients.

**Unit Trust:** A fund vehicle which can issue a limitless number of units whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. Jupiter Unit Trusts are single priced, which means they have one price for buying and selling.

**Value at Risk (VaR):** value at Risk, a mathematical way of measuring the maximum expected loss of an investment over a period of time.

**Volatility:** measures how much the price of a security moves up or down over a period of time. A stock that experiences big price swings has high volatility, while one which moves up or down in smaller increments has low volatility.

**Yield to Maturity:** Yield to maturity (YTM) measures the annual return an investor can anticipate for holding a particular bond until it matures. When considering an entire bond portfolio, an average yield is used based on the weightings of individual bonds within that portfolio.

**Yield:** the rate of interest or income on an investment, usually expressed as a percentage